"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Unsettled, with showers today; tomorrow unsettled and warmer.
Temperature Yesterday—Max. 85; Min. 52.
[Forecast] For weather report see Page 22.

VOL. LXXIII...No. 24,246. NEW YORK, THURSDAY, JUNE 12, 1924. TWO CENTS in Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

BORAH AGREED UPON AS VICE PRESIDENTIAL NOMINEE IN MIDNIGHT CONFERENCE OF CONVENTION LEADERS; COOLIDGE'S PLATFORM ADOPTED, WISCONSIN'S SPURNED

HOLD UP MAIL TRUCK ON A BUSY CORNER; GET $100,000 GEMS

Ten Armed Men in Two Touring Cars Then Kidnap Driver and Escape.

TRAFFIC POLICEMAN NEAR

Robbers Subdue Other Occupant of Looted Auto by Blow With Revolver.

WAVE PISTOLS AT CROWD

Truck, Attacked at Abingdon Square, Is on Way to the Appraiser's Stores.

Ten armed men in two touring cars selected broad daylight and one of the busiest trucking points of the city yesterday, with a policeman seventy-five feet away, to hold up a truck conveying $100,000 worth of jewelry and diamonds from the General Post Office to the United States Appraiser's Stores for assessment of duties. The hold-up men got away with the mail pouch containing the valuables and kidnapped one of the two men on the truck. The other man put up such a stiff fight that he eluded the robbers and got to a telephone. Though many passers-by watched the robbery none interfered. Some of the witnesses, however, jotted down license plates numbers for the police.

Two suspects were questioned last evening in the Charles Street Police Station, but later were let go. In addition to the police, Department of Justice men, Post Office Inspectors and Customs Inspectors were on the case. It was the consensus of these investigators that the robbery was an "inside" case, with information furnished by somebody who knew the route usually taken and the nature of the contents of the pouch. The investigators also believed that the hold-up men, knowing they would have to act near a traffic policeman, were prepared to use their weapons against him, if necessary. Such action was not necessary, however, the policeman being in a store writing out a summons for an automobilist.

Some of the Goods for Tiffany.

Among the houses to which the twenty-nine packages stolen were consigned was Tiffany's. The valuables had arrived Monday on the steamship Aquitania and were on the way to the Customs authorities for appraisal. The hold-up was carried out with such clockwork precision in every detail that the police and Federal investigators were inclined to think it possible that Gerald Chapman was a member of the gang. Chapman is a fugitive from justice, having escaped a year ago from the Federal Penitentiary at Atlanta, where he was under sentence for the $2,000,000 mail truck robbery at Broadway and Leonard Street two years ago.

Yesterday's robbery, while the loss was smaller, was even more spectacular than that at Broadway and Leonard Street. The latter was in the evening, with little traffic at the scene of the hold-up. The robbery yesterday was at 10:15 o'clock in the morning, with traffic so heavy as to require the presence of a policeman.

In accordance with the daily custom of many years, a light one-ton motor truck of the Patrick H. Keahon Company, Inc., truckmen, of 108 Tenth Avenue, left the General Post Office at Thirty-third Street and Eighth Avenue with a mail pouch in which were valuables contained in a strong box. The pouch was locked. Often, the trucking company, under contract with the Government to convey jewelry from piers or from the Post Office to the Appraiser's Stores, had carried as much as $1,000,000 worth of gems. Yesterday, however, the lot was one of the lightest in many weeks.

Policeman Off His Post.

The strong box was being taken to the Appraiser's stores at 641 Washington Street. The invariable route was down Eighth Avenue, west on Twelfth Street, south on Washington Street. At Twelfth Street, Abingdon Square is formed by a junction of Eighth Avenue, Bank Street, Bleecker Street, Hudson Street and Twelfth Street, one of the busiest trucking areas in the city, being at that point only two blocks from the North River piers.

Driving the truck was Edward Foy, employed by the company for five years. Beside him sat Daniel Keahon, 37 years old, of Ramsay, N. J., Vice President of the corporation. Neither was armed.

A moment before the truck reached Abingdon Square, Traffic Policeman Metzler, stationed at Twelfth Street and Eighth Avenue, stepped into a store for ink with which to make out a summons for an automobilist. The store was less than seventy-five feet from the spot at which the truck was held up.

Foy had just swung west into Twelfth Street when a Cadillac touring car swerved sharply in front of him from behind. Foy jammed on the brakes and drew up against the north curb. As he came to a stop a second Cadillac touring car swung in behind him, pocketing in the truck. From the first Cadillac sprang four young men, each bearing what appeared to be a .45 calibre revolver. They climbed aboard the truck. Foy yielded readily, saying later he was thinking of his wife and two children. He obeyed the command to go into the first Cadillac. But Keahon resisted. He kept up the fight even when the six men in the second Cadillac sprang at him, one of them dazing Keahon with a blow on the head with the butt of a revolver. Finally realizing that further resistance was futile he decided to run for help.

Continued on Page Ten.

Philadelphia's New Hotel, The Robert Morris, 16th Below Chestnut. Moderate prices.—Advt.

Mr. and Mrs. Coolidge Hear The Convention Proceedings

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—President and Mrs. Coolidge in the White House tonight "listened in" on the proceedings of the Republican National Convention at Cleveland, and heard the music, noise and echoes of the remarkable demonstration of more than twenty minutes' duration that was precipitated at the first mention of the President's name toward the beginning of the reading of the platform.

There were no visitors at the White House, and with the use of his eight-tube radio set, as well as over the loud speaker that had been installed in the President's study, the President and his wife were able to hear distinctly every word uttered by Charles B. Warren.

MILLERAND QUITS; ELYSEE IS FLAGLESS

French President's Formal Resignation Is Read in Both Houses of Parliament.

LEFT SPLIT ON CANDIDATE

Doumergue Refuses to Withdraw, but It Is Believed Painleve Will Be Elected Tomorrow.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, June 11.—Because he wanted to be a President like the President of the United States and because the majority in Parliament wanted a figurehead, President Alexandre Millerand is no longer head of the French State.

At 3 o'clock this afternoon, while the Garde Républicaine stood at attention, the tricolor on the Elysée flagmast was lowered, to signify that beneath its roof there was no longer a President of France. At the same hour his formal resignation was read before the Senate and Chamber.

The act of M. Millerand today was the logical consequence of his defeat in both Houses of Parliament yesterday, when the majority voted not to sustain any Government named by him. Tomorrow M. Millerand will move to his villa at Versailles, while the Left majority caucuses meet to nominate his successor, in preparation for the meeting of the National Assembly at Versailles at 2 o'clock Friday afternoon, the thirteenth day of the month and the thirteenth day of the existence of tthe thirteenth Parliament of the French Republic.

Resignation Note Brief.

The Senate listened in dignified silence while the Minister of Justice read the following communication from the Elysée:

Mr. President: I have the honor to place on the table of the Senate my resignation as President of the republic.

Please accept, Mr. President, the assurance of my high consideration.

ALEXANDRE MILLERAND.

In the Chamber there was neither dignity nor silence. Above the cheers and yelling of the Communists and the replies of the Right, President Painlevé could not make himself heard as he read the message. As a tribute to the departing President the Nationalist side of the Chamber rose to its feet, while the Left counter-cheered this display of loyalty. The whole session lasted only twenty minutes.

After his resignation M. Millerand made public an address to the French people, in which he reviewed the war, the recovery of France since he had been in office, and said he had never done anything that was not intended for the peace and tranquility of his country. If he had personal opinions they were the personal opinions of a Frenchman devoted to France. After the election of the 11th of May he was ready to cooperate with the majority, but they had refused and demanded his resignation. Their action was "an unjustifiable pretension violently opposed

Continued on Page Six.

PLATFORM WINS AMID CHEERS

20-Minute Demonstration, for President, Then It Goes Through.

ALL WISCONSIN PLANKS FAIL

But La Follette Spokesman Gets a Hearing After Being Jeered as an Insurgent.

DELEGATION SITS UNMOVED

Neither Hisses Nor Taunts Could Win the 28 Badger Men to Rise for Coolidge.

Full text of the Republican platform as adopted by the convention is printed on Page 4.

By ELMER DAVIS.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, June 11.—At 10:35 tonight the Republican National Convention adopted the platform prepared by the Committee on Resolutions, indorsing the policies of President Coolidge, including the World Court and the Mellon tax plan, and adjourned until tomorrow morning, when it will reassemble to nominate the President as candidate for another term.

The platform, presented to the convention by Charles B. Warren, Ambassador to Mexico and Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions, was carried by a vote of about 18,000 to 28. None voted against it but the La Follette delegates from Wisconsin; and 12,000 spectators in the galleries and the rear of the hall joined with the delegates in the viva voce vote for the Coolidge declaration of policy.

Just before its adoption the La Follette radical platform, presented in a minority report by Representative Henry A. Cooper of Wisconsin, which may later reappear as the platform of a new third party, had been voted down, none but the Wisconsin delegation voting for it, and everybody, delegates and spectators alike, shouting their noes.

The formal trampling on the Wisconsin program was the culmination of a day devoted chiefly to the glorification of old-fashioned Republican orthodoxy, in which Coolidge men and old-line Republicans united, as against the radical program of the Northwest.

It began in the morning session with the speech of Frank W. Mondell, Permanent Chairman of the convention, which avoided the attacks on orthodox Republican leadership in Congress such as had been made in the keynote speech of Theodore E. Burton the day before, but was full of denunciation of insurgent movements such as that of the La Follette group.

Demonstration for President.

In tonight's session, made dull and dolorous by the reading of the orthodox platform, which occupied nearly an hour, and of the Wisconsin platform, which took up half an hour more, there were interludes of excitement when the resentment of the regulars against Wisconsin insurgency broke out.

The first display of this feeling came just after Mr. Warren had begun the reading of the regular platform, when he first mentioned the name of President Coolidge. This led to a demonstration in which the delegates rose and shouted for twenty minutes—some old-timers making it a trifle more—the spectators standing and shouting too. Everybody stood and shouted for Coolidge but the

Continued on Page Two.

Today's Official Program.

CLEVELAND, June 12.—The official convention program for today is as follows:

Meets at 10 A. M.

Prayer by Bishop Schrembs of the Roman Catholic diocese of Cleveland.

Dr. Marion Leroy Burton, President of the University of Michigan, places President Coolidge in nomination.

Speeches seconding the nomination of President Coolidge.

Balloting on President's nomination of President Coolidge.

Speeches placing in nomination the candidate or candidates for the Vice Presidency.

Balloting on the Vice Presidential nomination.

Announcement of committees to formally notify the nominees for President and Vice President of their nominations.

Adoption of a resolution authorizing the Republican National Committee to fill any vacancies on the national ticket which may occur by death, resignation or otherwise.

Adoption of miscellaneous resolutions and motions.

Adjournment sine die.

PLATFORM DRAFTED AFTER LONG SIEGE

President's World Court Plank Wins in Committee, With but Two Opposing.

FIGHT ON ANTI-KLAN PLANK

Agricultural States Demanded More Definite Declarations—Wisconsin Movement Fails.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, June 11. — President Coolidge's self-prepared plank on the World Court, reaffirming the position taken by him and by President Harding, was adopted by the Resolutions Committee of the Republican Convention tonight after the subcommittee had struggled for many weary hours in the drafting of one of the longest national party platforms presented to the voters in recent years.

The document in every respect represents the views of the Administration, as the draft formulated by Charles B. Warren, Chairman of the committee, who was selected by the President for the task, was accepted by the committee tonight, without substantial change. There was only one dissenting vote, that of Representative Henry A. Cooper of Wisconsin, spokesman on the committee for the La Follette radicals.

In the seven hours consumed by the Resolutions Committee in the consideration of the subcommittee draft, there was a long and animated discussion on the anti-Klan plank, and the planks dealing with the agricultural situation and the railroads. Chairman Warren was patient with those proposing objections to the Administration's ideas, but finally the policies dictated by the President in defining the party issues for the 1924 campaign were adhered to in the planks adopted.

The fight against the Administration World Court plank was led by Senator Harreld of Oklahoma, and Senator Watson of Indiana. Senator Harreld offered a plank which made it very clear that the United States would not enter the League of Nations and would not assume any obligations of the League, if it became a part of an International Court of Justice.

Two Votes for Harreld's Plank.

Senator Harreld spoke briefly on the resolution, and appeared to hold the interest of some of his colleagues. Then Chairman Warren announced that the plank which he himself had presented to the committee was written by President Coolidge and represented all that the President desired to put in the platform on this subject. This ended any effective effort to organize a revolt in the committee.

Senator Harreld's proposed plank read in part:

"We favor a World Court or tribunal, judicial rather than political, so grounded and created, as to permit our adherence thereto without impairment or sacrifice of any of the principles enunciated in the Republican platform of 1920."

The suggestion advanced by Senator Watson proposed to add an abstract of the President's message of Dec. 6, wherein he stated that the League of Nations was dead.

Senator Harreld's proposal received only two votes, those of himself and Senator Watson. Senator Watson then withdrew his suggestions.

A fight waged for a long time after decision on the World Court plank, upon the anti-Klan plank, and the demands of the farmer States members for a more definite declaration in favor of the agricultural interests. There also was an unsuccessful fight sponsored by Senator Cummins for a plank proposing compulsory arbitration of railroad labor disputes and compulsory consolidation of the carriers.

Toward the end of the conference came protests from Representative Cooper, who offered the platform, setting for the La Follette views. This was presented without argument. Chairman Warren, although the motion was not seconded, asked for a vote. The sub-platform was rejected with only one vote, that of the proposer, in support.

Mr. Cooper said that the fight would be carried to the floor, although he did not expect favorable action.

The most forceful feature of the plat-

Continued on Page Three.

START REVOLT ON BUTLER

Indianians Are Led By Watson, Who Now Seeks Second Place.

RESENTFUL OF "DICTATION"

Cabinet Group, and Especially New, Are Targets of Sharp Attack.

OUTSIDE BACKING SOUGHT

Movement Brings to Head a Strong Feeling Against Coolidge's Manager.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, June 11.—Dissatisfaction in the Republican Convention with the alleged autocratic rule of William M. Butler, National Committeeman from Massachusetts, and President Coolidge's campaign manager, culminated tonight in open revolt against Mr. Butler's leadership.

The revolt is led by Senator James E. Watson of Indiana, who is now sending out his lieutenants of the Indiana delegation and friends in other State delegations to sound sentiment among delegates with a view to having them join in the revolt.

The emissaries of Mr. Watson were instructed by him to ask delegates whether they would vote to support Mr. Watson in his candidacy for the Vice Presidential nomination, which was announced definitely this afternoon after a meeting of the Indiana delegation.

While the fires of resentment against Mr. Butler had been smoldering ever since the Republican Convention assembled in Cleveland they did not blaze up until the meeting of the Indiana delegation today, when the situation in the convention was discussed by several speakers.

It was apparent from what was said that a considerable number of the Indiana delegates resented the apparent effort of Cabinet officers and others associated with the Coolidge Administration to determine the choice for the Vice Presidential nomination without respect to sentiment in the convention itself.

The spirited criticism heard in the meeting was directed mainly against Postmaster General New and former Governor Goodrich, both Indianans. Mr. New has taken part in the conferences of the Cabinet group in Cleveland, which had to do with determining upon the choice of the party's candidate for the second place on the ticket.

While Senator Watson was directing his forces from a room on the mezzanine floor of the Cleveland Hotel, members of the Cabinet group were conferring on the fourth floor of the same hotel with Mr. Butler.

Their call on Mr. Butler was to acquaint him with the outcome of the consideration they had given to the names of prominent Republicans who might be available Vice Presidential timber. With the Cabinet group was C. Bascom Slemp, Secretary to President Coolidge.

Senator Watson was endorsed for the Vice Presidential nomination by the Indiana convention, which he attended. This convention was alleged to have a distinct Ku Klux tinge. It was pretty well understood that there was no other serious purpose in the endorsement of Senator Watson for Vice Presidential honors than to head off any chance of a boom for that office in behalf of former Senator Albert J. Beveridge.

Since he has been in Cleveland, Mr. Watson has told leading Republicans that if they desired he would pass the word to the Indiana delegation not to present his name to the convention.

But this evening a change came in the situation when the Indiana delegation held a meeting. The principal speech was made by Joseph B. Kealing, national committeeman. Among other things he said;

"The man who does not follow out his instructions and vote for Watson is a traitor to his party."

This was intended, according to members of the delegation, as a direct thrust at Postmaster General New and ex-Governor Goodrich.

Mr. Kealing told his auditors that he had every reason to believe that the Coolidge Administration representatives here had failed to find a candidate for the Vice Presidential nomination. He said he had talked with delegates from other States and knew they were not disposed to vote "for whomever they are told to vote."

He said also that he had definite information that Secretary Hoover would not take the nomination, and with the remark that "we have no walkaway in Indiana this Fall," asserted that Senator Ralston would be on the Democratic national ticket.

The direct outcome of the meeting was that Governor Branch was chosen to make a formal statement announcing Watson's candidacy.

The leading members of the Indiana delegation have been stewing over since they heard within twenty-four hours that Postmaster General New had told Mr. Butler, Secretary Mellon and Secretary Weeks that Watson should not be

Continued on Page Three.

When you think of writing think of Whitins.—Advt.

Borah Says He Will Not Accept the Nomination When Told in Washington of His Selection

WASHINGTON, Thursday, June 12, 3:30 A. M. —"I am not going to accept the nomination for Vice President," Senator Borah declared here early today after being informed that Republican leaders at Cleveland had agreed on him for the nomination.

The Idaho Senator had nothing to add to this brief statement when awakened at his residence and informed of the trend of events at Cleveland.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Thursday, June 12, 3:05 A. M. (4:05 A. M. New York time).—Attempts to reach members of the conference after the announcement had come from Washington that Senator Borah said that he would not accept, are unavailing. All had retired after making known the decision that they had reached, and refused to be disturbed afterward.

PLEDGE MAY FORCE WISCONSIN TO BOLT

Move for Promises of Loyalty, Now Rumored, Would Be Followed by Open Break.

WILL DEFY MAJORITY TODAY

La Follette Men Expect to Start a Storm—Prepare to Attend Third Party Convention.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, June 11.—There is just one possibility that the Wisconsin delegates may be forced to leave their seats in the Republican National Convention and walk out before the final gavel falls. That is in the event that gossip current in the convention crowd tonight should materialize and a resolution be introduced at tomorrow's session of the convention, demanding from delegates ironclad pledges that they will abide by the action of that body, support the candidates it nominates and the platform it adopts.

Since the first batch of leaders arrived here for the convention preliminaries, there has been more or less discussion of taking such action in view of the foregone conclusion that the twenty-eight delegates from Wisconsin, who follow the leadership of Senator La Follette, would be active in a third party campaign with the Wisconsin Senator as the standard bearer. Old-line Republican leaders, under the circumstances, would much prefer to have the delegates from Wisconsin bolt and in a party sense be outlawed.

It had been expected that the convention Committee on Rules might bring in a resolution of that character, but this expectation was not fulfilled when the committee made its report to the convention today.

To be sure, there was contained in the report a clause giving the National Committee power of removal over members failing to give loyal support to the ticket, or, in other words, using their party position for the purpose of giving aid and comfort to the prospective third party enemy. But this clause was merely a strong reiteration of an old rule made to fit the present situation and did not in reality lodge in the National Committee any power which it does not now possess.

The more drastic rule for which some look tomorrow would be based on a precedent established in the convention that nominated Garfield in 1880 and for which the late Senator Roscoe Conkling of New York was the sponsor. Under this rule a loyalty pledge to candidates and platform could be enacted from all delegates remaining in the convention until final adjournment.

Blaine Expects Loyalty Pledge.

Governor John J. Blaine of Wisconsin, head of the La Follette delegation, is one member of the representatives from Wisconsin who fully expects action of that sort tomorrow. He would not, however, in advance of such a resolution actually coming before the convention, make any comment on what the delegates from the Badger State would do under the circumstances.

When a similar question was put to Attorney General Herman L. Ekern of Wisconsin he replied:

"Well, I do not think the Wisconsin delegates will support President Coolidge."

As at yesterday's session of the convention, the Wisconsin delegates today were the butts of jeers and hisses and the recipients of blunt and loud invitations to leave the hall. Such hostile demonstrations did not appear to disturb their equanimity. They sat stolid-

Continued on Page Three.

ELL-ANS FOR ACUTE INDIGESTION relieves the most severe attacks.—Advt.

FARM BLOC SUBMITS CHOICES TO BUTLER

Asks That Vice Presidential Candidate Be Selected From Its List.

12 STATES VOTED ON NAMES

Kenyon Led With 8 Votes—Curtis Got 7, and Dickinson and Gov. Hyde Each 6.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Thursday, June 12.—A committee of one delegate from each of twelve Western States, after a conference in the Kansas headquarters, at the Hotel Hollenden, called on William M. Butler, President Coolidge's campaign manager, early this morning to submit a list of candidates from which they desired the candidate for Vice President to be picked.

Each State participating fully in the conference suggested four candidates. The list of candidates submitted to Mr. Butler and the vote for each follows:

Representative L. J. Dickinson of Iowa, 6; Judge William S. Kenyon of Iowa, 8; Charles H. March of Minnesota, 2; Brig. Gen. Charles G. Dawes of Illinois, 5; Secretary Hoover, 3; Senator Lawrence C. Phipps of Colorado, 1; Senator Curtis of Kansas, 7; Governor Hyde of Missouri, 6; Major Gen. F. T. Hines of Utah, 2; Major Gen. Harbord of Kansas, 3; Senator Norbeck of South Dakota, 3, and Frank W. Mondell of Wyoming, 1.

Preference by States was expressed as follows:

Oklahoma—Curtis, Kenyon, Dickinson and Hyde.

North Dakota—Hines, March Hoover and Dawes.

Montana—Hyde, Dawes, Curtis and Kenyon.

Utah—Hines, Curtis, Kenyon and Dickinson.

Washington—Hoover, Dawes, Curtis and Hines.

Wyoming—Mondell, Kenyon, Hoover and Harbord.

Kansas—Curtis, Hyde, Dickinson and Dawes.

Michigan—Curtis, Kenyon, Harbord and Dawes.

Iowa—Dickinson, Kenyon, Hyde and Norbeck.

Missouri—Hyde, Curtis, Dickinson and Phipps.

South Dakota—Norbeck, Dickinson, Kenyon and Harbord.

Minnesota—March, Dawes, Norbeck and Kenyon.

The Nebraska delegation announced that it was pledged to General Dawes and for that reason could not submit four names but was in sympathy with the movement.

Hanford MacNider, a delegate from Iowa and former national commander of the American Legion, presided at the conference, which seemed at first likely to eliminate some of the candidates for whom there was comparatively little support and concentrate upon three or four.

Objection was made to such procedure and there was also objection to sending a committee to Mr. Butler. W. Glenn Cowell of Michigan urged the elimination of the weaker candidates and the presentation of one candidate to the convention as the choice of an important section of the country.

"If we submit the names to any one for his O. K. we put ourselves in the position of submitting to dictation," Mr. Cowell said. "If we submit the list to

Continued on Page Five.

FLORIDA, 3:40 P. M. Daily Thru Sleepers All East and West Coast Points. Seaboard, 143 West 125. Tel. Bryant 6413.—Advt.

EXPECT BORAH TO CONSENT

Several Conferees Intimate He Will Accept If Nominated.

URGED BY KENYON, CURTIS

Latter, in Washington, Said to Have Been in Touch With Fellow Senator.

A SURPRISE TO RADICALS

But Knowledge That Choice Will Gratify the President Expected to Clinch Selection.

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Thursday, June 12, 2 A. M. (3 A. M. New York Time).—Senator William E. Borah of Idaho was chosen at an early hour this morning to be the candidate for the nomination for Vice President of the United States. The choice was made by a conference of members of the Cabinet, Senators and Representatives and others prominent in the Republican Party affairs.

No formal announcement was made of the action of the conferees, but it was admitted informally that Senator Borah was the choice.

While there was no direct admission that the conferees had reason to believe that Senator Borah would accept the nomination, if it were conferred upon him, direct intimations that he would accept came from several members of the conference.

When one of the conferees was asked if he believed that Senator Borah would accept the Vice Presidential nomination, he said:

"If I were a newspaper man, I would say that Borah would be the nominee."

Had Strong Backing.

One statement made was that Judge William S. Kenyon, former Senator from Iowa, and Senator Charles Curtis of Kansas had both urged that Senator Borah be selected for President Coolidge's running mate on the Republican national ticket.

Both Judge Kenyon and Senator Curtis were on the tentative list of prospective candidates for the Vice Presidential nomination considered by the conferees. Their names were under consideration at a late hour last evening.

Senator Curtis was in Washington, and it is supposed that he has been in communication with Senator Borah. The fact that Senator Curtis has communicated with the conferees in Cleveland and that they appeared confident that Senator Borah would accept the Vice Presidential nomination indicated this.

Senator Pepper of Pennsylvania said that he had talked over the Vice Presidential situation with Senator Reed and other members of the delegation and that they would recommend that the Pennsylvania delegation favor Senator Borah. Senator Pepper added that he realized that this was one of the most important questions before the convention and that Senator Borah would be nominated and would accept.

He added, however, that neither he nor Senator Reed had any direct statement from Senator Borah, but he thought that the Pennsylvania delegation would vote for him.

Coolidge Favored Him.

A canvass by the conferees of the situation, effecting others who are to be proposed in the convention for the Vice Presidential nomination indicated a situation which might prevent Senator Borah's selection from being made on the first ballot. Borah's popularity in the convention is such, however, that no doubt is felt that he will be nominated ultimately.

Senator Borah was President Coolidge's first choice for the nomination. He has conferred with Senator Borah several times recently and, while the President made it known that he intended the convention should have free choice of the Vice Presidential candidate without

Japanese Planned to Kill Our Consul, But Is Seized by Police in Yokohama

By WILFRID FLEISHER.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

TOKIO, June 11.—Threats were made against the life of Graham Kemper, the American Consul at Yokohama, by Masanosuke Yamamoto, a laborer at the Yokohama dock yard, who called at the Consulate in Yokohama on Sunday afternoon to protest against the American immigration bill. He is now being held by the Yokohama police.

Yamamoto, who is 30 years of age, appeared at the Consulate, armed with a short dagger, and demanded to see the Consul. He was met by Kaneo Yoshida, an employe of the Consulate, with whom he began to remonstrate over the immigration bill. He told Yoshida that he intended to ask the Consul to intercede with the American Government regarding the bill and that in the event of the Consul's refusal he intended to kill him and then commit suicide.

Yamamoto appeared slightly unbalanced.

The Consulate employe led him by his arm to what he said was the Consul's home, but in reality he took him to a police station and handed him over.

Consul Kemper saw the intruder arguing with Yoshida, but did not see that he carried a dagger, although he noticed that Yoshida led him away.

Reports in the Japanese newspapers this evening state that Yamamoto was greatly inspired by the recent example of the unknown man who committed hara-kiri.

The American Embassy in Tokio learned from the Consulate General here that a Japanese workman had called at the American Consulate in Yokohama on Sunday afternoon and had protested against exclusion, but the embassy had received no direct report from Yokohama and had no knowledge that the intruder had threatened the life of Mr. Kemper.

Charge d'Affaires Jefferson Caffery has asked Mr. Kemper to come to Tokio tomorrow morning and report the facts.

The Foreign Office, upon hearing the news this evening, expressed regret at the incident, but it was stated that it is impossible to prevent isolated outbursts when no intimation is given in advance. Officials said the American Embassy is now being guarded and that six policemen have been detailed to the Imperial Hotel for this purpose and to prevent any further disturbance there.

Orders would now be given, it was said, to guard both the American Consulate General in Tokio and the Consulate in Yokohama.

Public opinion here remains in an excitable frame of mind. The anti-American movement appears to have slipped beyond the grasp of these prominent leaders who hoped to keep the masses in hand by persuasion, and unless the Government takes forceful means to meet the situation it is likely that other outbursts may occur.

Matinee Today 2:30. "Beggar on Horseback." with Roland Young. Broadhurst Thea.—Adv.

Day's Sessions See Party Consolidating and Platform Put Through

any interference from the White House, there has been reason to believe that friends of the President in the convention were aware that Mr. Coolidge would be gratified if Mr. Borah were chosen for his partner in the race.

When news that the conference of Cabinet officers and other leaders had agreed to submit the name of Senator Borah to the convention for the nomination for second place on the ticket was communicated to Robert M. La Follette Jr., over the telephone, he expressed great surprise.

"Will Senator Borah take it?" he asked.

When told that those in the conference expressed a strong conviction that he would permit his name to be presented, he said:

"I do not believe that he will run."

The La Follette men in the delegation had hoped that some "reactionary" would be selected for the place and believed that such a selection would strengthen them in the prospective third party fight they are contemplating.

Governor Blaine, head of the delegation, would not say whether the selection of Senator Borah for President Coolidge's running mate would affect the insurgent movement they are about to start. "I do not care to make any comment," he said.

"The Wisconsin delegation, in concert with six progressive delegates from North Dakota, at a meeting held after the convention adjourned last night, agreed to vote for Senator George Norris of Nebraska for Vice President," he told The Times correspndent.

The conference of the Cabinet group began soon after the convention session adjourned, at 10:35 o'clock last night. The conferees went into session with the idea that in some way a choice must be made of a candidate for Vice President.

Besides William M. Butler, the campaign manager for President Coolidge, there were present Senator Wadsworth of New York, Secretary Mellon and Senators Reed and Pepper of Pennsylvania; C. Bascom Slemp, Secretary to the President, Charles D. Hilles and Theodore Roosevelt of New York, and Frank B. Stearns of Boston.

During the early part of the conference the names chiefly considered were those of Secretary Hoover, Major Gen. James L. Harbord, Senator Curtis of Kansas and Representative James W. Good of Iowa.

Boom for Good Collapses.

A very pronounced trend of sentiment toward Representative James W. Good of Iowa was one of the early developments of the day. He stood well with the Cabinet group and was somewhat supported by delegates from States west of the Mississippi who have formed a group of their own and have entered into an arrangement that will give them great strength in the convention should they decide to make a contest with those composing the "Cabinet group," which will have the support of many of the "regular" Republican element.

The chances of Mr. Good suffered a setback tonight. The statement was made to the conferees that Mr. Good might be charged, if he were the candidate for Vice President, with having practiced before the Government departments in Washington within a short time after he quit Congress.

It is believed that if Borah is nominated his presence on the Republican ticket will do much to offset inroads in the party ranks by the candidacy of La Follette on an independent ticket.

Mr. Borah has been as pronounced as La Follette in his opposition to some measures advocated by President Coolidge, among them the World Court proposal.

The Committee of Forty-eight which has been active in fostering the third party movement of which Senator La Follette is regarded as the prospective leader, counted upon Senator Borah to join them until he came out as a candidate for re-election to the Senate.

After that the third party men felt assured that preferring a six-year term in the Senate he would prove adamant against any attempts to draft him for the Vice Presidential nomination.

It was very evident that the announcement of his selection early this morning was an unexpected blow to their hopes.

Should Senator Borah agree to take the nomination, it was regarded as certain among Republicans here that Senator La Follette will take second thought before engaging in a third party fight. As yet, it is pointed out, he is not definitely committed.

Mr. Borah is also one of the few Republicans who voted against the Fordney-McCumber tarrif law now in operation. In spite of the Idaho man's independence, President Coolidge, who became well acquainted with the Senator when he was Vice President, gave evidence of high admiration for him and has consulted him frequently since he went to the White House.

What brought the conferees to determine upon Senator Borah has not yet been disclosed. Members of the conference were reticent when questioned. All through the day Senator Borah was regarded as out of the Vice Presidential picture. Yesterday he sent a telegram to a member of the Idaho delegation which was construed as meaning that he would not accept the nomination in any circumstances.

It was evident, however, that he was the favorite with most of those who took part in the series of conferences, partly because President Coolidge was understood to desire him most of all as a candidate with him.

It was while a committee of Westerners was engaged in making representations to W. M. Butler and others on its desire for second place that the informal announcement of Senator Borah's selection was made. The Western group contingent had been with Mr. Butler hardly fifteen minutes before the announcement came.

The Westerners interpreted the selection of Mr. Borah as having been brought about from the White House and as meaning that President Coolidge had persuaded the Senator to withdraw from his announced determination that he would not accept the nomination.

Representative Tincher of Kansas, who was one of Mr. Butler's visitors in behalf of the Western group, said when he left Mr. Butler's quarters early this morning:

"I cannot see any serious objection to Mr. Borah. And, of course, the West welcomes as a man for the ticket who knows the economic needs of the West."

Former Senator Albert J. Beveridge of Indiana, who was considered a long time in connection with the Vice Presidential nomination, declined to comment on the selection of Borah.

In the discussion before midnight of the various possibilities for Vice President Secretary Hoover loomed up most most prominently. But when it became known that he had telegraphed the California delegation, asking that his name be not presented, there was a sharp recession of talk about him.

Former Governor Herbert Hadley of Missouri might have been the choice of the Administration contingent if it were not for the condition of his health. Inquiries made today indicated that, while the former Progressive from Missouri was physically in good shape, he probably would not be able to stand the rigors of an intensive speech-making campaign such as the Republican managers contemplate imposing on the Vice Presidential candidate.

Discussion Went on All Day.

All through yesterday the Vice Presidential mill went round without producing a y considerable amount of grist. The whole process of Vice President-making gave a curious insight into the psychology of the convention. The desire to nominate a candidate who would add strength to the ticket to be headed by President Coolidge was general, but the manifestation of that desire produced ramifications of the political mind worthy of study by the student of politics.

What stood out boldly in the statements of delegates was the multiplicity of views as to the character of man who would be best fitted to make victory sure. A score of groups had as many suggestions as to the type of candidate necessary to add to the appeal which President Coolidge is expected to make to the electorate. All this demonstrated that the bloc or minority rule system has taken a deep hold of the political mind. Its influence was manifest everywhere. Equally apparent was the impression given that the American people are parochial in their ideals, with inability on the part of otherwise shrewd political workers to see that the way to victory lies other than in catering to the sentiment of a particular section of the country.

Not all those concerned in perfecting the ticket were dominated by such narrow views, but the number of those who showed they were under the influence of sentiment of particular groups or classes was extremely large. Into the situation was injected a considerable degree of selfishness. The County Chairman, or even the State Chairman of the Republican organization, the Republican Congressmen or the assistant for other public office realizes that the chances of carrying his own particular bailiwick would be increased if his party's candidate for Vice President were a man who would appeal to sentiment in that bailiwick. This causes him to think in terms of his own success, rather than the success of the party as a whole.

There were the ex-service men who are delegates in the convention, for example. The idea that dominated them was that the greatest strength that could be added to the national ticket would come through putting on it a soldier or former soldier who would appeal to men who served in the world war and whose nomination would help cure the hard feeling against President Coolidge on the part of members of the American Legion for his veto of the bonus bill. It was this feeling which brought about the prominence given to the name of General Harbord.

The tendency to name a Vice Presidential candidate who would appeal to a particular class came from those who think the agricultural sections will determine the Presidential election. In this phase of the situation, however, there is the basis of practical politics. Following custom, the nomination of an Easterner for President determines that a man from the West should be nominated for Vice President. The tendency of President Coolidge and his representatives in Cleveland, as well as those leading Republicans who will have the hard work of the national campaign, is to select a candidate from west of the Mississippi River. Ohio, Indiana and Illinois are not now regarded as sufficiently remote from the East to justify the honor going to one of them. Michigan, however, is asking for recognition. Wisconsin is out of it in view of Senator La Follette's plans to nominate himself on an independent ticket.

In considering Secretary Hoover's qualifications for second place on the ticket, it was agreed that Mr. Hoover would not be much of a spellbinder. The suggestion was advanced also that Senator Hiram Johnson's dislike of Mr. Hoover might have an influence on Johnson's following in California, especially if the Senator failed to take an active part in support of the Republican Presidential ticket. But danger from the possibility was believed to be offset by the heavy vote received by President Coolidge in the California Presidential primaries, in which the President won over Senator Johnson by a majority of more than 50,000. Secretary Hoover, who is popular in the southern part of California, is credited with having contributed to the victory of the President.

Stand by Wilson Recalled.

Some of the old-line party men brought up the action of Mr. Hoover in endorsing President Wilson's appeal for the election of a Democratic Congress in the elections of 1918 on the ground that Democratic victory was essential to upholding the war policies of the Wilson Administration. This appeal has been generally accepted as a grave error of political judgment and the Republican victories in that year are attributed largely to resentment on the part of the electorate over the intimation that Republican Senators and Representatives had not been patriotic.

California to Vote for Chapman.

CLEVELAND, June 11.—The California delegation decided tonight to abide by the wishes of Secretary Hoover not to present his name to the convention for the Vice Presidential nomination. The delegates had voted to present Mr. Hoover's name and had designated C. C. Chapman of Fullerton, Cal., to make the nomination speech, when they were informed that a telegram from Mr. Hoover had stated that he did not want his name presented. Another meeting was called and a motion was adopted to cast California's vote for Mr. Chapman.

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PLATFORM WINS OVATION

By ELMER DAVIS.

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

twenty-eight La Follette delegates from Wisconsin.

Regular delegates swarmed around them, jeering and shaking fists; two stalwart insurgents had to hold the Wisconsin banner to keep it from being torn up and carried up in front of the speakers' platform to join the other State standards gathered there.

The galleries booed and hissed and yelled: "Put Wisconsin out," but Wisconsin stayed in its seats, stubbornly refusing to rise even for the playing of the national anthem.

Just before the strains of "The Star-Spangled Banner" died away, the Wisconsin delegation, which was being jeered and booed, was greeted in a loud voice by a member of the New York delegation with the query:

"Have you had your orders from Trotzky?"

This remark seemed to sting. The Wisconsin members rose momentarily just as the music died away, and promptly resumed their seats. Then the reading of the platform was resumed.

The long resolutions agreed upon by the committee "with the exception of the representative of a single State," as Mr. Warren put it—Wisconsin being the solitary protestant, of course—were received without much excitement by the crowd. There was scattering applause, but nothing very notable aside from this first demonstration for the President. When the reading of the document had been finished, Mr. Warren moved its adoption, and Representative Martin B. Madden of Illinois seconded the motion.

Then Mr. Cooper came forward to present to the convention as a minority report the Wisconsin platform, which he had already presented to the Resolutions Committee without getting a single vote for it besides his own.

That the La Follette program this time got a more respectful hearing than it received at the Chicago convention four years ago, from a house which was even more overwhelmingly opposed to it than the Chicago assemblage, was due solely to the address and good humor of Mr. Cooper, who won a personal triumph even though he gained nothing but a hearing for his cause.

Chairman Mondell, when he announced that Mr. Cooper would present a minority report, said also that he would be allowed ten minutes to speak in favor of it.

Realizing that the long platform would be unfavorably received by the audience, and that its reading would weary most of his hearers, Mr. Cooper elected to make his speech for the platform before he read the document itself. White-bearded, bald-headed, in appearance a representative of a type of politician far more common thirty years ago than today, he looked like an old-fashioned Republican rather than a radical inclined to insurgency; and he began his speech as an old-fashioned Republican from the mother State of the party, pleading for a return of the organization to its pristine principles.

He didn't get over, of course, but it did win him a hearing. Before he had been talking two minutes the audience, which had been hissing and booing his election, and shouting "Put Wisconsin out," were applauding him more vigorously than they had applauded anything in the majority platform except the mention of the President's name. When former Representative Phillip P. Campbell, parliamentarian of the convention, came forward to warn him that his time was almost up, the galleries shouted "Don't stop him," "give him half an hour."

But Mr. Cooper prudently stopped when his ten minutes were up and proceeded to the reading of the platform. The good impression that he personally had made carried his doctrines into favor for the first few minutes. There was vigorous applause from the galleries—more vigorous than most of the declarations of the majority platform had elicited—when he read the planks of the La Follette declaration which called for a thorough housecleaning in the Department of Justice and the punishment of everybody involved in oil and other scandals lately uncovered in Washington. The majority report had not been quite so outspoken, and the galleries evidently felt more sympathetic with Wisconsin on this.

But when this topic had been left behind and Mr. Cooper passed on to the Wisconsin declarations for government ownership of railroads and to denunciation of the Mellon tax plan, the galleries turned against him and there were frequent waves of boos and hisses during the rest of the reading.

When he had finished, each moved the adoption of his minority report.

Mr. Warren came forward and reminded the audience that the La Follette platform had been presented to the Resolutions Committee and defeated by a vote of 51 to 1. Then it was put to the vote of the convention and overwhelmingly howled down; the majority platform was put to a vote and overwhelmingly howled in. All the business of the convention, with the exception of the nominations, was over.

The second session of the day and the third of the convention was called to order at 8:26 by Chairman Mondell, and some ten thousand people cheered his announcement that the proceedings were being heard on the radio by the President in the White House and five million loyal Americans, the President and the loyal getting about an equal amount of approval.

The audience joined in singing "The Long, Long Trail," and Mr. Mondell brought some cheerful shouts from the crowd by declaring that "at the end of The Long, Long Trail' is Republican victory."

Then Charles B. Warren, Ambassador to Mexico, strode forward to read the platform over which the Resolutions Committee had labored all last night and most of today. When he announced that the platform had been unanimously adopted by all members of the committee "except the member from one State" there were frantic howls of "Hurrah for Wisconsin" and shouts of "Put 'em out."

But the shouts died out in a moment, and at 8:28 Mr. Warren began the reading of the long platform. Outside bursts of thunder were banging, inside the sudden flares of spotlights for the movie cameramen shot long white beams from the gallery to the tongue-like speakers' platform projecting out on the floor, as the Chairman of the Resolutions Committee read the opening paragraphs of tribute to President Harding and President Coolidge.

With the mention of Mr. Coolidge's name there began a burst of applause and cheering. The ranks of seated spectators in the back of the hall stood up as the cheering continued; then the galleries stood up, rising in ranks a hundred yards long; then the movement spread to the delegates seated in front of the hall. State after State they rose and joined in the cheering, till in a moment ten thousand people were on their feet and twenty-eight remained seated—the La Follette delegates from Wisconsin.

Delegates and spectators hooted and jeered and whistled; they stood on their seats and shook their fists at the stubborn minority, core of the expected third party movement which has brought such a serious menace to the victory of the Republican ticket this Fall.

But the Wisconsin men were immovable; they stuck to their chairs as if they had been nailed to the seats and lashed to the frame work. There they were and there they stayed.

For a moment or two the delegates from North Dakota stayed with them, but when the Coolidge delegates had started forward, grouping their standards around the speaker's stand, carrying their cheers and jeers with them, North Dakota weakened. South Dakota, the one State carried by Hiram Johnson, was already on its feet. But Wisconsin stuck.

The North Carolina delegation, seated in the rear, had first torn up its standard and started it forward to meet Massachusetts in front of the stand. Other delegations followed. They massed in front of the speaker's stand. State standards raised above their heads, while the crowd still cheered for Coolidge and against La Follette.

Excitement for Twenty Minutes.

Then the Cleveland band tried the last desperate effort to raise the stubbornly adantary Wisconsinites. It broke into the strains of the "Star-Spangled Banner" that should rouse all patriots and bring them to their feet. But Wisconsin still sat. Men from the other delegations paraded up to them and cried and shouted; in vain.

The lights in the hall were turned off and the searchlight beams shot through the darkness, picking out the speakers on the platform and leaving the Wisconsin sector black; while all over the press stands men stood up on their desks, peering under the searchlight beam to see if Wisconsin had yielded. They might have saved the trouble; this was not Wisconsin's evening to yield.

The organist gave way, however, and swung from the national anthem into the sacred hymn of the Al Smith boom, "The Sidewalks of New York." Then the music changed to "Yes, We Have No Bananas," and at the end of fifteen minutes' demonstration the tumult and the shouting began to die of its own accord.

Mr. Mondell rapped for order amid the booming of flashlight powders and the upward mushroom curls of their white smoke, and the delegates began to sit down. Around Wisconsin was an encircling ring of standing delegates, leaning over and exhorting the stubborn resistants. Flashlight powders exploded around them; it might have served as a picture of the last stand of the Old Guard at nightfall of the day of Waterloo. But Wisconsin neither died nor surrendered. Two of them held to their standard and nobody carried it off.

When the excitement began to lag the organ started "Hail, Hail, the Gang's All Here!" and a section of the galleries began to sing it with the interpolated line "all except Wisconsin." But music had no charms to move the savage Wisconsin breast. After twenty minutes, during which Wisconsin had stubbornly stayed sitting, everybody else sat down too, and Charles B. Warren resumed the reading of the platform.

Foreign Policy Mildly Approved.

The opening paragraphs, after the mention of President Coolidge, were listened to in silence, but harassed taxpayers in the galleries fluttered in mild applause when Mr. Warren read the figures of the reduction of governmental expenditures and of taxation during the past administration. Loud cheers for the pledge to put the prohibition enforcement bureau into the civil service; but not much applause for the important exception "without necessarily incorporating the present personnel."

The World Court itself was received with somewhat mild applause; there was much more vigorous applause for the subsequent statement that this should be done on the plan recommended by President Coolidge, and applause more vigorous still, led this time by the delegates and not the galleries, when Mr. Warren read the clause declaring against membership in the League of Nations.

But the rest of the long chapter on foreign affairs was received in silence. In the galleries and on the floor, nobody manifested any excitement about the protracted list of the Republican Party's achievements in international relations, except for a sputter of handclapping, perhaps in tribute to Mr. Warren himself, when he read the chapter about the renewal of relations with Mexico, which he was so largely instrumental in bringing about.

But when the platform descended from the doing of good deeds to other men for the furtherance of world peace, and came down to practical matters, there was somewhat more enthusiasm.

Applause welcomed the reference to the funding of the British debt and the firm pronouncement against repudiation of other obligations of foreign Governments to the United States, and there were signs of real emotion when Mr. Warren reaffirmed the historic loyalty of the Republican Party to the protective tariff.

Deep calm received the recital of what the Republican Party had done for the farmer, but there was vigorous applause, led by the delegates from Delaware, of all places, when the platform went on to state that the troubles of the farmer were due entirely to the maladministration of the Democrats.

The declaration for the child labor amendment got a humanitarian hand from the galleries, and another, though a mild one, followed when Mr. Warren raised his voice and read the pledge to continue the effort to eliminate the seven-day week and the twelve-hour day in industry.

Still, "the prosperity of the nation rests on private initiative," and there must be no government in business. Much more enthusiasm for that.

This is a Coolidge convention, and yet there was a sudden interruption of applause and whistles when the name of Theodore Roosevelt appeared in the conservation plank of the platform.

A moment later there was another outburst for a plank equally off the beaten line of partisan doctrine, that calling for the conscription of labor and capital as well as men for military service in the event of another war.

By this time there had begun to be a mild bit of applause for every plank, always about the same in volume and enthusiasm, or lack of enthusiasm, leading to the whispered suspicion that the National Committee had hired a claque. The "claque" stirred the bulk of the crowd into a moment of handclapping over the plank for an anti-lynching law.

Then came the passages dealing, in so far as a platform ever deals with such matters, with the investigation of corruption in Washington. Paragraph by paragraph it was greeted with the standardized amount of applause, the same in length and in fervor as that which had met the declaration for citizens' military training camps, for example; rising for a moment to something like volume when the platform objected to the sowing of distrust in the fabric of government and asserted that such corrupt officials as had been uncovered were the exception and not the rule. Hardly any enthusiasm for the promise to go on with the prosecution of the guilty.

But a moment later, when Mr. Warren turned to a new paragraph and solemnly said: "We believe in observance of the law," there was a more vigorous cheering, for "law" in this connotation is understood as meaning the Volstead act, though the emphasis of the Speaker on the enforcement of "all the laws" attempted to distribute the responsibility.

Then up to the climax—that Government will function best when the President is supported by a majority in Congress of the same political faith, united by party principles.

This is the real keynote of the convention—not of what the delegates want, perhaps, but of what the Coolidge organization, backed by Coolidge sentiment throughout the country, have forced on them.

And this platform did not, as the keynote speech of Representative Burton did, contain any criticism of the regular Republican leadership in Congress. This denunciation was particularly aimed directly at the La Follette group. Mr. Warren leaned over the side of the platform and aimed his declarations straight at Wisconsin seats as he read it, and the fusion of party and blessed for the bolters mingled as the reading of the platform came to an end at 9:50.

At the conclusion of Mr. Warren's reading of the platform Mr. Cooper of the Wisconsin delegation arose and demanded permission to introduce the minority platform fathered by the La Follette delegation.

Jeers and hisses greeted his appearance on the floor, but finally Chairman Mondell announced that Mr. Cooper could have ten minutes. There were cries of "Give him more time," and Mr. Mondell announced that this was in addition to the time required to read the report.

"Yesterday I sat with my colleagues from Wisconsin and heard similarly noble sentiments expressed, and yet today, with one exception, the planks of the 1915 minority platform, which were denounced as socialistic, have become the law of the land. One of them is by this time part of the United States Constitution,"

The last plank to which Mr. Cooper made reference was the one recommending the direct election of United States Senators.

"Wisconsin got tired of having Senators elected by the bribery of legislators," he intimated, causing a great deal of applause and provoking some jeers.

Wins a Longer Hearing.

Some one on the platform or in the hall held a watch on the veteran Wisconsin representative, and a shout was heard that his time was up. By this time it appeared that the huge audience that had given Mr. Cooper a chilly reception at the start, had been in part won over by his personality and earnestness and desired to hear him. From all over the hall and from the balcony there rose the cry: "Let him go on!" "Give him more time!"

One voice from the balcony demanded that he be allowed half an hour. At this point he began to read the Wisconsin platform.

Mr. Cooper's reading of the plank advocating the Government ownership of railroads led to cries of "socialism."

"That's what they said about our 1918 platform for the direct election of Senators—and there was just as much sense in it," Mr. Cooper shouted to a man in the balcony who interrupted him.

There had been demonstrations of disapproval at the reading of planks from the platform declaring in favor of Government ownership of railroads and denouncing the large expenditure of money for military and naval purposes. But these were mild in comparison to the storm that broke when he began reading a plank denouncing the Mellon tax plan.

Hissing and booing from all parts of the huge audience compelled Representative Cooper to interrupt his recital. The demonstration of disapproval lasted for two full minutes.

Applause, but mild, followed the reading of a plank recommending election of Federal Judges for terms not beyond ten years. At present they are appointed for life.

Delegates Restive Under "Heresy."

Mr. Cooper's proposal for a method of overriding decisions of the United States Supreme Court was next, and it became evident that, while a minority of the audience favored giving Mr. Cooper a chance to read the La Follette or Wisconsin platform, the majority of the spectators and delegates were growing restive at hearing what they considered political heresy.

Chairman Mondell interfered at one point to get Mr. Cooper a hearing.

"Thank you, Frank," exclaimed Mr. Cooper when the Chairman had restored order.

Applause, but not of any volume, greeted the reading of La Follette plank endorsing the adjusted bonus for World War veterans as "a matter of right and not charity."

One plank of the minority platform which gained a surprisingly large amount of applause was the declaration for a referendum in peace or war, except in case of actual invasion.

After finishing the reading of the minority report Mr. Cooper moved its adoption, and Chairman Mondell recognized Mr. Warren to reply to Mr. Cooper in behalf of the majority report.

Mr. Warren said he was too tired by work on the majority report, having slept little for three nights, he did not intend to discuss the Wisconsin platform.

"I will only say this," he said, "that Mr. Cooper presented his platform to the committee, this afternoon. All the delegates from all the States and Territories, except one, voted against the platform proposed by the delegate from Wisconsin."

Then the majority report, which you have heard read, was presented and it was voted for by all the members from all the States and Territories, except Mr. Cooper. I believe the report presented by the majority of the committee is favored by the great majority of the convention.

"Without tiring myself or you, I again move the adoption of the report presented by all the members of the committee from all the States and Territories except one."

Chairman Mondell then called for a vote on Mr. Cooper's motion to substitute the minority report for that of the majority.

The Wisconsin men proved to be good shouters, for their chorus of "ayes" had remarkable volume for a group of twenty-eight delegates. A chorus of "noes" from the other thousand delegates had twenty times the volume, and the chair announced that the "noes" had it "overwhelmingly."

The majority report of the Committee on Resolutions was then adopted, with only the Wisconsin delegates dissenting, and became the national platform of the Republican Party.

On motion of David M. Blair of North Carolina, the convention adjourned until 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

The Morning Session.

The Coolidge convention became a Republican convention again for a couple of hours this morning. For an interlude which was brief, but must have been heartening to some of the Old Guard leaders who have been booted all around the downtown section of Cleveland by the visiters and executioners who carry out the long-distance orders of Calvin Coolidge, the convention was allowed to come back to the good old-fashioned system of treating all Republicans as friends and brothers, among whom the Presidential wrath of the party's Republican office holders rather than the Democrat who has been giving up other chieftains of the party to the bowstring.

This felicitous event was made possible, of course, by the fact that the convention was only marking time while the Platform Committee was trying to finish off its report. The Republicans were allowed to be treated as men and brothers by the Coolidge men because there was nothing of importance going on and no occasion to kick them downstairs during the morning session. Under the emollient oratory of Frank W. Mondell, Permanent Chairman of the convention, who would still be representing Wyoming on Capitol Hill if his constituents hadn't decided otherwise, the era of good feeling returned. All Republicans were good today except the insurgents, and Theodore E. Burton was delivering the Coolidge keynote yesterday the galleries had come to treat Henry Cabot Lodge as a personal devil, but he was restored to sanctity today, and the Democrats were hung on Robert Marion La Follette.

E. Mont Reilly Falls of a Seat.

The convention drew a bigger crowd th's morning. Word had evidently got about Cleveland that thousands of seats were to be had for the asking and most of them were filled by 10:30, the hour set for the opening of the session. On the first day the convention had begun promptly on time, but today the Republicans broke faith with the public and started half an hour late. Part of the interval was filled in by the glee club from Columbus, Ohio, as essential a part of a Republican convention as the rebel yell is of a Democratic convention. Between the glee club and the industrious organist, the time before the convention began was more entertaining than the session itself.

Rabbi Samuel Schulman of Temple Beth-El, New York, opened today's convention with a prayer which compared favorably in length with that of the opening session, but differed from it in being addressed chiefly to the powers on high rather than to the delegates.

Then came the protracted but apparently necessary formalities of passing from temporary to permanent organization. Another liability of the Harding Administration was dropped overboard when a seat was refused to Mr. Harding's Governor of Porto Rico, E. Mont Reily, as delegate from the dependency which showed such a manifest lack of enthusiasm for the Administration. A protest from the floor persuaded the convention to give a seat to Robert H. Todd, who had been left out in the committee's report, but not a shot was heard, not a funeral drum, as E. Mont Reily was laid away.

Then there was the requisite flutter when a woman for the first time made a report for a major committee of a National Convention. The report, with rubber stamped what Calvin Coolidge and William M. Butler had decided long ago, that Frank Mondell was to be Permanent Chairman of the convention, but a great disturbance was made about this new tribute to the women. Some day this interminable series of first times that women have been something or other will be over and we can all settle back and be allowed to regard women as people.

Mr. Mondell Takes Over.

Then Frank Mondell replaced Theodore E. Burton, and in five minutes the convention had got back to normalcy. Mr. Mondell had some remarks to make, and while he spoke only about half as long as Mr. Burton did the day before, he was much more to the taste of the convention, if not of the galleries. Not for him the hunching over the speakers' stand so that he could say everything straight into the radio microphones. Mr. Mondell paraded around the platform, going wither he listed and delivering old-fashioned Republican sentiments in an old-fashioned Republican voice.

"Confidence in Calvin Coolidge is the most important and outstanding fact in the political situation"—yes, that was all right, and it got a hand of applause, as was right and proper. But the iniquities of the Democrats, the awful crime of infidelity to orthodox Republicanism—those were the themes that made the delegates grin with hesitant reassurance. Maybe this was the old home, after all.

Mr. Burton, on the first day of the convention, had got his biggest hand from the crowd in the galleries by saying that the people had more confidence in Calvin Coolidge than they had in the leadership of Congress. Mr. Mondell got his biggest hand today—not from the galleries, but from the delegates, who stood up and waved their arms and yelled with elation and relief—when he said that what the country needed was "the election of a Congress, Republican both in name and in fact and principle."

Everybody knew whom he meant by his denunciation, a moment earlier, of "legislation by shifting and changing combinations, resulting in majorities having no common faith and inspired by no common purpose." That was aimed at Senator La Follette and the Northwestern radicals. No, all our troubles would be over if we had a real Congress, a Republican Congress. No brickbats for Mr. Lodge today; all Republicans are honorable men except the La Follette radicals. Whereupon the delegates rose up and roared and slapped each other on the shoulders. "Great is Diana of the Ephesians."

Because they had been so badly abused from the moment the convention met by the triumphant Coolidge men, the Republicans were slow to believe that this morning they were going to be treated with kindness and patted on the head. When Mr. Mondell began by telling them that the Republican Party had "never proposed and never advocated an unwise and unsound national policy," they sat in silence, waiting for the blow that the Burton example had led them to expect. They cheered feebly for the cheerful prediction of a large majority at the polls in November, but fell back into silence again at his calling of the honor roll of great Republican Presidents.

Cheered By Eulogy of Party.

There was applause for Roosevelt's name, applause of course, for Coolidge. Who dares sit quiet when the cue is given for the cry of "Hail! Cæsar"?

More silence for the long tribute to President Harding. Most of the delegates to this convention are temperamentally inclined toward the Harding type rather than to the Coolidge type, and they ought to have responded to Mr. Mondell's flowery language about the lost leader, "beloved and enshrined in the only enduring hall of fame, the heart of a grateful people." Many a delegate, as he listened to those words, must have thought: "But he is in his grave, and oh! the difference to me."

But when Mr. Mondell got down to Congress—Congress which had been so liberally abused by Mr. Burton the day before—the delegates at last began to sit up and take notice. This denunciation of party irregularity and group control was good news, and it was good for a real Republican Congress—that is, for the re-election of those Republicans in House and Senate whom Mr. Burton deplored and regretted the day before—brought back the golden age for a few brief moments.

Shortcomings and mishaps in the last session—well, Mr. Mondell didn't deny that they had occurred; but "every failure could and would be avoided if we had there been a dependable Republican majority." A party program unfulfilled—well, yes; but "let us not criticise men who cannot satisfactorily lead when some who call themselves Republicans will not follow."

From this explanation of the reasons for late deplorable occurrences, Mr. Mondell branched off into the counterpart of his topic, the terrible iniquities of the Democrats. They were roaring and howling with joy on the floor, and to some extent in the galleries, when he painted the awful picture of the opposition torn by "fierce family feuds and rivalries," and trying to "lay down a smoke screen through which their transparent partisan purposes shall not be discovered and in the contemplation of which their sins of omission and commission shall be overlooked or forgotten."

The country would be in a bad way, one infers, if it had to depend on the Democrats, but fortunately there is a Grand Old Party whose record is faithfully reflected in the matchless growth and faceless glory of the Republic.

Scandals in Washington? Mr. Burton had explained them at length yesterday, but Mr. Mondell ignored them as irrelevant.

"A tree is known by its fruits, not by the occasional defect in bud and branch." This was the sort of thing the delegates had been waiting for, more than they that watch for the morning, waiting for even as the hart panteth after the water brooks. They drank deep of it and were refreshed, as well they might have been; for to all appearances it is the last time they will hear anything like that in this convention.

Daugherty's Counsel Reads Rules.

From these heights the session descended to anti-climax. The report of the Committee on Rules was called for, and there were cheers, if not for the report, at least for the Chairman of the committee. For this was Paul Howland, who defended Harry Daugherty, pillar of Republican orthodoxy, against the Brookhart-Wheeler committee in this Winter's investigations, and who had gained added merit from the fact that he was elected to his Chairmanship in defiance of the expressed will of Grand Vizier William M. Butler.

He lost some of his popularity when he proceeded to read the report, involving little change in representation and procedure, and consuming much time. Yet, even so, there was much applause for the news that the Republicans had at last given the ladies equal representation on the National Committee and another for the clause providing that the National Committee might expel a member who refused to support the nominee of the convention. There is nothing new about this provision, but this year it may be necessary to use it. Its reading gave the delegates a chance to crow over the abhorrent Northwestern radicals once more.

Mr. Howland finished with the declaration that "I suppose this is the first time you have ever heard or had read to you the rules under which you are operate," and in due form the regulations were adopted. Then the report of the Resolutions Committee was called for, but the Resolutions Committee was still hammering out the platform. So Charles Dewey Hilles moved a recess, not till after lunch, as had originally been intended, but till after dinner, and it was put to a viva voce vote. The noes were about five times as numerous as the ayes, but most of them came from the disappointed galleries, and there was no rising vote when Chairman Mondell announced that the motion had been carried, and everybody went out to lunch.

STORY OF MORNING SESSION.

Anti-La Follette Outburst and Cheers for Women Furnish Thrills.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, June 11.—The Republican National Convention began its second session with the same adherence to the time schedule that marked the opening of the convention. At precisely 11 o'clock Representative Theodore E. Burton, the Temporary Chairman, stepped out on the long, narrow speakers' platform and with a smash of his gavel called the convention to order. Officially the convention had been adjourned to 10:30, but 11 o'clock had all along been contemplated as the opening hour, and thirty minutes were provided to allow leeway for the arrival of the delegates and spectators.

The band played the national anthem. Prayer was offered by the Rev. Dr. Samuel Schulman, rabbi of Temple Beth-El, New York City.

Mr. Burton had some difficulty in obtaining order after the prayer was finished, groups of delegates from various States selected by the aisles and there were a dozen conferences on the floor of the convention of groups interested in one or another of the candidates for the Vice Presidency. Mr. Burton attempted, unsuccessfully at first, to introduce Representative George S. Graham of Pennsylvania.

"Let there be quiet," Mr. Burton called, emphasizing his order by repeated blows of his gavel. After a delay of nearly five minutes the convention quieted down and Mr. Graham stepped to the platform.

Greetings Sent to Cannon.

"With the approval of the Pennsylvania delegation, as expressed this morning, and as a tribute to a tried and true veteran of our Republican Party, I desire to present a resolution to send greetings to Joseph P. Cannon, the sage of Danville, on the occasion of the attainment of his eighty-seventh birthday," Mr. Graham said.

The reference to "Uncle Joe," for many years a notable figure in the House of Representatives and many times its Speaker, brought loud cheers, and the resolution was adopted unanimously by a rising vote after which the band played "The Battle Hymn of the Republic."

Mr. Burton announced that the report of the Committee on Credentials was the next order of business, but that the convention would have to wait a few minutes as the report was not quite ready. "I wish the band would play a patriotic tune," he said. The band struck up Sousa's "Stars and Stripes" and played it with all the variations.

The band stopped, but the committee was still unable to make its report.

"Will the band please play another tune?" Mr. Burton asked with a slightly worried look, as the delegates began to show signs of restiveness over the delay.

The band played a tune and stopped. Mr. Burton looked from the stage and seemed greatly relieved when he saw Senator William B. McKinley of Illinois, Chairman of the Committee on Credentials, approach the platform.

The committee's report, as read by Senator McKinley, sustained the decision of the National Committee in the contests in Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi and the District of Columbia, and announced that the contests in Tennessee and Arkansas had been settled by the withdrawal of the contestants. In the Texas contests, the committee recommended the seating of Mrs. H. F. McGregor, wife of the veteran Republican leader and her alternate in the Ninth Congressional District, and recommended the seating of Juan Soto and Ramon Vades as delegates from Porto Rico instead of Reed H. Todd, member of the National Committee, and E. Mont Reily, former Governor of Porto Rico.

John Adams of Oklahoma moved to amend the report by providing for the seating of Mr. Todd with two-thirds of a vote and to give Mr. Soto and Mr. Vades two-thirds of a vote each.

Porto Rico Compromise Reached.

Mr. Adams declared that the committee's recommendation against Mr. Todd and Mr. Reily had been taken with only twenty-one members, less than a quorum, present, and asserted that the documents submitted showed that neither set of delegates had been elected properly.

Senator McKinley seconded the amendment.

"Mr. Todd has represented Porto Rico on the National Committee satisfactorily for twenty years," he said. "Papers and credentials were presented on both sides, if some of them were irregular, it might be said that some of you might have had difficulty in strictly regular procedure if you lived in Porto Rico."

The amendment was adopted, and the report of the Committee on Credentials was accepted unanimously with the amendment.

Ovation for Woman Chairman.

For the first time in the history of the Republican Party a report of one of its important committees was presented by a woman. Mrs. Elizabeth P. Martin of Pennsylvania, Chairman of the Committee on Permanent Organization, received an ovation as she stepped to the platform.

Knowing that they had won their fight for equal representation on the National Committee, although the report of the Rules Committee was to come later, the women in the audience began cheering for Mrs. Martin. The delegates and alternates and then all the men and women in the hall rose in a spontaneous demonstration.

The report of the Committee on Permanent Organization presented the formal recommendation for the selection of Frank W. Mondell of Wyoming, former Republican leader of the House of Representatives, for Permanent Chairman, and recommended that the other temporary officers of the convention be made its permanent officers. Mr. Burton put a motion for the approval of the report, which was voted with cheers. Senator James W. Wadsworth of New York, Mrs. Effie Easton of California and Ralph Love of Kansas escorted Mr. Mondell to the platform.

In introducing Mr. Mondell, Mr. Burton said:

"The Chair desires to express his thanks for your cooperation in the services he has sought to perform, and now introduces to you your Permanent Chairman, the Hon. Frank W. Mondell."

Half-Hearted Applause for Mondell.

Perfunctory applause greeted Mr. Mondell. It died down, but a woman in the Pennsylvania delegation revived it by rising and cheering, and the convention, in rather half-hearted fashion, finally rose in greeting to its Permanent Chairman.

After Mr. Mondell concluded, he called for the report of the Committee on Rules and Order of Business. Paul Howland of Cleveland, the Chairman, caused one of the most genu

Committee Struggled All Night in Drafting the Resolutions

MONDELL'S APPEAL FOR PARTY FAITH

Election of a Congress "Republican in Name and in Principle" Urged.

PRAISES COOLIDGE'S RECORD

Permanent Chairman Tells Convention Democratic Party Has No Redeeming Feature.

CLEVELAND, June 11.—That President Coolidge has justified the confidence that "inspired" his nomination for Vice President at Chicago, and the greater confidence reposed in him since taking up the duties of Chief Executive, is the "outstanding fact" in the political situation, Frank W. Mondell of Wyoming declared today in his address as permanent Chairman of the Republican National Convention.

Mr. Mondell added an appeal for Republican majorities in Congress "in name and in principle," saying that every serious fault of recent legislation would have been avoided had the President had that strength in House and Senate.

The Chairman assailed the Democrats for their "utter lack of fixed and definite principle or policy, save that of muckraking and obstruction." Referring to the situation in the last Congress, when insurgents joined with Democrats to control legislation, Mr. Mondell said that never before had the necessity for dependable party majority and definite party responsibility been so clearly demonstrated.

CHAIRMAN MONDELL'S ADDRESS

Mr. Mondell's address was as follows:

Ladies and Gentlemen of the Convention: We are met as the representatives of a great political party that has never failed nor faltered in its service or loyalty to the republic; that has never proposed nor advocated an unwise or unsound national policy, and it is our privilege on behalf of this party to place in nomination for the highest offices in the gift of the American people candidates who shall measure up to the finest standards of party leadership and who shall be entitled to and, we confidently believe, will receive the support of a large majority of the American voters at the polls in November.

We meet profoundly appreciative of wise, patriotic and inspiring party leadership in the past, and earnestly thankful that the kindly Providence and the great good fortune which gave our party and the nation Lincoln, McKinley, Roosevelt and Harding has vouchsafed us as the worthy successor of these distinguished patriots the confidence-inspiring character of Calvin Coolidge.

The American people placed the stamp of their approval on the candidates of the last Republican National Convention by a majority of more than five and a half million. Time and events have abundantly justified that unparalleled endorsement. He who was chosen as the party standard-bearer proved his statesmanship in the skillful handling and wise adjustment of important and weighty domestic and international questions and problems. Diligent in the nation's business, wise in public counsel, honest and courageous in action, he gave himself unreservedly, mind and body, heart and soul, to the nation, and became as truly a martyr to patriotic service as any soldier stricken on the field of battle.

How well he fitted and became the great office to which he was chosen, History will write his name high on the roll of able and efficient executives, but we who knew and loved him best will cherish most the recollection of his great and kindly heart, his tender and sympathetic soul. The nation mourned him as one mourns a brother beloved, and enshrined him in the only enduring hall of fame—the loyal hearts of a greatful people.

Confidence the Keynote.

Confidence was the keynote of the sentiment which inspired the nomination of Calvin Coolidge at Chicago four years ago. That confidence grew as he modestly performed the duties of the position to which he was elected, and strengthened prodigiously as he met and handled in thoughtful, sympathetic and courageous fashion the many difficult and trying problems presented to him in the Presidential office.

Confidence in President Coolidge is the most important and outstanding fact in the political situation today, and, in the presence of inevitable differences of opinions on questions of moment, this confidence is as fine a compliment to the American people as it is to the President, a spontaneous tribute to sincere faith, high courage and honest and unselfish purpose.

Never was an Administration confronted with more difficult and perplexing problems than those presented to the Republican Administration and Congress elected four years ago, and the marvelous record of legislative and administrative accomplishment which followed is without parallel in the annals of government.

The orgy of reckless and extravagant expenditure, which had been checked by the preceding Republican Congress, was succeeded by an economical and business-like conduct of public affairs under a budget system wisely drawn and faithfully adhered to. The burden of taxation was greatly reduced. The public debt was steadily diminished. The armies of the unemployed, more numerous than the hosts that the nation marshaled in the World War, were soon absorbed in the ranks of industry, as wise legislation and sound administration relieved the nation and its people from the handicap of Democratic policies.

Never before in our history has the need and the necessity of dependable party majorities and of definite party responsibility been so clearly demonstrated as in the very recent past. Legislative control by shifting and changing combinations, resulting in majorities having no common faith and recognizing no united responsibility, cannot, in the nature of things, produce legislative results beneficial or satisfactory to the people of the country. The inevitable effect of such legislative control is confusion and paralysis and a legislative product satisfactory to no one.

Every serious fault of recent legislation and every failure to complete and round out a satisfactory legislative program could and would have been avoided had there been dependable Republican majorities in the Congress. The one certain and assured remedy for such a condition is the election of a Congress Republican by a goodly majority, both in name and in principle.

Assails the Democrats.

This is the open season for weird claim and wild assertion on the part of our friends the political enemy. Only recently emerged from beneath the political landslide of four years ago, they attempt to appear as confident as they were just before being engulfed in that overwhelming catastrophe.

In the moments they can spare from their fierce family feuds and rivalries they make a pretense of assuming to believe that they have successfully laid down a smoke screen through which their transparent partisan purposes shall not be discovered, and in the contemplation of which all of their sins of omission and commission, of discredited policies and of discreditable administration shall be overlooked and forgotten.

If the American people were prepared to forget as the Democrats themselves endeavor to do—the wholly indefensible record of the Democratic Party in earlier days, they certainly could not overlook the fact that the most recent record of that party is of unwise and indefensible policy one devoid of a single redeeming feature; of scandalous mismanagement, when in control, and utter lack of fixed and definite principle or policy, save that of muckraking and obstruction, when in minority.

As we proceed to the nomination of our candidates and the drafting of our platform we may find inspiration in the fact that ours is the only national party in America that can and does point with pride to each and every candidate nominated at its conventions and to every declaration made in any of its national platforms. All human experience justifies faith and confidence in an organization with such a history. The record of wise leadership, sound policy and faithful public service in the past affords the best possible guaranty of the future.

A tree is known by its fruits; not by the showy flowers of promise or the occasional defect in bud or branch, but by the normal harvest through the running of the years—and the harvest of the Republican Party and leadership in faithfully reflected in the matchless growth and fadeless glory of the Republic.

MONDELL PUT 'PEP' IN THE NIGHT SESSION

Stirs Red Delegates to Enthusiasm by Predicting 'Victory' After 'The Long, Long Trail.'

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, June 11.—The crowd was slow in gathering for the evening session of the convention. Ralph Williams, National Committeeman from Oregon, was the first notable to appear. At that time William Metcalf, organist, began a recital and alternated with Garland's Band in musical selections until the opening of the convention.

The hall began to fill quickly after 7:30, but at 8 o'clock the aisles were so filled with delegates and spectators on the way to their seats that Chairman Mondell, after a survey of the hall from the speakers' platform, abandoned for the moment his apparent intention of calling the convention to order, and went back to the stage for a conference with Lafayette B. Gleason, Secretary of the convention.

The reputation for promptitude attained at the two preceding sessions was shattered by the failure to begin at 8:15, a quarter of an hour past the time set for the opening. The spectators in the balcony waited patiently, but the delegates gathered in groups and there were a dozen conferences on the Vice Presidential situation going on at 8:20.

The organist, evidently a Democrat, played "Dixie," which drew applause from even a Republican convention, and then swung into "Carry Me Back to Old Virginny" and "Maryland, My Maryland," without getting any applause. He had started "Little Annie Rooney" when Chairman Mondell called the convention to order at 8:21.

Chairman Mondell proceeded at once to put "pep" into the proceedings. He said:

"The proceedings of this convention are being radioed from the Atlantic to the Pacific. They are being listened to by the President in the White House and millions of patriotic Americans who propose to support him. We will begin the proceedings this evening by singing 'The Long, Long Trail.'"

At the end of "The Long, Long Trail," the victory!" shouted Mr. Mondell.

The convention rose to the sentiment and there was a spontaneous response of cheers which indicated an enthusiasm which previously had been lacking to a great extent in this convention.

"The next order of business is the report of the Committee on Resolutions," said Chairman Mondell. "I present Charles B. Warren of Michigan, Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions."

"The platform to be presented by the committee has been agreed upon by the members from every State and Territory except one" Mr. Warren said.

This reference to the Wisconsin member was like a match to a fuse and the convention exploded.

"Wisconsin!" yelled the delegates. "Throw 'em out!"

"The platform which I shall present was reported out unanimously by the subcommittee of fifteen appointed to draft it," Mr. Warren continued. "As I have said, it was approved by every member of the full committee except the representative of one State."

"Hurrah for Wisconsin!" yelled a supporter of Senator La Follette from that delegation.

"Boo! Throw 'em out!" came from all parts of the hall.

Mr. Warren then started to read the platform, his reference to President Coolidge in its opening paragraph bringing about a fifteen-minute demonstration.

After the reading of the platform and the end of the applause, Mr. Warren said:

"In behalf of all the delegates from all the States and Territories except one, I move the adoption of the platform as read."

The motion was seconded by Representative Martin B. Madden of Illinois.

Chairman Mondell then presented Representative Henry Allen Cooper of Wisconsin to present a minority report. There were jeers and catcalls, but the delegates' sense of fair play led them to smother this with applause.

Mr. Cooper, a man of distinguished appearance, has had previous experience in presenting a platform to a hostile convention, and he was not perturbed by the unfriendly reception.

He declared he had not known his time was to be limited until he had arrived on the platform.

"No one can do a greater duty than to resist a majority when he thinks it wrong," Mr. Cooper said. "So I am here from Wisconsin, the first State to inaugurate the Republican Party."

Mr. Cooper declared that many Republicans of prominence had declared that the Republican Party had been founded in Wisconsin instead of Michigan, and among these were James A. Garfield and Whitelaw Reid. Mention of the latter's name brought only slight applause and Mr. Cooper said:

"I heard plenty of applause from Wisconsin, but none from New York, though some of his relatives are in the delegation."

This caused laughter, and many in the New York delegation and in the seats near-by turned to look at Representative Ogden L. Mills.

Mr. Cooper said Wisconsin had a minority platform in 1908. "On me devolved the pleasant task of presenting that minority platform to the convention," he said. "It was greeted with cries of 'Socialism,' 'anarchy,' 'Take it to Denver,' and 'Kick him out.'"

Will Rogers Booms Hays for Vice President; Would Substitute Hollywood for Congress

By WILL ROGERS.

CONVENTION HALL, CLEVELAND, June 11.—The second riotous day of the Vice Presidential Convention opened amid wild excitement. As the Secretary read the number of delegates present the house went wild.

Yesterday they prayed for "blessings which are at Thy command," and today their prayers were answered, with rain, for the thirty-fourth straight day in this town.

The convention was billed to start at 10:30 this morning, but it didn't start until 11:15. No one had the nerve to start it.

William Jennings Bryan and myself again accompanied each other to the wake. I started him an hour earlier today than yesterday, so he would have time to shake hands with everybody who knew him on the way. I tried to find that policeman who knew me yesterday, but I guess they had discharged him.

The festivities opened with 8,000 badges in the hall.

If all the money spent on political badges and political literature was spent on farm relief, we would have the most prosperous country east of the Alleghenies.

I don't want to appear disrespectful, or lacking in devotion to prayer, but when prayer has been the outstanding feature of both days I can't help but record the facts. They are getting longer each day. I don't know if that is through necessity or not.

This one today was a keynote prayer. Today's was by a different parson. It was the only strictly political oration I ever heard delivered in the guise of prayer. I had never heard prayer have a text like sermons. His was "Republican Party Unity." The only reference to anything pertaining to the Bible was the word "Amen" at the finish.

He was by far the best orator that has appeared.

Mr. Bryan and I are the Weber and Fields of the convention. You remember one of them used to get just as many laughs as the other.

So today in this article I am taking the serious side of the convention and he is taking the comedy. Of course he assists me with serious suggestions, for instance, here is one he told me today:

"Senator Lodge passed by a little girl and her mother up in Massachusetts, and the little girl said, 'Oh, mamma, ain't Mr. Lodge the meanest man in the world?' and the mother scolded the child very sharply and said, 'How often have I told you not to use the word ain't!'"

A lady was the best thing on the program today. She was to introduce Mr. Mondell of Wyoming as the Chairman of the convention. She simply walked down front and said, "Convention, I submit to you Mr. Mondell."

If that had been some politician introducing him, they would have had to drag in the glory of every past Republican President as far back as Lincoln, and it would have taken an hour for him to have thought of them all.

Now the lady in being so brief and concise—it was either she was smart or else she couldn't think of anything good to say about him.

What she left out he immediately said. He said, "This Chairmanship is the greatest honor that can come to any man." Now he knows that is a lot of applesauce, for a Chairman at one of those conventions is nothing more than an auctioneer with a hammer, receiving and taking the delegates' yeses and noes.

When the lady got up Mr. Bryan applauded all over the place. He said to me "Why don't you applaud the lady?" So I gave him this funny one to use in his humorous article today:

"Why should I applaud her? I never saw her before."

Then he gave me this serious one for my serious article today:

"The compliments to the ladies are the only thing we Democrats can applaud at a Republican convention without sacrifice of our republican principles."

Mr. Mondell in his Chairmanship keynote speech pulled the same gag that Mr. Burton finished his with in the middle yesterday:

"We want Republicans that will stick together, not Republicans in name only."

Well I give Mr. Mondell credit. He copped the best gag Mr. Burton had yesterday, and it went almost as big as it did yesterday. I want to leave before they wear it out entirely. Professor Burton will get the use of it tomorrow, when he feels everybody by nominating Coolidge.

They are holding that big surprise back for the finish.

My candidate has came. He just got in this morning and phoned me. I told you I would deliver him. It's Will Hays. I started him Monday for President, but he has degenerated down now till Vice President is about all I have for him. He can hold both jobs, preside over the Senate and Hollywood both. In fact, I think we should move the studios from Hollywood to Washington in exchange for the Senate and Congress. I bet you the City of Washington would trade in a minute. But I would hate to be the one to suggest it to Hollywood.

Tomorrow I am going to desert Bryan and let him find his own serious ideas, and go with Will Hays. I won't have to stop so much on the street on account of some one recognizing my companion.

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START REVOLT ON BUTLER

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

permitted to become a candidate before the convention for the Vice Presidential nomination.

Mr. New was credited with having made a similar statement with reference to ex-Senator Beveridge. When the Watson men in the Indiana delegation heard of Mr. New's activities against their leader they told him, and the meeting of the delegation this afternoon was the result.

Immediately following the announcement tonight by Governor Branch that Senator Watson would be placed in nomination for the second place on the national ticket, Watson workers began to distribute red and white paper ribbons of unusual size, bearing the legend "Watson for Vice President."

Prior to the delegation's meeting Mr. Butler and Secretary Mellon received calls from several men prominent in the Indiana delegation, including Clyde A. Walb, State Chairman; National Committeeman Keating and Ewing Emison, President Coolidge's Indiana preconvention manager. According to their reports, they were listened to politely when they asked that the name of Mr. Watson should be considered by the Cabinet group in the effort to determine upon a Vice Presidential nominee.

According to what was said afterward by members of the Indiana delegation, the Watson emissaries were told that Mr. Watson was a man of a considerable degree of ability, who was valuable to the Republican Party in the Senate and was regarded by them as a personal friend. The Watson emissaries came away from their visit, convinced that there was no intention to give the Senator's name any consideration in the series of conferences that were being held to choose the man to be added to the Presidential ticket.

In addressing the Indiana delegation Mr. Keating said that Senator Watson had nothing to do with the matter which he intended to take up for discussion.

"All should go out tonight and start to push," he said. "We should be loyal to our State, our party, and the best United States Senator we have had in years."

Governor Branch's statement announcing Mr. Watson's candidacy for the Vice Presidential nomination did not contain any fireworks. It was extremely mild.

Recalls the 1920 Outburst.

The insurgent movement, begun tonight by the Indiana delegation, recalls a somewhat similar revolt against organization domination during the Republican National Convention at Chicago four years ago. At that time the Senatorial group, after deciding to break the deadlock by agreeing to support Warren G. Harding for the Presidential nomination, picked Senator Lenroot of Wisconsin for the Vice Presidency.

After Mr. Harding's nomination had been made, Mr. Lenroot's name was presented for Vice President in behalf of the Senatorial coterie, whereupon a delegate from Oregon, representing groups of delegates dissatisfied with the alleged domination of the Senatorial contingent, offered the name of Calvin Coolidge, who was nominated.

Watson's nomination may furnish a test of Ku Klux Klan sentiment among the delegates in the National Convention. The Klan is represented as controlling the organization of the party in Indiana and as having been chiefly responsible for the selection of Edward Jackson as the candidate for Governor.

On Monday a statement was given out from the temporary headquarters of the Imperial Wizard, Mr. Evans, endorsing Watson for the Vice Presidential nomination. Watson's friends, filled with indignation, told Evans that unless the statement were repudiated it would damage his political fortunes. Evans subsequently repudiated the statement, saying that it was given out without his authority. Senator Watson asserted that the statement was put out by political enemies as part of a plot to ruin him.

Women Also Aggrieved.

Early in the day there were symptoms of revolt against Mr. Butler's rule among the women delegates. They had originally been encouraged to find him in sympathy with the proposal to give them equality in the National Committee. Then they felt a distinct reversal when three Vice Chairmen instead of two were provided for the committee and only one of them to be a woman.

But Mr. Butler, who had fallen into the habit of firing committee chairmanships in advance without consulting party leaders, male or female, announced that Mrs. A. T. Hert of Kentucky would be the leading figure among the women in the approaching campaign, as a national committee Vice Chairman, and the women workers who had not been consulted were pretty well wrought up about it—not because they objected to Mrs. Hert as their leader, but because a man had dictated to them and had said what must be done.

Connect that up with the three vice chairmanship deal, then get a lot of women talking among themselves about it, and an interesting meeting is assured.

However, as one of the women said today, "Politics is politics, and when we get in the game, we have to be practical, take the bad things along with the good things and play the game." And, therefore, there is to be a meeting of all women delegates and other women workers at the Cleveland Hotel tomorrow to work out a get-together program for the welfare of the Republican Party, under which grievances shall be forgotten, or at least held in abeyance and the ticket put over at the polls.

Mrs. Leonard Woods of Pennsylvania, who retires as Second Vice Chairman when the National Committee meets to organize after the convention is over, will preside at the woman's conference tomorrow, and she said today that every effort would be made to instruct the workers in methods of organizing, and in carrying on their campaign.

Plan Active Field Campaign.

Mrs. Woods is a trained worker in the field of politics and with Mrs. Medill McCormick, wife of the Senator from Illinois, and Mrs. Jeanette A. Hyde of Utah, has figured prominently in the fight for equal representation.

"We have won a big victory," Mrs. Woods said today, "and the women are particularly pleased about the progress they have made in obtaining their rights on the National Committee.

"We went before the Rules Committee and made a hard fight, but we felt sure that our demands could not longer be withheld. Now we are going to go out and do everything in our power to put the ticket across in the coming election.

"The important thing is to get the women into the fight on a practical basis, and we are in a much better position to carry on an enthusiastic and successful campaign because of the new power that has been granted to the women on the National Committee."

Mrs. Woods will be retired automatically from the office of Vice Chairman, along with Chairman Adams and Vice Chairman Williams of Oregon, with the reorganization of the committee. She said today that she was going out among the field forces and work as hard as she could for the success of the ticket.

Mr. Butler, of course, will be the new Chairman of the National Committee. It was reported today that Charles D. Hilles of New York will be one of the three Vice Chairmen and Mr. Williams, now Vice Chairman, may be re-elected.

Another report tonight was that Mrs. Alice Longworth, daughter of Colonel Roosevelt and wife of Representative Longworth of Ohio, may be named as member of the National Committee by the Ohio delegation.

The fifty-fifty resolution adopted provides that the women members of the National Committee shall be selected from the men are elected. A number of the new women members will be chosen at once by their State delegations. In some States, however, it is provided that members of the National Committee are elected at the polls. Where this cannot be done, temporary appointments may be made by delegations, pending the regular elections.

Get Only Third of Executive Posts.

The women here are elated over the action of the National Convention in adopting the report of the Rules Committee giving them equal representation on the National Committee with the men and at the same time are just a little bit downcast by the decision that there shall hereafter be three Vice Chairmen of the committee instead of two.

The trouble lies in the fact that, as the women understand it, the Chairman and the First and Second Vice Chairmen are to be men and the women are to get no better than a third Vice Chairmanship, although they are to have equal voting power with the men on the committee instead of being merely "associate" members, as they are now.

Under the old arrangement there was a male Chairman and a male Vice Chairman who had full voting power on the committee and a female "associate" Vice Chairman. There has also been a woman Vice Chairman of the Executive Committee.

When the Rules Committee decided at its meeting yesterday to have three Vice Chairmen for the National Committee instead of two, the men who were directing the preparation of the resolutions explained that this was being done because the work of the committee would be unusually onerous during the coming campaign and the more Vice Chairmen the better.

In the text of the resolutions it is not stated whether these Vice Chairmen shall be of the male or female sex. But the women say today that they know how things are to be worked out and that the men have it all arranged to select men for First and Second Vice Chairmen. Some of the women feel that, while they have walked forward a long distance by winning the fight for promotion from associate to active membership, they also have taken a step backward in obtaining only a third Vice Chairmanship in exchange for a second Vice Chairmanship.

All this may seem a bit complicated, but it is the exact situation, nevertheless. The women are not going to make any open protest, so far as could be learned tonight, because they feel that they have gained one big victory by being graduated from the ranks of associate members and that it is their duty to put aside any resentment they may feel and work for the best interests of the party.

DAUGHERTY URGES UNITY.

Tells Ohio Women La Follettеism Leads "to Party Destruction."

CLEVELAND, June 11.—Harry M. Daugherty, former Attorney General, in the course of a breakfast address today to the Republican women of Ohio, made a plea for party unity and condemned the La Follette and Brookhart type of Republicans as more interested "in destruction than in the success of the Republican party of construction."

"Never before in the history of the party has there been a greater need for Republicans to be Republicans than at present," Mr. Daugherty told the women. "The La Follette Republicanism that we hear so much about is not Republicanism, but is making trouble with interest in Communism, leading to party destruction.

"The party will never be La Follettеized, and this country will never be Russianized with the good women of the land taking their part, as they will."

PLATFORM WINS AMID CHEERS

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

form is the World Court plank. Direct and positive statements on Ku Klux Klan are avoided, and the document does not declare directly for strict enforcement of the Eighteenth Amendment. The latter issue is placed under law enforcement.

The demands of the women for an "equality plank" did not find a place in the platform. There is a plank opposing immediate independence for the Philippines. The subjects of taxation and immigration are disposed of in general terms, except that a plank dealing with taxation recommends a conference between the States and the Federal Government for an adjustment of taxation, as proposed by President Coolidge in a statement issued when the Revenue bill was signed.

The World Court Plank.

The World Court plank reads:

"The Republican Party affirms its stand for agreement among the nations to prevent war and preserve peace. As an important step in that direction we endorse the Permanent Court of International Justice and favor the adherance of the United States to this tribunal, as recommended by President Coolidge. This Government has definitely refused membership in the League of Nations and to assume any obligations under the Covenant of the League. On this we stand."

The platform may be briefly summarized as follows:

Commends the Administration of President Harding and names as a major achievement the Washington Conference on the Limitation of Armament.

Demands public economies as recommended by President Coolidge.

Recalls the reduction in expenditures, which made tax reduction possible. Favors further progressive reduction in taxes and endorses the plan of President Coolidge for a conference between the States and Federal Government for adjusting questions of taxation between the States and Federal Government.

Endorses re-creation by legislation of a non-partisan Federal commission to study the taxation of State and Federal Governments so as to permit of intelligent taxation revision.

Advocates the calling of another conference on the limitation of armament as proposed by President Coolidge, "When, through the adoption of a permanent reparations plan, the conditions in Europe will make negotiations and cooperation opportune and possible."

Favors the holding of international conferences from time to time for the advancement and codification of international law.

Refuses to consider the cancellation of the foreign war-time debt.

Reaffirms the protective tariff policy and commends the elastic feature of the present tariff law. Favors higher tariff on farm products if necessary to protect the farmers.

Relates efforts of the last Congress to aid the farmers and pledges the Administration toward "broadening our export markets. Assures the farmers that the Republican Party "will place the agricultural interests of America on a basis of economic equality with other industry to insure its prosperity and success."

Commends the Administration for its efforts to eliminate the twelve-hour seven day week in the steel industry and favors higher standards for the employment of women.

Favors lower railroad rates, consolidation of railroad properties and amendments to the law creating the Labor Board wherever experience shows it to be necessary.

Opposes nationalization of the railroads and "all attempts to put the Government into business."

The platform is silent on the bonus, but recommends that all necessary money be expended for the care of the wounded soldiers.

It suggests that industry as well as citizens be drafted in time of war.

Endorses the policy of the present Administration respecting Alaska, and favors the continuance of Alaska and Hawaii as territories.

Advocates enactment of legislation that will tend to promote commercial aviation.

Opposition is expressed to any further weakening of the army and navy and pledges the party to round out the navy to the full strength provided in the arms conference treaty.

Declaration on the Scandals.

Enactment of a Federal anti-lynching law is urged.

As to the recent Congressional investigations, the platform declares that "dishonesty and corruption are not political attributes," and that these investigations showed "instances in both parties of men in public life who are willing to sell official favor, and men out of office who are willing to buy them in some cases with money and in others with influence."

The plank relating to the investigations also demands the prompt and fearless prosecution of all wrongdoers and admits "the deep humiliation which all good citizens share." That our public life should have harbored some dishonest men, that these undesirables do not represent the standard of our national life.

The platform is silent on the Eighteenth Amendment, but contains a general law and order plank which concludes:

"The Republican Party pledges the full strength of the Government for the maintenance of these principles by the enforcement of the Constitution and of all laws."

Instead of declaring opposition to the Ku Klux Klan, the plank labeled as "Constitutional Guaranties" reads:

"The Republican party reaffirms its unyielding devotion to the Constitution, and to the guarantees of civil, political and religious liberty therein contained."

In order to place the Administration and Congress on the same basis, despite the difference of opinion between President Coolidge and Congress, the last plank urges the voters to elect not only a Republican President but a Republican Congress to sustain his policies.

In the opinion of Republicans, the platform will not cause much difference of opinion in the party except over the World Court plank and the policies advocated by the Radicals which were rejected by the platform makers.

Senators opposed to the World Court said tonight that they would not be controlled by the platform declarations of the Court, but would continue to vote their convictions in the Senate despite the Coolidge plank favoring entry by the United States into the Court with reservations.

Chairman Warren's Statement.

CLEVELAND, June 11 (Associated Press).—Upon the adjournment of the Platform Committee, Chairman Warren asked Representative Cooper of Wisconsin to listen to a statement which he made to the press. Chairman Warren's report on the day's proceedings follows:

"The Draft Committee reported a complete platform to the full committee. The full committee discussed each plank in the platform separately and acted upon them separately, and made modifications in various paragraphs.

"At the end of the meeting the platform as presented by the Draft Committee and modified by the full committee was unanimously adopted by every member of the committee except Mr. Cooper of Wisconsin. Prior to the vote on the adoption of the platform as perfected Representative Cooper offered a substitute platform.

"In behalf of whom?" asked Chairman Warren, turning to Mr. Cooper.

"On behalf of the La Follette Progressive Republicans," replied Mr. Cooper.

Completing his statement by repeating Mr. Cooper's words, Chairman Warren continued:

"There being no one to second the resolution of Mr. Cooper, I, as Chairman, waived the necessity for a second and submitted the motion to the committee. Whereupon every member of the committee voted against the substitute except Mr. Cooper of Wisconsin, who voted for his motion."

When Chairman Warren completed his statement and withdrew after Mr. Cooper had stated that it was substantially correct, Mr. Cooper said that he would correct the statement of Chairman Warren about waiving the necessity for a second.

"I never knew," he said, "that proceedings such as ours today, conducted under the rules of the House of Representatives, made it necessary to have a second. I was clearly entitled to a vote on my motion and obtained it."

PLEDGE MAY FORCE WISCONSIN TO BOLT

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

ly in their seats and even smiled as the storm raged about them.

They look for the supreme test tomorrow. What occurred today when they failed to rise and join in the applause that greeted ex-Congressman Mondell when he assumed the gavel as Permanent Chairman of the convention, the Wisconsin men said, will be as a wild Summer zephyr, if their guess is right, as compared with what is in store for them tomorrow when they fail to rise and join in the cheering to be staged when the name of President Coolidge is placed before the convention.

The La Follette men will vote for Senator La Follette on the ballot to be taken on nominations for the first place on the ticket tomorrow. Unless there is a change in plans agreed upon at a meeting of the Wisconsin delegates they will obstruct and prevent the adoption of a motion to make the nomination of Mr. Coolidge unanimous. They will not participate in any demonstration for the nominee, but will remain in their seats, passive and silent, when the delegates from other States let loose their lungs in loud acclaim for for the choice of the convention.

Not Interested in Vice President.

After the adoption of the platform all interest of the La Follette delegates in the convention and its doings will cease. Under the instructions received in Senator La Follette's letter to Governor Blaine, read at the first caucus of the Wisconsin delegation, they have concentrated on the platform. The delegation has not yet met and taken a formal vote on a candidate for second place on the ticket.

"There are a number of candidates for second place for whom we could vote, but there is no likelihood that one of these will be the choice of the convention," said Attorney General Ekern.

"I suppose," said another member of the La Follette delegation, "that the best thing that could happen from our point of view would be the selection of some reactionary candidate for Vice President which would make doubly sure the defeat of the ticket."

Members of the La Follette delegation said yesterday that they were not a bit surprised or chagrined by the treatment they had received in the convention.

"We are used to it—we have been in for that sort of thing in every Republican national convention since 1908," said George A. Affeldt, one of the Milwaukee delegates. "We will not let them drive us out of the convention by rough tactics. If it should come to physical violence, which I scarcely believe, we can take care of ourselves. We will go through with our original program and stick it out."

"We have been through all this before and are not a bit discouraged," said Robert M. La Follette Jr. "If we are successful in bringing our Wisconsin State platform before the convention as a minority report and get a roll-call on it, we will have achieved what we came here to accomplish. In any event we expect to get a viva voce vote as in other years."

Robert M. La Follette Jr. made it clear tonight that in the event Senator La Follette should decide not to permit his own nomination by the prospective Third Party, he would not, in all probability, give his support to another Third Party candidate, but, nominally at least, remain with the Republican Party.

As the La Follette men see it, the Wisconsin Senator is the only one who could, to any purpose or advantage, carry the banner of insurgency against the Republican national ticket.

In making for publication, leaders in the Wisconsin delegation insist that nothing has been done by any of Senator La Follette's friends in preparation for the third party convention to be held here, beginning July 4, and that nothing will be done until after the Democratic National Convention has nominated candidates and adopted a platform. It is known, however, that many of the Wisconsin delegates to the Republican National Convention expect to return here in a fortnight or so for the third party convention, and before they depart will make hotel reservations with that object in view.

Democrats' Chances in Wisconsin.

All the La Follette men who are here in connection with the convention are most positive in declaring that with the Senator heading a third ticket President Coolidge would go down to defeat in Wisconsin, where Harding won four years ago by nearly 400,000 majority. Some doubt was expressed whether President Coolidge could carry the State even with the La Follette third party not in the field, provided the Democrats name "the right man."

In the April primaries ex-Secretary McAdoo won an endorsement on the preferential primary ballot, but Governor Smith of New York got twenty-three of the twenty-six delegates to the convention. McAdoo carried only one Congressional district in the primaries. In two districts the delegates were split between McAdoo and Smith.

That Governor Smith would prove stronger in Wisconsin than McAdoo appeared to be the consensus of opinion among the La Follette men. There is considerable "wet" sentiment in that State and a large foreign element in the voting population which, as they see it, would give strong support to the New York Governor. This support would be lacking in the event McAdoo is named, because of his stand in favor of the Volstead law.

Mr. McAdoo's great following among the railroad men, it was pointed out, would not weigh very heavily in his favor, in the event of Senator La Follette's nomination as a third party candidate. Senator La Follette, it is believed, would be in a position to hold the railroad workers in line, especially as the brotherhoods were exceedingly active in promoting the movement which culminated in the calling of the second Cleveland convention.

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Full Text of the Republican Platform as Reported to Convention Last Night

FAITH IN COOLIDGE PLEDGED

Platform Extols His Service in Taking Up Work of Harding.

FOR WORLD COURT ENTRY

Plank Stands on Refusal to Join League—Asks a Land Arms Conference.

STILL LOWER TAXES SOUGHT

Farm Aid by Market Reform and Change in Railroad Law Are Advocated.

CLEVELAND, June 11 (Associated Press).—The following is the text of the Republican platform as presented by the sub-committee to the full Resolutions Committee:

We, the delegates of the Republican Party, in national convention assembled, bow our heads in reverent memory of Warren G. Harding.

We nominated him four years ago to be our candidate; the people of the nation elected him their President. His human qualities gripped the affections of the American people. He was a public servant unswerving in his devotion to duty.

A stanch Republican, he was first of all a true patriot, who gave unstintingly of himself during a trying and critical period of our national life.

His conception and successful direction of the Limitation of Armament Conference in Washington was an achievement which advanced the world along the path toward peace.

As delegates of the Republican Party, we share in the national thanksgiving that in the great emergency created by the death of our great leader there stood forth fully equipped to be his successor one whom we had nominated as Vice President—Calvin Coolidge, who as Vice President and President by his every act has justified the faith and confidence which he has won from the nation.

He has put the public welfare above personal considerations. He has given to the people practical idealism in office. By his every act, he has won without seeking the applause of the people of the country. The constantly accumulating evidence of his integrity, vision and single minded devotion to the needs of the people of this nation strengthens and inspires our confident faith in his continued leadership.

SITUATION IN 1921.

When the Republican Administration took control of the Government in 1921, there were 4,500,000 unemployed; industry and commerce were stagnant; agriculture was prostrate; business was depressed; Government bonds were selling below their par value.

Peace was delayed; misunderstanding and friction characterized our relations abroad. There was a lack of faith in the administration of Government resulting in a growing feeling of distrust in the very principles upon which our institutions are founded.

Today industry and commerce are active; public and private credits are sound. We have made peace; we have taken the first step toward disarmament and strengthened our friendship with the world powers; our relations with the rest of the world are on a firmer basis; our position was never better understood; our foreign policy never more definite and consistent. The tasks to which we have put our hands are completed. Time has been too short for the correction of all the ills we received as a heritage from the last Democratic Administration, and the notable accomplishments under Republican rule warrant us in appealing to the country with entire confidence.

PUBLIC ECONOMY.

We demand, and the people of the United States have a right to demand, rigid economy in government. A policy of strict economy enforced by the Republican Administration since 1921 has made possible a reduction in taxation and has enabled the Government to reduce the public debt by two and a half billion dollars. This policy vigorously enforced has resulted in a progressive reduction of public expenditures until they are now two billion dollars per annum less than in 1921. The tax burdens of the people have been relieved to the extent of $1,250,000,000 per annum. Government securities have been increased in value more than three billion dollars. Deficits have been converted in surpluses. The budget system has been firmly established and the number of Federal employes has been reduced more than one hundred thousand. We commend the firm insistence of President Coolidge upon rigid Government economy and pledge him our earnest support to this end.

FINANCE AND TAXATION.

We believe that the achievement of the Republican Administration in reducing taxation by $1,250,000,000 per annum; reducing of the public debt by $2,432,000,000; installing a budget system; reducing the public expenditures from $5,500,000,000 per annum to approximately $3,400,000,000 per annum, thus reducing the ordinary expenditures of the Government to substantially a pre-war basis, and the complete restoring of public credit; the payment or refunding of $7,500,000,000 of public obligations without disturbance of credit or industry—all during the short period of three years—presents a record unsurpassed in the history of public finance.

The assessment of taxes wisely and scientifically collected and the efficient and economical expenditure of the money received by the Government are essential to the prosperity of our nation. Carelessness in levying taxes inevitably breeds extravagance in expenditures. The wisest of taxation rests most rightly on the individual and economic life of the country. The public demand for a sound tax policy is insistent.

Progressive tax reduction should be accomplished through tax reform. It should not be confined to less than 4,000,000 of our citizens who pay direct taxes, but is the right of the more than 100,000,000 who are daily paying their taxes through their living expenses. Congress has in the main confined its work to tax reduction. The matter of tax reform is still unsettled and is equally essential.

We pledge ourselves to the progressive reduction of taxes of all the people as rapidly as may be done with due regard for the essential expenditures of the Government administered with rigid economy, and to place our tax system on a sound, peacetime basis.

We endorse the plan of President Coolidge to call in November a national conference of Federal and State officials for the development of effective methods of lightening the tax burden of our citizens and adjusting questions of taxation as between National and State Governments.

We favor the creation by appropriate legislation of a non-partisan Federal commission to make a comprehensive study and report upon the tax systems of the States and Federal Government with a view to an intelligent reformation of our systems of taxation to a more equitable basis, and a proper adjustment of the subjects of taxation as between the National and State Governments, with justice to the taxpayer and in conformity with these sound economic principles.

REORGANIZATION OF EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENTS.

We favor a comprehensive reorganization of the executive departments and bureaus along the line of the plan recently submitted by a joint committee of the Congress, which has the unqualified support of President Coolidge.

CIVIL SERVICE.

The improvement in the enforcement of the merit system both by legislative enactment and executive action since March 4, 1921, has been marked and effective. By executive order the appointment of Presidential postmasters has been placed on the merit basis similar to that applying to the classified service.

We favor the classification of postmasters in first, second and third class post offices and the placing of the prohibition enforcement forces within the classified civil service without necessarily incorporating the present personnel.

FOREIGN RELATIONS.

The Republican Party reaffirms its stand for agreement among the nations to prevent war and preserve peace. As an important step in this direction we endorse the Permanent Court of International Justice and favor the adherence of the United States to this tribunal as recommended by President Coolidge. This Government has definitely refused membership in the League of Nations and to assume any obligations under the Covenant of the League. On this we stand.

While we are unwilling to enter into political commitments which would involve us in the conflict of European policies, it should be the purpose and high privilege of the United States to continue to cooperate with other nations in humanitarian efforts in accordance with our cherished traditions.

The basic principles of our foreign policy must be independence without indifference to the rights and necessities of others and cooperation without entangling alliances. This policy, overwhelmingly approved by the people, has been vindicated since the end of the great war.

America's participation in world affairs under the administration of President Harding and President Coolidge has demonstrated the wisdom and prudence of the national judgment. A most impressive example of the capacity of the United States to serve the cause of world peace without political affiliations was shown in the effective and beneficent work of the Dawes commission toward the solution of the perplexing question of German reparations.

The first conference of great powers in Washington called by President Harding accomplished the limitation of armaments and the readjustment of the relations of the powers interested in the Far East. The conference resulted in an agreement to reduce armaments, relieved the competitive nations involved from the great burdens of taxation arising from the construction and maintenance of capital battleships, assured a new, broader and better understanding in the Far East; brought the assurance of peace in the region of the Pacific and formally adopted the policy of the open door for trade and commerce in the great markets of the Far East.

The historic conference paved the way to avert the danger of renewed hostilities in Europe and to restore the necessary economic stability. While the military forces of America have been reduced to a peace footing, there has been an increase in the land and air forces abroad which constitutes a continual menace to the peace of the world and a bar to the return of prosperity.

We firmly advocate the calling of a conference on the limitation of land forces, the use of submarines and poison gas, as proposed by President Coolidge, when, through the adoption of a permanent reparations plan, the conditions in Europe will make negotiations and cooperation opportune and possible.

By treaties of peace safeguarding our rights and without derogating those of our former associates in army, the Republican Administration ended the war between this country and Germany and Austria. We have concluded and signed with other nations during the last three years more than fifty treaties and international agreements in the furtherance of peace and good-will.

New sanctions and new proofs of permanent accord have marked our relations with all Latin America. The long-standing controversy between Chile and Peru has been advanced toward settlement by its submission to the President of the United States as arbitrator and with the helpful cooperation of this country a treaty has been signed by the representatives of sixteen American republics, which will stabilize conditions on the American continent and minimize the opportunities for war.

Our difficulties with Mexico have happily yielded to a most friendly adjustment. Mutual confidence has been restored and a pathway for that friendliness and helpfulness which should exist between this Government and the Goverment of our neighboring republic has been marked. Agreements have been entered into for the determination by judicial commissions of the claims of the citizens of each country against the respective Governments. We can confidently look forward to more permanent and more stable relations with this republic that joins for so many miles our Southern border.

Our policy, now well defined, of giving practical aid to other peoples without assuming political obligations has been conspicuously demonstrated. The ready and generous response of America to the needs of Japan gave evidence of our helpful interest in the welfare of the distressed in other lands.

The work of our representatives in dealing with subjects of such universal concern as the traffic in women and children, the production and distribution of narcotic drugs, the sale of arms, and in matters affecting public health and morals, demonstrated that we can effectively do our part for humanity and civilization without forfeiting, limiting or restricting our national freedom of action.

The American people do cherish their independence, but their sense of duty to all mankind will ever prompt them to give their support, service and leadership to every cause which makes for peace and amity among the nations of the world.

FOREIGN DEBTS.

In fulfillment of our solemn pledge in the national platform of 1920 we have steadfastly refused to consider the cancellation of foreign debts. Our attitude has not been that of any oppressive creditor seeking immediate return and ignoring existing financial conditions, but has been based on the conviction that a moral obligation such as was incurred should not be disregarded.

We stand for settlements with all debtor countries similar in character to our debt agreement with Great Britain. That settlement, achieved under a Republican Administration, was the greatest international financial transaction in the history of the world. Under the terms of the agreement the United States now receives an annual return upon $4,600,000,000 owing to us by Great Britain with a definite obligation of ultimate payment in full.

The justness of the basis employed has been formally recognized by other debtor nations.

Great nations cannot recognize or admit the principle of repudiation. To do so would undermine the integrity essential for international trade, commerce and credit. Thirty-five per cent. of the total foreign debt is now in process of liquidation.

THE TARIFF.

We reaffirm our belief in the protective tariff to extend needed protection to our productive industries. We believe in protection as a national policy, with due and equal regard to all sections and to agriculture, industries and occupations. It is only by adherence to such a policy that the well-being of the consumers can be safeguarded and that there can be assured to American agriculture, to American labor and to American manufacturers a return to perpetuate American standards of life. A protective tariff designed to support the high American economic level of life for the average family and to prevent a lowering to the levels of economic life prevailing in other lands.

It is the history of the nation that the protective tariff system has ever justified itself by restoring confidence, promoting industrial activity and employment, enormously increasing our purchasing power and bringing increased prosperity to all our people.

The tariff protection to our industry works for increased consumption of domestic agricultural products by an employed population instead of one unable to purchase the necessities of life. Without the strict maintenance of the tariff principle our farmers will need always to compete with cheap lands and cheap labor abroad and with lower standards of living.

The enormous value of the protective principle has once more been demonstrated by the emergency tariff act of 1921 and the tariff act of 1922.

We assert our belief in the elastic provision adopted by Congress in the tariff act of 1922 providing for a method of readjusting the tariff rates and the classifications in order to meet changing economic conditions when such changed conditions are brought to the attention of the President by complaint or application.

We believe that the power to increase or decrease any rate of duty provided in the tariff furnishes a safeguard, on the one hand, against excessive taxes, and, on the other hand, against too high customs charges.

The wise provisions of this section of the tariff act afford ample opportunity for tariff duties to be adjusted after a hearing in order that they may cover the actual differences in the cost of production in the United States and the principal competing countries of the world.

We also believe that the application of this provision of the tariff act will contribute to business stability by making unnecessary general disturbances which are usually incident to general tariff revision.

AGRICULTURE.

In dealing with agriculture the Republican Party recognizes that we are faced with a fundamental national problem and that the prosperity and welfare of the nation as a whole is dependent upon the prosperity and welfare of our agricultural population.

We recognize our agricultural activities are still struggling with adverse conditions that have brought about distress. We pledge the party to take whatever steps are necessary to bring back a balanced condition between agriculture, industry and labor, which was destroyed by the Democratic Party through an unfortunate administration of legislation passed as wartime methods.

We affirm that under the Republican Administration the problems of the farmer have received more serious consideration than ever before, both by definite executive action and by Congressional action, not only in the field of general legislation but also in the enactment of laws to meet emergency situations.

The restoration of general prosperity and the purchasing power of our people through tariff protection has resulted in an increased domestic consumption of farm products, while the price of many agricultural commodities are above the war price level by reason of direct tariff protection.

Under the leadership of the President at the most critical time, a corporation was organized by private capital, making available $100,000,000 to assist the farmers of the Northwest.

In realization of the disturbance in the agricultural export market, the result of the financial depression in Europe, and appreciating that the export field would be enormously improved by economic rehabilitation and the resulting increased consuming power, a sympathetic support and direction was given to the work of the American representatives on the European Reparation Commission.

The revival in 1921 of the War Finance Corporation, with loans of over $300,000,000, averted in 1921 a complete collapse in the agricultural industry.

We have established a new intermediate credit banks for agriculture and increased the capital of the Federal Farm Loan system. Emergency loans have been granted to drought-stricken areas. We have enacted into law the Cooperative Marketing act, the Grain Futures and Packer Control acts; given to agriculture direct representation on the Federal Reserve Board and on the Federal Aid Commission. We have greatly strengthened our foreign marketing service for the disposal of our agricultural products.

The crux of the problem from the standpoint of the farmer is the net profit he receives after his outlay. The process of bringing the average price of what he buys and what he sells closer together can be promptly expedited by reduction in taxes, steady employment in industry and stability in business.

This process can be expedited by lower freight rates, by better marketing through cooperative efforts and a more scientific organization of the physical human machinery of distribution and by a greater diversification of farm products.

We promise every assistance in the reorganization of the market system on sounder and more economical lines and, where diversification is needed, Government assistance during the period of transition. Vigorous efforts of this Administration toward broadening our exports market will be continued.

The Republican Party pledges itself to the development and enactment of measures which will place the agricultural interests of America on a basis of economic equality with other industry to assure its prosperity and success. We favor adequate tariff protection to such of our agricultural products as are threatened by competition. We favor, without putting the Government into business, the establishment of a Federal system of organization for cooperative marketing of food products.

MINING.

The mining industry has experienced a period of depression as the result of the abnormal economic conditions growing out of the war. This Administration has accomplished much in improving the conditions affecting this great fundamental industry and pledges itself to continue its effort in this direction.

HIGHWAYS.

The Federal Aid Road act, adopted by the Republican Congress in 1921, has been of inestimable value to the development of the highway system of the several States and of the nation. We pledge a continuation of this policy of Federal cooperation with the States in highway building.

We favor the construction of roads and trails in our national forests necessary to their protection and utilization. In appropriations, therefore, the taxes which these lands would pay if taxable should be considered as a controlling factor.

LABOR.

The increasing stress of industrial life, the constant and necessary efforts, because of world competition, to increase production and decrease costs, have made it specially incumbent on those in authority to protect labor from undue exactions.

We commend Congress for having recognized this possibility in its prompt adoption of the recommendation of President Coolidge for a constitutional amendment authorizing Congress to legislate on the subject of child labor, and we urge the prompt consideration of that amendment by the Legislatures of the various States.

There is no success great enough to justify the employment of women in labor under conditions which will impair their natural functions.

We favor high standards for wage, working and living conditions among the women employed in industry.

We pledge a continuance of the successful efforts of the Republican Administration to eliminate the seven-day, twelve-hour week in industry. We regard with satisfaction the elimination of the twelve-hour day in the steel industry and the agreement elimination of the twelve-hour day in of alternate thirteen and eleven hours, accomplished through the efforts of Presidents Harding and Coolidge. We declare our faith in the principle of the eight-hour day.

We pledge a continuation of the work of rehabilitating workers in industry as conducted by the Federal Board for Vocational Education, and favor adequate appropriations for this purpose.

We favor a broader and better system of vocational education, a more adequate system of Federal free employment agencies, with facilities for assisting the movements of seasonal and migratory labor, including farm labor, with ample organization for bringing the man and his job together.

RAILROADS.

The people demand and are entitled to have prompt and efficient transportation at the lowest rates consistent with good service and a reasonable return upon the value of the property devoted to public service.

We believe that the American people demand, and we favor, a careful and scientific readjustment of railroad rate schedules with a view to the encouragement of agriculture and basic industries, without impairment of railroad service.

The present laws regulating railroads, which were enacted to meet post-war conditions, should be modified from time to time as experience shows the necessity therefor.

The consolidation of railroads into fewer competitive systems, subject to the approval of the Interstate Commerce Commission, should be provided for.

The Labor Board provisions of the present law should be amended whenever it appears from experience that such action is necessary. Collective bargaining, mediation and voluntary arbitration are the most important steps in maintaining peaceful labor relations and should be encouraged. We do not believe in compulsory action at any time in the settlement of labor disputes.

Public opinion must be the final arbiter in any crisis which so vitally affects public welfare as the suspension of transportation.

Therefore the interests of the public require the maintenance of an impartial tribunal which can, in an emergency make an investigation of the facts and publish its conclusions. This is essential as a basis for popular judgment.

We favor a stable, consistent and constructive policy toward our railroads.

GOVERNMENT CONTROL.

The prosperity of the American nation rests on the vigor of private initiative which has bred a spirit of independence and self-reliance. The Republican Party stands now as always against all attempts to put the Government into business.

American industry should not be compelled to struggle against Government competition. The right of the Government to regulate, supervise and control public utilities and public interests we believe should be strengthened, but we are firmly opposed to the nationalization of Government ownership of public utilities.

COAL.

The price and a constant supply of this essential commodity are of vital interest to the public. The Government has no constitutional power to regulate prices, but can bring its influence to bear by the powerful instrument afforded by full publicity.

When through industrial conflict its supply is threatened, the President should have authority to appoint a commission to act as mediators and as a medium for voluntary arbitration. In the event of a strike, the control of distribution must be invoked to prevent profiteering.

MERCHANT MARINE.

The Republican Party stands for a strong and permanent merchant marine built by Americans, owned by Americans and manned by Americans, to secure the necessary contact with world makets for our surplus agricultural products and manufactures; to protect our shippers and importers from exorbitant ocean freight rates and to become a powerful arm of our national defense.

That part of the merchant marine now owned by the Government should continue to be improved in its economic and efficient management, with reduction of the losses now paid by the Government through taxation until it is finally placed on so sound a basis that, with ocean freight rates becoming normal, due to improvement in international affairs, it can be sold to American citizens.

WATERWAYS, FLOOD CONTROL AND WATER POWER.

Fully realizing the vital importance of transportation in both cost and service to all our people, we favor the construction of the most feasible waterways from the Great Lakes to the Atlantic seaboard and the Gulf of Mexico and the improvement and development of rivers, harbors and waterways, inland and coastwise, to the fullest extent justified by the presence and potential tonnage available.

We favor a comprehensive survey of the conditions under which the flood waters of the Colorado River may be controlled and utilized for the benefit of the people of the States which border thereon.

The Federal Water Power act establishes a national water-power policy and the way has thereby been opened for the greatest water-power development in history under conditions which preserve initiative of our people, yet protect the public interests.

THE WORLD WAR VETERANS.

We reaffirm the admiration and gratitude which we feel for soldiers and sailors; the Republican Party pledges a continually and increasing solicitude for all those suffering any disability as a result of service to the United States in time of war. No country and no Administration has ever shown a more generous disposition in the care of its disabled or more thoughtful consideration in providing a sound administration for the solution of the many problems involved in making intended benefits fully, directly and promptly available to the veterans.

The confusion, inefficiency and maladministration existing heretofore since the establishment of this Government agency have been cured and plans are being actively made looking to a further improvement in the operation of the bureau by the passage of new legislation.

The basic statute has been so liberalized as to bring within its terms 100,000 additional beneficiaries. The privilege of hospitalization in Government hospitals, as recommended by President Coolidge, has been granted to all veterans irrespective of the origin of disability, and over $50,000,000 has been appropriated for hospital construction, which will provide sufficient beds to care for all.

Appropriations totaling over $1,100,000,000 made by the Republican Congress for the care of the disabled evidences the unmistakable purpose of the Government not to consider costs when the welfare of these men is at stake. No legislation for the benefit of the disabled soldier proposed during the last four years by veterans' organizations has failed to receive consideration.

We pledge ourselves to meet the problems of the future affecting the care of our wounded and disabled in a spirit of liberality and with that thoughtful consideration which will enable the Government to give to the individual veterans that full measure of care guaranteed by an effective administration machinery to which his patriotic services and sacrifices entitle him.

CONSERVATION.

We believe in the development, effective and efficient, whether of oil, timber, coal or water power resources of this Government, only as needed and only after the public need has become a matter of public record, controlled with a scrupulous regard and ever vigilant safeguards against waste, speculation and monopoly.

The natural resources of the country belong to all the people and are a part of an estate belonging to generations yet unborn. The Government policy should be to safeguard, develop and utilize these possessions. The conservation policy of the nation originated with the Republican Party, under the inspiration of Theodore Roosevelt. We hold it a privilege of the Republican Party to build as a memorial to him on the foundation which he laid.

EDUCATION AND RELIEF.

The conservation of human resources is one of the most solemn responsibilities of government. There is an obligation which cannot be ignored and which demands that the Federal Government shall, as far as lies in its power, give to the people and the States the benefit of its counsel.

The welfare activities of the Government connected with the various departments are already numerous and important, but lack the coordination which is essential to effective action. To meet these needs we approve the suggestion for the creation of a Cabinet post of Education and Relief.

UNIVERSAL MOBILIZATION IN WAR TIME.

We believe that in time of war the nation should draft for its defense not only its citizens, but also every resource which may contribute to success.

The country demands that should the United States ever again be called upon to defend itself by arms, the President be empowered to draft such material resources and such service as may be required and to stabilize the prices of services and essential commodities, whether used in actual warfare or private activities.

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION.

The unprecedented living conditions in Europe following the World War created a condition by which we were threatened with mass immigration that would have seriously disturbed our economic life. The law recently enacted is designed to protect the inhabitants of our country, not only the American citizen, but also the alien already with us who is seeking to secure an economic foothold for himself and family, from the competition that would come from unrestricted immigration. The administrative features of the law represent a great constructive advance and eliminate the hardships suffered by immigrants under the emergency statute.

We favor the adoption of methods which will scarcitate a helpful influence among the foreign-born population and provide for the education of the alien in our language, customs, ideals and standards of life. We favor the improvement of naturalization laws.

HAWAII—ALASKA.

We favor a continuance for the Territory of Hawaii of Federal assistance in harbor improvements, the appropriation of its share of Federal funds, and the systematic extension of the settlement of public lands by the Hawaiian race.

We endorse the policy of the present Administration in reference to Alaska and favor a continuance of the constructive development of the Territory.

PHILIPPINES.

The Philippines policy of the Republican Party has been and is inspired by the belief that our duty toward the Filipino people is a national obligation which should remain entirely free from parties and politics.

In accepting the obligation which came to them with the control of the Philippine Islands, the American people has only the wish to serve, advance and improve the condition of the Filipino people. That thought will continue to be the dominating factor in the American consideration of the many problems which must inevitably grow out of our relationship to the people.

If the time comes when it is evident to Congress that independence would be better for the people of the Philippines with respect to both their domestic concerns and their status in the world, and the Filipino people then desire complete independence, the American Government will gladly accord it. A careful study of the conditions in the Philippine Islands has convinced us that the time for such action has not yet arrived.

RECLAMATION.

Federal reclamation of the arid and semi-arid lands in the West has been the subject of intensive study in the Department of the Interior during the past fiscal year. New policies and methods of operation have been adopted which promise to insure the successful accomplishment of the objects sought. The completion of this reorganization plan is regarded as one of the achievements of the present Administration in the interests of farmers immediately and of all the people ultimately.

COMMERCIAL AVIATION.

We advocate the early enactment of such legislation and the taking of such steps by the Government as will tend to promote commercial aviation.

ARMY AND NAVY.

There must be no further weakening of our regular army, and we advocate appropriations sufficient to provide for the training of all members of the National Guard, the citizens' military training camps, the Reserve Officers' training camps and the reserves who may offer themselves for service. We pledge ourselves to round out and maintain the navy to the full strength provided the United States by the letter and spirit of the limitation of armament conference.

THE NEGRO.

We urge the Congress to enact at the earliest possible date a Federal anti-lynching law, so that the full influence of the Federal Government may be wielded to exterminate this hideous crime. We believe that much of the misunderstanding which now exists can be eliminated by humane and sympathetic study of its causes. The President has recommended the creation of a commission for the investigation of social and economic conditions and the promotion of mutual understanding and confidence.

ORDERLY GOVERNMENT.

The Republican party reaffirms its devotion to orderly government under the guarantees embodied in the Constitution of the United States. We recognize the duty of constant vigilance to preserve at all times a clean and honest government and to bring to the bar of justice every defiler of the public service in or out of office.

Dishonesty and corruption are not political attributes. The recent Congressional investigations have exposed instances in both parties of men in public office who are willing to sell official favors and men out of office who are willing to buy them in some cases with money and in others with influence.

The sale of influence resulting from the holding of public position or from association while in public office or the use of such influence for private gain or advantage is a perversion of public trust and prejudicial to good government. It should be condemned by public opinion and forbidden by law.

We demand the speedy, fearless and impartial prosecution of all wrongdoers, without regard for political affiliation or position, but we declare no greater wrong can be committed against the people than the attempt to destroy their trust in the great body of their public servants. Admitting the deep humiliation which all good citizens share, that our public life should have harbored some dishonest men, we assert that these undesirables do not represent the standard of our national integrity.

The Government at Washington is served today by thousands of earnest, conscientious and faithful officials and employes in every department. It is a grave wrong against these patriotic men and women to strive indiscriminately to besmirch the names of the innocent and undermine the confidence of the people in the Government under which they live. It is even a graver wrong when this is done for partisan purposes or for selfish exploitation.

The Republican Administration has already taken charge of the prosecution of official dereliction, and it will continue the work of discovering and punishing; but it will not confuse the innocent with the guilty, nor prostitute for party advantage the enforcement of the law.

LAW AND ORDER.

We must have respect for law. We must have observance of law. We must have enforcement of law. The very existence of the Government depends upon this. The substitution of private will for public law is only another name for oppression, disorder, anarchy and the mob rule.

Every Government depends upon the loyalty and respect of its citizens. Violations of the law weaken and threaten government itself. No honest Government can condone such actions on the part of its citizens. The Republican party pledges the full strength of the Government for the maintenance of these principles by the enforcement of the Constitution and of all laws.

WOMEN DELEGATES.

We extend our greeting to the women delegates who for the first time under Federal authorization sit with us in full equality. The Republican Party from the beginning has espoused the cause of woman suffrage, and the presence of these women delegates signifies to many here the completion of a task undertaken years ago. We welcome them not as assistants or as auxiliary representatives, but as copartners in the great political work in which we are engaged, and we believe that the actual partnership in party councils should be made more complete.

The Republican Party reaffirms its unyielding devotion to the Constitution and to the guarantees of civil, political and religious liberty therein contained.

CONSTITUTIONAL GUARANTEE.

The Republican Party reaffirms its unyielding devotion to the Constitution and to the guarantees of civil, political and religious liberty therein contained.

PARTY RESPONSIBILITY.

With us, parties are essential instrumentalities of government. Our Government functions best when the Chief Executive is supported by a majority in the Congress of the same political faith, united by party principles and able by concerted action to carry out in an orderly way a definite, consistent and well-balanced program. In urging the people to elect a Republican President and Vice President we urge them to elect to the Senate and House of Representatives men and women who believe in the Republican principles, acknowledge party responsibility and who can be relied on to keep faith with the people by carrying out the program which the Republican Party presents and pledges itself to fulfill.

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

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No Couvert Charge at Any Time

AS a popular priced restaurant, the last word in food, size, artistic surroundings and PRICES, with dancing and entrancing music on the largest dance floor of any restaurant in the city. Our sample menu will tell you why you should come to the Knickerbocker Grill for luncheon, dinner and supper.

Idea of a Sample Blue Plate Luncheon

No. 1—65 Cents
Choice of 3 or 4 kinds of Fresh Fish or 3 or 4 Entrees
Choice of 2 Fresh Vegetables
Choice of 10 Desserts
Tea, Coffee, Chocolate and Milk

No. 2—75 Cents
Choice of Soup
Choice of 5 or 6 Entrees or 5 or 6 kinds of Fish
Choice of 2 Fresh Vegetables
Choice of 10 Desserts
Tea, Coffee, Chocolate and Milk

No. 3—85 Cents
Choice of Soup
Choice of several Entrees including Half Broiled Baby Chicken
Choice of several Vegetables
Choice of several Desserts
Tea, Coffee, Chocolate and Milk

Also A la Carte Entrees 50 cents and up
Coffee with Cream—10 cents

Dinner De Luxe
Dancing During Dinner
$1.50
Also a la carte entrees, 60 cents and up

Dainty After Theatre Specialties At Popular Prices
With dancing on the largest dance floor of any New York City restaurant

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2. No Couvert Charge at Any Time
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4. Largest Restaurant in the City—Seating Capacity 800
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6. Spacious Lobbies and Ladies' Novel Rest Room
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Vocal Concert During Sunday Evening Dinner

Let this be your slogan—Meet Me in the Lobby of the Knickerbocker Grill

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As long ago as 1884, James B. Duke is said to have spent $800,000 annually in advertising the products that led to the formation of the American Tobacco Company. Gigantic expenditures brought gigantic success.

Do you see why it is that Hearst's International is filled with feature upon feature? It is the policy of utilizing vast financial resources to the utmost. Read "A Close-up of Domba Splew", for instance, by Ring Lardner in June.

Hearst's International

Aspects of Convention Doings as Observers See Them

MR. GLOOM REGRETS LOST PARTY FERVOR

Republicans Assailing Each Other Sets People Thinking, 'Which Ain't Natural,' He Says.

BUT ENEMY MAY AID THEM

He Won't Predict Coolidge's Defeat Because of the Wild Things the Democrats May Do.

By ELMER DAVIS.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, June 11.—Godfrey G. Gloom, the unterrified Hoosier Democrat, was found by a TIMES reporter this afternoon gazing sadly at the Soldiers and Sailors' Monument, which is the chief adornment of Cleveland's public square.

"I don't hold with the pacifists," said Mr. Gloom, "but it is a fact that war brings a lot of terrible after effects. Take our Civil War, now—fought in a noble cause, or rather in two noble causes, each side being so blamed noble from its own point of view that no wonder it took 'em so long to get things settled. Yet it left a train of evils behind it, such as this Soldiers and Sailors' Monument and the Republican Party. Neither of them has any other excuse for existence, and both of 'em are pretty well smudged and scoted up, but you can't get rid of 'em.

"I been thinkin' on these matters ever since I heard Frank Mondell's speech this mornin'. Mr. Burton yesterday, he sounded the keynote in a very minor key on the soft and wailing flute, but Mondell blares it out on the loud trombone with no apologies.

"And did you see them Republicans purr with joy when they heard his remarks about how the record of the party is the matchless glory of America, while the Democrats writhe in error's chains and try to hide the shameful evidence of their own incapacity? That's the stuff for a convention—the good old stuff that was and is and ever shall be grateful to politicians.

"Tell you the truth, even from a Democratic point of view, I kind of prefer that sort of keynote to Burton's. Mondell says the Democrats are a lot of scoundrelly incompetents—fine, that's what he's there for. Pat Harrison is goin' to say week after next, that the Republicans are a lot of scoundrelly incompetents, so we'll be all even up and no hard feelings.

"But when you hear a Republican keynoter tellin' a Republican convention, in substance, that the leaders of a Republican Congress are a lot of scoundrelly incompetents, as Mr. Burton done yesterday, why, it ain't natural. It sets up all sorts of disturbing thoughts in a man's mind, and one of the cardinal principles of politics is not to let the voters think disturbing thoughts, or indeed any thoughts, if possible, to prevent them as it usually is.

Sees Changed Spirit of the Times.

"But we got to recognize the changed spirit of the times. Mondell, of course, is out of favor. He's one of the numerous young Lochinvars that came out of the West and don't dare go back. We got to recognize that for the moment Mr. Coolidge and Mr. Butler are goin' to purify the party and eliminate these here inharmonious leaders. If Coolidge gets a Democratic Congress, maybe he can get some of his policies through. His party, when he gets it organized, will be very interesting, but it won't deserve to be called Republican.

"It was a small thing, but a sign of the times, that Senator Frank Willis has so far been allowed to do nothing in this convention but second a motion to adjourn. You know Willis, the world-renowned expert on the cleanliness of hounds' teeth. He's as big an asset to the Democrats as Bryan is to the Republicans.

"But they got Willis muzzled this time. After seein' what he done to Harry Daugherty by his untimely defense, Mr. Coolidge is goin' to take blame good care that Willis don't rush to his rescue and complete his ruin. Yes, sir, they got Willis muzzled, but they can't muzzle 'em all. Even Mondell forgot himself and made the incautious remark that the legislative and administrative accomplishments of the past three years are without parallel in the annals of government. That's true, but I never expected to hear a Republican admit it.

"You think the Republicans go down to defeat ever since this convention started," said Mr. Gloom. 'The way Coolidge is cleanin' 'em out there won't be any left for the Democrats to lick. As to whether Coolidge is goin' down in defeat, I don't know. That depends on a lot of things, chiefly what the Democrats are goin' to do at their New York convention. I make no predictions, for it ain't in the imagination of mortal man to foresee the wild things the Democrats are capable of doing.

"Still they've got conditions on their side. There's no doubt about the reality of this here business depression, and that always works against the party in power. People tell you it's all imagination, but it ain't.

"Why, I see yesterday where some Danish prince came over to marry one of your young women in New York, and they took his father around to the local university and give him the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws. Time was when exchange was normal and these matters used to be settled on a basis of even trade—one roll of money against one title. When the market is so dull that you got to throw in an honorary LL.D. to get foreign royalty to take money out of this country, then it can conservatively be stated that times are bad."

SAYS 18 ARE FOR McADOO.

Herring of Iowa Tells of Diversion of Delegates.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DES MOINES, June 10.—MY NEW YORK TIMES has contained during the past thirty days several news items to the effect that different candidates are claiming Iowa's twenty-six votes. The State Convention, held on April 3, selected twenty-six delegates to the National Convention. These delegates nominated me new National Committeeman. Eighteen of them are unalterably for William Gibbs McAdoo so long as his name is before the convention. Three delegates prefer Smith. Two prefer Ralston. One-half vote delegate-at-large prefers Davis. The other two and one-half votes are delegates who are good Democrats, not definitely committed, but who will not oppose the wishes of the majority.

CLYDE L. HERRING,
Democratic National Committeeman-Elect from Iowa.

WHEELER FOR DRY PLANK.

Declares the Republican Declaration Has "90 Per Cent. Kick."

CLEVELAND, June 11.—Wayne B. Wheeler, general counsel for the Anti-Saloon League, in a statement tonight on the law enforcement plank in the Republican platform, said:

"The enforcement plank has 90 per cent. kick in it against the bootleggers. It puts the party squarely back of law enforcement."

CONVENTION PICTURES SENT BY WIRE

ATTORNEY GENERAL HARLAN F. STONE AND MRS. STONE.
Photograph Telegraphed From Cleveland.

GEORGE B. CHRISTIAN,
Who Was President Harding's Secretary.
Photo telegraphed from Cleveland.

GOV. J. J. BLAINE OF WISCONSIN
Leader of the La Follette Supporters in the Convention.
Photograph Telegraphed From Cleveland.

TIMES BY AIRPLANE EARLY IN CLEVELAND

News Up to 3 A. M. Reached the Convention City at 8:58 A. M.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, June 11.—THE NEW YORK TIMES's airplane edition, with news from Cleveland received up till 3 o'clock this morning, was on sale in Cleveland hotels and at downtown news stands by 9:30 o'clock this morning. The special Curtiss Oriole airplane, driven by C. Eugene Johnson, which brings the late edition of THE TIMES every morning from Mineola, arrived at Glenn Martin Field, east of Cleveland, at 8:58 A. M., and within half an hour the papers, transported by special automobile, were on sale all over town. Many of them were sold in the convention hall itself. Another batch of papers arrived on the regular air mail at 11:30 A. M.

Cleveland's fortunate geographical situation enables news dealers to put morning papers from most of the Eastern and Middle Western cities on sale on the day of publication, but THE TIMES is now on hand hours earlier than usual for New York newspapers, and is having a large sale.

Saving the Wrappers for Souvenirs.

The arrival in Cleveland every morning before breakfast of THE NEW YORK TIMES by airplane has created much comment. No one here thinks of going to bed before midnight, and consequently no one thinks of getting up in the morning before 9 o'clock. Therefore, when the New York delegates, and other citizens, for that matter, sit down to breakfast they are thoroughly astonished to have their New York newspaper, printed the same day only a few hours earlier, all ready for them.

The feat brought comment today from Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, President of Columbia University.

"The fact that I get THE NEW YORK TIMES as soon as I awake in the morning, just the same as I do every morning in New York, although I am 600 miles distant, is most remarkable and impressive," he said. "In fact, I am so much impressed that I save the wrappers for souvenirs."

He referred to the airplane mail wrappers in which copies are mailed to individuals here.

Dr. Butler's sentiments were echoed by many other New Yorkers here, and the habit of saving the wrappers for souvenirs has become general.

BOOM ROBERT S. MARX.

Cincinnati Democrats Urge Local Jurist's Claims to Vice Presidency.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, June 11.—A national organization is being effected to urge the candidacy of Robert S. Marx, Judge of the Superior Court here, as the Democratic nominee for Vice President.

His friends say that by reason of his work in organizing the Disabled American Veterans of the World War, of which he was the first President, he has become known throughout the country. Judge Marx is also credited with being the first person to charge irregularities in the administration of the Veterans' Bureau under Charles R. Forbes.

NEW YORKERS TURN TO HOOVER AS MATE

If State Delegation Becomes Unanimous It May Force His Nomination, Leaders Say.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, June 11.—The acceptable candidate for Vice President may be suggested by the New York delegates. At least they will officially discuss the question at a conference tomorrow morning before they go to the convention hall, and if they unite upon a suitable candidate the choice may sway the opinions of other State delegates.

The fact that New York has no candidate of its own, and therefore no axes to grind, places it in an excellent position to exert influence elsewhere. It is known also that President Coolidge would not be averse to having the greatest State in the Union name his running mate, and it may happen that the convention will select the man picked by the New Yorkers.

The New York delegation never had a unanimous choice. The nearest it came to it was ex-Governor Lowden. Some delegates expressed a preference for General Dawes, while others preferred other candidates, but the main choice was Lowden. But with the Illinois ex-Governor out of the running the delegates are willing and even anxious to unite upon another choice. Tonight that choice seems to be Secretary Hoover. Whether he will come out of the conference tomorrow morning as New York's candidate remains to be seen.

Mr. Hoover has a strong following in the New York delegation. His handicaps as the perfect candidate have been thoroughly discussed and discounted, and he remains the one man so far mentioned who seems to the delegates to fill the bill.

One delegate of prominence brought forward a criticism of Mr. Hoover today, but he admitted that it would not preclude his selection so far as he was concerned. He expressed the opinion that it might not be wise to take a man for Vice President from the President's own Cabinet. He said it might be argued that his selection would show a dearth of Republicans big enough to furnish a tail to the Presidential ticket, or that he would be too close to Coolidge and not furnish enough contrast to the ticket head.

On the other hand, it was pointed out, the voters might consider his selection an ideal one for these very reasons. If the country wanted Coolidge, his supporters said, they also would be satisfied with a Vice President who would be in close enough sympathy with Coolidge policies to make his program safe.

Senator James W. Wadsworth, National Committeeman Charles D. Hilles, Representative Ogden L. Mills and other leaders have been canvassing the Vice Presidential situation in the New York delegation and will report at the conference in the morning as to the availability of each candidate. Then there will come a discussion of elimination. If there is a majority sentiment for Mr. Hoover, the delegation will vote him its choice and go to the convention ready to back him.

In the process of elimination, the good and bad points of all the candidates will be discussed. When the selection is finally made it is expected that the final choice will not only reflect the attitude of New Yorkers, but that of the delegates from other States. If each State pursues a similar policy, it is expected that the final choice of the National leaders will be made easier.

Nicholas Murray Butler expressed the opinion today that it might be wise for the convention to pick a candidate with agricultural or farming affiliations. The selection of this type of candidate, he said, would tend to placate a large and dissatisfied group of voters. He said former Governor Lowden would have filled the bill exactly, but some one else would now have to be considered. He said several names had been mentioned, but the trouble with them was that they were not well enough known.

STUFFED ELEPHANTS SOLD IN CLEVELAND

Wellesley Alumnae Are Raising Funds Among Delegates and Visitors.

TICKET RUMPUS AS USUAL

Throngs Barred Out of Convention Hall While Many Seats Are Empty.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, June 11. — Cleveland greeted the second day of the convention with its usual rain. The showers fell while the crowds were moving toward the hall, but ceased during the morning session. Gray clouds hung low over the city for the rest of the day, threatening to break into more rain at any moment. But at least it was warmer, and a genuine June shower is a good deal easier to endure than the constant cold autumnal rain that fell on Saturday.

Wellesley College alumnae are raising money for some worthy purpose or other by selling stuffed gray elephants in the hotel lobbies. The animals cost $2 and few delegates seem to feel that the image of their tribal god is worth it. Better business is done with Clevelanders, and above all with visitors from the near-by Ohio towns, who feel that they must have something to take home as a souvenir of the convention.

You can't fool these Ohio journalists about the local statesmen. William J. Lee of The Cleveland News reports that Senator Frank Willis wields the meanest toothpick in the convention.

Whoever may be the beneficiaries of a national convention, local contributors to the convention fund are usually the victims. Two Clevelanders, who had come up heavily to take the convention away from Chicago and other contesting cities, were heard loudly bemoaning their fate today, seated on stools in the gallery aisle where they had to get up to let everybody go past. They had expected something better last Winter when contributors were promised prominent and comfortable seats at the convention.

A real Coolidge college yell reached Cleveland today. It is the official yell of the college Republican clubs established by the College Bureau of the National Committee, and goes like this:

C-A-L, G-O-P,
What's the answer?
Victory
C-O-O-O-lidge.

The inevitable National Political Convention ticket row has developed here. Although the new convention building seats 12,000 persons, and that many tickets were given out for the first session, there were not nearly enough to go around. The trouble developed when several hundred persons without tickets tried to get into the building only to be informed that there was no room. It did not improve tempers when it was later learned that there were enough empty seats in the building during the entire session to accommodate all those who were turned away. The convention officers are still trying to explain what happened.

Many delegates opposed to women accompanying them to conventions are admitting that there may be some virtues in the innovation after all. The women provide excellent dancing partners. The headquarters of most of the delegations are turned into dancing rooms, and every night social functions take place. Many men delegates blossom forth in evening clothes, showing that they came prepared. At the New York delegation headquarters in the Cleveland Hotel last night there wasn't room to accommodate the throng. And everyone seemed to be enjoying it.

Guests going to rooms assigned them at a prominent hotel are startled when confronted with a sign printed on yellow cards frequently used by city health departments quarantining houses containing scarlet fever or smallpox cases. "Avoid Cleveland" is the heading of the cards. If the guest is curious enough to read further he realizes that the notice is intended merely for drummers, for it warns them to keep away from Cleveland during convention week.

The organist at the convention hall is evidently a Democrat. Both afternoon and evening he played "Dixie," to the delight of a small but loud minority in the crowd.

COOPER SEES GROWTH OF PROGRESSIVE IDEAS

La Follette's Convention Spokesman "Agreeably Surprised" at Applause for Minority Planks.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, June 11.—Despite the overwhelming majority by which the La Follette platform, offered by him on behalf of the Wisconsin delegation, was defeated, Representative Henry A. Cooper said after the convention had adjourned tonight that the reception accorded him in Convention Hall afforded, as he saw it, a demonstration that there had been a remarkable growth in "progressive" sentiment within the Republican Party in the last sixteen years.

It was in 1908 that Representative Cooper first appeared before a Republican National Convention as sponsor for a La Follette platform. Then, as now, there were no votes for the minority platform offered by Wisconsin outside of the Wisconsin delegation.

"I was agreeably surprised at the amount of applause with which a number of the planks contained in the minority platform were received," said Mr. Cooper. "It was very different in 1908, when I performed the same function that fell to my lot tonight before a Republican National Convention. The opposition and the hisses and the booing at some of our progressive proposals did not surprise me, but the volume of the applause and the apparent desire on the part of delegates and visitors to the convention that I should be given fair play and time enough to say what I had to say were pleasing and unexpected."

FARM BLOC SUBMITS CHOICES TO BUTLER

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

Mr. Butler and President Coolidge it will be embarrassing to them."

Frank Murphy of Minnesota disclosed that Mr. Butler had asked to see a delegation from the Western States.

"There has been a misconception as to why Mr. Butler wants to talk to us," he said. "He doesn't want to talk with us about candidates. He just wants to talk to us. I hope his suggestion will be well received by this conference."

"There is no question that President Coolidge wants to select his running mate," said J. G. Diekema of Michigan. "Let us send one representative from each State at this conference; let us submit the list and be fair to every candidate."

Mr. Murphy then moved for the appointment of a committee. Each State delegation present submitted a name. Mr. MacNider acted as Chairman of the delegation, among the members of which were Governor Groseback of Michigan and S. D. Wat of South Dakota.

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NEW RULES READ TO THE CONVENTION

Text Embraces Revision, Granting Equal Rights to Women on National Committee.

HOWLAND GETS A HEARING

Insists on Reading Report So That All Delegates Shall Know What It Is About.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, June 11.—Paul Howland, the new Chairman of the Rules Committee of the Republican Convention, insisted on reading the full text of the committee's report on rules and order of business at this morning's session of the convention. He told the delegates that he doubted whether any of them had ever read the rules and that he wanted them to hear the full report and understand what is was about. The report includes the committee provision granting equal representation to women on the Republican National Committee. The text as read by Mr. Howland was as follows:

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON RULES AND ORDER OF BUSINESS.

Resolved, that the following be adopted as the rules and order of business of this convention:

1. Hereafter the convention shall be constituted as follows:

DELEGATES AT LARGE.

1. Four delegates at large from each State.

2. Two additional delegates at large for each representative at large in Congress from each State.

3. Two delegates at large each for Alaska, District of Columbia, Porto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippine Islands.

4. Three additional delegates at large from each State casting its electoral vote, or a majority thereof, for the Republican nominee for President in the last preceding Presidential election.

DISTRICT DELEGATES.

1. One district delegate from each Congressional district.

2. One additional district delegate from each Congressional district casting ten thousand votes or more for any Republican elector in the last preceding Presidential election or for the Republican nominee for Congress in the last preceding Congressional election.

ALTERNATE DELEGATES.

One alternate delegate to each delegate to the National Convention.

DELEGATES SHALL BE ELECTED UNDER THE FOLLOWING RULES:

A. Only legal and qualified voters shall participate in a Republican primary, caucus, mass meeting or mass convention, held for the purpose of selecting delegates to a county, district or State convention, and only such legal and qualified voters shall be elected as delegates to county, district and State conventions.

B. State and district conventions shall be composed of delegates who are legal and qualified voters. Such delegates shall be apportioned among the counties, parishes and cities of the State or district, having regard to the Republican vote therein.

C. Delegates and alternates to the National Convention shall be duly qualified voters of their respective States and territories, and, in the case of the District of Columbia, residents therein.

D. Delegates at large and their alternates to the National Convention and delegates from Congressional districts and their alternates, shall be elected in the following manner:

By primary election, in accordance with the laws of the State in which the election occurs, in such States as required by law the election of delegates to the National Conventions of political parties by direct primaries; provided, that in any State in which Republican representation upon the Board of Judges or inspectors of elections for such primary election is denied by law, delegates and alternates shall be elected as hereinafter provided.

By Congressional or State conventions, as the case may be, to be called by the Congressional or State committees respectively. Notice of the call for any such convention shall be published in a newspaper or newspapers in general circulation in the district or State, as the case may be, not less than fifteen days prior to date of said convention.

Provided, however, that in selecting delegates and alternates to the National Convention no State law shall be observed which hinders, abridges or denies to any citizen of the United States, eligible under the United States Constitution to the office of President or Vice President, the right or privilege of being a candidate under such State law for the nomination for President or Vice President, or which authorizes the election of a number of delegates from any State to the National Convention different from that fixed in this rule.

No Congressional district where there is no Republican Congressional Committee the Republican State Committee shall issue the call and make said publication.

All delegates from any State may, however, be chosen from the State at large in the event that the laws of the State in which the election occurs so provide.

Alternate delegates shall be elected to said National Convention for each unit of representation equal in number to the number of delegates elected therein, and shall be chosen in the same manner and at the same time the delegates are chosen; provided, however, that if the law of any State shall prescribe the method of choosing the absent delegate shall otherwise accordance with the provisions of the law of the State in which the election occurs.

The election of delegates and alternates from Alaska, Hawaii, Porto Rico, the Philippine Islands and the District of Columbia shall be held under the direction of the representative recognized Republican Central Committee or governing committee therein in conformity with the rules of the Republican National Committee.

I.—In the absence of any delegate-at-large, or delegate from any Congressional district, the roll of alternates for the State or district shall be called in the order in which the names are placed upon the roll of the convention, unless the State or District Convention or law of the State electing the absent delegate shall otherwise direct, in which event the alternates from the State or district shall vote in the order established by the State or District Convention or law of the Senate.

II.—Each delegate in the convention shall be entitled to one vote, which may be cast by his alternate in the absence of the delegate.

III.—The rules of the House of Representatives shall be the rules of the convention, so far as they are applicable and not inconsistent with the following rules:

IV.—When the previous question shall be demanded by a majority of the delegates from any State, and the demand is seconded by two or more States, and the call is sustained by a majority of the convention, the question shall then be proceeded with and disposed of according to the rules of the House of Representatives in similar cases.

V.—A motion to suspend the rules shall be in order only when made by authority of a majority of the delegates from any State and seconded by a majority of the delegates from not less than two other States.

VI.—It shall be in order to lay on the table a proposed amendment to a pending measure, and such motion, if adopted, shall not carry with it or prejudice such original measure.

VII.—Upon all subjects before the convention the States shall be called in alphabetical order, and next Alaska, the District of Columbia, Hawaii, Philippine Islands and Porto Rico.

VIII.—The report of the Committee on Credentials shall be disposed of before the report of the Committee on Resolutions is acted on, and the report of the Committee on Resolutions shall be disposed of before the convention proceeds to the nomination of candidates for President and Vice President.

IX.—When a majority of the delegates of any six States shall demand that a vote be recorded, the same shall be taken by States, Territories and territorial possessions in the order hereinbefore established.

X.—In making the nominations for President and Vice President, in no case shall the calling of the roll be dispensed with.

When it appears at the close of the roll-call that any candidate has received the majority of votes entitled to be cast in the convention, the Chairman of the convention shall announce the question to be:

"Shall the nomination of the candidate be made unanimous?" If no candidate shall have received such majority the Chairman shall direct the vote to be taken again and shall repeat the taking of the vote until some candidate shall have received a majority of votes.

When any State has announced its vote it shall not stand unless in case of error in casting or recording the vote.

In the balloting of the votes, the vote of each State, Territory and territorial possession shall be announced by the Chairmen of the several delegations; and in case the vote of any State, Territory or territorial possession shall be divided the Chairman shall announce the number of votes for each candidate, or for or against any propositions; but if exception is taken by any delegate to the correctness of such announcement by the Chairman of his delegations, the Chairman of the convention shall direct the roll of members of such delegation to be called and the result shall be recorded in accordance with the vote of the several delegates in such delegation.

XI.—No member shall speak more than once upon the same question nor longer than five minutes, unless by leave of the convention, except in the presentation of the name of the candidate for President or Vice President.

XII.—All resolutions relating to the platform shall be referred to the Committee on Resolutions without debate.

XIII.—No person, except members of the several delegations and officers of the convention, shall be admitted to the section of the hall apportioned to delegates.

XIV.—A national committee shall be elected by each National Convention called to nominate candidates for President and Vice President consisting of two members from each State, Territory or territorial possession.

The roll shall be called and the delegation from each State, Territory and territorial possession shall nominate, through its Chairman, one man and one woman to act as such members.

Where the law of any State provides a method for the selection of members of national committees of political parties, the nomination of the members of the Republican National Committee in accordance with the provisions of such law shall be considered nominations to be carried into effect by the delegation from each State; provided, however, that in the Republican National Convention of 1924 every State and territorial possession shall nominate for membership in the national committee a woman as well as a man, to serve pending an appropriate amendment to State laws.

If nominations be not made in accordance with law, instructions by State and district conventions to delegates to the National Convention shall be obeyed; and if not obeyed, may be made operative by a vote of the National Convention.

When the delegates from each State, Territory and territorial possession shall have so nominated a member of the National Committee, the convention shall thereupon elect the person so nominated to serve as a member of the committee until the meeting of the National Committee elected by the next National Convention.

The National Committee shall issue the call for the next National Convention, to nominate candidates for President and Vice President of the United States, at least four months before the time fixed for said convention; and delegates and alternates to such convention shall be chosen in such manner as the National Committee shall provide, but not, however, in a manner inconsistent with these rules.

Twenty days before the time set for the meeting of the National Convention each credential of each delegate and alternate shall be forwarded to the Secretary of the National Committee for use in making up the temporary roll of the convention. Notices of contest shall be forwarded in the same manner and within the same time limit. Where more than the authorized number of delegates or alternates from any State, Territory or territorial possession are reported to the Secretary of the National Committee, a contest shall be deemed to exist and the Secretary shall notify the several delegates and alternates so reported, and shall submit all such credentials and claims to the whole committee for decision as to which delegates and alternates reported shall be placed on the temporary roll of the convention; provided, however, that the names of the delegates and alternates presenting certificates of election from the canvassing board or officer created or designated by the law of the State in which the election occurs, to canvass the returns and issue certificates of election to delegates to National Conventions of political parties in a primary election, shall be placed upon the temporary roll of the convention by the National Committee.

When the convention shall have assembled and the Committee on Credentials shall have been appointed, the Secretary of the National Committee shall deliver to the said Committee on Credentials all credentials and other papers forwarded under this rule.

The officers of the National Committee shall consist of a Chairman, three Vice Chairmen, a Secretary, an Assistant Secretary, Treasurer and such other officers as the committee shall deem necessary.

The National Committee is authorized and empowered to select an Executive Committee, to consist of fifteen members, in addition to which the Chairman, Vice Chairman, Secretary and Treasurer shall be ex-officio members, and the Chairman, with the concurrence of the National Committee, may appoint such other committees and assistants as he may deem necessary to serve during the Presidential campaign.

Vacancies in the National Committee shall be filled by the committee upon the nomination of the Republican State Committee in and for the State, Territory or territorial possession in which the vacancy occurs.

The National Committee shall, however, have power to declare vacant the seat of any member who refuses to support the nominees of the convention which elected such National Committee and to fill such vacancies.

The first meeting of the National Committee shall take place within ten days after the adjournment of the National Convention electing such committee, upon the call of the member oldest in time of service upon the previous National Committee.

The rules of the House of Representatives shall govern in all meetings of the committee in so far as they are applicable and not inconsistent with these rules. The committee shall make its own rules governing the use of proxies at any meeting.

XV.—The convention shall proceed in the following order of business:

First—Report of the Committee on Credentials.

Second—Report of the Committee on Permanent Organization.

Third—Report of the Committee on Rules and Order of Business.

Fourth—Report of the Committee on Resolutions.

Fifth—Election of members of the National Committee.

Sixth—Presentation of names of candidates for President.

Seventh—Balloting for candidates for President.

Eighth—Presentation of names of candidates for Vice President.

Ninth—Balloting for candidates for Vice President.

Tenth—Call of roll of States, Territories and territorial possessions and for names of delegates to serve, respectively, on committees to notify the nominee for President and nominee for Vice President of their respective nominations.

Eleventh—Unfinished business.

CHAIRMAN—(Signed) Paul Howland, Ohio.

Secretary—(Signed) Mrs. Nancy Keifer Long, Pennsylvania.

World's Largest Sign in Times Sq.

The largest electrical advertising sign in the world is now displayed on the roof of the Putnam Building, flashing out in colored lights over Times Square the merits of a brand of ginger ale. The sign stretches for an entire block and is fifty-eight feet tall, equal to the height of a six-story building. It was illuminated for the first time last night. Hundreds of theatre-goers stood in the street to gaze at it.

CRETE EXCAVATION REMAKING HISTORY

Revolution of Ideas, Which Began With Schliemann, Advanced by New Discoveries.

HIGH CIVILIZATION 1500 B. C.

Much Light Is Being Thrown on the Relations of Egyptian, Asiatic and Greek Culture.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 11.—Writing on the new discoveries at Knosses, in Crete, announced by Sir Arthur Evans, taken in conjunction with results of earlier excavations at Knosses and Mycenae, on the Greek mainland, A. J. B. Wace, former Director of the British School for Archaeology at Athens, says in the London Times:

"The rediscovery of the earliest history of the Near East is perhaps the greatest advance made in human knowledge during the last hundred years.

"Fifty years ago it was commonly thought and believed in all schools and universities that Homer's tale of Troy was pure fiction. Troy had never existed, Agamemnon was only a sun myth. As for Knossos and the Labyrinth, according to the best authorities, the Cretans were liars. Greek art and history began with the foundation of the Olympic games in the eighth century before Christ, when the inroad of fair-haired northerners (Achaeans, or what you will) introduced civilization, the tide of which was then believed to run from north to south.

"One man, Schliemann, revolutionized our ideas. Through all his struggles from poverty to wealth he believed the "Tale of Troy" was based on fact and he resolved to devote his fortune to finding and excavating the places Homer mentions. In 1870 he began work and soon showed that Troy had existed. In 1876 he dug at Mycenae and there found tombs of the dynasty of kings who are now known as the First Dynasty of Mycenae, which flourished in the sixteenth century B. C. His discoveries were ridiculed. Troy was a crematorium of much later date, the treasures of Mycenae were Gothic, buried in early centuries of our era. Tiryns was a Byzantine castle, and so on. Time has, however, proved that Schliemann was incontestably right.

Evans Follows Schliemann.

"Although he first found this amazing Bronze Age civilization of Greece at Mycenae, Schliemann felt instinctively its origin was to be sought elsewhere, and he inclined toward Crete. Turkish rule prevented any excavations there till 1900, ten years after Schliemann's death, when Sir Arthur began his wonderful campaigns at Knossos which not only raised him to the first rank among explorers, but justified Schliemann's intuition and faith in Homer.

"Thanks to Schliemann and Evans and the veteran Professor Tsountas of Athens, a modern archeologist, who must also be a sound classical scholar, can reconstruct the lost history of Greece of which Homer forms the immortal epitome.

"When man in the Aegean Islands, early in the third millennium B. C. was first learning use of the metals—copper, gold, silver and lead—Crete, which had immemorial ties with Asia Minor, came into close contact with early dynastic Egypt, especially at the time of the pyramid builders of the fourth dynasty and received an impulse toward a higher mode of life which the natural genius of her people exploited to the full. Splendid vases of polished stone, ivory seals, the beginning of pictographic script, and houses which had two or even three stories, show on what fertile ground the seed had fallen.

"In the middle of the Bronze Age, contemporary with the twelfth Egyptian dynasty, came the founding of what we may term the Aegean Empire under the hegemony of Crete. This the ancient Greeks linked with the name Minos. Then arose the great palaces of Knossos and Phaistos, and arts and crafts, as typified by really beautiful polychrome eggshell pottery, reached a high level. Pictographic tablets and seals indicate an organized system of government, and now that Sir Arthur Evans has found roads and viaducts and inns dating back to this age a Minoan Post Office would not be out of place. Delicately engraved gems, a royal falence factory, signs of fashion in women's costumes and architecture with naturalistic frescoes, grand staircases, storerooms and other details prove clearly that Minos, the leading power in the Aegean, was politically, socially and artistically very highly developed.

"This was succeeded about 1500 B. C. by a second climax which lasted till the close of the fifteenth century. In this late bronze age civilization evolved on the same lines as before, but naturally became more complex. Photographs, as the three R's became more widely practiced, had to be simplified into a script which, through the Phoenician, seems to be the ancestor of the Greek alphabet and consequently of our own alphabet today. Palaces and houses and towns become larger and more elaborate to meet the higher standard of domestic comfort. More store rooms seem to indicate larger revenue, which would mean an increase of power and wealth or else greater need for revenue to meet bigger administrative expenditure.

"It would not surprise us to find evidence of a Minoan income tax. Sir Arthur Evans already conjectures that some of the still indecipherable tablets deal with percentages. The Minoan power was then in close contact with Egypt under the great kings of the eighteenth dynasty. Egyptian objects are frequent in Crete and Minoans bringing presents to high Egyptian officials are depicted on the walls of the Theban tombs.

"Then, so, Minoan culture invaded the mainland of Greece in full force, and about 1600 B. C. arose the first dynasty of Mycenae, which thus began about the same time as the eighteenth dynasty in Egypt and the second climax of Knossos. At last Minoan power declined and fell just about the eighteenth dynasty, when Egypt was weak and Mycenae became supreme. Are these mere coincidences?

Culture Spread to Greek Mainland.

"Down to the beginning of the Bronze Age, the mainland of Greece was separate from Crete and the islands, but about the time when Crete first felt the impulse of culture the metal-using folk of the islands came into the mainland, which they held as far north as Thermopylae. So, down to the middle Bronze Age the mainland and islands formed part of the same cultured sphere, though Crete outstripped the rest.

"In the middle of the Bronze Age an intrusive element, marked by a very distinctive type of pottery, appears on the mainland. These intruders seem to have cut intercourse with Crete for a time, as their pottery is found in the islands, but so far not one single sherd has come to light in Crete. The separation was not for long. At the beginning of the late Bronze Age, about 1600 B. C. Minoan culture dominated the mainland and then Mycenae, which had been a town ever since the Bronze Age began, became the seat of great kings of the first dynasty, whose graves, so rich in treasures, largely of Minoan origin, were found by Schliemann.

"So receptive were the people of the mainland that they soon reached the same high pitch as Crete. Thebes, Corinth and Sparta were probably the peers of Mycenae, but the latter, from its natural strategic and commercial position, was primus inter pares, and on the downfall of Knossos, about 1,400 B. C., automatically succeeded to its inheritance as capital of the Aegean Empire down to 1,200 B. C.

"Mycenae was then under the rule of its second dynasty, the Kings who were buried in famous tombs. To this period belong massive Cyclopean walls, that lion gate, the biggest Aleme tomb called the treasury of Atreus, a masterpiece of engineering skill for men who had no metal harder than bronze, the walls and galleries of Tiryns, the dikes of Lake Kopais and all the other great buildings which the ancient Greeks rightly ascribed to the age of heroes.

"As the fate of Knossos, Mycenae, which seems to have been even more powerful than Crete, spread Minoan culture widely round the Eastern Mediterranean. Its art has been called degenerate, but from the technical point of view its products are of the very high order, for Mycenae was a great commercial and military centre, in which art gave way to industry and craftsmanship to mass production.

"In the twelfth century B. C. Mycenae in its turn collapsed, a date which agrees well with the tradition of the overthrow of Atreus, after the return from Troy. This was just at the beginning of the Iron Age, a period of disturbances and darkness. Thence ultimately emerged the brilliance of classical Greece which was the renaissance of the marvelous Minoan and Mycenaean Bronze Age. We proudly trace the origin of our own culture through Rome back to classical Greece, and so ultimately through Mycenae to Knossos.

"All fresh discoveries relating to the Minoan period like these just announced by Sir Arthur Evans help the trained archaeologist who reads these like hieroglyphic characters to sketch out the earliest history of modern European civilization."

SEES NOTHING TO FEAR IN COLLEGE PACIFISTS

Dean Dennis Says Public Should Worry About Students Content Merely to Pass.

Special to The New York Times.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., June 11.—Professor Ralph Dennis, dean of the School of Speech of Northwestern University, in a commencement address this afternoon to 109 seniors of the South Side High School, stressed the point that the public should not be agitated over student pacifists, on the one hand, or perverted student criminals on the other, but should focus attention on the welfare of the average high school and university student who has a hard time making the grade.

"The American world is outwardly much perturbed now over two types of university students—the pacifists and the Leopold-Loeb duo," said Professor Dennis. "The pacifists are, let us say, 500 in number in the large American educational institutions. One group pledges itself to take human life under no conditions. The other group seemingly would take human life for a thrill.

"Far apart as the poles, the press and the public, nevertheless, are amazed at each, condemn each, point to each as unfortunate results of university training, which, of course, neither is. But they have news values, get the publicity, hold the public attention.

"The thoughtful observer of campus life all over the country will tell you that the group which should concern us is that vast army of men and women students who are satisfied with a 'gentleman's' grade, who are content to 'get by,' who master nothing. They cram, they crib, they dodge. Today they pass an exam as a result of high pressure study. A week from now an exam in the same subject sprung on them unexpectedly would bowl them over.

"The public worries about the pacifists. There is no need. The American campus is loyal. The public wonders if scientific study produces Leopolds and Loebs. It does not. The seeds for their development were sown long before they struck a college campus."

STOCKHOLDER IS SLAIN IN HOLD-UP OF BANK

Four Bandits, Balked by His Resistance, Escape in Auto at Clintonville, Ky.

CLINTONVILLE, Ky., June 11 (Associated Press).—Four armed bandits entered the Bank of Clintonville here today, shot and killed Frank Buchanan, a stockholder, when he resisted robbery and escaped without taking any money, as Cashier Walter Gibson returned their fire.

Two of the bandits entered the bank while their companions remained in a motor car in front of the bank. Buchanan, sitting in the rear of the building, refused to raise his hands at the command of one of the robbers. The stockholder jumped to his feet and grabbed his armed foe by the coat collar.

While Buchanan was grappling with the bandit the latter fired and Buchanan's grip weakened as he staggered to the cage for support. Both bandits fled from the building as Cashier Gibson drew a revolver and began shooting. Buchanan recovered momentarily and rushed to the street in front of the bank, where he fell dead.

County and city police officers were soon in pursuit. The bandits escaped in a sedan which carried no license plates. Their car was headed for Newport. The slain stockholder was a father-in-law of the bank's cashier.

An attempt to rob the same bank a month ago failed.

ANXIETY IS INCREASING FOR CLERGY IN KWEILIN

20 Missionaries Are in Chinese Town Besieged for Eight Weeks by General Shum.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HONGKONG, June 11.—E. H. Carne and Rex Ray, the missionaries, are still captives, but being well treated.

Anxiety is increasing for the twenty missionaries at Kweilin, a town which General Shum Hung Ying has held in siege for the past eight weeks. There is no news from Kweilin, but a telegram from Pingiok confirms the report of the death of J. R. Cunningham of the American Christian Missionary Alliance, who was shot dead on April 26.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 11.—A message received from Yungchow by the Church Missionary Society in London yesterday said that Kweilin was still besieged and ended with the words: "Our people are reported safe."

ARREST 2 AFTER A CHASE.

Accused of Hold-Up in Shoe Store —Two Escape With $175.

Two men were arrested last night in Third Avenue after a bullet from a policeman's pistol grazed the shoulder of one of them and two others escaped with $175 after they had tied the owner of a dairy to a chair in the rear of his store at 523 Columbus Avenue.

In the first robbery James J. Tighe, proprietor of a shoe store at 574 Third Avenue, pursued the thieves after one of them had knocked him down with a blow in the face and the other had taken $113 from the cash register. Tighe encountered Policeman Kalber and Field in a flivver. Both policemen chased the two men two blocks when Field captured Emil Furer, who up to yesterday afternoon was employed as an elevator operator in Bellevue Hospital. Furer had under his arm a new pair of shoes which he had ordered from Tighe.

Policeman Kalber did not catch the second man until he had fired several shots. When a bullet bored a hole in the right shoulder of his coat, the fugitive dodged into a tenement near Fortieth Street and shielded himself behind a woman. The woman collapsed from fright and the policeman clubbed the man into submission. He said he was George Manny of 114 Chestnut Street, Cleveland. Both were held on charges of felonious assault and robbery.

Max Platzer was about to close his Columbus Avenue dairy when two youths entered. One pointed a pistol at him while the other tied him to a chair. Then the thieves emptied the cash register and escaped.

CONFEREES SETTLE STRIKE AT GARDEN

Electrical Unions Who Quit in Dispute Among Themselves Return to Their Jobs.

TAMMANY PLANS RECEPTION

Chairmen of 54 Subcommittees Report on Entertainments Arranged for Convention.

Preparations for the Democratic National Convention in Madison Square Garden progressed rapidly yesterday despite labor troubles that threatened to hold up the work. The strike was settled shortly after noon, through an arrangement between Stanley J. Quinn, representing the New York Convention Committee and the Building Trades Council.

The trouble was settled through an appeal to the civic pride of the council made at a conference held by Mr. Quinn, Robert F. Day and Richard Patterson and John F. Dalton, members of the Executive Committee of the Building Trades Council. Mr. Quinn said the trouble was merely a dispute between two electrical unions. Mr. Dalton said it could be adjusted after the work was done. He said there would be no further delay and he and Patterson and Dalton went to the Garden, ordering the men back to work.

The stage, on the northern side of the building, is nearing completion. In the basement press rooms and telegraph rooms are being rapidly whipped into shape. Long banks of pay telephone booths are already in place. A restaurant capable of accommodating four hundred is approaching completion.

Tammany to Give Reception.

Tammany Hall will entertain the delegates and alternates on the afternoon of June 26. There will be a reception, followed by a buffet luncheon. Tammany Hall will be available for the delegates during the entire time of the convention.

There will be a meeting tonight at Town Hall of the women who are to act in executive capacities under Miss Elisabeth Marbury's committee of nine on entertainment. The affair threatens to become a Smith demonstration meeting. Eight speakers will address the meeting.

Chairman of the fifty-four sub-committees on entertainment reported progress to Thomas L. Chadbourne, Chairman of the general entertainment committee. Some said they had arranged to fill the delegates from their States with entertainment and keep them busy. Another plans to "give them what they want and then double the order." Others have thought it wise to find out first what the delegates want and then provide it.

Eugene E. Moran, Chairman of the Alabama Committee, announced arrangements to entertain all convention delegates on various steamships that will be here during the convention, including the Majestic and the Berengaria. One of these ships probably will prepare a buffet luncheon for the delegates. Mr. Moran also said ten or twelve country and golf clubs had extended the privileges of their houses and their links to all delegates.

To Publish Daily Paper.

Mr. Moran and his committee will give the Alabama delegation a water trip about the city, a formal luncheon, and a dinner in addition to providing tickets for all kinds of sporting events and the theatres. His committee, like many of the others, will publish a small daily newspaper detailing the movements of all the members of the delegation.

William Church Osborn, Chairman of the Illinois Committee, said his committee would make a psychoanalysis of each member of the Illinois delegation to discover what would be best to give him and then to give it to him.

C. C. Pettijohn, Chairman of the Indiana Committee, in addition to providing them with all the entertainment they can absorb, is arranging for all delegations to visit the various motion picture studios about New York while the "shooting" of pictures is in progress.

Joseph P. Day said he had arranged with the owners of the Manhattan Beach and Brighton Beach bathhouses to provide bathing suits, bathhouses and a clean ocean free of charge to all delegates and committee members.

William A. Barber, Chairman of the South Carolina committee, said that the thirty-six delegates from that State were bringing more than one hundred other persons with them. They will be met outside the city possibly at Philadelphia, and escorted to their hotel. On Tuesday evening the delegates will be the guests of Mr. Barber at his home at dinner, and he added: "Those who want ice water can have it."

Texas Also for Psychoanalysis.

George A. Carden, Chairman of Texas, said he agreed with William Church Osborn, that it was best to psycho-analyze the delegates first and then give them what they want.

Sumner Gerard, Chairman of the Utah Committee, said he had offered each of his delegates and alternates the Presidential nomination and that they could have anything else they wanted.

"I have given a luncheon to the sixteen members on my committee, all of whom are rich and mostly Republicans, and I have formed them in committees on prize fights, on base ball, on theatres and on numerous sporting events.

"I have also arranged for a private performance at the Little Theatre at which the Utah committee and delegates will be present. Contrary to some of the other gentlemen who have spoken, my policy is to wear them out early."

It was stated that while the original estimate of the cost of transforming Madison Square Garden for the convention had been $40,000, the cost would actually approximate twice that amount. A special ventilating system has been installed, in addition to the elaborate arrangements for radio devices.

CITY TO OPEN NEW FERRY.

Brooklyn-Staten Island Line Begins Operations on Saturday.

Grover A. Whalen, Commissioner of Plant and Structures, announced yesterday that a new municipal ferry will begin operating Saturday between Thirty-ninth Street, Brooklyn, and St. George, Staten Island.

"This service," said Mr. Whalen, "will be provided in compliance with the suggestion of Borough President Lynch of Richmond and in response to the requests of the Merchant Truckmen's Bureau of New York, the Bush Terminal Association, the Staten Island Civic League and other industrial and civic organizations. It is designed to accommodate the heavy commercial traffic that has developed between Brooklyn and Staten Island, and to give prompt passage to the hundreds of passenger cars that seek access from Brooklyn and Long Island to Staten Island and New Jersey and for the cars from the latter territories that are bound for Long Island.

"The new line will be operated with the boats formerly used between Manhattan and Thirty-ninth Street—the Bay Ridge, Gowanus and Nassau. These are double-deck boats, with promenades and a large cabin on the upper deck, and with four vehicle runways on the main deck, having a capacity of 1,500 passengers and 50 vehicles.

"On week days the boats will leave St. George and Thirty-ninth Street at 7:15 A. M. and every half-hour thereafter, the last boat leaving each terminal at 9:45 P. M.

"On Sundays and holidays the first boat will leave each terminal at 8:45 A. M., and there will be a boat every half-hour, the last boat leaving at 11:15 P. M., with an extra boat later if traffic requires it.

"The passenger fare will be 5 cents. The vehicle charges will be the standard municipal rates, the same as on the Staten Island, Thirty-ninth Street and Hamilton and Atlantic Avenue Municipal Ferry lines."

Brooklyn and Staten Island are at present connected by a private ferry that operates between St. George and Sixty-fifth Street, Bay Ridge.

ASSERTS LYNCH IS ELECTED

Manager of Printers' Union Candidate Says Howard Lost.

INDIANAPOLIS, June 11.—Fred C. Cornell of Brooklyn, N. Y., campaign manager for James M. Lynch of Syracuse in the latter's contest for the Presidency of the International Typographical Union, said here tonight that unofficial returns in his hands established the election of Mr. Lynch beyond a doubt.

Mr. Lynch, a former President of the union, was a candidate in the election of May 28 against Charles M. Howard of Detroit, the incumbent. Results of elections in the union's locals were mailed to headquarters here and are being counted.

"We have accurate returns, unofficially received, from 666 locals," Mr. Cornell said, "and they show Mr. Lynch leading by a majority of 2,727. Not more than 750 locals voted, so only about 80 are absent in our returns. If we last everyone of the locals we have not heard from, Mr. Lynch would still be elected."

Mr. Cornell also asserted the entire "Administration" ticket had been elected including Seth R. Brown of Los Angeles for First Vice President; Austin Hewson, New York, Second Vice President, and J. W. Hays, Minneapolis, present incumbent, for Secretary Treasurer.

MILLERAND QUITS; ELYSEE IS FLAGLESS

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

to the spirit and letter of constitutional law."

Reviewing the well-organized plan to oust him, M. Millerand said:

This is a dangerous precedent which makes the Presidency of the Republic the plaything of electoral fights, which introduces indirectly the plebiscite into our political customs, and tears from the Constitution the only element of stability and continuity it contains.

I would have believed myself committing a felony in being a party, if only by inertia, to a novelty so full of dangers and so I resisted. I yielded only after having exhausted all the legal means in my power. Tomorrow, in the ranks by the side of the good citizens who from all parts of the country have addressed to me their precious encouragement and sympathy, I shall resume the fight for liberty, for the republic and for France.

Left Not Agreed on the Candidate.

If the caucus of the Left majority in the Senate and Chamber tomorrow agrees on a candidate he will doubtless be elected Friday to the Presidency. However, there is far from unanimity tonight. President Doumergue of the Senate has, it is understood, refused to withdrawn from the race at the behest of the friends of President Painlevé among the Deputies. If the members of Parliament go to Versailles without the Left in agreement, a surprise is possible.

This does not mean that there is much chance for a Nationalist candidate to cause under the rules an absolute majority is required on the first two ballots, although if the contest involved subsequent ballots a plurality will elect. Much will depend on what the Right does after the first ballot, in which it will probably cast a solid vote for one of its members.

M. Poincaré today authorized the statement that under no condition would he be a candidate. The general impression seems to be that M. Painlevé has the best chance. A telling argument against M. Doumergue is that he is a Protestant, which fact would set the Clericals against him. The religious question might be solved by the choice of M. Painlevé, who is an atheist.

It is no small tribute to the stability of the French Republic that within one short month the country has changed its Parliament, its Government and its President with no disorder outside the Chambers. The Chamber majority went rather far with the margin of power given it, for, as a matter of fact, the majority Deputies of the Left bloc did not receive a majority of the popular votes. On the other hand, so far as MM. Poincaré and Millerand are concerned, counting the Communist vote as being adverse, there was a popular majority unfavorable to them.

Country's Opinion Not Known.

It would be extremely difficult to say whether or not the country at large approves the ousting of M. Millerand. In the atmosphere of Paris, dominated for so long by the Nationalists, one quickly feels that the people do not approve, but May 11 showed that Paris is not the whole of France.

Whether the Left will continue to rule depends just simply on what it does. It is going to please the large army of State employes by increasing their pay. It is going to please the working classes by abolishing the tax on salaries. But M. Herriot as Premier has got to do more than that to keep power.

If he cannot make Germany pay reparations and submit to armament control there will be desertions on the Right side and if he resorts to the kind of measures hitherto used toward Germany he will have desertions on the Left side of his majority. The whittling away of his ranks would lead to the formation of a Centre bloc, which is what most people believe will happen before the end of the year. It is no exaggeration to say that the life of the Herriot Government will depend on Berlin.

The Program for Friday.

PARIS, June 11 (Associated Press).—The election on Friday of a new President of the Republic will take place promptly at 2 o'clock in the old Chamber of Deputies built especially for the Parliament of the new Republic of 1875 in the courtyard of the chateau at Versailles where the Deputies met from 1876 to 1879.

It will be an exceedingly simple ceremony presided over by President of the Senate Doumergue. M. Doumergue will open with the simple announcement of the purpose of Parliament. Then will come the selection of tellers and the invitation to cast votes. The voting is alphabetical, beginning with a letter drawn by lot.

The new President of France, whoever he may be, is expected to call in M. Herriot, leader of the Radical-Socialist majority, Friday evening or early Saturday morning, and ask him to form a Cabinet. The Radical leader is said by his friends to have already selected a Cabinet combination so that he can announce the composition of the new Government Saturday and appear before the Chamber Monday.

As soon as the Cabinet receives a vote of confidence from Parliament, it is understood that the new Premier will ask the Chamber to give him a few days' time to get in touch with the allied Governments in order that he can take up the threads of urgent interallied affairs.

WOMEN DEMOCRATS TO OFFER PLANKS

Advisory Committee Meets Today to Discuss Matters of Interest to Their Sex.

EQUAL RIGHTS ON PROGRAM

National Women's Party Will Ask Support for a Constitutional Amendment.

Women as platform makers are the guides of the destiny of a political party will have their innings today at the meeting of the Advisory Committee of the Democratic National Committee at Madison Square Garden. Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt is Chairman and matters of special interest to women will be considered.

The meeting will be in the gallery of the Garden and the planks to be considered, the time allotted for each and the speakers are as follows:

Law Enforcement, 10:30 to 11 A. M.—Mrs. E. A. Boole, National Women's Christian Temperance Union; Mrs. Harley Witton, Law Enforcement Committee; Mrs. Halsey W. Wilson, representing Mrs. Gordon Norrie, Vice Chairman of Law Enforcement Committee.

National Women's Party, 11 to 11:15.

Women in Industry, 11:15 to 11:45—Miss Rose Schneiderman, Women's Trade Union League.

Connecticut Federation of Democratic Women's Planks—Mrs. Ward Duffy, West Hartford, Conn.

Public Health, 12:15 to 12:45—Dr. Matilda Wallin.

Cooperative Banking, 12:45 to 1—Mrs. Gertrude Mathews Shelby, 1 West Sixty-seventh Street.

Lunch, 1 to 1:45.

Home Economics, 1:45 to 2—Miss Isabel Ely Lord American Home Economics Association.

Democratic Union, 2 to 2:30—Miss Frances Perkins, Industrial Commissioner, New York Labor Department.

Educational Planks, 2:30 to 3—Miss Charl Williams, Washington, National Education Association; Mrs. Charles L. Tiffany.

National League of Women Voters, 3 to 3:30—Miss Josephine Schain, National League of Women Voters; Mrs. Daniel O'Day.

Child Labor, 3:30 to 3:45—Owen R. Lovejoy, Columbia University in the City of New York.

International Cooperation, 4 to 4:30—Miss Jeanette Rankin, National Consumers' League, 154 Fifth Avenue; Mrs. James Lees Laidlaw, the League of Nation's Non-Partisan Association.

Civil Service Reform, 4:30 to 5—Nelson Spencer, National Civil Service Reform Association; Guy Moffett, Superintendent of Field Force for the United States Civil Service Commission.

Prison Reform, 5 to 5:30—Hugh Frayne or E. Biggs Whitin to speak for the National Committee on Prisons and Prison Labor.

Mrs. Emily Newell Blair, Vice Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, will preside at the meeting. All the planks proposed by the Women's Democratic Union and published yesterday, will be presented. There will be an executive meeting on Friday of Mrs. Roosevelt's committee to consider the planks presented and the arguments made, and the results will be reported to the National Committee on June 26 and by that body sent to the Committee on Resolutions which will draft the platform for the convention.

The National Woman's Party will specifically urge an equal rights plank, which reads: "We pledge ourselves to establish equal rights for men and women throughout the United States and every place subject to its jurisdiction, and to that end we pledge our active support to securing the adoption of the Equal Rights Amendment to the National Constitution, which is now before Congress."

ENGINEERS GET DEGREES.

Ninety-eight Are Graduated at Brooklyn Polytechnic.

Degrees in chemistry, chemical engineering, civil engineering, electrical engineering and mechanical engineering were conferred last night on ninety-eight graduates of the College of Engineering of Polytechnic Institute in the presence of 1,500 relatives and friends of the recipients at commencement exercises in the Brooklyn Academy of Music. The degrees were conferred by Frederick W. Atkinson, President of the college, following addresses by Robin Beach of the faculty, Charles E. Potts, Chairman of the Board of Trustees of the Institute, and Dexter Simpson Kimball, dean of the College of Engineering of C

CONVENTION HERE FACES KLAN FIGHT

Resolution to Be Sent to Committee Openly Condemning the Order.

MAY COME UP ON FLOOR

Backers Look on Republican Plank as Evasive and Urge Strong Stand.

RULES CONTEST TO FORE

Some Managers Contend It Would Be Unfair to Make Changes at This Time.

Besides a fight on the rules and possible contests before the Committee on Credentials, the Democratic National Convention, which opens here one week from next Tuesday, will probably have on its hands, it was learned yesterday, an out-and-out fight on the matter of incorporating in the party platform an anti-Ku Klux Klan plank that will mean something.

Last evening some of those highly interested in the outcome of the voting in the Democratic Convention on the Presidential nominees learned that at Cleveland the Republicans had passed what was termed an innocuous plank on the Klan, in substance reaffirming the Constitution of the United States, but going to no great lengths to deal with a matter which some of the Democrats regard as pressing and important. Instantly it was seen that great political advantage might be gained by going to greater lenghts and meeting a live issue in a straightforward way.

As a result, no matter what the outcome may be, there will be introduced in the Democratic Committee on Resolutions an anti-Klan plank that will name the Klan by its acknowledged title, condemn its activities and seek to bind the Democratic Party to a promise to oppose its illegal actions by every means in the power of the Government.

It is admitted that this plank may fail of passage. It is admitted that a fight in the Platform Committee over it is inevitable. It is admitted further that such a plank, if carried to the floor of the convention from the committee room, may well cause a turmoil of great consequence. Nevertheless, the men who are now busy drafting such a plank are convinced that the way to meet the Klan issue is to meet it squarely and settle it once and for all.

Wants Issue Settled.

"Regardless of the consequence to candidates for the nomination," said one prominent Democrat last night, "it would be just as well for the country to determine now, in the straightforward way, whether this Klan assertion represents true Americanism or not. Is it a fact that an American who chances to be a Catholic cannot be elected to the Presidency because he is a Catholic? If that is true let us know it. And let us know, once for all, whether it is true that it does make a difference whether a man is black or white; whether he is a Protestant, a Catholic or a Jew. Don't let us pussyfoot any longer; don't let us merely reaffirm the Constitution of the United States, let us meet the issue squarely and decide it."

There has been some expectation that William G. McAdoo, who is now the leading candidate for the Democratic nomination, would take up the Klan question. Mr. McAdoo, however, is on record, in a speech made at Macon, Ga., in which, in effect, he stood upon the constitutional guarantee contained in the first amendment to the Constitution. It is now expected, in view of the Klan strength in some of the States, the delegates from which will be for McAdoo, that he will go much further in any public utterance. It is admitted that the Smith adherents, in view of the fact that Governor Smith is a Catholic, are much more likely to make the issue their own providing the McAdoo forces do not act first.

But regardless of whether the Smith forces as such, or the McAdoo forces, take up the Klan issue, delegates will go to the convention in Madison Square Garden determined to make the Klan an issue and to fight all along the line for their belief that the Klan is un-American, especially now that the Republican platform has, in their opinion, evaded the issue.

Involved Rules Fight.

The fight on the two-thirds rule, which THE TIMES foretold exclusively on Tuesday, is likely to be an involved affair, inasmuch as some of the campaign managers contend it is not fair to change the rules once the contesants are "in the ring." It will probably be on this ground that the Smith managers will oppose the abrogation of the two-thirds rule, which, with the unit rule still in force, would give McAdoo a distinct advantage and probably result in his nomination. There is just a bare possibility that a whole new deal will result from the fight over the rules, with the two-thirds rule and the unit rule both abolished. Then will result one of the first free-for-all fights the Democrats have ever staged. As a matter of fact, as an open-and-shut proposition the fight for the Democratic nomination, with technicalities barred, is an open fight at the present time.

Yesterday David Ladd Rockwell, chief manager for McAdoo, arranged to go to Cleveland after all, as an "unofficial observer" with nothing to observe, but in the belief that the place to find out what is going on in Democratic circles is where Republicans are gathered. He will return almost at once.

Governor Smith is expected to arrive from Albany tonight but will not take possession of the rooms assigned to him in the quarters of the Smith Committee in the Prudence Building until tomorrow. His presence on the scene is likely to add impetus to the Smith campaign. His personal headquarters during the campaign will be in the Hotel Biltmore, while the New York delegation, which is solidly for him, will have headquarters in the Hotel Commodore.

Praise for Smith.

Several letters and statements highly commendatory of Governor Smith were received at the headquarters yesterday and made public. One was from E. H. Osterbridge, who wrote in part:

"Of the candidates so far announced as having any support or probable chance of nomination (in advance of the convention) he is the outstanding one in the qualities of character and ability that are needed to fill that great position and meet the present needs of the country and with honor to the incumbent.

"For a man who has spent so much of his life in politics and public office, he is distinguished in the highest degree for his sincerity of purpose, his integrity, character, intellectuality and practically, his human sympathy, his freedom from egotism. His word in every case is as good as his bond. He believes in the necessity for party organization and party Government, but he does not put party principle or politics above statesmanship where great and important matters are to be decided and great offices filled.

"He is courageous in the highest degree for what he believes to be best, and will take that course without fear, or even consideration, of its effect upon his personal interests. With all, he is not stubborn or self-opinionated and frankly seeks and generously considers the opinion of those that he believes to be qualified and sincere.

"His personality in an unusual degree is attractive and inspiring, so that it is easy for him to be a true leader."

Women Laud Governor.

Mrs. Henry Morgenthau made the following statement:

"Alfred E. Smith combines those rare qualities which the head of these United States should possess, but so often lacks, namely, unusual administrative and business ability and a broad, constructive, humanitarian outlook. He has always been a leader and champion of the people, but never a demagogue. Step by step he has risen in the service of this State, from Assemblyman to Governor, and has filled each office so admirably that if we look over the statute books of the State of New York we can readily see how he is directly responsible for a vast amount of humanitarian and constructive business legislation. I cannot in this brief space dwell on these laws, but those who have studied his record know that I speak of his stand on all laws pertaining to the welfare of women and children and general labor conditions. This he ably demonstrated as Chairman of the Factory Investigating Commission and in his attitude toward child labor and the limiting of hours of women's work, the minimum wage, &c. After making a most careful survey through his reconstruction committee, he tried everything in his power to put the State on a sound business basis by complete reorganization.

"Finally, while a leaderless country has been floundering about, knowing that the masses must be relieved of too burdensome taxes, New York State, under the leadership of Alfred E. Smith, reduced not only the income tax, but, what is far more important to the farmer, the direct tax on land, thus saving to the people of the State $17,000,000 in taxes.

"The United States must rise again to the position she has abandoned. We must shake off the shackles of smug complacency and face and rise above our problems wherever they confront us. Who can doubt that our next President should be a man possessing unusual ability of mind, a true spirit of public service, a dynamic personality, a willingness and ability to put experts and not politicians where special training is needed—a fearless progressive spirit? Such a man is Alfred E. Smith."

Another laudatory statement was forthcoming from Mrs. Maud Swartz of the National Women's Trade Union League.

One of the visitors to the Smith headquarters yesterday was Scott Ferris, Chairman of the Oklahoma delegation, which will have headquarters in the Hotel Commodore during the convention. He had a long talk with Franklin D. Roosevelt, Chairman of the Smith campaign, but Mr. Roosevelt would not comment afterward. The unit rule binds the Oklahoma delegation on every question, but not all of it is anti-Smith by any means.

Another visitor to the headquarters was Norman E. Mack of Buffalo, co-manager, in a way of the Smith boom. Neither Mr. Roosevelt nor Mr. Mack would comment on the talk they had, but it is known a careful counting of noses is in progress and the Smith forces are not in the least discouraged. Their view is that while at the outset McAdoo may have more votes than Smith, McAdoo cannot get the nomination.

VIRGINIA DELEGATION INSTRUCTED FOR GLASS

James P. Woods at State Convention Declares Republican Rule Breeds Radicalism.

NORFOLK, Va., June 11.—Instructions for Virginia's delegation to support Senator Carter Glass for President as long as his name is before the Democratic Convention were adopted unanimously here late today by the State Convention.

James P. Woods, temporary Chairman of the State Convention, declaring that we are in "an era of kaleidoscopic change in social, political and industrial conditions," said:

"Such an era is impatient with traditions and forgets ideals. That is why perhaps in our own country we have seen the shameless exploitation of a whole people by groups of men, wealthy and supposedly upright, seeking greater riches; the debauchery of public servants of high and low degree, and the sacrifice of political principles and personal convictions by so-called statesmen, anxious to retain or acquire power.

"Those guilty of exploiting the American people and corrupting public officials have done more to breed a spirit of radicalism throughout the land than all the flannel-mouthed Red propagandists combined.

"That there has been a decided growth of this spirit during the past three years of Republican rule at Washington cannot be denied. The best evidence of it is found in the status of the Republican Party itself. Although its control is nominally in the hands of the reactionary elements, fully 25 per cent. of the Republican members of Congress are committed not only to a general policy of paternal socialism, but to a definite program of class and sectional legislation.

"This important element within that party is closely affiliated and associated with certain radical groups without; and there is a growing disposition to combine these two kindred elements under a single leadership. Even as it is now, in certain sections of the country, radicals of all shades from faint pink to deep scarlet are presenting a solid voting front.

"If confidence, so shattered, in American government and in American institutions is to be restored at home or abroad, it must be through the agency of the Democratic Party. Without the Democracy the people of this country would be left to choose between a party representing reaction and special privilege on the one hand, and on the other, certain organized groups of radicals—groups that seek to align class against class, and section against section; groups that promote lawlessness; groups with alien sympathies and affiliations that would demolish the very foundations upon which the nation rests.

"We need no new campaign issue this year. Let us simply lay before the American people those tenets of Democracy which have survived from the birth of our nation, and which are embodied in the Constitution itself. Let us wake the American conscience to the importance of simple, un-oiled, un-Republicanized honesty in public office.

"We of Virginia have special reason to be proud of our party and of our Americanism. Virginia deserves recognition by the Democracy of the nation. Her voice should speak with authority at the council table of the party, and no happier choice of a national standard bearer can be made by the New York convention than that of her favorite son—both because of what Virginia Democracy stands for and by reason of his own eminent services and fitness."

New Hampshire Starts Brown Boom.

CONCORD, N. H., June 11.—The Democratic State Committee voted today to place the name of Governor Fred H. Brown in nomination for the Presidency at the coming Democratic National Convention at New York City, it was announced.

Saks-Tailored and

"PADDINGTON" London-Made

Four-Piece Golf Suits

(Coat, Vest, Trousers and Knickers)

for Town or Country Wear

38.00 to 48.00

MANY MODELS to select from—all exclusive in character and smartly distinctive. Cut after the correct English manner to give both style and comfort on the links. These golf suits are made up of imported and domestic fabrics in an almost inexhaustible selection of patterns and colorings favored this season.

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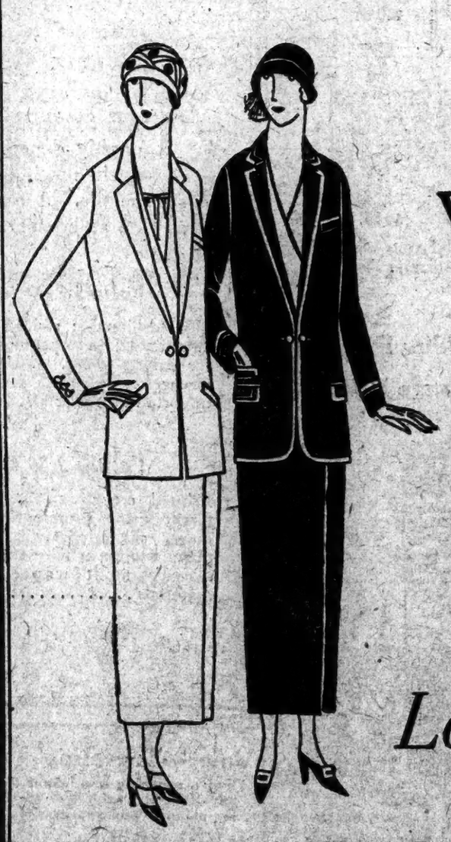

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Tailored and Semi-Tailored Suits. At the season when suits are smartest. A very special group of finer quality suits marked at an exceptionally low price. Materials and workmanship of the quality usually found only at much higher prices. Braid bound and severely plain models. Some with satin and pique vests. Navy blue, tan, black.

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FIFTH AVENUE

TELEPHONE FITZROY 1900

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4,200 Men's Cravats

of fine imported and domestic silks

Regularly priced from 1.50 to 2.50

At **85c**

MOIRES REPPS MOGADORS POPLINS TWEEDS AND OTHER RICH SILKS

THE most important neckwear event planned so far this season! The quality of every scarf stands *right out*—the silks from which they are made have the luxurious feel of velvet—and the tailoring is done with extreme care and precision.

The Patterns Include:

Small figures, checks, neat single and cluster stripings, regimental and college stripes, polka dots, ombre stripings, and solid colorings.

SAKS & COMPANY, STREET FLOOR

Men's Lounging Robes

Special at **6.50**

Just six hundred and fifty robes in the collection—all made with exceptional skill from "Princess Pat" cloth—a sturdy, lightweight pongee colored fabric, woven with contrasting stripes and interwoven with fibre silk stripes.

Shawl collar models, trimmed with silk braid on collar, cuffs and pockets. Can be laundered with ease and satisfaction. Small, medium, large and extra large sizes. Rare values indeed.

Men's Imported Japanese Crepe

ROBE SETS at 3.95

Set consists of robe, slippers and envelope bag. The ideal outfit for Summer vacation and camping purposes. Cool as an ocean breeze, easily laundered, and guaranteed fast colors. *Fifth Floor*

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Trade in your old pencil with the bulging, ornate top-heavy cap.

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Use Cuticura Soap daily for the toilet and have a clear, fresh complexion, free from roughness or eruptions. Assist when necessary by Cuticura Ointment. Do not fail to include the exquisitely scented Cuticura Talcum in your toilet preparations.

1,640 GET DEGREES AT N. Y. U. EXERCISES

Presentations Are Made on University Heights Campus Before Big Gathering.

HONORARY AWARDS FOR 7

Amplifiers Carry Speeches to Throngs Outside Marquee Where Ceremonies Are Held.

AID TO EUROPE IS URGED

Prof. Jenks Criticizes Individual Meddling in Foreign Affairs, in Address to Graduates.

The ninety-second commencement exercises of New York University were held yesterday morning under a big marquee pitched at the base of the Hall of Fame on the campus at University Heights, with amplifiers to bring the speeches to the hearing of throngs who sat on the lawn outside. Degrees were conferred upon 1,640 graduates of the various schools of the university and upon seven distinguished guests of the occasion.

The address to the graduates was made by Dr. Jeremiah W. Jenks, Research Professor of Government and Public Administration at the university, who spoke on "America's Rôle in Europe."

Professor Jenks said that financial aid to European countries was by no means the most important support this country could give, even though the foreign nations thought so. Cooperation that would stabilize moral and political concepts abroad was the best conception of the rôle we had to play, he said. While he endorsed our failure to adhere to the League of Nations without safeguarding reservations, he welcomed the steps we had taken to work officially with the League on matters of general world concern.

A feature of his address was the recommendation that American finance should not be content with making national loans to foreign countries, but should make direct loans to private industry and have representatives on the boards of the companies concerned.

Duties of Citizens.

In this way, he said, we would get a real knowledge of foreign affairs. The address, in part, follows:

"Our Government—Congress in its lawmaking capacity, the Executive in its dealings direct and indirect with the Governments concerned, the great mass of the American citizens in the pressure that they bring to bear, wisely at times, most unwisely at other times, upon their representatives in the Government, must all play their parts. While our Government and our people should ever be watchful of American interests in their international relations, they should be even more watchful of themselves, so as to avoid unnecessary and often most unjust expressions of opinion that tend to irritate and anger and wound the feelings of foreign nations.

"How often one is asked why it is that our people continue to manifest hostility toward certain foreign peoples! Why fight out in public addresses, even by resolutions in Congress, the Irish question, which is a British and not an American problem, but which nevertheless may seriously influence most important relations between Great Britain and America that will affect the welfare of all three countries concerned, Ireland as well as England and America? Why do great church conventions and reform organizations pass resolutions concerning the internal political or social conditions of European countries, which will be cabled abroad and be certain to arouse feelings of resentment and hostility? Such acts cannot possibly do any good, except in the rarest instances, and they interfere with peaceful relations among the nations.

Too Easily Influenced.

"It is probably a conservative estimate that nine out of ten of all the people who vote for such resolutions, whose purpose is to bring pressure to bear upon our Government or upon foreign Governments, know nothing whatever about the question on which they are voting, but are influenced by the words and activities of a few interested even if well-meaning partisans. We forget too often that on all these questions, the President of the United States especially, but also through him and through their power of getting information officially, the members of Congress have the most complete means of getting information of any one in the country. Throughout all foreign countries the President has reporting to him daily men thoroughly trained in business, in governmental matters, in social questions.

"Whenever the question is of importance the Senate and the House of Representatives can procure and do procure this information. Moreover, the interests of our President and of our representatives in such matters are far greater than that of the average citizen, so that if they are left unimpeded in their action they are far more likely to achieve the best results than if they are threatened with loss of their seats if they fail to follow the ignorant instructions of the uninformed constituents.

"Did Congressmen wish to override the well-informed opinion of President Coolidge and Secretary Hughes on Japanese exclusion—an opinion based on the well-grounded policy of President Roosevelt—or were they influenced by the oratory of less well-informed constituents? A general law would have kept out more Japanese and not given Japan the feeling she had been insulted. And how about the bonus and tax bills? Is the welfare of all the people or the pressure of a specific class or party advantage the decisive influence? And which ought to dominate? I do not wish to be misunderstood as opposing the expression of opinion by constituents.

"We, the people, if alert, as we should be, will endeavor to keep ourselves informed on political questions, both domestic and foreign. We may well call the attention of our representatives to such matters, but we should be very cautious in urging by coercive measures a specific course of action upon our representatives on questions concerning which they must certainly be much better informed than we can possibly be.

Must Guard Reputation.

"One of the greatest obstacles to intelligent direction, especially of international affairs, is the narrow-minded partisan pressure brought to bear upon our Government on important but often delicate diplomatic questions. Another unfortunate feature of this process is that the news of such action is invariably cabled abroad and does harm there, so that the wise action of our Government is hampered.

"I have called attention to the moral nature of the problems threatening European rehabilitation and progress. It must not be forgotten that America's influence in settling those moral issues is largely dependent upon our good reputation abroad. We have now the reputation of not wishing as a Government or as a people to meddle for selfish reasons in European politics. On the other hand, our reputation for good judgment and for intelligent and wise action has not always been enhanced by our laws.

"When we are attempting to increase our exports and to develop our international trade, some of the restrictive provisions of our tariff legislation seem very peculiar to intelligent European statesmen. They seem like attempts to sell without buying in exchange. If our influence abroad is to be the best, our legislation should be framed for mutual advantage. It has been suggested that we have annexation for American travelers going abroad.

"Likewise, in our business methods we should set an example to Europe of tolerance and fairmindedness. Some of our European rivals, such as Great Britain and France, when making international loans, at times insert as one of the conditions of the loan that so far as the credit is to be used in buying foreign supplies they must be bought from the country of the lender. It is a satisfaction to know that when such a measure was suggested by an organization of our great business men some of our bankers of wide international experience had the wise foresight to declare that such a measure was short-sighted, that whatever the immediate advantages our best interests in the long run would be served by building up the country of the borrower through letting it satisfy its needs in the cheapest market, and we should count later upon the benefits to us from dealing with a more prosperous country. It is also a satisfaction to note that our Government favored the wiser and more tolerant policy."

Ex-Service Men Honored.

Seventeen ex-service men who were wounded in the war were among those who received degrees. They were:

Alfred A. Morse of Troy, N. Y., who specialized in advertising; J. F. McAnanley, 68 East 130th Street, graduated in accounting; James Lappon, 2 Jane Street, law; Benton R. Latimer, Warrenton, Ga., business administration; Edward A. Levene, 88 Forbell Avenue, Brooklyn, accounting; Edward J. Fitzhugh, Jamaica, L. I., foreign trade; Samuel D. Donenfeld, advertising; Dominick F. Zetena, 1,315 Elder Avenue, New York, medical college; Charles A. Huelser, 2,725 Church Avenue, Brooklyn, salesmanship; Frank A. Jennings, 335 Varick Street, Jersey City, advertising; Walter G. Overbecke, 1,300 Park Avenue, Hoboken, advertising; Victor E. Carlson, 171 North Fulton Avenue, Mount Vernon, accounting; William Benjamin, 153 St. James Street, Brooklyn, salesmanship; William Bernstein, Manhattan Beach, accounting; Ralph O. Bishop, Baltimore, finance; Constantine DeVivo, 68 West Ninety-first Street, industrial engineering; Walter W. C. Scott, Brooksville, Miss., accounting.

The following prizes and honors were announced:

College of Arts and Pure Science.

A. Ogden Butler Philosophical Fellowship, to Hyman Joseph Alexander.

Herman Ridder German Prize, to Charles Andrew Landshof.

Frederick Seward Gibson Prize, to Arthur Harris Hirschfield.

Samuel Finley Breese Morse Medal, to Manuel Gelles.

Sherborne Vernon Damerel Memorial Prize, to Howard Samuel Piquet.

Macdonald Memorial Prizes in Public Speaking—First prize, Milton Elbert Haft; second prize, Harry Heller.

School of Law.

Day Division—First prize, Paul D. Kaufman; second prize, Godfrey Earnest Updike; third prize, Helen A. Lipson.

Evening Division—First prize, Maurice H. Blinken; second prize, Mayer H. Plump.

Honorable Mention—First, Blanta Leigh Popkin; second, Samuel I. Soloman and Jacob Quat; third, J. Benjamin Van Veen; fourth, Julius Granirer and Saul M. Mann; fifth, Eva Lipsky.

College of Engineering.

William Alfred Hoe Jr. Engineering Prize, to Walter Kurt Koch.

David Orr Mechanical Engineering Prize, to Jerome Lederer.

Samuel Bowne Duryea Fellowship, to Walter Kurt Koch.

School of Education.

New York University Philosophical Society Prize, Emma Louise Ants.

School of Commerce, Accounts and Finance.

Phi Sigma Delta Prize, Joseph Shorin.

Delta Sigma Pi Prize, Fred Henry Lindewurth.

Class of 1913 Prize, David Katz.

Tau Delta Phi Prize, Michael Yamin.

Henrietta Madden Memorial Award, Ruth Meyer.

Phi Beta Delta Prize, James Sabo.

Hazel Carus De Haas Memorial Award, Catherine Kirwan.

Washington Square College.

Alumni Medal, Charles Patrick Barry.

Jeremiah Whipple Jenks Prize in Government, Francis Epter.

Freshman English Composition Prizes—awarded in August, 1923, to the February-September Division: first, Jacob Fisher; second, Curtis Bleas; third, Mary Isabella Kalman. Awarded in June, 1924: first, Virginia Linder; second, Tamara Berkowitz; third, William Charvat.

School of Retailing.

Franklin Simon Research Fellowship, Ted Clodius.

School of Retailing Research Fellowships, Isabel L. Barnum and Sybil Smith.

Junior Class Prize, Lawrence Thomson.

Prize for Store Report, Ted Clodius.

Samuel Sussman Memorial Prize, J. Mitchell Rosenberg.

Medical School.

John C. Arnold Surgical Prize, $100, Josy Armengol.

Leo Robins Memorial Prize, $100, Hirsch L. Mesirman.

Valentine Mott Prize, Florence H. Frankel.

Seven Get Honorary Degrees.

Chancellor Elmer Ellsworth Brown presided over the exercises. After the academic procession of council, officers, Faculty, graduates and guests, the Rev. De Witt L. Pelton, honorary chaplain, invoked the benediction. "The Star Spangled Banner" was sung. After the delivery of Professor Jenks's address, commissions as Second Lieutenants in the Officers' Reserve Corps, U. S. A., were presented by Colonel Peter E. Traub, U. S. A., Chief of Staff, Seventy-seventh Division, Officers' Reserve Corps.

Honorary degrees were conferred as follows:

Sarah Cooper Hewitt, master of humane letters; Professor Albert Stoessel, master of arts; Dr. Albert Shaw, doctor of letters; Dr. Lucius Chapin, doctor of humane letters; Rabbi Joseph Silverman, doctor of humane letters; Edmund L. Mooney, doctor of laws, and Professor Michael I. Pupin, doctor of laws.

Musical numbers in the program were by Shannon's Band.

N. Y. U. LAW CLASS DINES.

Graduates of 1894 Celebrate Thirtieth Anniversary.

The law class of 1894 of New York University held its thirtieth anniversary dinner last night at the National Democratic Club, Madison Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street, with Judge Moses H. Grossman, valedictorian of the class, as host. At the twenty-fifth anniversary dinner in 1919 it was decided to hold a reunion every fifth year. At the dinner last night original minutes of meetings of the class while it was still in college were read.

Among those who graduated with the class were Ex-Governor Charles S. Whitman, George W. Davison, President of the Central Union Trust Company; Judge Otto Rosalsky of General Sessions, Alexander Lehman, Assistant District Attorney; Edward Mandel, associate superintendent of the public school system, and Justice George V. Mullan of the Supreme Court.

WHITMAN IS STILL "AJAX."

Ex-Police Strong Man, Now 58, Gives an Exhibition.

Selig (Ajax) Whitman, the strong man of the Police Department, who retired four years ago after serving twenty-six years, celebrated his twenty-fifth wedding anniversary last evening by staging an exhibition of strength in the gymnasium at his home, 54 West 117th Street. Sixty friends were guests.

At an anniversary luncheon at the Cecil Restaurant, 2,512 Broadway, Whitman entertained his friends with card tricks. Guests of the reception and the luncheon included many of his associates of the stage during the five years he was a professional strong man. Whitman is now 58 years old.

"The way to maintain youthful vigor is to be regular in living habits and drink plenty of water," Whitman said. "Every day a person should drink not less than ten glasses of water if they would keep themselves fit and I would recommend that they drink more. Never drink ice water, but if you must, retain it in your mouth before swallowing until it loses its chill."

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The Sporting Goods Dep't

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Golf Bags

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Consisting of Bag and three Clubs, suitable for children from 6 to 9 years, are greatly reduced to

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English Golf Balls

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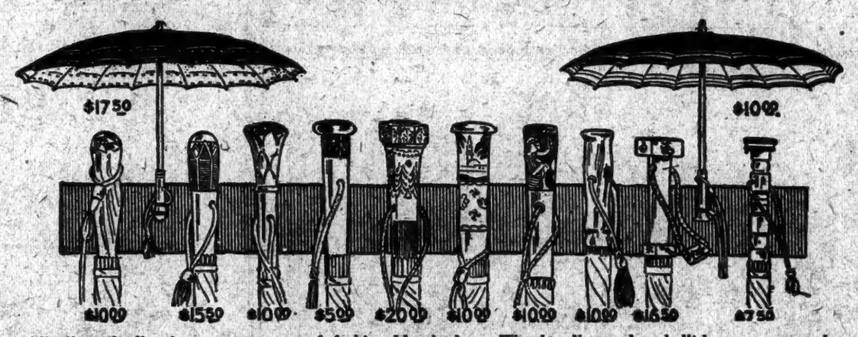

All-silk umbrellas in an assortment of fashionable shades. The handles and embellishments are works of art. Exclusive effects for those who appreciate quality and something out of the ordinary. The short handles place them in the height of fashion. Splendid assortment from which to choose.

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¼ lb.	½ lb.	1 lb.
35c	70c	$1.40

Tea Balls

Convenient for quick service. Orange Pekoe, Keemun, Oolong or Ceylon, packed in containers:

25 balls for 85c
50 balls for $1.60
100 balls for $3.00

Jasmine Tea in containers:

25 balls for $1.15
50 balls for $2.00

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Orange Pekoe, particularly delicious, iced or hot.

English Breakfast, for fine flavor and strength.

Formosa Oolong, not so heavy in body as English Breakfast.

Ceylon, renowned for strength.

Russian Caravan, very heavy and of fine flavor.

Mandarin Formosa, our choicest; none finer grown.

Keemun, choicest China tea.

Tea Caddies Filled With Orange Pekoe

Black and gold lacquered with double covers.

The $2.25 size, containing 13 ounces, at $1.50.

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At about ½ Price

THE SEASON'S wanted colors and weaves. All high grade, thoroughly dependable silks at prices that in all probability will not again reach such low levels this season. Extra selling space, extra salespeople. A real opportunity awaits dressmakers and manufacturers as well as homemakers who enjoy creating their own garments.

Values 2.00 to 2.95

The fashionable striped and checked silk broadcloth so popular for sports wear. Also Georgette, radiums, and imported printed chiffons 1.45

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Japanese washable silks, consisting of colored shantungs and other cool and practical fabrics. For warm weather wear..... 95c

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Printed crepe de Chines in 38 different color combinations. Russian crepe, silk alpaca, and plain radium silk — the season's most wanted materials..... 1.95

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Lovely imported printed crepes and chiffons. Block printed radiums, new and striking. French printed voiles, dainty and summery. Silk-and-wool sport silks..... 2.95

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Complete bedroom set Genuine Magiolino (rosewood) Louis XV. sofa and four chairs; Empire set, nine pieces, and a few other antique and modern pieces. Can be seen by appointment only. H 871 Times Downtown.

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REFUSES TO APPEAR BEFORE HIRSHFIELD

Magistrate Marsh Declines Invitation to Testify in Abby Rockefeller Inquiry.

HEARING AGAIN POSTPONED

Commissioner Puts It Off Until Tomorrow When Frank Doran Fails to Attend.

Magistrate Norman J. Marsh of the Traffic Court declined yesterday to accept the "invitation" of David Hirshfield, Commissioner of Accounts, to testify at the Hirshfield investigation into the two suspended sentences for speeding given by Magistrate Marsh to Abby Rockefeller, twenty-one-year-old daughter of John D. Rockefeller Jr.

When Commissioner Hirshfield opened the day's hearing in the Rockefeller case a probation officer from the Traffic Court handed him this letter:

June 11, 1924.

Hon. David Hirshfield, Commissioner of Accounts, Municipal Building:

Dear Commissioner:

I beg to acknowledge your esteemed favor of the 9th. I am in complete accord with Mayor Hylan's desire to improve traffic conditions in the city and shall be glad to cooperate with you in any way.

I regret that my court engagements will not permit me to accept your invitation to attend at your office today. If you will come to the Traffic Court at your convenience or send a representative I will be glad to discuss the matters mentioned in your letter and give you all the help I can.

Cordially yours, N. J. MARSH.

Commissioner Hirshfield indicated that he would not call upon Magistrate Marsh nor send a representative, but would let the matter drop as far as the Magistrate was concerned.

"While I have been in this office," Hirshfield said, "the only exception I have made in holding hearings elsewhere than here has been in cases where I had to examine the inmates of some institutions or city employes who could not get away from their posts. I have no comment to make on Judge Marsh's letter."

The hearing was adjourned until 10:30 o'clock tomorrow morning because of the absence of Frank Doran, "that red-headed clerk," who was transferred from the Traffic Court to the Men's Night Court after testimony before Commissioner Hirshfield revealed that Doran had told Police Lieutenant Lawrence J. Collins, on duty at the Traffic Court, and Patrolman Edward R. Fleming the motorcycle policeman who arrested Miss Rockefeller the second time, that the first complaint had been dismissed, and that she was a first offender instead of a second.

Commissioner Hirshfield said he had received a letter from the Secretary to Chief City Magistrate McAdoo, saying that Doran was ill and had submitted a doctor's certificate to the Chief Magistrate.

Because of the absence of Doran, Hirshfield asked only a few questions of Lieutenant Collins, who appeared as the only witness. Hirshfield told Collins to return tomorrow.

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These charming models have been divided into two special groups—*at a considerable price concession.* They afford an unusual opportunity for those who appreciate Style and Economy.

A cordial invitation is extended the Delegates and Visitors to the
National Democratic Convention
to visit the Gunther Salon during their sojourn in New York

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Fifth Avenue at 36th Street
Furriers For More Than A Century

Will Coolidge Tame His Rebellious Followers?

You will surely wish to read this week's issue of THE LITERARY DIGEST, on the news-stands to-day. The leading article presents the record of the President and his party in the present Congress. The strange sight of a party leader whose party majority in Congress has done so many things he didn't want done, and refused to do most things he wanted done, is rendered stranger by the fact that the success of the Republican party in the fall elections hinges upon its support of this same chief. This article shows the subject from all angles, including also the opinions of Democratic newspaper editors. Public opinion East, West, North, and South is represented. While the Raleigh *News and Observer* declares that "the propaganda to make Coolidge better than his party is well greased and well oiled," the Philadelphia *Public Ledger* believes that "the country has discovered that Coolidge's stock is not in the show-windows, but that it is sufficient to meet all demands on it."

But this is not the only news-feature in THE DIGEST this week that will challenge your attention. Among some of the others are:

Japanese Wrath At Exclusion
Another Twist for the World Court
The Klan and the Democrats
To Save the Child From Slavery
"The Night Mail" Across America
The New Irish Peril to England
Germany's Rich Tourist Drive
Nordics and Other People
A Monument to the Boll-Weevil
Fever As a Blessing
Boito's New Opera, "Nero"
Victor Herbert, the American
Sir Arthur Sullivan
A Momentous Call For Peace
Britain's Empire Packed Into One Big Show
Doing Europe In Your Own Car
Topics of the Day
Why the Bonus Bill Will Not Bother Business
Department of Good English

Many Attractive Illustrations

A LAUGH A DAY KEEPS THE DOCTOR AWAY!

A smile is the golden key which unlocks the hearts of humanity, but a laugh is a tonic for the individual health. It stimulates the spirits and purges the system of the poison of depression. Gladness supplants dejection; sunshine shuts out gloom. It makes the heart throb a little easier and the stomach assimilate food faster. Laughter builds stronger body tissues, and FUN from the PRESS is the all-American prescription for laughter. It contains the cream of the chuckles from newspaperdom. The cleverest jesters and jokesmiths from the ends of the earth contribute their happiest foolery. There is a snicker with every flicker of the film—enough mirth for two laughs every day—and a fresh supply at your neighborhood theater every week. As a final covenant, FUN from the PRESS is created and compiled by the expert editors of The Literary Digest. At good motion-picture theaters everywhere. Distributed by W. W. Hodkinson Corporation.

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THE John Wanamaker STORE NEWS

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The Greatest Buying Opportunity
in Six months opens Today, Thursday

"Clearing the Market" Sales
Which Come Only Twice a Year

This is a Wanamaker institution, fixed in our calendar, because it is a genuine service to the public.

In June and January—when prices are at lowest ebb—we go into the market and assemble all the merchandise we can find up to WANAMAKER STANDARD, offering it at prices that cannot be duplicated, in such variety, for another six months. At the same time we clear our own stocks.

Together these sales offer THE PICK OF THE MARKET—the greatest buying opportunity in six months.

The Sales Help Everybody

They help to clear the market, enabling manufacturers to start their looms and keep their workers busy on the season ahead—getting ready for the bigger business that is bound to come—that is already here at Wanamaker's where trade has been steadily increasing every month of the current year. And when everybody is at work everybody prospers.

The sales will profit the buying public by enabling the people to buy their summer supplies at greatly lowered prices.

Eight Pages of News

The news would fill eight pages of this newspaper. Obviously we can't take over eight pages in every newspaper in New York, so we publish our own newspaper of the sales—8 pages, giving full details of prices and descriptions of merchandise—and a copy will be handed to you today and tomorrow as you enter the Store.

Everything You Need or Want

Personal wear for men, women and misses, boys, girls and all children—the entire family.

Dresses, suits, coats, wraps, furs, sports clothes, underthings, negligees, housedresses, shoes, hosiery, gloves, millinery, neckwear, ribbons, and all accessories.

Silks, dress goods, laces, trimmings, notions, and all the smaller things that go to make up the Summer wardrobe.

Jewelry, leather goods, toilet goods, umbrellas, parasols, books, stationery.

Household goods in great variety—furniture, floor coverings, upholsteries, bedding, blankets and bed coverings, sheets and pillow cases, linens of many kinds, fancy goods, pictures, pianos, phonographs, musical instruments, radios, toys, swings, hammocks, china, glass, garden furniture, housewares.

For men there are business suits, London lounge suits, golf suits, shirts, hosiery and underwear, pajamas, straw hats, shoes, neckwear, sweaters, sports wear and sporting goods, office furniture.

The Down-Stairs Store—that wonderful institution all on one floor that gives so much for so little—has a whole page of its own news.

Look for "Clearing the Market" Signs

They will be on literally thousands of items—all at greatly lowered prices.

Come expecting just what we announce—the greatest buying opportunity in six months—and you will be delighted with the things you will buy and the great savings you will make.

Such a sale as this could happen only at Wanamaker's—and here only twice a year.

Come today if you can—and get your first pick. All goods go on sale today. But tomorrow and Saturday and following days will be good buying days, too. You can't buy out the market in one day, no matter how many thousand strong you come!

FRANCE'S WAR BASE ON EAST RIVER SOLD

Property Which Cost $4,000,000 Brings $703,000 at Auction.

CHARLES ALBERT THE BUYER

Part of the Proceeds Will Go Toward Erection of New French Embassy in Washington.

The French Government's East River war base was sold at public auction yesterday by Major William Kennelly for $703,000—less than one-half the valuation the City of New York places upon the land for taxation purposes.

Charles Albert of Charles Albert, Inc., who is interested in the Columbia Salvage Corporation, with offices in the Woolworth Building, was the successful bidder. Mr. Albert said that he bought the property because it was cheap. He said that he probably would subdivide it and dispose of several parcels.

The property is located in the Greenpoint section of Brooklyn at the junction of Newtown Creek with the East River. It consists of 24.4 acres, five of which are under water, with riparian rights, has a frontage of 1,548 feet, 401 feet on the East River and 1,147 feet on Newtown Creek.

A 380-foot pier extends into the East River. It is immediately adjacent to the Greenpoint terminal of the New York State Barge Canal, and practically equi-distant from the Pennsylvania Terminal, Grand Central Terminal, Queensboro Plaza, Long Island Railroad and other Port of New York shipping facilities.

Bought by France in 1918.

This property was purchased by the French Government as a war base in 1918, when waterfront property in and about New York City was at a premium. When the sale was called in the Vesey Street Auction Room at noon yesterday Major Kennelly, the auctioneer, mounted a stand decorated with American and French colors. There were several hundred persons in the room, including a number of well-known operators.

After the reading of the terms of the sale, which permitted a 70 per cent. mortgage, to remain on the property for three years at 6 per cent., Major Kennelly made some comparisons of waterfront values and said that the property condemned several years ago for the Barge Canal terminal, which surrounds the war-base property, cost the State of New York about $2.75 a square foot.

First Bid $700,000.

Major Kennelly then asked for a bid on the property as a whole. It was several minutes before Clarence T. Birkett bid $700,000. Charles Albert raised this $100 and was immediately jumped to $700,500 by S. Benenson of the Benenson Realty Company and owner of the City Investment Building at 165 Broadway. Several other bidders came in, but it finally simmered down to bidding by Albert and Benenson with $100 bids. Mr. Benenson's last bid was $702,000, and after due warning the property went to Mr. Albert on a bid of $703,000.

This price is subject to the approval of the French Government, and Major Kennelly said that it would be several days before word would be received from France.

It is estimated that the base cost France more than $4,000,000.

Part of the proceeds of the sale will be devoted to the erection of the new French Embassy in Washington, D. C., and representatives of the French Government have declared that in their belief none of the money derived from the sale of the property will leave this country.

HOLD UP MAIL TRUCK, GET $100,000 GEMS

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

He eluded the robbers and staggered to a drug store fifty feet away at Twelfth Street and Eighth Avenue. Two of the hold-up men started after him, but thought better of it and gave up. Meanwhile, the waving revolvers kept back bystanders.

The holdup men, with the pouch, reentered the two Cadillacs, sped around the corner into Hudson Street and northward, leaving the empty truck. In the drug store Keahon telephoned Police Headquarters.

Holdup Took 4 Minutes.

Unlike most truck hold-ups, the robbery had taken a comparatively long time, estimated by the police at at least four minutes, with scores of vehicles passing within a few feet and with many passing afoot. Keahon's fight had delayed the robbers' program.

At 11:05 Headquarters heard from Foy. The truck driver, directed to report to the nearest police, went to the West 152d Street Station and said that he had been kidnapped and driven to 148th Street and Bradhurst Avenue. There he was let out, with the warning that he must proceed to the elevated station near by without turning around to watch his captors. "I was thinking of my wife and two children," he said, "and I obeyed." After he reached the elevated station he came down the stairs again and went to a telephone.

Inspector John D. Coughlin put a score of detectives on the case immediately. Among them were Acting Captain John Stapleton of the automobile squad, Sergeant Samuel Dribben of the truck squad and Detectives Harvey Shevlin and Campbell of the Charles Street Police Station. Agents Lewis and Collins were sent out on the case by the Department of Justice. Deputy Collector of the Port Patrick Sheehy was called from the Customs service. The Post Office Department sent two Inspectors.

Deputy Collector Sheehy said the stolen goods were insured by European companies. The pouch contained fifteen packages of diamonds, ten packages of gems of various kinds, two packages of watches and two packages of assorted articles of jewelry. The watches had been consigned to Tiffany and Wilkinauer & Co. The pouch also contained packages for Davidson Brothers, 15 John Street; Papazian Brothers, 87 Nassau Street; Henry Davidson, 51 Maiden Lane; William Hedges & Co., 20 West Forty-seventh Street; Goldsmith, Stern & Co., 136 West Fifty-second Street; Rosenblum & Sherman, 170 Broadway; Treibs Brothers, 36 Nassau Street; Standard Calibre Company, 562 Fifth Avenue; D. Colin & Co., 198 Broadway; I. Schoenh & Co., 49 East Fourteenth Street; E. Beline, 987 Jennings Street, the Bronx; Yokelson & Cooke, 166 Fulton Street; Fulova Watch Company, 392 Fifth Avenue; Espro & Co., Inc., 99 Nassau Street; Rosetti Diamond Company, 116 Nassau Street; Charles Hall & Co., J. Blank, F. Krause, A. D. Cersen, M. B. Lukan and A. J. Gillespie.

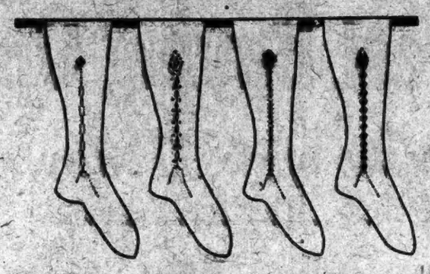
Officials investigating the case said the robbers were liable to charges of conspiracy, smuggling, robbery of mails and theft of bonded goods. Their main hope lay in the fact that the band held so many members, the investigators believing the chances of a "squeal" from one or more of the robbers were better than if the gang was of only a few members.

Foy was questioned at Headquarters until evening. Others of the trucking company also were questioned.

H. D. Esterbrook, a Department of Justice agent, examined the records and found that the trucking company had obtained a Government contract in 1914 because it was the lowest bidder for the service and because its system of protective measures seemed to the Government thoroughly efficient.

Lord & Taylor

FIFTH AVENUE
TELEPHONE FITZROY 1900



Smart White Hose

Are Clocked or Plain

The white costume, so popular this season, requires white hose to complete the ensemble. These white hose are selected to suggest to you appropriate hose for town or country.

White Silk Hose—Sheer, from $1.95 to $7.50. Medium weight, from $1.45 to $3.95

Clocked White Silk Hose—The clocks are hand embroidered in many new designs, of white, Lanvin green, powder blue, scarlet, yellow and black, from $2.50 to $4.50

Clocked White Lisle Hose—Fine soft quality with hand embroidered clocks in a variety of sports colors, $2.25. Plain lisle for golf or tennis, from 75c to $1.25

Clocked White Wool Hose—Very fine, lightweight wool hose for sports wear with several very new hand clocked designs in sports colors, $3.95. Plain white wool hose, $2.95

GROUND FLOOR

Jay-Thorpe Inc.

24-26 WEST 57th STREET

Closing Out of

SUMMER DRESSES

In Printed Crepes and Chiffons

A group of cool frocks for country and town wear developed in figured crepe and flowered chiffons—suitable for daytime and dinner wear. Charming dresses that cannot be duplicated at this price—reduced for immediate disposal. Formerly as high as 135.00.

59.50

SPRING COATS

At Drastic Reductions

An important sale of smart coats of silk and the new spring materials—many attractively fur-trimmed. Have sold as high as 125.00.

55.00

Have You Heard

that the poor sick (with cancer beyond hope) need a fireproof Country Home? It is an item of news that should not pass unheeded. An Annex to this needed house at Hawthorne, N. Y., on the Westchester hills has been finished, and holds 25 men and women. The important main building should go right up for 100 destitute and homeless cancer cases. The Annex mentioned has proved what the big Home could do by air and comforts, as a tribute of respect to sorrow. $150,000.00 has been received in donations, and we need much more. Please visit our new fireproof quarters on our charming outlook.

The Servants of Relief for Incurable Cancer, Sister Nurses.
MOTHER ALPHONSA LATHROP, O. S. D., Treasurer.
NO SOLICITOR ALLOWED
Rosary Hill Home, Hawthorne, N. Y.

Harry Collins
ART IN DRESS

Entirely New Merchandise!

At HALF PRICE and Less!

DESIGNED for our Resort Shops but, due to changed plans, added—at one-half of scheduled prices—to this stupendous

Removal Sale

Typical Harry Collins Models
Exclusive and Advanced Modes

With the addition of this important collection of entirely new models, the Removal Sale begins all over again with even more desirable fashions and reductions even more astounding.

DRESSES	for smart Afternoon and Sports Wear—Dance Frocks—Dinner and Evening Gowns!	**$38 to $95** *Values to $295*
COATS	for Motoring, Boating, to complete the sports costumes, as well as dressier models!	**$38 to $95** *Values to $195*
HATS	to perfect every fashionable occasion—garden hats and models for street and sports!	**$5, $10, $15** *Values to $35*

PATRONS who customarily select their summer wardrobes at the Harry Collins Resort Shops are informed that these shops will not be opened for this season. The entire stock of merchandise originally intended for these shops has been included in Removal Sale Reductions.

HARRY COLLINS

Park Ave. at 57th Street

CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE

for June

24 Fascinating Four-Color Photographs
Of Articles From the Tomb of

Tut-ankh-Amen

Pharaoh of Ancient Egypt

Current History is the only monthly magazine in America possessing the right to reproduce these pictures in four colors

Other Important Articles:—

Assessing the Blame for the World War—A Symposium—by ten Professors of History from as many American Universities.

The Passing of the Socialist Party.....*David Karsner*
In Vindication of Venezuela.....*Pedro M. Arcaya*
America Vitalizing International Law by Arbitration.....*J. C. Fehr*
The New Destructive Agencies of War.....*N. Sloutzki*
The Rise of Indian Nationalism.....*Tarakhnata Das*

CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE

June Number Now on Sale

25 cents a copy — $3.00 a year

RUSSEKS

The Shop of Original Values
34th Street FIFTH AVENUE 35th Street

A late shipment, just arrived, of

PARIS GOWNS

will go into The Removal Sale today

Exquisitely hand-made, hand-beaded gowns, for morning, afternoon and evening wear. From a French house which sets the standard for style and quality, and has never to our knowledge, deviated from it. It certainly has not, in this shipment.

For Evening Wear
$95 to $135 gowns; in shrimp pink, chinese red, powder blue, jade, white, and black. **$55.00**

For Afternoon and Dinner
$89.50 to $110 gowns; in black, navy blue, tan and cocoa **$45.00**

For Afternoon and Tea
$75 to $89.50 gowns; in black, navy blue, tan and cocoa. . . . **$35.00**

For Morning Wear
$49.50 to $59.50 gowns; white, and pastel beading on white backgrounds **$25.00**

Maison Bernard

22 East 57th St.
Between Madison & Fifth
Open Daily and Saturday Till 6 P. M.
We Place On Sale In Our
Opportunity Section
THIRD FLOOR
While They Last

250 IMPORTED English Broadcloth FROCKS

$12.50

These charming frocks are strictly hand made and embroidered, having dainty collars of white with real lace edging. Non-shrinkable, guaranteed to wash! Selection of colors. Sizes 16 to 44.—AMAZING VALUES!

SPORT COATS—$16.75 and $22.50

For Steamer, Mountain or Motor, developed from soft imported material, and created to sell up to $45.00.

All Sales Final

J. M. Gidding & Co.

57th Street, West of Fifth Avenue

Have Placed on SALE

New Summer Hats

Made in our own workrooms from reserve materials

Values to $35 at **$15**

Of hair, tulle and novelty straws combined with fruit, flowers and soft ribbons—particularly appropriate for the various informal occasions of Summer.

Smart Sport Hats
of felt, crepe and bangkok.
Values to $30 at **$10**

GARFORD

DEPENDABLE TRANSPORTATION

"Garford Motor Trucks Solve Your Transportation Problems"

Capacities 1 to 7½ Tons
Garford Special Motor Buses for Passenger Transportation

GARFORD MOTOR TRUCK CO., Inc.
LONG ISLAND CITY — 13th and Williams Sts.
NEWARK, N. J. — 189 Freelinghuysen Ave.

KATO'S NEW CABINET ASSUMES CONTROL

Because of Coalition Elements It Is Regarded as the Strongest in Recent Years.

KATO NOT PRO-AMERICAN

But New Foreign Minister, Baron Shidehara, Is Held to Be Friend of This Country.

By WILFRID FLEISHER.

Copyright, 1924, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

TOKIO, June 11.—The new Kato Cabinet was formally installed this afternoon when the Premier presented the members of his new Ministry to the Prince Regent.

The Kato Cabinet is hailed by the nation and the press as one of the strongest Cabinets Japan has had in recent years, representing a coalition of three parties, the Kenseikai, the Seiyukai and the Kakushin Club, which opposed the Kiyoura Ministry.

Viscount Kato reserved four portfolios for his own party, the Kenseikai, giving two seats to the Seiyukai and one to the Kakushin Club, the leaders of which have themselves accepted minor portfolios in the Ministry.

Mr. Takahashi (former Viscount), leader of the Seiyukai and a former Prime Minister, accepted the post of Minister of Agriculture and Commerce. This is unprecedented in Japanese politics, as no Premier ever before returned to a minor Cabinet post. Mr. Inukai, leader of the Kakushin Club, was made Minister of Communications.

Takahashi, however, is said to be displeased with the small representation given his party, and political observers already predict a short life for the new Cabinet, foreseeing a split by which the Seiyukai would break away and reunite with the Seiyukai.

Premier Kato is disliked in China as the author of the Twenty-one Demands. He is generally considered to be unfriendly to the United States, because it was upon his instructions as Foreign Minister in the Okuma Cabinet that the negotiations in progress between Count Chinda, then the Japanese Ambassador to Washington, and the State Department were discontinued on the subject of immigration.

Viscount Kato is known to be more favorably disposed toward England, where he was twice stationed as Ambassador.

Whatever the personal attitude of Viscount Kato may be on foreign questions, the appointment of Baron Shidehara as Foreign Minister foreshadows a friendly policy toward American. Baron Shidehara had the choice between Foreign Affairs and the Embassy in Washington, to succeed Ambassador Hanihara, and it was only after considerable pressure that Viscount Kato prevailed upon him to accept the former.

Baron Shidehara returned from Washington on account of illness, but he has now completely recovered. He kept entirely out of public life until he was recently called in to advise Baron Matsui on exclusion, following the passage of the immigration bill by the House of Representatives. He was frequently consulted thereafter, and he became officially connected with the Foreign Office again when President Coolidge's proposal for postponement of the exclusion date was made to Congress and talk of a new treaty with the United States was current. Recently he had practically entire charge of the immigration question, together with Mr. Saburi, formerly Councilor at Washington, and the two are credited with being responsible for the wording of the latest Japanese note of protest.

Kato Says He Is for Peace.

TOKIO, June 11 (Associated Press).—Peace and international friendship will form the basic policies of the new Japanese Cabinet, the incoming Premier, Viscount Kato, declared tonight in a statement to The Associated Press. The statement said:

"My Ministry will contribute to world peace by promoting friendly relations with all powers, in pursuance of the foreign policy hitherto carried out. My Cabinet also will undertake domestic reforms in the interest of the whole nation."

Full Personnel of the Cabinet.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—A dispatch from the American Embassy at Tokio today informed the State Department of the formation by Premier Kato of a tri-party Cabinet, comprising the Seiyukai, the Kabushin Club and the Kenseikai, as follows:

Prime Minister, Viscount Kofuei Kato; Foreign Minister, Baron Kijuro Shidehara; Home Minister, Rejiro Wakatsuki; Minister of Finance, Yuge Hamaguchi; Minister of War, General Ugaki; Minister of the Navy, Admiral Takarabe; Justice, Sennosuke Yokita; Education, Ryohei Okada; Agriculture and Commerce, Korekiyo Takahashi; Communications, Ki Inukai; Railways, Mitsui Sengoku.

TOKIO REPORTS ISHII AS NEW AMBASSADOR

TOKIO, June 11.—Viscount Kijuhiro Ishii, who negotiated the Lansing-Ishii Agreement, is to succeed Masanao Hanihara as Ambassador to the United States, it is indicated on reliable authority.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—Tokio dispatches indicating the probable selection of Viscount Kijuhiro Ishii, at present Ambassador to France, as Ambassador to the United States, were received with keen interest in official quarters here today, but comment was withheld pending receipt of formal notification of the change.

Viscount Ishii is well known here, both for his wide experience in the diplomatic field and his great knowledge of American-Japanese relations. In the negotiations of the Lansing-Ishii Agreement relating to China he was in the public eye for many months. He has an especial knowledge of the immigration questions which have arisen between the two countries.

Japanese Embassy officials also withheld comment for the time being. It has been indicated, however, that Ambassador Hanihara would retire after the completion of his work in connection with exchanges between the United States and Japan on the immigration question.

JAPANESE HERE ATTACK BAN

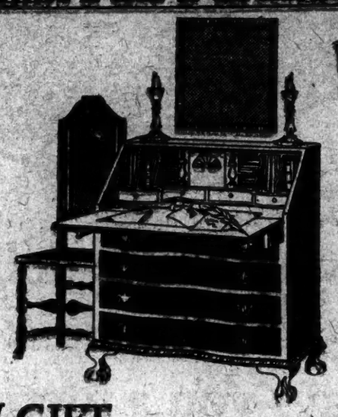
Nippon Club, However, Asks Tokio to Advise Patience.

A resolution condemning the recent action of Congress in barring immigration from Japan and urging the citizens of that country to have patience in the present trying circumstances was sent to the Japanese Foreign Office in Tokio and the Japanese newspapers yesterday leading Japanese residents in New York. The resolution was drafted at a mass meeting in the Nippon Club, 161 West Ninety-third Street, on Tuesday evening, which was attended by 200 persons.

The sentiments of the 3,000 Japanese who live on the Atlantic seaboard are expressed in the document, according to H. Kashiwagi, President of the Nippon Club. The message was cabled to the new Cabinet which has just come into office, the leading Chambers of Commerce of Japan and the Japanese-American association as well as the Kokusai, a news service to the leading newspapers. Special dispatches were sent to the Asahi and the Mainichi, newspapers with offices in both Tokio and Osaka; the Ji Ji Shimpo, and the Kokumin of Tokio.

A dependable specialist gives the greatest values

Flint's Fine Furniture



A GIFT

that any bride will prize

No new home ever had too much furniture; and in combining good looks with real utility, no single piece can quite match the good old Governor Winthrop desk. For the lucky bride that gets one, the task of writing "thank you" is made a pleasant task indeed.

This desk of solid mahogany, equipped with self-extending lid supports, is a splendid value at $95. Many other good gifts are here, some as low as $10.

FLINT & HORNER CO., INC.
20-26 WEST 36TH STREET
A few yards from Fifth Avenue

Is it better to leave my property outright —*or in trust?*

THAT depends upon your own particular situation. If those for whom you must provide are not thoroughly experienced in the handling of business and financial affairs, a trust is better.

By creating a trust, you may have the principal kept intact and the income paid out as you direct. Or you may authorize payments from the principal under such circumstances as you desire. A trust runs for such a period within the law as you wish, after which the principal is distributed as you have dictated.

Your trustee attends to the investing of funds, as directed by you or according to law, the collection of income, the computing and filing of tax returns and all business and financial details involved in handling a trust.

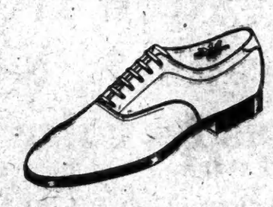
* * *

THIS is one of a series of answers to questions about your will and the property you leave. Complete answers to all these questions will be found in booklets obtainable free of charge at any of our offices.

Our officers are always glad to give personal information or advice. Irving Bank-Columbia Trust Company.

OFFICES—*Downtown:* 60 Broadway; 81 Fulton St.; Woolworth Bldg.; West Broadway at Chambers St.; Broadway at Eighth St. *Midtown:* Fifth Ave. at 32nd St.; Fifth Ave. at 34th St.; East 42nd St., opp. Grand Central; Park Avenue at 48th St. *Harlem and Bronx:* 125th St. at Seventh Ave.; Third Ave. at 148th St. *Brooklyn:* 350 Fulton St.; Flatbush Ave. at Linden Blvd.; New Utrecht Ave. at 53rd St.

FRENCH, SHRINER & URNER
MEN'S SHOES



COOL
—as well as comfortable.

The small, invisible "breathing holes" of the fine leathers used in making F. S. & U. shoes are not filled with foreign substances. They are left open.

That's why F. S. & U. shoes keep the feet so cool and comfortable in hot weather.

MANUFACTURERS OF MEN'S FINE SHOES FOR OVER 50 YEARS

BROOKLYN
397 Fulton Street

NEW YORK
1465 Broadway
1543 Broadway
565 Broadway
1360 Madison Ave.
1565 Broadway
131 West 42d St.

Superiority Built in — Not Rubbed On

New suits just arrived

A gray in the lava shade; a new parrot blue and a burr brown; soft, porous cheviot woolens tailored in the New York style by Hart Schaffner & Marx. The coats are plain, ventless—trousers wide cut.

$55

Hart Schaffner & Marx plus four knickers to match $11

Wallach Brothers

Broadway below Chambers
Broadway corner 29th
New York
*246-248 West 125th
*Third Avenue corner 122d
*Our Harlem stores open evenings

FINCHLEY
5 West 46th Street
NEW YORK

SPECIAL

SALE

IMPORTED GOLF HOSE
formerly $4.00 to $6.00
NOW $2.45
formerly $6.50 to $8.00
NOW $3.65

IMPORTED SWEATERS
formerly $8.50 to $10.00
NOW $7.35
formerly $14.00 to $20.00
NOW $11.65

PAJAMAS OF IMPORTED SILK
formerly $16.50
NOW $9.35

French Kid Biarritz Gloves 6-inch wrist

$3.25

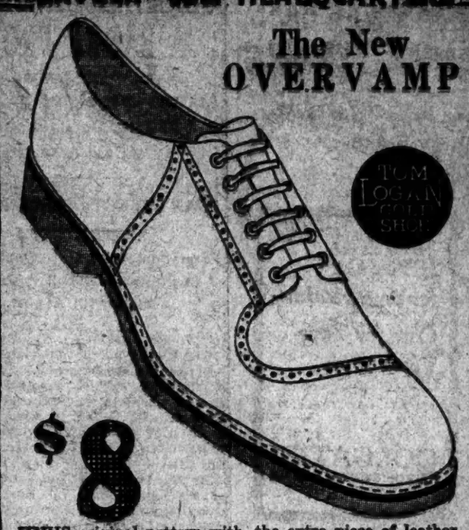
Beige, cocoa, grey, black & white
The World's Greatest Leather Stores
496—5th Ave—New York—178 B'way
Boston—168 Tremont Street
London—89 Regent Street

KRAFT CHEESE
In loaves
In tins

CADET Children's **STOCKINGS**
Absolutely Guaranteed
SOLD MOST EVERYWHERE

DAVEGA—GOLF HEADQUARTERS

The New OVERVAMP



$8

THIS original pattern with the extra piece of leather on the outside of the foot gives firmer grip, better balance and makes walking easier.

Bal or blucher, veal upper, pigskin lining and Tom Logan rubber sole. A shoe for all outdoors. With crepe sole, $8.50.

Davega Golf Shoe
Excellent quality. Tan upper with genuine crepe sole. Special value..... $6.85

SAVE AT
DAVEGA
United Sport Shops

18 Wall St.	831 Broadway	*111 E. 42d St.	*125 W. 125th St. *653 W. 181st St.
15 Cortlandt St.	306 Fourth Ave.	*1789 Broadway	*1011 So. Blvd.
28 John St.	102 W. 32d St.	*These Stores Open Evenings	

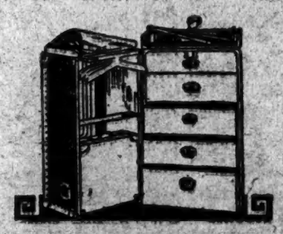
Today's Ounce of Prevention: Post's Bran Flakes with cream

Digestive waste must be thrown off regularly if you want to be strong and well. Keep fit and feel better; Eat Post's Bran Flakes. This delicious bran food gives the intestines bulk they need.

everybody, every day, eat *Post's bran flakes just as an *Ounce of Prevention

CHAS. W. WOLF
LUGGAGE

50 BROADWAY — Established 1863 — 17 DEY ST.
58 CORTLANDT ST. — 22 CORTLANDT ST. — 102 NASSAU ST.



For Your European Trip—

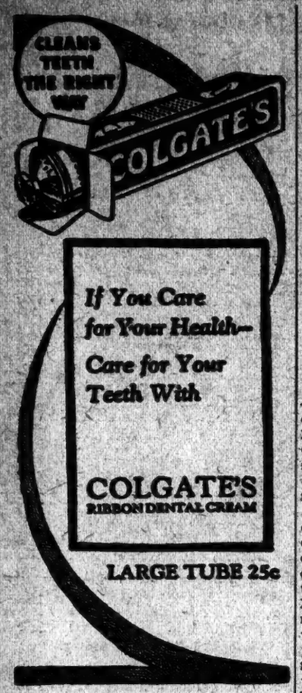
LUGGAGE

That Will Say:
"Here Comes an American!"

IN Europe, most people think that every American is a man of wealth. People there will surely have reason to think so, if they see you escorted by Luggage bought from Chas. W. Wolf. Much smarter and better than the prices would lead you to believe—

Steamer Trunks	$10 to $75
Dress Trunks	$15 to $85
Wardrobe Trunks	$25 to $250
Suit Cases	$10 to $100
Fitted Cases	$18 to $250
Travel Bags	$10 to $75
Fitted Travel Bags	$20 to $150

Featuring Hartmann, Mendel Drucker, Wheary-Burge, Oshkosh and Neverbreak Wardrobe Trunks



GERMANS PRESENT A SARRE PROTEST

Ask the League to End French Military Occupation of Coal Area.

FEAR EFFECT ON PLEBISCITE

Formation of Local Gendarmerie Suggested—Council Postpones Action Till August.

GENEVA, June 11 (Associated Press).—Germany has protested to the League of Nations against the presence of French troops in the Sarre Valley, the German coal region in which France received by the Treaty of Versailles the exclusive rights of coal mine exploitation for fifteen years.

Sir Eric Drummond, General Secretary of the League, laid the German note embodying this protest before the Council of the League at the opening session of that body today. Germany complains that the continued presence of the French forces will exercise an unfortunate moral influence upon the plebicite which will decide the future of the Sarre territory at the end of the fifteen-year period. The district is now under League of Nations administration. The plebiscite will decide whether there shall be maintenance of the rule set up by the Versailles treaty, union with France, or union with Germany.

The French argue, says the Berlin note, that it is the duty of the French troops to protect the coal mines as the property of France; but this, in the German view, is a violation of the Treaty of Versailles. Furthermore if the French Government is permitted to protect the French mines with French troops, Germany is equally entitled to claim, she argues, that the property of the German Reich and of the German State, to which the Sarre Basin belongs—namely, the railways, forests and administrative buildings—should be protected by German troops.

Germany requests that the French occupation be brought to an end, and that a local gendarmerie be constituted to take the place of the French forces in police duty. The note asks the Council to fix at once the date for the withdrawal of the French troops.

The Council today postponed consideration of the note until the August session, but it adopted a resolution expressing satisfaction with the Sarre Governing Commission for having increased the gendarmerie according to the wishes of the Council.

Measures were adopted by the Council for dealing with famine conditions in Albania and to assist in the fight against the international traffic in women and children.

SHOW KAISER HOSTILE TO ENGLISH ALLIANCE

Berlin Foreign Office Records on Negotiations of 1898 Are Now Published.

By T. R. YBARRA.

Copyright, 1924, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, June 11.—Evidence that England's willingness to make an alliance with Germany in 1898 was scornfully rejected by Germany, with Kaiser Wilhelm foremost among the Germans scorning it, is contained in Volume XIV. of the official German Foreign Office documents to be published the 25th of this month, advance sheets of which became available here today.

According to these documents, the German Ambassador in London, Count Hatzfeldt, found Joseph Chamberlain, the Colonial Minister, ready to enter into an alliance with Germany, but the Kaiser and Count von Bülow, then Foreign Minister, showed keen distrust of these advances, deeming it impossible that any alliance with Germany concluded by one British Government would not be upset by the Government succeeding it. The German Emperor and Premier had no fear that Great Britain, having been rebuffed by Germany, would form an alliance with France, since they felt sure England could not be a sincere ally of France while the latter was allied with Russia, England's rival in Asia.

Obsessed with this belief, Wilhelm and Bülow decided to refuse English suggestions of an alliance, yet, at the same time, to avoid an open break with England.

Especially interesting in this connection is a communication from Wilhelm to Bülow, dated April 10, 1898, containing this sentence:

"An honest understanding between England and France would in any event signify the end of the Russian-French union."

He added that Russia would be sure to notice England's friendly attitude toward Germany, to which Bülow appended the following cynical marginal note:

"That does not matter, provided the English cannot prove to the Russians nor the Russians to the English that we played a double game."

Incidentally, Hatzfeldt, to whom Chamberlain made his approaches with a view to forming a British alliance with Germany and who transmitted to Berlin Chamberlain's suggestions, was also partly responsible for the fact that the alliance was not concluded, according to the documents just published, since he added to Berlin's distrust for Chamberlain by stating that this veteran British statesman gave the impression, so far as foreign policy was concerned, of being "a naive beginner who consults only his personal vanity, and fails to realize fully the consequences of his actions and words."

The documents just published also imply that England continued her efforts to make an alliance with Germany until 1902. Then, finding no desire in Berlin to meet her half way, she turned her eyes toward France, with which country and Russia, she then formed the Entente Cordiale which proved imperial Germany's undoing.

Court Must Decide on Ukrainia.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTREAL, June 11.—Montreal courts will be asked to decide whether there is such a country as the "Ukrainian People's Republic," or whether that country is not merged with the union of Soviet Socialist republics. The matter arises because a man named M. M. Campbell has been selling passports at $5 a head in the name of the "Ukrainian People's Republic." Ukrainians in Montreal who wanted to get home on such passports were informed that the so-called republic had died in 1921, and that the Soviet was in charge.

CITY BREVITIES.

The Pilgrims of London are preparing for a dinner on July 21, in honor of the delegates from the American Bar Association who will be in London at that time. Among the speakers will be Secretary of State Charles E. Hughes and former Ambassador John W. Davis. The Duke of Connaught will preside. The Prince of Wales, Prime Minister and other Cabinet Ministers will attend.

The delegates who will represent the Advertising Club at the forthcoming London convention will be guests of honor at a dinner, June 26, at the club, 23 Park Avenue.

Governor William J. Fields of Kentucky has issued an invitation to natives of that State, wherever they may be, for a homecoming week, beginning June 16. Celebrations will be centred in Louisville.

Mr. and Mrs. William Randolph Hearst will give a reception and dance at the Ritz-Carlton June 26, for the members of the National Democratic Committee.

It's no young and tender growth —this vogue for blue.

Blue suits were both useful and smart when R. P. was young (perhaps also when Hector was a pup!) and through all these years there has been nothing better and nothing smarter for the summer wardrobe.

Naturally, the years bring improvements; besides the standby plain blue serges, there are blue grounds with hairline stripes, bluish gray mixtures—all sorts of interesting variations.

The latest trick is plain blue coats and vests with light gray flannel trousers.

The R. P. Blues invite you, $45 to $75.

Blue foulard neckwear with polka dots is the real thing with blue suits.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at Liberty | Broadway at Warren | Broadway at 13th St.
Herald Sq. at 35th St. | "Five Convenient Corners" | Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

Distinctly Unusual Residential Hotel

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Unfurnished Suites 2 and 3 Rooms

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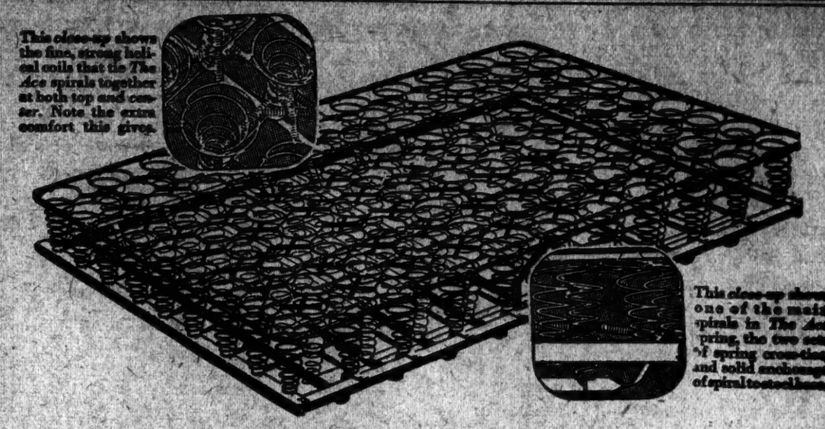

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M'QUILLAN'S ERROR HELPS BEAT GIANTS

Pirates, Aided by Pitcher's Bad Throw, Score All Their Runs in Sixth in 4-2 Victory.

MEADOWS IS IN RARE FORM

Champions Count Only on Homers by Young and Terry and Lose More Ground to Cubs.

Except for homers by Ross Young and Bill Terry, the Giants were mute and inglorious against the Pirates yesterday, running a bad second in a two-team race. The only way the champs could score off Lee Meadows was to sock the ball into the stands, but there were only two blows of this variety to stack up against the four runs acquired by the Corsairs in the course of a fast but uneventful game, which was won by the Pirates, 4 to 2.

The ring was drawn tighter around the defeated Giants, the Cubs winning while the Robins lost. Only a game separates the New York and Chicago entries. The Reds, who come here today, and the Dodgers are right on the heels of the two leaders. The victory of the Pirates gave them an even break for the series.

Hugh McQuillan, who is paid to throw with skill and accuracy from the box to the plate, couldn't make a toss of half this distance yesterday, and the weird chuck gave the Pirates most of their four runs in the sixth. McQuillan can stand sixty feet six inches from the plate and shave the corners as thinly as a butcher shaves ham, but when he was called upon to run Carson Bigbee down between third and the plate, the only thing he shaved was the left-field stand, which the ball grazed in transit after passing the outstretched mitt of Heinie Groh.

It was just one of those things. Walks to Carey and Wright and Bigbee's well-placed single to left filled the bases with none out in the sixth. On Cuyler's out by way of McQuillan, Groh and Kelly, Carey chased home, Bigbee going to third and Wright to second. The stage was now set for the fearful heave of Mr. McQuillan. Traynor hied sharply to the box and Bigbee was caught firmly in a trap between third and the plate. McQuillan ran over to drive him back to third, and having accomplished this design, turned to make the throw to the second base umpire, now, for McQuillan was already half way down the line, but in some mysterious manner he made a fearful hurl past Groh's feet and on to the fence beyond.

Two Score on Misplay.

Bigbee scored, and so did Wright, while Traynor, the cause of all the trouble, raced to third, where he was in a position to score on a squeeze play engineered by Rabbit Maranville. The Pirates might have got one more run, or a total of two, in the inning, but the chances were just as favorable that McQuillan would have got out with a one-run damage, barring his bad aim with his sawy arm.

With four runs of a start the Pirates were no easy team to beat. Not with Lee Meadows peering through his eyeglasses and doing the sharp-shooting he was doing yesterday. The bespectacled one was at the very top of his form, which means that his control and change of pace, his curve and slow ball were functioning in a way that kept the Giants in a steady state of subjection. Continuing the great work of recent games, Meadows didn't issue a single pass to first, and it is now something like forty-five innings since he has served a walk to a batter.

The Giants outhit the Pirates, seven to six, but that's all they did do. In every other respect Meadows was invincible.

McQuillan was taken out after the sixth, not because of his bad pitching—he had allowed only four hits—but because of his bad fielding. Bill Ryan was next in line and Ernest Maun the third in the succession. Ernest, who is now almost the official undertaker of the team, pitched only the ninth.

He was in there because of a mild flurry in the eighth which seemed to induce General Jennings to call for the services of a pinch hitter for Ryan. Snyder started off with a single to right, and Lindstrom, doing his daily dozen, was now the batter. Kelly batted for Ryan, and amid a great hussah, dropped a short fly in right, sending Lindstrom to second.

Meadows Stars in Pinch.

Here was the spot where Meadows did some really great pitching. Facing Young, Frisch and Southworth with men on second and first and none out, is not one of the most delightful assignments in the life of a twirler. But Meadows went through with it. Young hit a grounder to Maranville, which forced Baldwin, running for Kelly. Frisch hoisted a high but generally useless fly to Wright, and Meadows finished off the trio of sluggers by fanning Southworth on a fair and legitimate third swing.

After the Pirates had scored four in the sixth, Young with one out, lined a homer into the lower right field stand. The count was three and two and the pitch was away inside. If Young had let it go by, Meadows's walkless record would have been marred, and it would have been better for Meadows if it had been marred.

Terry took a leaf from the Young book in the ninth and wafted a short one into the left field stand. There was some doubt about this hit. The ball landed inside and rolled out, but from the stand it was impossible to tell whether it had hit inside or out. Terry stopped at second base, but Rigler and Moran had a weighty conference in the middle of the diamond and the master minds finally decided it was a legal home run. So Terry came on home, although he might as well have stayed out on second so far as it effected the final outcome.

The score:

PITTSBURGH (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	NEW YORK (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Carey,cf	3	1	1	1	0	Young,rf	4	1	1	1	0
Bigbee,lf	3	1	1	5	0	Frisch,2b	4	0	0	2	6
Wright,ss	3	1	0	3	3	S'worth,cf	4	0	1	3	0
Cuyler,rf	4	0	1	2	0	Wilson,cf	0	0	0	0	0
Traynor,3b	4	1	0	1	1	Terry,1b	4	1	1	15	0
M'Farlane,2b	3	0	1	1	3	Maranville,ss	4	0	0	1	1
Grimm,1b	4	0	1	11	0	Jackson,as	4	0	1	1	3
Gooch,c	4	0	1	5	0	Groh,3b	4	0	1	0	1
Meadows,p	4	0	0	0	3	Snyder,c	3	0	1	4	1
						aLindstrom	0	0	0	0	0
						Gowdy,c	0	0	0	0	0
						McQuillan,p	1	0	0	0	1
						bBentley	1	0	0	0	0
						Ryan,p	0	0	0	0	0
						cKelly	1	0	0	0	0
						dBaldwin	0	0	0	0	0
						Maun,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	31	4	6	27	13	Total	35	2	6	27	11

Errors—Pittsburgh 1 (Wright); New York 3 (McQuillan).
a Ran for Snyder in eighth.
b Batted for McQuillan in sixth.
c Batted for Ryan in eighth.
d Ran for Kelly in eighth.

Pittsburgh	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	4	
New York	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	

Two-base hits—Maranville, Carey. Home runs—Young, Terry. Sacrifice—Maranville. Double play—Frisch and Terry. Left on bases—New York 6, Pittsburgh 5. Bases on balls—Off McQuillan 2, Ryan 1, Meadows 3, Maun 1. Hits—Off McQuillan 4 in 6 innings, Ryan 2 in 2, Maun 0 in 1. Losing pitcher—McQuillan. Umpires—Rigler and Moran. Time of game—1:57.

BASEBALL

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Pittsburgh 4, New York 2.
Chicago 7, Brooklyn 2.
Philadelphia 7, Cincinnati 6. (Thirteen innings.)
St. Louis 7, Boston 4.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Detroit 7, New York 2.
Cleveland 8, Boston 4.
Chicago 10, Philadelphia 2.
Washington 13, St. Louis 1.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	30	19	.612
Chicago	29	20	.592
Brooklyn	28	21	.549
Cincinnati	25	23	.521
Boston	21	23	.477
Pittsburgh	22	25	.468
St. Louis	20	29	.408
Philadelphia	18	28	.364

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	35	19	.568
Boston	25	19	.568
Detroit	29	22	.569
St. Louis	22	24	.489
Washington	23	24	.478
Chicago	21	23	.477
Cleveland	20	24	.455
Philadelphia	12	27	.400

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Cincinnati at New York.
(Game starts at 3:30 P. M.)
St. Louis at Brooklyn.
(Game starts at 3:30 P. M.)
Chicago at Boston.
Pittsburgh at Philadelphia.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Detroit.
Boston at Cleveland.
Philadelphia at Chicago.
Washington at St. Louis.

RED SOX DEFEATED BY INDIANS, 5 TO 4

But Retain Tie for League Lead as Cleveland Wins Fifth Game in Row.

CLEVELAND, June 11.—The Indians won their fifth straight game here today by defeating the Boston Red Sox in the first game of the series, 5 to 4. However, the Red Sox remain in a tie for first place in the league, as the Yankees also were beaten.

The Indians got off to a four-run lead in the first inning, hitting Quinn hard, and the Red Sox were unable to catch up, as Cleveland put across another run in the fifth after Boston had threatened with a rally that netted two tallies. Quinn retired after six innings, making way for a pinch hitter, and Murray held the Indians hitless for the last two frames.

The score:

CLEVELAND (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	BOSTON (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
McNulty,rf	4	0	1	2	0	Collins,cf	5	0	3	3	0
Jamieson,lf	4	0	2	0	0	Wamb'sg,2b	5	0	1	3	1
Speaker,cf	4	0	0	4	0	Veach,lf	5	0	1	5	0
J. Sewell,ss	3	0	0	2	4	Harris,1b	5	0	1	6	0
Burns,1b	3	2	2	8	1	Boone,rf	4	0	0	1	0
Myatt,c	3	0	0	2	0	Ezzell,3b	3	1	1	1	1
Fewster,2b	4	1	1	2	1	O'Neill,c	3	1	2	7	1
Walters,2b	0	0	0	2	0	Lee,ss	4	1	1	3	4
Ellerbe,3b	2	1	0	2	3	Quinn,p	2	0	0	0	2
Shauts,p	2	0	1	1	2	Murray,p	0	0	0	0	1
Uhle,p	0	0	0	0	0	aFlagstead	1	0	1	0	0
						bPicinich	0	1	0	0	0
Total	31	5	10	27	11	Total	37	4	10	24	10

Errors—Cleveland 1 (Wambsganss, Quinn). Boston 2 (Fewster, Quinn).
a Batted for Quinn in seventh.
b Batted for Murray in ninth.

Cleveland	0	4	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	—5
Boston	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	1	0	—4

Two-base hits—Myatt 2, O'Neill. Three-base hits—Collins, Fewster. Stolen bases—Jamieson, Sacrifices—Jamieson, McNulty, Ellerbe. Double play—Sewell, Fewster and Burns. Left on bases—Boston 9, Cleveland 10. Bases on balls—Off Shauts 3, Quinn 4. Struck out—By Shauts 2, Murray 1. Hits—Off Quinn 10 in 6 innings, Murray 0 in 2, Shauts 10 in 8 2-3, Uhle 0 in 1-3. Hit by pitcher—By Quinn (Ellerbe). Winning pitcher—Shauts. Losing pitcher—Quinn. Umpires—Holmes and Owens. Time of game—2 hours.

PHILS WIN IN 13TH, 7-6.

Williams's Single Scores Two Runs and Cincinnati Loses.

PHILADELPHIA, June 11.—Cincinnati and Philadelphia battled for thirteen innings today before the Phillies beat the Reds in the last game of the series, 7 to 6. In the first half of the thirteenth inning Wingo sent the Reds into the lead with a home run drive. Then in the Phils half, with the bases filled and two out, Cy Williams singled, scoring Henline and Sand, winning the game.

The score:

PHILADELPHIA (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	CINCINNATI (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Sand,ss	5	3	1	4	10	Burns,rf	2	0	0	1	0
Harper,rf	4	1	2	3	0	Shorten,rf	4	0	3	1	0
Williams,cf	4	1	1	3	0	Walker,cf	5	0	2	1	0
Mokan,lf	4	0	0	2	0	Bressler,lb	6	0	0	14	0
Ford,2b	6	0	1	6	4	Duncan,lf	6	1	3	2	0
Holke,1b	6	0	1	12	1	Neale,lf	1	0	0	1	0
W'stone,3b	5	0	1	1	1	Pinelli,3b	4	0	1	2	1
Henline,c	4	1	2	3	6	Caveney,ss	5	1	2	3	3
Betts,p	3	1	1	1	2	Critz,2b	6	0	1	5	5
Couch,p	0	0	0	0	0	Wingo,c	6	3	2	5	2
Hubbell,p	2	0	0	0	0	Mays,p	2	0	0	0	4
aMitchell	1	0	0	0	0	May,p	0	0	0	0	0
						bRoush	1	0	1	0	0
						cDonohue	0	0	0	0	0
						Benton,p	0	0	0	0	0
						dFowler	1	0	0	0	0
						Sheehan,p	2	0	1	0	4
Total	49	7	13	39	20	Total	51	6	15	38	19

Errors—Philadelphia 2 (Holke, Wrightstone); Cincinnati 3 (Bressler, Duncan, Caveney).
"Two out when winning run was scored.
a Batted for Hubbell in thirteenth.
b Batted for May in eighth.
c Ran for Roush in eighth.
d Batted for Benton in ninth.

Philadelphia	1	0	1	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	2—7
Cincinnati	3	0	0	0	0	1	1	3	0	0	1—6

Two-base hits—Duncan, Harper, Ford, Williams, Sheehan. Three-base hit—Harper. Home runs—Wingo, Caveney. Stolen base—Sand. Sacrifices—Bressler, Harper. Double plays—Wingo and Caveney; Critz (unassisted); Sand, Ford and Holke; Sand and Holke; Henline and Wrightstone. Left on bases—Cincinnati 13, Philadelphia 12. Bases on balls—Off Mays 4, Sheehan 2, Betts 2, Hubbell 3. Struck out—By Mays, Betts 3, Hubbell 2. Hits—Off Mays 7 in 6 1-3 innings, May 0 to 2-3, Benton 0 in 1, Sheehan 6 in 5, Betts 6 in 7 1-3, Couch 3 in 1 1-3, Hubbell 6 in 4 1-3. Hit by pitcher—By Betts (Pinelli), by Benton (Wrightstone). Wild pitch—Mays. Winning pitcher—Hubbell. Losing pitcher—Sheehan. Umpires—Klem and Wilson. Time of game—2:25.

Caught at the Plate

Everybody was satisfied with a short and snappy game. It was cold enough for overcoats and the straw-hatted fans looked out of place, even if they didn't feel so.

Al Munro Elias, the desperate statistician, is not certain but he believes that the act of playing four and a half innings in thirty minutes is some kind of record.

Southworth made a sensational tumbling catch of Maranville's fly in the ninth and shook himself up so vigorously that before the Giants had left the field he was relieved by Hack Wilson. It is believed that Billy landed on Hack's shin rather than his face.

Babe Ruth's record fly in the 1922 world's series had nothing on the drive which Jackson sent out to Carey at the edge of the centrefield stand in the ninth. It started out as if it were going to hit the Grant monument.

They don't make better base runners than Carey. With perfect judgment and timing he stretched a single into a double in the seventh when Southworth was slow gathering in the hit.

The Giants looked as if they yearned to get home to dinner early.

The Reds today. McGraw may hang his hopes on Watson, who beat the Pirates Sunday.

TIGERS BEAT YANKS AND GAIN IN RACE

Whitehill Outpitches Bush as New York Team Loses by 7 to 2 in Detroit.

COBB MAKES THREE HITS

Perfect Day at Bat Includes Two Triples—Also Runs Bases Well and Scores Three Times.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., June 11.—The fighting Detroit Tigers gained valuable ground today on the twin leaders of the American League pennant scramble, the Yankees and Red Sox. The Red Sox were defeated by the Indians in Cleveland and the Yanks were bumbled by the Tigers here by the score of 7 to 2. Earl Whitehill's select brand of southpaw pitching and Manager Tyrus Raymond Cobb's solid slugging were the chief factors in giving the Detroit team the first game of a series that bids fair to change the occupant of the top place in Ban Johnson's League.

Whitehill allowed five hits and kept them beautifully scattered, not more than one bingle coming in any inning.

Ty Cobb, the triple threat man of the diamond, had a perfect day at the plate at Bullet Joe Bush's expense. Cobb made three hits, including two triples out of three times at bat, and walked once. He scored three runs and successfully executed two dust-raising slides.

Gaston Relieves Bush.

In the six innings he worked Bush allowed eight hits. Milton Gaston pitched the last two innings and not a hit was made off his delivery. Some day Gaston may rise to the status of starting a game himself.

Whitehill fanned Ruth the first time up and the Yank two passes. The Babe knocked a double in the eighth, but was left stranded by his mates. Joe Bush was the only Yank to make as many as two hits. His double in the third led to the Yank's first run.

The fielding features of the game, witnessed by a mid-week crowd of 18,000, was a running, back-handed catch of Bassler's short fly in the eighth by Ruth.

Manager Miller Huggins had nothing to say about the defeat of his athletes, merely looking sadly at Colonel Bill Pipp, father of First Baseman Wally Pipp. The senior Pipp dropped in today from Grand Rapids to witness his first game of the year. He has long been considered a Yankee jinx although there is no better friend of the club.

Cobb stepped out and got a run for his team in the first inning. Haney started by nearly scratching a single. His hard grounder bounced wide off Pipp's glove, but Mike McNally was backing up Wally and got the ball in time to throw to Bush at the bag for the put out. Ty bounced a hit against the left field scoore board and by good sprinting and a great slide made a triple out of it. Wingo walked, and while he was being forced at second by Manush, Cobb scored. Ruth ended the inning for the Tigers by running down into short centre and capturing Pratt's fly.

In the third the Yanks came through and tied it up. After Schang had rolled out to Rigney, Bush scored a home run by just about three feet, hitting the left field concrete wall near the top. The ball bounced far back and was easily fielded by Wingo, and Bush was held to a double. When Witt's grounder bounced into short centre out of Pratt's hands Bush sprinted home and Pratt was charged with an error.

Tigers Keep Scoring.

The Tigers scored again in the third. Whitehill fiddled around at the plate until he drew a pass. Haney hit sharply between McNally and Pipp for a single, Cobb walked, and the bases were full. Wingo hit to Pipp, who juggled the ball momentarily, but recovered in time to throw to Schang, forcing out Whitehill at the plate. Manush followed with a Texas League single, which fell just out of Scott's reach in short left, scoring Haney. Cobb scored on Pratt's sacrifice fly to McNally in short centre, beating Mike's throw to the plate by a stride.

The Yanks gained in the fourth. Ruth the first man up drew a pass and advanced to second while Haney was throwing out Meusel. The Babe then stole third, the decision being close and the Tigers protesting vigorously. Ruth trotted home easily when Pipp hit a long sacrifice fly to Cobb.

In the fifth the Tigers got another counter. With Haney out of the way, Cobb flashed a drive just inside the left field foul line. The ball rolled clear to the far corner of the lot and was good for a triple. With the Yank infield pulled in close Wingo bounded to McNally, who fumbled just long enough to prevent him nailing Cobb at the plate.

The Tigers put the game on ice in the sixth. Pratt began by scratching a single to the hot corner, only to be forced by Rigney. Blue singled over second and Bassler doubled to left and two runs counted. Bush continued to waver and walked Whitehill. Haney fanned, but Bush could not get by Cobb, who singled to left for his third hit, sending Bassler home. Dugan snatched Wingo's liner and that was all, but it was an plenty.

The score:

DETROIT (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	NEW YORK (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Haney,3b	5	1	1	4	0	Witt,cf	3	0	0	0	0
Cobb,cf	3	3	3	4	0	Dugan,3b	4	1	2	2	2
Wingo,lf	3	0	0	2	0	Ruth,lf	2	1	1	3	0
Manush,rf	4	0	1	0	0	Meusel,rf	4	0	0	0	0
Pratt,2b	4	0	1	4	4	Pipp,1b	4	0	0	11	0
Rigney,ss	4	1	0	4	7	McNalley,2b	4	0	1	3	5
Blue,1b	3	1	1	10	0	Scott,ss	4	0	0	3	4
Bassler,c	4	1	2	1	1	Schang,c	2	0	0	3	0
Whitehill,p	2	0	0	0	2	Ehmans,c	1	0	0	1	0
						Bush,p	3	1	2	1	2
						Gaston,p	0	0	0	0	0
						aCombs	0	0	0	0	0
Total	30	7	8	27	14	Total	29	2	5	24	14

Errors—Detroit 1 (Pratt); New York 0.
a Batted for Schang in seventh.

Detroit	1	0	2	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	—7
New York	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	—2

Two-base hits—Dugan, Bush, Ruth, Bassler. Three-base hits—Cobb (3). Stolen base—Ruth. Sacrifices—Pipp, Pratt. Double plays—Scott, McNally and Pipp; Rigney, Pratt and Blue; Whitehill, Pratt and Blue. Left on bases—New York 6, Detroit 6. Bases on balls—Off Bush 6, Gaston 1, Whitehill 5. Struck out—By Bush 1, Whitehill 1. Hits—Off Bush 8 in 5 innings, Gaston 0 in 2. Losing pitcher—Bush. Umpires—Ormsby, Hildebrand and Evans. Time of game—2:13.

WHITE SOX BAT TO VICTORY.

Continue Hitting Spree to Beat Athletics in Series Opener, 10-2.

CHICAGO, June 11.—Heimach and Hasty failed to stop the White Sox batting spree today and the Athletics lost the first game of the series, 10 to 2.

The score:

CHICAGO (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	PHILADELPHIA (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Archd'c'n,cf	3	2	2	3	0	Dykes,2b	4	0	0	2	4
Collins,2b	4	2	3	2	3	Rigney,2b	3	0	0	2	4
Mostil,rf	4	1	2	3	0	Welsh,rf	4	0	1	0	0
Sheely,1b	4	1	1	6	1	Hauser,1b	4	0	1	13	0
Falk,lf	3	0	0	4	0	Simmons,lf	4	1	1	1	0
Kamm,ss	3	0	1	1	2	Strand,cf	3	0	1	2	0
Barrett,as	4	2	2	6	2	Galloway,ss	3	1	1	1	2
Schalk,c	3	0	0	1	0	Perkins,c	2	0	0	12	0
Crouse,c	0	0	0	0	0	Bruggy,c	1	0	1	2	0
Lyons,p	3	1	1	0	1	Heimach,p	2	0	0	0	2
						Hasty,p	1	0	0	0	1
Total	33	10	10	27	9	Total	31	2	6	24	11

Errors—Chicago 0, Philadelphia 3 (Dykes 2, Bruggy).

Chicago	1	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	4	1	—10
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	—2

Two-base hits—Sheely, Collins, Barrett. Stolen base—Sheely. Sacrifices—Falk (2), Archdeacon. Double play—Lyons, Barrett and Sheely. Left on bases—Philadelphia 8, Chicago 10. Bases on balls—Off Heimach 3, Hasty 0, Lyons 1. Struck out—By Heimach 1, Hasty 1, Lyons 3. Hits—Off Heimach 5 in 5 innings, Hasty 5 in 3. Hit by pitcher—By Hasty (Archdeacon). Wild pitch—Hasty. Balk—Heimach. Losing pitcher—Heimach. Umpires—Moriarty, Nallin and Rowland. Time of game—1:56.

COLLEGE BASEBALL RESULTS.

Dartmouth 8, Harvard 4.
Princeton 10, Maine University 3.
Holy Cross 12, Boston College 0.

Baseball Today: Polo Grounds, 3:30, Giants vs. Cincinnati; Ebbets Field, 3:30, St. Louis at Brooklyn.

ALEXANDER BEATS THE ROBINS, 7 TO 2

Veteran Hurler Turns in His Ninth Victory of the Season for the Cubs.

GRIMES DRIVEN FROM BOX

Decatur, Who Replaces Him, Yields Homer to Hartnett With Man on Base and Chicago Clinches Game.

The one thing wrong with the Chicago Cubs is that they have only one Alexander. The one they have pitched against the Robins at Ebbets Field yesterday, and that being known, all that remains to be told is how much he won by. The score was 7 to 2. Had the grand old man of the mound received perfect support it would have been 7 to 0. What Alex needed yesterday was a few more ball teams to conquer. The pennant-chasing Robins scarcely gave him an adequate afternoon's exercise. In the picturesque parlance of the turf, he won breezing. Time beats the best of them in the end, but thirty-seven years have not been enough to slow up the big fellow's fast ball, or to blunt the corners of his sharp-breaking curve. Yesterday's victory was his ninth in ten starts and he pitched it with as little concern and strain as if he had been serving the ball up in batting practice. That he did not issue a pass was no cause for surprise. Bases on balls off Alex are just as rare as perfect days have been this June.

The Robins scored off him in the first and third. Andy High, who got three of the Brooklyn team's seven hits, opened the home-half of the first inning with a single to right. Jimmy Johnston forced him at second, but Wheat bounded the luckiest sort of a hit over Cotter's head and Johnston slipped around to third. He scored from there on the double steal when Grantham's return to Hartnett was too high. If Hartnett had been content to let Wheat go to second unmolested the Robins would not have scored, for on the next pitch Wheat flied to Heathcote for the third out.

But the Hartnett-Alexander combination has much to recommend it. Youth and experience are combined. Hartnett has all the enthusiasm of a schoolboy and Alexander that wisdom that comes only with the years. Gabby worked harder yesterday telling Aleck how well he was pitching than the older man did in actually performing the task. Everything that Alexander threw was a strike with Hartnett and once Umpire Quigley had to walk around in front of the plate and warn him that he would call the balls and strikes and all Hartnett would have to do would be to catch them. That failed to dim Gabby's enthusiasm in the least. He kept right on diving at foul tips and low throws, getting hit and hurt a half-dozen times for his trouble. When it was over he was bruised and battered but happy, and the Cubs were as proud of him that they actually tried to carry him off the field like college boys.

Hartnett's most tangible contribution to the game was a home-run into the left field bleachers which scored Heathcote ahead of him. The hit was made off Decatur, who relieved Burleigh Grimes in the seventh with the bases full and only one out and escaped without being scored on in that frame. Besides those two runs the Cubs got three in the fourth on four singles and a base on balls and two in the first on Statz's single, a passed ball, Grantham's triple and Cotter's smash to centre. But the run-making was not the really interesting thing about this game, no matter how necessary it might have been. It was the pitching that counted—Alexander's pitching.

The score:

CHICAGO (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	BROOKLYN (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Statz,rf	5	1	1	4	0	High,2b,as	4	1	3	6	2
Hollocher,ss	5	0	0	2	4	Johnston,ss	3	1	1	3	1
Grantham,2b	5	1	2	2	3	Wheat,lf	4	0	2	2	0
Cotter,1b	4	0	2	7	1	Wheat,lf	4	0	2	5	0
Friberg,3b	5	1	1	2	7	Fournier,1b	4	0	0	6	0
Grigsby,lf	4	1	1	4	0	Stock,3b	4	0	1	0	0
H'cote,cf	4	0	0	2	0	Taylor,c	4	0	0	2	0
Hartnett,c	4	1	3	4	0	Griffith,rf	4	0	0	2	0
Alexander,p	4	0	1	1	4	Taylor,c	4	0	0	2	4
						Grimes,p	2	0	0	0	2
						Decatur,p	1	0	0	0	1
Total	39	7	13	27	11	Total	35	2	7	27	11

Errors—Chicago 2 (Grantham, Cotter). Brooklyn 3 (High, Johnston, Wheat).

Chicago	2	0	0	0	3	2	0	0	0	0	—7
Brooklyn	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2

Two-base hits—Friberg, High. Three-base hits—Grantham, Heathcote. Home run—Hartnett. Stolen bases—Johnston, Wheat. Left on bases—Chicago 7, Brooklyn 6. Bases on balls—Off Grimes 3, Decatur 1, Alexander 1. Struck out—By Grimes 1, Alexander 5. Hits—Off Grimes in 6 1-3 innings, Decatur 2 in 2 2-3. Passed ball—Taylor. Losing pitcher—Grimes. Umpires—Quigley, Pfirman and O'Day. Time of game—1:49.

CARDS BEAT BRAVES, 7-3.

Pound Benton and Yeargin to Close Series With Victory.

BOSTON, June 11.—Extra-base hitting by St. Louis and fielding lapses by Boston gave the Cardinals a 7 to 3 victory over the Braves today in the last game of their series.

The Cards pounded Benton in the first three innings for three tallies and hammered Yeargin for four runs in the ninth after Padgett's error with a double play in sight. Delaney, although hit freely, held the Braves in check when hits meant runs.

The score:

ST. LOUIS (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	BOSTON (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Flack,rf	5	1	2	1	0	Bancroft,ss	5	1	1	2	5
Feigan,2b	5	0	1	3	3	Sperber,rf	5	0	1	2	0
Hornsby,2b	4	1	2	2	2	Cun'gham,lf	4	0	2	2	0
Bottomly,1b	3	1	0	12	0	McInnis,1b	4	0	0	13	0
Mueller,cf	5	1	2	1	1	Padgett,2b	4	0	2	5	4
Douthit,lf	5	0	1	2	0	Fewster,cf	4	0	0	2	0
Gonzales,c	5	0	1	3	0	R.Smith,3b	4	2	2	0	3
Cooney,ss	3	0	0	2	5	E.Smith,c	3	0	1	2	1
Delaney,p	5	0	2	0	2	Benton,p	0	0	0	0	1
						aWagner	1	0	0	0	0
						Yeargin,p	2	0	1	0	0
						bTierney	1	0	1	0	0
Total	44	7	12	27	13	Total	37	3	11	27	14

Errors—St. Louis 0, Boston 2 (Bancroft, Padgett).
a Batted for Benton in third.
b Batted for Yeargin in ninth.

St. Louis	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	—7
Boston	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	—2

Two-base hits—Hornsby, R. Smith, Sperber. Three-base hits—Flack, Padgett, Hornsby. Stolen base—Bancroft. Sacrifice—Yeigan (2), Cooney. Double plays—Mueller and Gonsales; R. Smith, Padgett and McInnis. Left on bases—St. Louis 11, Boston 9. Bases on balls—Off Benton 1, Yeargin 2, Delaney 2. Struck out—By Benton 1, Delaney 1. Hits—Off Benton 8 in 3 innings, Yeargin 6 in 6. Passed ball—F. Smith. Losing pitcher—Benton. Umpires—Hart, Sweeney and McCormick. Time of game—2:05.

BROWNS BOW TO SENATORS.

Washington Drives Shocker From Box, Winning by 12 to 1.

ST. LOUIS, June 11.—Urban Shocker, the Browns' pitching ace, was batted out of the box by the Washington Senators today and St. Louis lost the first game of the series, 12 to 1.

The score:

| WASHINGTON (A.) |

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COURT ST., At Montague, BROOKLYN

DRIGGS AND WHITE TIE FOR MET. MEDAL

Each Has Total of 157 for 36-Hole Qualifying Test for Title at Lido.

WALKER IS THIRD IN LIST

Richmond County Golfer 4 Strokes Behind Leaders—Players Find Course Hard on Scores.

PAR FOR THE COURSE.

Hole.	Yds.	Par.	Hole.	Yds.	Par.
1	394	4	10	414	4
2	421	4	11	408	4
3	175	3	12	433	4
4	466	5	13	316	4
5	379	4	14	148	3
6	493	5	15	404	4
7	469	5	16	206	3
			17	563	5
Total	3,877	37	18	424	4
			Total	3,816	36

Grand total—6,693 yards, par 72.

Special to The New York Times.

LONG BEACH, L. I., June 11.—Jess Sweetser and Frank W. Dyer, respective holders of the metropolitan amateur golf championship in 1922 and 1923, who remained out of this year's district championship event, the last mentioned because his entry was refused, can thank their lucky stars for their good fortune. When the qualifying round of the 1924 event was finished at the Lido Country Club late tonight, there were quite a number of their kind who expressed the wish that they had only possessed Sweetser's and Dyer's form sight.

In the first place the day was raw, a fine November day, and in the second place Lido was Lido. That is to say it was the same cantankerous course of old, a great test of golf but a ruiner of dispositions, hopes and aspirations.

Notwithstanding the ill-temepered weather conditions, however, several of the ninety golfers who sallied forth in the thirty-six hole qualifying test acquitted themselves with honor and distinction. A generous quantity of 80's were broken during the double-round sortie and breaking 80 at Lido is the equivalent of a 70 elsewhere, or regarded as such, and something with which to burden grandchildren's ears years hence.

Two worthy linksmen broke 80 on each round and as a result were left deadlocked for the qualifying medal. They were E. H. Driggs Jr. former Princeton football star who, since taking up the royal and ancient game, has gained numerous titles, holding the New York State amateur crown at the moment, and Gardiner W. White, who captured the metropolitan title when the event was held at Garden City in 1921. Driggs had a 78 and a 79 to show for his day's labors, while White had an 80 and a 77, the last of these two scores being the lowest mark made by any of the talent during the day. Three others boasted of that achievement at the finish of the two rounds.

What kind of golf left quite a gap between them and their nearest rivals for the medal. The next one after them on the list was A. Lucien Walker Jr. of Richmond County, former Intercollegiate champion.

Garrity Finishes Strong.

The former Columbia ace has dropped almost out of sight since taking up his banking duties, but his shot-making ability is almost as good as ever. He turned in two consistent rounds today, getting an 81 in the morning and shearing off a stroke in the afternoon for a total of 161. Immediately after him came H. K. Kerr of Garden City Golf and H. V. Garrity of Asbury Park. The latter, after an 85 to start with, got the hang of Lido in the afternoon and peeled off a brilliant 77.

Henry McAleenan of Winged Foot started the day with a 77, but finished it with an 86, to tie with W. M. Reekie of Upper Montclair at 163. In the next division, a step below, came R. A. Jones Jr. of Westchester Hills, the district junior champion, and Oswald Kirkby of Englewood, several-time metropolitan champion. Findlay S. Douglas, President of the M. G. A., a Scot for whom Lido brings the same feelings as a bit of heather, occupied the 165 division all alone. Winner of the national amateur crown as far back as 1898 and the met. title three years later, Douglas demonstrated that, after all, the shot's the thing. He was 86 for his first round but clipped seven strokes off that score in the second turn, giving him a total of 165 for tenth place.

There were seven tied for the next place with totals of 166, among them Rokuro Akahoshi, the leading Japanese candidate for golf honors up to date, and G. I. Lawyer of Grassy Sprain, recent winner of the Westchester County amateur title. Others finishing with like totals were Grant A. Peacock of Cherry Valley, runner-up to White in 1921; two Lido representatives, Harry Scharff and Tom Sherman, and H. W. Howe Jr. of Mount Kisco. The seventh member was D. V. T. Williams of Grassy Sprain, an English golfer, who is likely to make his presence felt in district matters. He recently defeated Dick Jones in the Westchester amateur. His scores today were 84 and 82.

In the trio tied at 167 were H. P. Bingham of Piping Rock, the Long Island amateur titleholder, J. F. Riddell of Cherry Valley and L. Livingston of Garden City Country. Following Dr. R. R. Lauckner Jr. of Upper Montclair and J. A. Fuller of Richmond County, who had totals of 168, came J. N. Stearns Jr., 1923 Long Island champion, who was on the danger line at the end of the morning round, when his card totaled 88. He turned in an 81 in the afternoon, however, giving him a total of 169, which, as it turned out, was four strokes away from the dividing line between the first thirty-two and the second sixteen.

Three Tie for Last Place.

Between Stearns and the 173s, two of whom are to be set down early tomorrow morning since there is only place for one in the championship division, are eight players. One of them is Howard Maxwell Jr. of Nassau, former Long Island champion, who laid out for himself a hard uphill battle when he required 90 strokes in the opening round. He cut 10 strokes off in the afternoon, for a total of 170. Others at that figure were Don M. Parker, Ashbel Green Jr., W. F. Ladd and W. L. Richard. Donald Carr of Siwanoy followed with a 171 and A. W. Biggs and O. S. Redfield with 172. Among the three who will play off the solitary remaining place in the championship sixteen are D. H. McAlpin 2d, J. P. Geddes and L. M. Lloyd who needed a 90 for his final trip and considered himself extremely lucky even to get into a play-off.

The first round of match play tomorrow morning is filled from top to bottom with combats that should be productive of exceptionally thrilling golf. The championship flight will get off at 9:30 o'clock, with the combatants arranged as follows:

Upper Half—Walker vs. Kirkby, Kerr vs. Lawyer, Maxwell vs. Redfield, Akahoshi vs. White Sherman vs. Stearns, Fuller vs. Lauckner, Driggs vs. Bingham, Richard vs. Peacock.

Lower Half—Williams vs. Reekie, Livingston vs. Parker, Green vs. Carr, Ladd vs. Howe, Riddell vs. winner in play-off, Scharff vs. Biggs, McAleenan vs. Douglas, Garrity vs. Jones.

Among the notables who lost out were J. S. Worthington of Siwanoy, former English international star; H. J. Topping of Greenwich, ex-North and South title-holder; J. E. Hale of Upper Montclair, one-time runner-up for the metropolitan title; E. C. Van Vleck of Garden City Golf, Frank H. Hoyt of Engineers, Allan F. Poinsette, Donald McKellar of North Hempstead, former runner-up in the Long Island championship; Donald Romann of Plainfield, 1923 national interscholastic champion.

White Has Ten Pars in Row.

White, whose showing in the Long Island championship was considerable of a disappointment to many, although not to himself, played exceptionally fine golf throughout the morning and afternoon rounds and particularly in the afternoon when he was hitting up a 78 pace until he struck the 404-yard fifteenth hole where he took a 6, two over par. After the third hole on his second round at which he took three putts, just as he did at the hole previous, he registered a birdie 4 at the channel hole and then reeled off ten consecutive pars. He had a fine drive starting to the fifteenth but undercluibbed himself on his second shot, attempting to get home with a midiron and failing. His ball was buried in a trap and he took two more strokes to reach the green, finally sinking a six-footer for his 6. He then proceeded to squander a stroke at the sixteenth and another at the home hole where he was in the rough off the tee. In the morning round he had a generous allotment of 5s and 6s but also two birdies in succession, one at the thirteenth where he sank a ten-foot putt downhill and another at the fourteenth where his tee shot left him only eighteen inches away from the hole. He was hitting the ball well off the tees and playing excellent golf generally as his card shows.

Except for a rough patch beginning with the tenth hole in the afternoon round, during which he had four 5s, one after another, Driggs played almost spotless golf for his 157 total. He was only over 5 on two holes, both of them par 5 affairs, his other figures being 5s, 4s and 3s—no "deuces" to help him. His errors were mostly minor ones on the putting greens and he had only one missed drive during the two rounds.

The cards of the leaders:

Morning Round.

Out—										
White	6	4	4	4	6	6	3	5	5	—42
Driggs	5	6	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	—41
In—										
White	5	4	4	3	2	5	4	6	5	—38—80
Driggs	5	5	4	4	3	2	5	6	5	—37—78

Afternoon Round.

Out—										
White	4	5	4	4	4	5	5	5	4	—39
Driggs	5	3	4	4	5	5	5	4	4	—39
In—										
White	4	4	4	3	6	4	5	5	5	—39—77
Driggs	5	4	5	5	3	4	4	5	4	—40—79

The scores:

The summaries:

CHAMPIONSHIP DIVISION.

E. H. Driggs, Cherry Valley	78	79	157
Gardiner W. White, Nassau	80	77	157
A. L. Walker Jr., Richmond Co.	81	80	161
H. K. Kerr, Garden City Golf	83	78	161
H. V. Garrity, Asbury Park	85	77	162
Henry McAllenan, Winged Foot	77	86	163
W. M. Reekie, Upper Montclair	80	83	163
Oswald Kirkby, Englewood	84	80	164
R. A. Jones Jr., Westch'r Hills	79	85	164
F. S. Douglas, Apawanis	86	79	165
Harry Scharff, Lido	86	80	166
T. M. Sherman, Lido	84	82	166
Grant A. Peacock, Cherry Valley	81	85	166
H. W. Howe Jr., Mt. Kisco	83	83	166
George I. Lawyer, Grassy Sprain	79	87	166
D. V. T. Williams, Grassy Sprain	84	82	166
Rokuro Akahoshi, Springdale	83	83	166
Louis Livingston, Garden City	82	85	167
H. P. Bingham, Piping Rock	84	83	167
J. F. Riddell Jr., Cherry Valley	80	87	167
J. A. Fuller, Richmond County	84	84	168
R. R. Lauchner Jr., Upper Montclair	83	85	168
John N. Stearns Jr., Piping Rock	88	81	169
Howard M. Maxwell Jr., Nassau	90	80	170
Dr. M. Parker, Garden City Golf	81	89	170
A. Green, Bedford	77	93	170
W. F. Ladd, Rockaway Hunting	86	85	171
W. L. Richard, Engineers	85	87	172
Donald Carr, Siwanoy	89	82	171
A. W. Biggs, Cherry Valley	84	88	172
O. S. Redfield, Greenwich	91	81	172
*D. H. McAlpin 2d, Morris County	85	88	173
*L. M. Lloyd, Greenwich	83	90	173
*J. B. Geddes, Scarsdale	91	82	173

*Tied for two places.

OTHER SCORES.

A. C. Giles, Wee Burn	89	85	174
J. Geoghegan, Garden City Country	96	88	174
J. S. Worthington, Siwanoy	91	84	175
G. T. Brokaw, Garden City Golf	86	89	175
L. B. Foxman, North Jersey	88	89	177
J. E. Hale, Upper Montclair	87	90	177
W. Akerman, Plainfield	88	89	177
D. Delaney, Montclair	97	80	177
D. G. Herring, Springdale	94	84	178
C. E. VanVleck, Garden City G.	89	89	178
E. L. Beard, Oakland	88	91	179
C. W. Timpson, Rockaway Hunt	91	88	179
E. W. Nash, Rockaway Hunting	88	92	180
A. F. Poinsette, N. Y. Newspaper	91	89	180
F. H. Hoyt, Engineers	88	93	181
D. Romann, Plainfield	96	86	182
D. McKellar, North Hempstead	92	90	182
M. E. Kaseche, Winged Foot	90	92	182
J. R. Monroe, Canoe Brook	89	94	183
H. W. Shaffer, Piping Rock	97	97	194
C. P. Easton, Rockaway Hunting	91	94	185
C. W. O'Connor, Essex County	96	90	186
Dr. A. T. Haight, Lido	98	96	192
C. E. Ziegler, Engineers	95	97	192
Major H. W. Fiet, Gov. Island	100	96	196
Dr. A. S. Morrow, Lido	99	102	201

MISS MAXWELL'S 86 BREAKS COURSE MARK

Hartford Star Beats Mrs. Lawlor in Connecticut Golf—Miss Warner Wins.

Special to The New York Times.

HARTFORD, Conn., June 11—Miss Priscilla Maxwell of Rockville, representing the Hartford Golf Club, broke the course record this afternoon with 86 and won her second round match from Mrs. M. J. Lawlor of Waterbury, 4 and 3, in the Connecticut Women's Golf Tournament.

Miss Birch Warner of New Haven defeated Mrs. H. A. Martelle of Hartford on the home green and Mrs. C. H. Porter of New Haven won from Mrs. G. L. Austin of Hartford yesterday's medalist, 1 up at the twentieth hole. In the semi-finals tomorrow forenoon Miss Marion Bennett, a school girl from New Britain, representing Shuttle Meadow will meet Miss Maxwell and Mrs. Porter and Miss Warner are paired.

Miss Warner won the driving contest with a total yardage of 539 and Mrs. A. R. Ellis of Hartford won the approaching and putting contest.

The summaries:

First Eight—Miss M. Bennett, Shuttle Meadow, defeated Mrs. C. C. Elwell Jr., New Haven, 4 and 3; Miss Priscilla Maxwell, Hartford, defeated Mrs. M. J. Lawlor, Waterbury, 4 and 3; Mrs. C. H. Porter, New Haven, defeated Mrs. G. L. Austin, Hartford, 1 up (20 holes); Miss Birch Warner, New Haven, defeated Mrs. H. A. Martelle, Hartford, 1 up.

Second Eight—Mrs. G. C. Seeley, New Haven, defeated Miss Elizabeth Way, Hartford, 4 and 2; Mrs. Robert K. Smith, Hartford, defeated Miss Lucy Smith, Waterbury, 4 and 3; Mrs. A. R. Ellis, Hartford, defeated Mrs. C. Bennett, Shuttle Meadow, 1 up; Mrs. J. Owsley, New Haven, defeated Mrs. Stephen Whitney, New Haven, 9 up.

SOUTHERN ASSOCIATION.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

At New Orleans.

	R.	H.	E.
New Orleans	4	6	1
Memphis	2	7	1

Batteries—Mitchell and Kohlbecker; Cavet and Dowie.

At Birmingham.

	R.	H.	E.
Nashville	6	7	0
Birmingham	2	5	1

Batteries—Morris and Mackey; Olsen and Robertson.

At Atlanta.

	R.	H.	E.
Atlanta	4	11	1
Chattanooga	1	9	1

Batteries—Dumont and Haworth; Hankins and D. Anderson.

At Mobile.

FIRST GAME.

	R.	H.	E.
Little Rock	8	6	0
Mobile	3	7	2

Richbourg and Lapan; Long and Devormer.

SECOND GAME.

	R.	H.	E.
Little Rock	1	5	1
Mobile	0	4	1

Batteries—Roberts and Smith; Wiltse and Devormer.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Memphis	26	11	.679	Mobile	17	23	.425
New Orleans	24	23	.511	Birmingham	23	23	.442
Nashville	26	22	.542	Little Rock	21	21	.500
Atlanta	20	20	.545	Chattan'ga	16	26	.381

FRENCH IS VICTOR IN JERSEY TENNIS

Reaches Semi-Final Round in Title Tourney by Defeating Kirkland, 6-3, 6-4.

DOUBLES CHAMPIONS LOSE

Van Ryn and Appel Triumph Over Steinkampf and French in Second-Round Match, 4-6, 6-3, 6-4.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., June 11.—L. Gwynne French of the Montclair Athletic Club reached the semi-final round of the New Jersey State lawn tennis championship this afternoon when he defeated Mason T. Kirkland on the courts of the Montclair A. C. in the fifth round. Kirkland, who eliminated Anton Von Bernuth, the defending titleholder, on Monday and went through an exhausting match with Frank Seller yesterday, was a bit stale today and was eliminated in two sets at 6—3, 6—4. All the brackets were filled in the round before the semi-final before play ended around 8 o'clock.

Percy L. Kynaston of Rockville Centre, the ranking player in the tournament, was carried to three sets by Edward C. Oelsner of the home club before he was able to gain his place in the round before the semi-final. Kynaston took the first set in easy fashion, winning six games in a row, but Oelsner developed a strong back-court attack in the second set and the match developed into a bitter back-court duel that taxed the strength of the two men to the utmost. Kynaston's clever backhand placements across court and his dogged court covering pulled him through at 6—0, 2—6, 6—3. He will meet Fritz Mercur of Lehigh tomorrow. Paul Martin and Ralph M. De Mott, who played their fourth round matches yesterday, will meet tomorrow to determine the occupant of the fourth semi-final bracket.

The doubles championship also developed into a tournament without titleholders when John Van Ryn and Kenneth Appel of East Orange, runners-up for the national junior indoor title, defeated L. Henry Steinkampf and French, winners of the championship last year, in the second round.

It was the first appearance of the titleholders in the tourney as they drew a bye in the first round. They waged a desperate battle to remain in the running and it was only after three long sets had been played that they submitted at 4—6, 6—3, 6—4. The match lasted well over two hours and by the time it came to an end it was hardly possible to see the ball. The brilliancy of the young East Orange players and the net brought them through to victory. Both Appel, who holds the junior indoor title, and Van Ryn outdid themselves at the barrier. The real battle was waged in the final set. All four players were badly spent by the time it began. Van Ryn and Appel finally broke through after a nip-and-tuck battle and took the set and match.

The summaries:

Singles—Fourth Round—J. G. Hall defeated Fred Powers, 8—6, 6—1; Percy L. Kynaston defeated Edward C. Oelsner, 6—0, 3—6, 6—3.

Fifth Round—L. Gwynne French defeated Mason T. Kirkland, 6—3, 6—4.

Doubles, First Round—William Fischer and Horace Orser defeated Mason Kirkland and George Thorne, 6—3, 3—6, 6—4; Percy L. Kynaston and Edward Feibleman defeated R. A. Cook and J. A. Wright, 6—0, 6—1; Dr. William Rosenbaum and Charles Anderson defeated R. H. Long and C. W. Warner, 6—3, 6—1.

Second Round—John Van Ryn and Kenneth Appel defeated J. Henry Steinkampf and L. Gwynne French, 4—6, 6—3, 6—4; Donald Morehead and R. J. Schenck defeated W. B. Spencer and Frank MacWatty, 6—2, 4—6, 6—4; Anton S. Von Bernuth and Hugh Ogden defeated C. Oelsner and Allen Behr, 7—5, 6—2; Dr. Rosenbaum and Anderson defeated Carl Gray and Wallace Howe, 4—6, 6—6, 6—2; Philip and Ludlow Vandeventer defeated Leonard W. Knox and Carl N. Jolliffe, 6—3, 1—6, 6—2; Lindsay Dunham and R. F. Pearson defeated E. C. Hinck Jr. and E. P. Merrick 2d, 6—3, 6—4.

Third Round—Philip and Ludlow Vandeventer defeated Dunham and Pearson, 6—4, 6—3.

CONKLIN VICTOR AT GOLF.

Hamilton and Other New Yorkers Win in Advertising Men's Play.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, W. Va., June 11.—The advertising men taking part in the golf tournament here who will go into the championship flight of the semi-finals tomorrow, having won their matches in the first flight today, are Ensign Conklin, William Hamilton, Neil Becker and Charles Hart, all of New York. Conklin defeated William Campbell of Detroit; Hamilton defeated Arthur Hull of New York; Becker defeated Moseley Taylor of Boston, and Hart defeated Gene Nixon of New York.

The results in the second flight were: Clare Maxwell defeated W. F. Tibbott of Boston; W. E. Conklin defeated J. Block of Charleston, W. Va.; Urban Dice defeated N. J. Peabody of Boston; Ralph Treier defeated Walter Smedley of Philadelphia.

In the defeated eights division D. L. Hedges defeated Montague Lee; Guy Bolte defeated R. C. Wilson; J. R. Lenfestey of Chicago defeated Walter Jenkins. Frank Soule of Chicago, W. S. Simmons of Cleveland and A. D. Lewis also won their matches. The second round of the women's tournament was postponed until tomorrow.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

At Indianapolis.

	R.	H.	E.
St. Paul	5	11	1
Indianapolis	3	6	1

Batteries—Holtzhauser, Merritt and Dixon; Fitzsimmons, Eller and Krueger.

At Louisville.

FIRST GAME.

	R.	H.	E.
Louisville	4	13	0
Minneapolis	3	14	3

(Thirteen innings.)

Batteries—Holley, Estell, DeBerry and Meyer; Harris, Mangum and Mayer.

SECOND GAME.

	R.	H.	E.
Louisville	6	9	0
Minneapolis	5	8	2

Batteries—Koob and Brottem; Lynch, See and Grabowski.

At Columbus.

	R.	H.	E.
Columbus	8	12	0
Milwaukee	7	10	4

Batteries—Ambrose, Palmero, Faulk and Urban; Schaack and Young.

At Toledo.

	R.	H.	E.
Toledo	5	11	0
Kansas City	0	6	1

Batteries—Glard and Gaston; Zinn and Billings.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
St. Paul	34	16	.654	Columbus	23	25	.479
Louisville	26	18	.591	Minneapolis	23	23	.440
Indianapolis	26	21	.553	Milwaukee	16	28	.381
Kan. City	24	26	.480	Toledo	13	27	.400

PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

At Los Angeles.

	R.	H.	E.
Los Angeles	7	13	2
San Francisco	6	11	0

Batteries—Payne and Jenkins; Shea and Yelle.

At Portland.

	R.	H.	E.
Seattle	9	14	1
Portland	6	10	1

Batteries—Dell and Baldwin; Eckert and Cochrane.

At Sacramento.

	R.	H.	E.
Sacramento	3	6	2
Salt Lake	1	4	1

Batteries—Hall and Schang; Kallio and Cook.

At Oakland.

	R.	H.	E.
Oakland	2	4	3
Vernon	1	4	3

Batteries—Boehler and Read; Sellers and Whitney.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
San Fran.	43	24	.642	Los Angeles	30	35	.462
Seattle	38	25	.603	Salt Lake	29	35	.453
Vernon	33	32	.508	Portland	29	36	.446
Sacramento	30	34	.469	Oakland	27	36	.415

England Beats South Africa In Davis Cup Tie by 4 to 1

SCARBOROUGH, England, June 11 (Associated Press).—By winning both Davis Cup singles today, Great Britain beat South Africa four matches to one in the third round of European competition for the tennis trophy and will meet the winner of the France-India match which will be played in Paris next week. In today's play J. D. P. Wheatley defeated Ivie Richardson of South Africa 6-3, 6-4, 6-4, and J. J. Gilbert won from R. D. B. Spence 6-4, 6-1, 6-1.

MISS BALLIN GAINS IN WOMEN'S TENNIS

Reaches Semi-Finals With Miss Sheldon in Tourney at Apawamis Club.

Special to The New York Times.

RYE, N. Y., June 11.—Miss Florence Balin of the West Side Tennis Club and Miss Florence Sheldon of New York reached the semi-final round of the annual invitation lawn tennis tournament for women at the Apawamis Club today. Miss Ballin defeated Miss Gertrude Hopper of Englewood, N. J., in the fourth round at 6—0, 6—3. Miss Sheldon gained an unexpected victory over Mrs. L. C. Beaupré, the champion of Quebec, in the hardest fought match of the day at 6—1, 5—7, 6—1. Mrs. Robert Le Roy of New York, New Jersey titleholder, reached the round before the semi-final and will play Mrs. Theodora Sohst tomorrow morning. The winner of this match will meet Miss Ballin in the upper semi-final bracket. Mrs. Le Roy's victory today was gained over Mrs. J. O. Blanchard at 6—1, 6—2. The occupant of the fourth semi-final bracket will be decided tomorrow when Miss Mayme MacDonald, national clay court champion, plays Mrs. H. Stuart Green.

Play in the women's doubles was brought down to the semi-final round, with three teams advancing to this round. In the upper half Mrs. Edward T. Raymond and Mrs. F. M. Welty advanced and will be opposed to Mrs. Green and Mrs. Alfred E. Thurber, who gained their semi-final bracket on Monday. In the lower half the surviving teams are Miss MacDonald and Mrs. Samuel Waring and Miss Margaret Kidder and Miss Gertrude Hopper. Miss MacDonald and Mrs. Waring met the stiffest sort of opposition from Mrs. Marshall McLean and Mrs. George Chapman in the third round after defeating Mrs. William H. Pritchard and Mrs. Gordon B. Hirsch in the second in quick fashion at 6—1, 6—4. Their second match was the feature of the afternoon's play and was watched by a large gallery. After three interesting sets Miss MacDonald and Mrs. Waring won at 6—3, 2—6, 6—6.

The match between Miss Sheldon and Mrs. Beaupré was two hours in being played. It was a back court engagement in which both women showed the ability to hit the ball hard and yet keep it within the confines of the court and out of the net. Miss Sheldon's stroke never went better than they did in the opening set. She stroked the ball with all the power she could muster, getting great depth on her shots and changing direction so often that Mrs. Beaupré was hard pressed in keeping within striking distance of the ball.

In the second set Miss Sheldon continued to play good tennis but with not the same results as in the first. Her shots did not carry quite as much pace as they had at the outset and Mrs. Beaupré was given more time to get to the ball with the result that she was able to time her strokes better and made fewer errors. The two women went along on even terms without more than a game's difference between them until Mrs. Beaupré finally broke through in the eleventh and then made her service effective to take the set. Miss Sheldon won the third set comparatively easy; Mrs. Beaupré was tiring and not getting to the ball so quickly, allowing shots to go for points that she contested at the outset.

The summaries:

Singles—Third Round—Mrs. Robert Le Roy defeated Mrs. J. O. Blanchard, 6—1, 6—2. Fourth Round—Miss Florence Ballin defeated Miss Gertrude Hopper, 6—0, 6—3; Miss Florence Sheldon defeated Mrs. L. C. Beaupre, 6—1, 5—7, 6—1.

Doubles—Second Round—Miss Mayme MacDonald and Mrs. Samuel H. Waring defeated Mrs. William H. Pritchard and Mrs. Gordon B. Hirsch, 6—1, 6—2.

Third Round—Mrs. Edward T. Raymond and Mrs. Frank Welty defeated Mrs. G. B. Stanwix and Mrs. Albert W. Humphries, 6—2, 6—1; Miss MacDonald and Mrs. Waring defeated Mrs. Marshall McLean and Mrs. George Chapman, 6—3, 2—6, 6—3; Miss Margaret Kidder and Miss Gertrude Hopper defeated Mrs. G. B. de Gersdorff and Mrs. J. O. Blanchard, 7—5, 7—5.

U. S. GOLF STARS SAIL.

Sarazen, Hagen, Farrell and Espinosa Leave for British Open.

Gene Sarazen, Walter Hagen, Johnny Farrell and Al Espinosa sailed yesterday on the Mauretania, bound for England, where they will join Long Jim Barnes and Macdonald Smith in an attempt to bring the British open championship back to American shores for the third time in four years. All four expressed themselves as satisfied that the American expedition had sufficient strength this year to do the trick that Jock Hutchison did in 1921 and Hagen in 1922.

DUNDEE TO BOX SULLIVAN.

Will Defend His Junior Title at Nostrand A. C. June 19.

Johnny Dundee, world's featherweight champion and holder of the 130-pound championship belt, will defend his junior lightweight laurels in a ten-round bout against the rugged Kid Sullivan of Brooklyn on the night of June 19 at the Nostrand A. C., Brooklyn. This bout was arranged last night at a meeting of the National Sports Alliance in the Hotel Claridge, and will serve as the feature attraction on the boxing program to be conducted for the purpose of raising money for the National Sports Alliance Relief Fund.

SET CANADIAN SWIM MARKS.

Vernot and Fravel Show Speed in Olympic Trials at Winnipeg.

WINNIPEG, June 11.—Two new Canadian swimming records were established by Montreal swimmers in the Olympic swimming trials and Dominion championships here last night, according to an announcement today.

George Vernot of Montreal made one by swimming the one mile free style event in 25 minutes, 13 1-5 seconds, and Paul Fravel of the Montreal Amateur Athletic Association set a new mark for the 100-yard back-stroke with a time of 1 minute, 17 4-5 seconds.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

At Wichita.

	R.	H.	E.
Omaha	9	15	1
Wichita	4	12	0

Batteries—Lee and Wilder; Havlik and McMullen.

At Oklahoma City.

	R.	H.	E.
Oklahoma City	7	11	3
Denver	6	11	3

Batteries—Songer, Allen and Fitzpatrick; Brown, Williams, Voorhies and Roche.

At St. Joseph.

	R.	H.	E.
St. Joseph	9	12	0
Lincoln	4	10	3

Batteries—Love and Brooks; Dudley and Conkey.

At Tulsa.

	R.	H.	E.
Tulsa	7	9	1
Des Moines	6	10	2

Batteries—Tesar, Brinsda and Crosby; Eng, Stokes, Wilson and Wheat.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Denver	26	11	.673	Omaha	20	24	.520
Tulsa	31	22	.585	Okla. City	27	25	.519
St. Joseph	25	20	.528	Lincoln	17	30	.362
Wichita	25	24	.520	Des Moines	14	26	.350

TILDEN IS VICTOR IN HARTFORD PLAY

Advances in New England Tourney—Vanquishes Doubles Team Single-Handed.

LANG DEFEATS BASSFORD

Columbia Star Wins in Straight Sets—Emerson Loses to Snider—Jones Triumphs.

Special to The New York Times.

HARTFORD, Conn., June 11. — Some splendid tennis was uncovered in the third round of the New England tennis tournament this afternoon at the Hartford Golf Club despite a chilling wind which swept across the courts.

Captain Arnold Jones of the Yale tennis team won from Leland Wiley of Hartford after three hard sets; Sam Snider of Hartford battled to victory over Gerald Merson of New York, 1—6, 8—6, 6—3; Francis W. Cole of Hartford took a set from Nathaniel Niles of Boston, who triumphed 6—1, 3—6, 6—0, and Jerry Lang of Columbia University triumphed over Henry H. Bassford of New York, 6—0, 6—2.

William T. Tilden, national champion, advanced by defeating T. E. Hapgood of Hartford and then put on a show for the gallery by playing a set against both Hyde and Wiley of Hartford, former New England doubles champions, and defeating them, 7—5.

One of the surprises of the day was the doubles defeat of Hyde and Wiley by Leighton and Jackson of New Haven, and another thriller was the three-set victory of Davenport and Osgood of Springfield over the father and son combination of A. H. Chapin Sr. and A. H. Chapin Jr. of Springfield.

The summaries:

Doubles, Second Round—Nathaniel Niles, Boston, defeated R. C. Leighton, New Haven, 6—1, 6—1.

Third Round—William T. Tilden, Philadelphia, defeated T. E. Hapgood, Hartford, 6—2, 6—1; Arnold Jones, Yale, defeated Leland Wiley, Hartford, 7—5, 9—7; A. H. Chapin Jr., Springfield, defeated H. L. Hopkins, New Haven, 6—3, 5—6, 6—4; Samuel Snider, Hartford, defeated Gerald Emerson, New York, 1—6, 8—6, 6—3; Nathaniel Niles, Boston, defeated Francis W. Cole, Hartford, 6—1, 3—6, 6—0; Jerry Lang, New York, defeated H. H. Bassford, New York, 6—0, 6—2; H. L. Bowman, New York, defeated Richard H. Cole, Hartford, 9—7, 6—4; F. E. Hyde, Hartford, defeated F. Wals, Hartford, 6—2, 6—4.

Doubles, Second Round—Tilden and Jones won from Roberts and partner by default; Davenport and Osgood, Springfield, defeated Chapin and Chapin, Springfield, 3—6, 6—4, 6—2; Bowman and Bassford, New York, defeated B. M. and M. B. Grant, Atlanta, 7—5, 6—2; R. and A. L. Hopkins, New Haven, defeated Thurston and Swain, Hartford, 7—5, 9—7; Leighton and Jackson, New Haven, defeated Hyde and Wiley, Hartford, 6—3, 6—3; Snider and Merriam, Hartford, defeated Snow and Bennett, Springfield, 6—3, 8—10, 6—2; Hardy and Lang, New York, won from Smith and Maloney by default; Whitlock and Emerson, New York, won from Morris and Stadel by default.

PERRY ADAIR DEFEATED.

Defending Champion Loses to Wenzler in Southern Golf Play.

Special to The New York Times.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., June 11.—Perry Adair of Atlanta, defending champion, went down to defeat before Jack Wenzler, young Memphis golfer, in the first round of the South amateur golf tournament here today over the course of the Louisville Country Club. Wenzler won by 2 up. Another sensational performance was turned in when John Bachman of Rome

OSBORNE CAPTURES DECATHLON TRYOUT

All-Around Star Sets American Record in Retaining National A. A. U. Title.

SCORES 7,377.38 POINTS

Triumphs Over Nineteen Rivals—Norton Second, Frieda Third and Anderson Fourth.

Harold M. Osborne, crack all-around athlete of the Illinois A. C., created a new American record yesterday in retaining his national decathlon title and insuring himself a berth on the American Olympic team in the annual title test which served as the final Olympic tryout in this event at South Field. The Tri-color wearer emerged from the test which was held in morning and afternoon session, with the victorious score of 7,377.38 points, shattering the previous American record of 7,351.89 points, which he made when he won the title last year. The listed world's record for the event is 7,481.09 points, made by Alex Klumberg, Esthonian athlete, two years ago at Finland.

In retaining his title Osborne demonstrated that he still is the peer of the country's decathlon athletes. He outscored nineteen rivals for the title, leading fourteen contenders who survived the full test. Emerson Norton, Georgetown University's star athlete, was runner-up and another athlete to insure a berth on the Olympic team. Norton finished second with 7,023.94 points. Harry G. Frieda, University of Chicago, was third with 6,842.58 points, and Otto K. Anderson, University of Southern California, was fourth with 6,636.02 points.

In the ten-event test, of which five events were held in the morning and a similar number in the afternoon, Osborne accounted for three victories, finished third in two events, fourth in two others, and also earned a sixth and seventh place. In the other event, the 100-meter dash, in which the tricolor wearer was weakest, Osborne finished in a tie for eleventh position.

It was announced by officials of the American Olympic Committee that four competitors will be selected as representatives of America in this event in the Olympic Games on the basis of yesterday's competition. The selections, however, will not be officially announced until Saturday night, when the Olympic Team Selection Committee meets in the Boston A. A. following the final track and field tryouts at Cambridge.

The competitors were:

Herman Bagby, Arkansas University; Harry G. Frieda, University of Chicago; Otto K. Anderson, University of Southern California; Robert Lee Hyatt Jr., Harvard University; Joseph Shevlin, Savage School; Anthony J. Plansky, Georgetown University; James Shearer, Drake University; Emerson Norton, Georgetown University; Erwin R. Trantow, Illinois A. C., Chicago; T. Rector, Stanford University; Charles Lewis, Los Angeles A. C.; Harold M. Osborne, Illinois A. C., Chicago; S. Harrison Thomson, Princeton University; Walter A. Bowers, unattached, Chicago; John R. Thompson, Hendrix College; Francis H. Byrd, United States Naval Academy; William Krupp, Swedish-American A. C.; William Leiteritz, Pittsfield Boat Club, and Horace L. Bender, Gettysburg College.

The summaries:

Morning Events.

100-Meter Dash—Won by Bagby, time, 0:11 2-10, 507.20 points; Frieda, 0:11 3-10, 485.40 points; Anderson, 0:11 3-10, 485.40 points, and Hyatt, 0:11 3-10, 485.40 points, tied for second; Shevlin, 0:11½, 785.80 points, fifth; Plansky, 0:11 3-5, 762 points, sixth; Shearer, 0:11 7-10, 758.20 points, seventh; Norton, 0:11 4-5, 714.40 points, Trantow, 0:11 4-5, 714.40 points, and Rector, 0:11 4-5, 714.40 points, tied for eighth; Lewis, 0:11 9-10, 690.60 points, and Osborne, 0:11 9-10, 690.60 points, tied for eleventh; Thomson, 0:12, 666.80 points, Bowers, 0:12, 666.80 points, and Thompson, 0:12, 666.80 points, tied for thirteenth; Byrd, 0:12 1-5, 619.20 points, and Krupp, 0:12 1-5, 619.20 points, tied for sixteenth; Leiteritz, 0:12 2-5, 571.60 points, eighteenth; Bender, 0:12, 476.40 points, nineteenth.

Running Broad Jump—Won by Osborne, 6.91 meters, 831.85 points; Anderson, 6.74 meters, 798.20 points, second; Hyatt, 6.69 meters, 777.05 points, and Shevlin, 6.69 meters, 777.5 points, tied for third; Thompson, 6.65 meters, 767.25 points, fifth; Lewis, 6.59 meters, 752.55 points, sixth; Bagby, 6.50 meters, 730.50 points, seventh; Trantow, 6.49 meters, 728.05 points, eighth; Frieda, 6.43 meters, 713.35 points, ninth; Shearer, 6.41 meters, 708.45 points, tenth; Norton, 6.25 meters, 669.25 points, eleventh; Plansky, 6.23 meters, 664.35 points, twelfth; Thomson, 6.14 meters, 642.30 points, thirteenth; Byrd, 6.13 meters, 637.40 points, fourteenth; Krupp, 5.95 meters, 595.75 points, fifteenth; Leiteritz, 5.79 meters, 556.55 points, sixteenth; Rector, 5.75 meters, 546.75 points, seventeenth; Bowers, 5.48 meters, 490.60 points, eighteenth.

Putting 16-Pound Shot—Won by Norton, 14.13 meters, 879 points; Plansky, 13.96 meters, 777 points, second; Lewis, 12.88 meters, 754 points, third; Thomson, 12.01 meters, 667 points, fourth; Shearer, 11.80 meters, 646 points, fifth; Osborne, 11.76 meters, 642 points, sixth; Bagby, 11.74 meters, 640 points, seventh; Anderson, 11.64 meters, 630 points, eighth; Thompson, 11.49 meters, 615 points, ninth; Hyatt, 11.31 meters, 587 points, tenth; Frieda, 11.13 meters, 584 points, eleventh; Byrd, 10.74 meters, 540 points, twelfth; Trantow, 10.45 meters, 521 points, thirteenth; Shevlin, 9.99 meters, 485 points, fourteenth; Rector, 9.53 meters, 419 points, fifteenth; Krupp, 9.34 meters, 400 points, sixteenth; Leiteritz, 8.44 meters, 310 points, seventeenth; Bowers, 8.20 meters, 295 points, eighteenth.

Running High Jump—Won by Osborne, 1.88 meters, 937 points; Thompson, 1.78 meters, 799 points, second; Thomson, 1.73 meters, 720 points; Byrd, 1.73 meters, 720 points, and Shevlin, 1.73 meters, 720 points, tied for third; Norton, 1.68 meters, 650 points; Trantow, 1.68 meters, 650 points; Hyatt, 1.68 meters, 650 points, and Bowers, 1.68 meters, 650 points, tied for sixth; Frieda, 1.625 meters, 573 points; Bagby, 1.625 meters, 573 points; Anderson, 1.625 meters, 573 points, and Lewis, 1.625 meters, 573 points, tied for tenth; Plansky, 1.575 meters, 503 points, and Krupp, 1.575 meters, 503 points, tied for fourteenth; Shearer, 1.50 meters, 398 points, and Rector, 1.50 meters, 398 points, tied for sixteenth; Leiteritz, 1.42 meters, 286 points, eighteenth.

400-Meter Run—Won by Bagby, 0:50 4-10, 917.28 points; Anderson, 0:51, 894.72 points, second; Bowers, 0:51 8-10, 864.64 points, third; Osborne, 0:53 9-10, 785.68 points, fourth; Frieda, 0:54 6-10, 760.36 points, and Plansky, 0:54 6-10, 759.36 points, tied for fifth; Norton, 0:54 8-10, 751.84 points, and Trantow, 0:54 8-10, 751.84 points, tied for seventh; Thomson, 0:54 9-10, 745.08 points, and Shevlin, 0:54 9-10, 745.08 points, tied for ninth; Lewis, 0:55, 744.32 points, eleventh; Byrd, 0:55 3-10, 733.04 points, twelfth; Thomson, 0:55 6-10, 721.76 points, thirteenth; Rector, 0:56 2-10, 699.20 points, fourteenth; Hyatt, 0:56 8-10, 676.64 points, fifteenth; Leiteritz, 0:57 4-10, 654.08 points, sixteenth; Krupp, 0:57 4-10, 654.08 points, seventeenth; Shearer, 0:57 8-10, 639.04 points, eighteenth.

Afternoon Events.

110-Meter Hurdles—Won by Osborne, 0:15 8-10, 924 points; Thomson, 0:16 1-10, 895.50 points, second; Anderson, 0:16 2-10, 866 points, third; Norton, 0:16 6-10, 848 points, fourth; Bagby, 0:17 1-10, 801.50 points, fifth; Bowers, 0:17 2-10, 791 points, sixth; Shearer, 0:17 8-10, 724.50 points, seventh; Shevlin, 0:18, 715 points, eighth; Trantow, 0:18 2-10, 696 points, ninth; Plansky, 0:18 6-10, 658 points, tenth; Lewis, 0:19 1-10, 610.50 points, eleventh; Byrd, 0:19 3-10, 591.50 points, twelfth; Hyatt, 0:19 8-10, 544 points, thirteenth; Frieda, 0:19 9-10, 534.50 points, and Krupp, 0:19 9-10, 534.50 points, tied for fourteenth; Leiteritz, 0:20, 525 points, sixteenth; Rector, 0:20 6-10, 486 points, seventeenth; Thompson, 0:20 8-10, 449 points, eighteenth.

Throwing the Discus—Won by Norton, 39.96 meters, 800.50 points; Frieda, 37.58 meters, 708.99 points, second; Plansky, 37.34 meters, 700.04 points, third; Osborne, 35.75 meters, 640.59 points, fourth; Lewis, 35.28 meters, 622.66 points, fifth; Thompson, 35.15 meters, 617.72 points, sixth; Osborne, 34.22 meters, 507.56 points, seventh; Anderson, 33.47 meters, 553.88 points, eighth; Trantow, 32.20 meters, 505.62 points, ninth; Hyatt, 31.98 meters, 493.46 points, tenth; Shearer, 31.37 meters, 470.32 points, eleventh; Byrd, 29.71 meters, 411 points, twelfth; Shevlin, 29.27 meters, 394.29 points, thirteenth; Bagby, 27.50 meters, 321.70 points, fourteenth; Bowers, 26.72 meters, 297.40 points, fifteenth; Krupp, 25.45 meters, 246.36 points, sixteenth; Leiteritz, 23.63 meters, 181.78 points, seventeenth; Rector, 23.70 meters, 144.63 points, eighteenth.

Pole Vault—Norton, 3.50 meters, 737 points, and Lewis, 3.50 meters, 737 points, tied for first; Frieda, 3.35 meters, 651.70 points, Osborne, 3.35 meters, 651.70 points, tied for third; Thomson, 3.20 meters, 590 points, fifth; Thompson, 3.05 meters, 530.70 points, Bagby, 3.05 meters, 530.70 points, and Plansky, 3.05 meters, 530.70 points, tied for sixth; Shevlin, 2.90 meters, 483 points, Byrd, 2.90 meters, 483 points, Hyatt, 2.90 meters, 483 points, tied for ninth; Anderson, 2.75 meters, 327.70 points, thirteenth; Trantow, 2.50 meters, 221.86 points, and Leiteritz, 2.50 meters, 221.86 points, tied for fourteenth; Shearer, 2.44 meters, 165.16 points, Bowers, 2.44 meters, 165.16 points, and Krupp, 2.44 meters, 165.16 points, tied for nineteenth.

Throwing the Javelin—Won by Frieda, 53.90 meters, 894.75 points; Plansky, 48.50 meters, 805.50 points, second; Osborne, 47.07 meters, 630.01 points, third; Thompson, 47.27 meters, 621.42 points, fourth; Trantow, 46.43 meters, 598.06 points, fifth; Shearer, 46 meters, 560 points, sixth; Bagby, 44.84 meters, 555.50 points, seventh; Lewis, 43.41 meters, 516.27 points, eighth; Norton, 43.34 meters, 514.35 points, ninth; Anderson, 39.43 meters, 406.22 points, tenth; Hyatt, 39.40 meters, 406 points, eleventh; Krupp, 38.80 meters, 389.50 points, twelfth; Byrd, 37.54 meters, 346.60 points, thirteenth; Thomson, 37.30 meters, 343.50 points, fourteenth; Shevlin, 36.15 meters, 289.12 points, fifteenth; Leiteritz, 33.40 meters, 247 points, sixteenth; Bowers, 33.06 meters, 235.05 points, seventeenth; Rector, 31.25 meters, 181.87 points, eighteenth.

1,500-Meter Run—Won by Bagby, 4:29 2-10, 746.20 points; Anderson, 4:40 1-10, 740.80 points, second; Osborne, 4:40, 636.80 points, third; Frieda, 4:50 2-10, 670.60 points, fourth; Bowers, 4:50 8-10, 677.20 points, fifth; Shevlin, 4:52, 668.80 points, sixth; Thomson, 4:56 1-10, 644.20 points, seventh; Plansky, 4:56 6-10, 635.20 points, eighth; Trantow, 5:02 2-10, 608.80 points, ninth; Thompson, 5:02 8-10, 607 points, tenth; Krupp, 5:04 2-10, 595.60 points, eleventh; Lewis, 5:04 4-10, 594.40 points, twelfth; Byrd, 5:04 9-10, 590.20 points, thirteenth; Rector, 5:22 1-10, 488.20 points, fourteenth; Norton, 5:30 2-10, 469.60 points, fifteenth.

Point Score.

Osborne 7,377.38 points, Norton 7,023.94, Frieda 6,842.58, Anderson 6,636.02, Bagby 6,632.57, Lewis 6,615.30, Plansky 6,610.15, Thomson 6,564.90, Thompson 6,345.63, Shevlin 6,998.13, Trantow 5,994.62, Byrd 5,621.44, Krupp 4,705.15, Bowers 5,119.41, Rector 4,493.04.

Enchantment in Fast Move As Preparation for Brooklyn

Candidates for the Brooklyn Handicap, which will feature the opening of the Summer meeting of the Queens County Jockey Club at the Aqueduct race course on Saturday afternoon, worked at Belmont Park yesterday. Outside of those taking part in the Centreport Handicap, the most interesting move was that of H. P. Whitney's Enchantment, which went the mile and a furlong, the Brooklyn distance, in 1:52 3-5 in the afternoon. Zev and old Mad Hatter of the Rancocas Stable forces worked in the morning. Sam Hildreth sending them a mile and a quarter in 2:07. They are ready for the big race.

Mr. Mutt, which ran second to Mad Play in the Belmont, was sent a mile and a furlong in 1:53. Dunlin covered the same distance in 1:53 2-5. Aga Khan went a mile in 1:44.

A. SPENCER IS VICTOR IN 2-MILE BIKE RACE

Beats Piani and Goullet on Newark Track—Fenn, Olympic Star, Is Honored.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., June 11.—Arthur Spencer defeated Alfred Goullet and Orlando Piani in two out of three heats of a two-mile paced match race at the Velodrome here tonight. Spencer won the first heat. The second heat was the best of the night, Goullet winning by inches, just nipping Piani at the tape with Spencer third. The third heat saw Spencer win the race by outsprinting Goullet and Piani to the tape in that order.

Willie Fenn, amateur champion of America, who will represent the United States in the Olympic Games, made his final appearance in Newark before sailing for France. Fenn was honored with a life membership to the Bay View Wheelmen. The fans gave Fenn an ovation.

The summaries:

Half-Mile Novice (Amateur)—Won by Joseph Oakes, Arlington; Carl Zirkel, Bay View Wheelmen, second. Time—1:06 2-5.

Two-Thirds-Mile Handicap (Amateur)—Won by Frank Keller, West Hoboken (80 yards); Peter Kletz, Chicago (110 yards), second; Anthony Schneider, Bay View Wheelmen (80 yards), third; Albert Bernhardt, Bay View Wheelmen (55 yards), fourth; Norman Hill, San Jose (40 yards), fifth. Time—1:16 4-5.

Half-Mile Handicap (Professional)—Won by Charles Osterriter, Newark (65 yards); Fred Weber, Newark (45 yards), second; Harry Kaiser, Bronx (85 yards), third; James P. Cobert, Newark (55 yards), fourth; Willie Grimm, Newark (20 yards), fifth; Carl Hambacher, Bloomfield (50 yards), sixth; Les Smith, Australia (45 yards), seventh. Time—0:54 1-5.

Miss-and-Out Invitation (Professional)—Won by Fred Hill, Boston; Anthony Young, Newark, second; Les Smith, Australia, third; Dave Landa, Newark, fourth; William Coburn, Kearny, fifth. Time—5:31. Distance—Two miles four laps.

Two-Mile Open (Amateur)—Won by Gus Merkel, Unione Sportiva Italiana; Norman Hill, San Jose, second; Louis Benezatti, Unione Sportiva Italiana, third; William Fenn Jr., Bay View Wheelmen, fourth; William Heinsberg, North Hudson Wheelmen, fifth. Time—4:18 2-5.

Five-Mile Open (Professional)—Won by Alfred Grenda, Tasmania; Charles Jaeger, Newark, second; Alex McBeath, Australia, third; Alfred Goullet, Newark, fourth; Harry Horan, Newark, fifth; Cecil Walker, Australia, sixth; Clifford Papworth, Australia, seventh. Time—10:00 3-5.

Two-Mile Match Race (Professional)—Arthur Spencer, Newark; Alfred Goullet, Newark; Orlando Piani, Italy. Won by Spencer. Goullet second, Piani third. First heat—Won by Spencer, Goullet second; time, 4:44 4-5; last eighth mile, 0:12. Second heat—Won by Goullet, Piani second; time, 4:33 1-5; last eighth mile, 0:12. Third heat—Won by Spencer, Goullet second; time, 4:38 4-5; last eighth mile, 0:12.

Twenty-Mile Motor-Paced Race (Professional)—George Chapman, Newark, paced by Jimmie Hunter, Newark; Vincent Madonia, Italy, paced by Willie Zipf, Newark; Frank Cozzolino, Bloomfield, paced by Frank Jeehan, New Haven; Daniel Pichione, Providence, paced by Jean Villepontaux, France; Henry Wynsdau, Belgium, paced by Otto Miller, Brooklyn. Won by Madonna; Wynsdau, second; Chapman, third; Cozzolino, fourth; Pichione, fifth. Time—28:54 1-5.

Billiard Results.

Kinrey Matsuyama, Japanese 18.2 balkline star, ran 376 caroms to Albert Cutler's 300 in the fourth block of their special exhibition match at the Fourteenth Street Academy last night. Matsuyama made his total in fourteen innings and had a high run of 114. Cutler's high run was 139. The score now stands 1,200 to 1,177 in Cutler's favor. Tonight Cutler will meet Francis Appleby, national amateur 18.1 title holder, in an exhibition at the same academy.

Frank L. Gray was the winner over Sidney Brussel in the handicap 18.2 balkline tournament at the Recreation Academy in Brooklyn last night by the score of 125 to 100 in 30 innings. Gray made a high run of 22 to 15 for Brussel. In the three-cushion handicap tourney William Quick defeated Andrew Cooper, playing for 23 points by the score of 21 to 22 in 42 innings. The winner's high run was 5, the loser's was 3.

Tadao Suganuma, former junior 18.2 balkline champion, defeated Joe Greenberg in an exhibition match at Julian's Fourteenth Street Academy last night by the score of 200 to 28 in ten innings. Suganuma made a high run of 66.

Charles Harmon, New York State pocket billiard champion, defeated William Stidl, Maryland champion, in the eighth game of the all-star tournament at Lawler Brothers' Academy in Brooklyn last night by the score of 100 to 66.

Pierce Goes to Topeka.

Manager William Killefer of the Chicago Cubs announced yesterday in Brooklyn that he had released Ray Pierce, a left-handed pitcher, to the Topeka Club of the Western Association. Pierce pitched part of the game on Tuesday against the Robins, and, as it turned out, that was the last time he will show his wares in the big leagues for awhile.

Porter to Train Olympic Stars.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., June 11.—Charles Porter, trainer of the Syracuse University athletic teams, was today notified of appointment to the training staff in charge of the American athletes at the Olympics.

STIFF WIND GREETS CORNELL ON HUDSON

Eights Have First Practice at Poughkeepsie—Coach Shifts Junior Varsity.

WASHINGTON MEN ARE ILL

Specialist Is Called to Treat Boils on Several Oarsmen—Columbia Increases Speed.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., June 11.—Stiff northerly winds kicked up the Hudson today to greet Coach John Hoyle and his Cornell crews in their initial workout. The oarsmen from Lake Cayuga had their first spin this afternoon when Hoyle sent them down the river at a slow stroke. The varsity boat remained intact, but several changes were noted in the junior varsity and freshman shells.

Rankin, at No. 4 in the junior varsity, gave way to Strong, who has been rowing at No. 7. Purcell took Strong's place, Davies, bow in the freshman shell, gave way to Hynes, who has been at No. 5 oar. Spelden took Hynes's seat.

Head Coach Fred Miller of Columbia is beginning to speed up his boats. This afternoon, after a brisk row down the river, the boats were turned at the bridge and raced back to the boathouse, a distance of two miles. The men from Morningside Heights are improving. Today they shot their hands away in better fashion and the spacing was more true. There still seems a slight tendency for the bow to ride clear at times with the stroke.

The Syracuse boats were sent down the river for a stiff workout this morning. Coach Jim Tenbroyck took the shells about three miles below the bridge and sent them back at a sharp stroke. The varsity soon pulled clear of the other two boats, but the freshmen persistently led the junior varsity until they were pulling under the bridge when the Jayvee went to the front by a length.

Coach Rusty Callow was a worried man today. He has discovered boils on several of his men. The men from the Coast seem to be pursued by this infection whenever they come East. Last year Dow Walling stroked the crew with a boil on his leg, which threatened to keep him out of the boat until the last minute before the race. This afternoon Callow took the men to a specialist in Poughkeepsie for treatment.

Coach Jim Rice of Pennsylvania held his eights to slow workouts today. This morning Wisconsin rowed over the course and Dad Vail was pleased over the performance.

NAVY EIGHTS DRILL ON OLYMPIC COURSE

Yale Varsity Also Arrives at Philadelphia—M. I. T. Crew Has Fast Spin.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 11.—Under the direction of the Glennons—Richard Sr. and Jr.—Three navy crews, here for the Olympic rowing trials Friday and Saturday, went over the official course of a mile and a quarter lat this afternoon.

The elder Glennon, who coached the Navy's 1920 Olympic champion eight, and his son, Richard Jr., boated the three crews shortly after 5 o'clock, and in less than fifteen minutes all were headed toward the upper Schuylkill. They are quartered at the Bachelors' Barge Club.

Most attention was centred upon the officers' eight, which contained many of the same men who pulled such powerful oars at Brussels four years ago. They went out first and were followed in about five minutes by the varsity eight, which was beaten by the Penn varsity in the recent American Henley.

Since rowing here several weeks ago Richard Jr. has made a number of changes in his varsity. The junior varsity also has undergone some changes.

Yale's undefeated varsity crew arrived in Philadelphia late in the afternoon and did not get on the water until after 6 o'clock. The shell came down from Gales Ferry earlier in the day, and everything was ready for Coach Ed Leader's oarsmen when they reached the University of Pennsylvania boathouses. The workout of the Elis was rather light, but Leader will speed up his men tomorrow.

Massachusetts Tech, coached by Bill Haines, former Harvard tutor, gave the rowing followers something to talk about when he put his eight through a time trial, being clocked in 6:26 5-5. Conditions were fair. Earlier in the week the ech eight did the course in 6:21.

The Navy varsity was boated as follows today:

Bow, Schieke; 2, Born; 3, W. C. Eddy, 4, D. T. Eddy; 5, Shanklin, 6, Sylvester, 7, Watson; stroke, Bell, coxswain, Gwinn.

N. Y. Y. C. REGATTA ON SOUND TODAY

Schooners to Feature Glen Cove Cups Competition—Fifth Six-Meter Boat Launched.

A fine fleet of racing yachts is expected to cross the starting line today in the New York Yacht Club races for the Glen Cove Cups, to be sailed in Long Island Sound off the old club station at Glen Cove. A feature of the regatta will be the reappearance of the racing schooners, which will be making their first start of the year.

Half a dozen of the speediest two-masters in commission will try for the prizes offered, including Vagrant, the flagship of Commodore Harold S. Vanderbilt; Queen Mab, flagship of Commodore Nathaniel Ayer, Eastern Yacht Club; Wildfire, Charles L. Harding of Boston; Irolita, E. Walter Clark; Shawna, Dr. Seth Milliken, and Flying Cloud, Winthrop W. Aldrich. The racing will be spirited in the schooner class this year, as a large number of the two-masters are in commission.

The fifth and last of the new six-meter yachts built at the Nevins yard, City Island, to try for the International six-meter team was launched yesterday and was named Dauphin. The new boat was built from designs by William Gardner for J. Mitchell Hoyt of this city and will be sailed in the International trials by Corny Shields, a skilled helmsman of racing yachts.

YALE ENTERS 6 IN TRYOUTS.

Track Stars Leave Today for Olympic Tests in Cambridge.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 11.—Six stars of Yale's champion intercollegiate track team will compete in the Olympic trials in the Harvard Stadium Friday and Saturday. These will be W. H. Cole in the low hurdles; W. M. Coombs in the broad jump; A. A. Earl Jr., in the hammers throw; Charles S. Gage in the quarter mile; Hayes M. Norton in the sprint and Sylvan S. Schoipp in the pole vault. Of the 28 points made by Yale in winning the intercollegiates, these six men accounted for 22.

The athletes, with Coaches Earl Thomson and Ted Merriam will leave for Cambridge tomorrow.

HARVARD VARSITY ROWS AGAINST TIME

Goes Full Distance of Four Miles Under Watch, but Mark Is Not Announced.

FARNHAM AGAIN AVAILABLE

Returns to Place in Yearling Boat—Second Varsity Shifted—Yale Gets Rousing Send-Off.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW LONDON, Conn., June 11.—Harvard's senior varsity crew underwent a speed trial over the four-mile course here this evening, starting downstream about 7 o'clock against a light southerly breeze but with favorable tidal conditions. Hoover, who replaced Mumford at No. 2 yesterday, was again in the varsity shell and Coach Stevens evidently wanted to see just what speed his newly created combination could make over the long-distance course.

After the varsity eight returned to the boathouse, Coach Stevens refused to announce the actual time made in the four-mile trial, but said that it was "pretty good." F. L. Higginson Jr., a former Harvard crew captain and also a member of the Rowing Committee, watched the test from the coaching launch.

Farnham, who was indisposed yesterday and did not row with the Crimson freshmen, was back in his seat at No. 2 today, and Gates was shifted from the position to No. 4. Harvard's second varsity had another shake-up, Wegmer taking Mumford's place at No. 2 and Iselin goin in at No. 4. Mumford was moved to No. 6 in the combination boat.

Yale's varsity crew received a rousing send-off when it departed from Red Top to catch a train for Philadelphia, where the eight will enter the Olympic trials. The rest of the Blue squad cheered the varsity oarsmen until the automobiles were out of sight.

Coach Leader accompanied the varsity and left the second varsity in charge of Mike Murphy, who also coached the freshman eight. This morning the yearlings had a test over the upper two miles of the course with favorable wind and tide but rough water, and was timed in 10 minutes 35 seconds for the distance. Murphy was dissatisfied with the test. Another shift was made in the crew this evening, Wardwell going to No. 7 and Clarke being relegated to No. 3 in the combination boat. Murphy said that the seating is not settled and will not be for a day or two.

WRIGHT WINS SHOOT TITLE.

Takes State Amateur Singles, With Lewis, N. Y. A. C., Second.

Special to The New York Times.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., June 11.—Frank S. Wright of Buffalo today won the New York State amateur singles trapshooting championship when he broke 196 of the 200 birds at which he shot. Tracy Lewis representing the New York A. C. of New York City was runner up with 194 kills.

Frank M. Troeh of Portland, Ore., was the winner of the Maplewood Hundred, the first 100 targets of the singles constituting the event, and H. J. Pendergast of Phoenix was second with Frank Wright third. All three are eligible to compete in this event at Maplewood, N. H., the week of July 4.

Mrs. Harry Harrison of Rochester won the women's title with 178 breaks and Miss Mabel Wilson of Buffalo was runner up.

DR. LASKER GOES ABROAD.

Chess Master Plans to Return to America in November.

Dr. Emanuel Lasker of Germany, former world's chess champion and winner of first prize in the recent New York International chess tournament, tournament, sailed for Southampton yesterday on board the steamship Mauretania, after a sojourn of three months in this country, during which time, in addition to his participation in the congress in this city, he visited Boston, Chicago, Detroit and Ann Arbor, Mich. He will return here early in November and plans to make another and more extensive tour, which probably will take him as far as the Pacific Coast.

LATONIA RESULTS.

FIRST RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse, $1,400; six furlongs. McIntosh, 110 pounds (Pool), $17.60, $5.10, $3.70, first; Sandalwood, 110 (Ellis), $2.80, $2.60, second; Longboat, 105 (Hastings), $4.40, third. Time—1:17 4-5. Romping Home Spods, Sequel, Sakah and Theseus also ran.

SECOND RACE—For two-year-olds; maidens purse, $1,400; five furlongs. Kuhlaf Khan, 117 pounds (Pool), $3.00, $2.70, $2.50, first; Karachi, 117 (Pevic), $3.50, 2.30, second; Brown Sugar, 117 (Lyke), $2.90, third. Time—1:05. Gamester Bankrupt, Pander Pete, Tangary and Duanne also ran.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds; claiming; purse, $1,500; one mile and seventy yards. Dobson, 107 pounds (Wood), $5.10, $3.10, $2.80, first; Norseland, 100 (Fisher), $4.10, $3.80, second; Annie Lyle, 103 (Mercier), $3.20, third. Time—1:46 3-5. Post Disaster and London smoke also ran.

FOURTH RACE (substitute race)—For three-year-olds and upward; purse, $1,500; one mile and seventy yards. Staples, 109 pounds (Mercier), $171.70, $38.40, $14.60, first; Napoo, 113 (Wood), $8.80, $2.80, second; Reel Foot, 113 (Kennedy), $3.50, third. Time—1:46 2-5. Carnarvon, Countess and Flower Shop also ran.

FIFTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; the Miami Valley Handicap, purse $1,700; six furlongs. Rattling, 105 pounds (Blind), $54.50, $13.60, $6, first; Exodus, 114 (Corcoran), $3.50, $2.60, second; Sun Flag, 110 (Hurn), $3.10, third. Time—1:14 4-5. Dustabout, Great Jax and Pindar Peel also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For two-year-olds; allowances; the Burnet Woods Purse; purse $1,600; five furlongs. Reputation, 125 pounds (Smallwood), $2.60, $2.30, $2.10, first; Saar, 107 (McDermott), $4, $2.70, second; Annie Jordan, 110 (Hurn), $2.40, third. Time—1:03 2-5. Buttin In, Cinnamon and Bim also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,500; one mile and a sixteenth. Blowing Bubbles, 108 pounds (Harvey), $18.30, $4.90, $3.50, first; Fancy Free, 113 (Lyke), $2.80, $2.20, second; Stump Jr., 108 (Hurn), $2.90, third. Time—1:51 3-5. Tender Ruth, Smuts and Mistress Mary also ran.

Weather clear; track heavy.

LATONIA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse, $1,400; claiming; three-year-olds; six furlongs. Parody 103 pounds, Glimix 108, *Hi Trump 98, Dip Up 103, The Competitor 108, *Denial 103, Dunlo 108, Florence W. 103, Rolling Wave 103, *Floating On 98, *Mason Towle 108, *Lady Marian 98. Also eligible—Miss America 103.

SECOND RACE—Purse $1,400; maidens; two-year-old fillies; five furlongs. Buckwheat Cake 115 pounds, Helen Carter 115, Reolise 115, Deming 115, Beulah Stone 115, Cross Village 115, Haig 115, Bromiola 115, Cordon Rouge 115, Slipaway 115, Rosa Bella 115, Vallette 115. Also eligible—Brownie 115, Tesuque 115, Lass o' Mine 115, Roo Boo 115.

THIRD RACE—Purse $1,500; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; mile and a sixteenth. Firstoma 107 pounds, *Sun Spot 97, *Untried 108, Raider 113, *Dough o' Regan 108, One Fire 105.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $1,700; the Madison Avenue; three-year-olds and upward; allowances; six furlongs. †Bob Cahill 102 pounds, ‡Knobbie 115, ‡Buster 115, Braedelbane 115, Uproar 98, T. S. Jordan 95, †President 102.

‡The Hour Farm entry. ‡Jefferson Livingston entry.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $1,800; the Avondale; allowances; two-year-old colts and geldings; five furlongs. Special 103 pounds, Hisass 108, Wuhu 106, Abstract 114, Benedict Vow 108, Ocean Current 111.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $1,400; claiming; three-year-olds; six furlongs. *Shindy 103 pounds, *Double T. 103, *Attractive 98, Sizzle 108, *Daughter Dear 98, *Tomtella 108, Bill Boy 108, Klazon 108, *Shining Gold 98, Busier 108, Our Option 103, Hunter 108. Also eligible—*Grudge 98.

SEVENTH RACE—Purse $1,500; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; mile and seventy yards. *King O'Neil 11, 100 pounds, Make Up 114, Blue Nose 116, *Best Pal 113, White Star 110, *Welcome 98, *Parader 112, *Lady Astor 102, *Triumph 109.

Horses listed according to post position.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather clear; track heavy.

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NEW YORK, THURSDAY, JUNE 12, 1924.

MONDELL THE MAGNIFICENT.

When the choice of former Representative FRANK W. MONDELL of Wyoming for Permanent Chairman of the Republican Convention was announced, the question was asked by many wondering and ignorant people, "Why he?" Now they know. His speech yesterday shows that he was placed in the chair to give to the faint-hearted delegates the strongest sort of dose of old-fashioned Republican oratory. He did it with a magnificent disregard of facts which is wholly admirable. If there seems at first to be an archaic flavor about his description and comparison of political parties, it must be borne in mind that the Republican managers knew what they were going to get when they took Mr. MONDELL. The word "reactionary" is a mild one, almost significant of progress, as applied to his pre-Adamite views. He seems to come nearer than any politician of the day to the man whom HORACE BUSHNELL characterized as being not only behind the times but behind all times.

There was, however, a display of courage, to the point of audacity, by Chairman MONDELL in picturing the Republican Party as one that "has never proposed nor advocated an unwise or unsound national policy," while he could say, without the flicker of an eyelid, that the Democratic Party has a record "devoid of a single redeeming feature." This is the strong meat of politics on which our grandfathers were fed and grew lusty. It may be a question whether the queasy stomachs of their degenerate descendants are equal to it. But at least Mr. MONDELL's speech carries us back to the time when political speakers on the windy plains of Troy omitted such noble sentiments as he that feeds is a dastard and he that doubts is damned. It appears to have been in this school that Mr. MONDELL learned how to do it. It had been thought a lost art, but he is at least one survivor of an elder day who possesses it in full perfection.

DEMOCRATIC PRECEDENT.

Some Democrats profess to be amused because the Republicans have so much trouble in finding their candidate for Vice President and because that is the only nomination about which there is any doubt. But these Democrats forget that their sacred two-thirds rule was born in the Baltimore convention of 1832 in regard to the nomination for the Vice Presidency. JACKSON had absolute control of his party. He was bound that VAN BUREN should be Vice President. Left to itself, the Democratic Party would probably have made another choice. The Kitchen Cabinet started the scheme in 1831.

In 1832 the Pennsylvania Democrats held a Jackson State Convention. They hated VAN BUREN as an enemy of the United States Bank. BUCHANAN, GEORGE M. DALLAS and WILLIAM WILKINS were candidates for Vice President. So strong was the dislike of VAN BUREN that "the electors nominated," says Mr. STANWOOD, "were pledged to vote for Mr. WILKINS and, if he should be induced to withdraw, or if, for any reason, he should not be a candidate, to vote for Mr. DALLAS. Yet when the convention was held, every vote of Pennsylvania was in favor of VAN BUREN. The electors nevertheless obeyed their instructions and gave Mr. WILKINS their votes." There were 326 delegates at the Baltimore convention, though the States represented—all but Missouri—were entitled to 282 delegates. There were 283 votes for Vice President. The Committee on Rules brought in this resolution:

That each State be entitled in the nomination to be made of a candidate for the Vice Presidency to a number of votes equal to the number to which they will be entitled in the electoral colleges under the new apportionment in voting for President and Vice President; and that two-thirds of the whole number of the voters in the convention shall be necessary to constitute a choice.

At the Baltimore convention in May, 1835—there were early birds in those days—the two-thirds rule was applied to candidates for President as well as for Vice President. In 1844 the rule, first used when JACKSON nominated VAN BUREN for Vice President, took the nomination for President away from VAN BUREN and gave it to POLK. Democrats ought to have a pious interest in nominations for Vice President, revering the source of the two-thirds rule. It might be added that, if Mr. COOLIDGE chose to "dictate" the nominee for Vice President, he would have not only the infallible Democratic precedent, made by JACKSON, but the infallible Republican precedent, made by LINCOLN in the substitution of JOHNSON for HAMLIN.

HARMONY TO ORDER.

The majority of Republican members of Congress are taboo at Cleveland. The position of Mr. LODGE, for instance, if not exactly that of an excommunicated brother, is far from that of one in good and regular standing. He is a subject of discipline. He is not allowed to take any share in the exercises. It is as if an old eighteenth century New England deacon had been transferred to the back and "black" pews, every devout neck craned to witness his humiliation. He and his reprimanded associates are in the meeting house only to serve as a moral example. Yet he takes his punishment composedly. Indeed, it must amuse him and the other disciplined Congressmen, whether at Cleveland or in their districts, to know that, in spite of their severe admonishment, a Republican Congress is to be elected, if such is the pleasure of the voters, to support Mr. COOLIDGE.

What jurisdiction has the National Convention over nominations of Representatives or of Senators? Republican voters will do as they please, or as the primary pleases. Aside from the regular Republicans, who have been out of tune with the President, there is a very considerable number of irregular Republicans. Are Mr. BROOKHART and Mr. NORRIS to change their opinions overnight? If not, how are they to be any more in line with the President than they have been? Take Mr. LA FOLLETTE and his considerable number of adherents in Congress. There is no way of getting at them. Even if Mr. LA FOLLETTE should run as a Progressive Republican, he will be a regular Republican in Wisconsin. He has absolute control of the organization. An ingenious and elastic primary system makes him indisputable boss. There are several kinds of Republicans, including Senator BORAH, who probably doesn't agree with any other Republican. How is there going to be harmony among a collection of performers, each one bent on singing his own tune?

THE REPUBLICAN PLATFORM.

From their first idea of a short platform, virtually of but one plank—"COOLIDGE, that's all"—the Republicans were slowly driven to produce a document of intolerable length. It contains several stump speeches and some passages that read uncommonly like pleadings to an indictment. Probably this is the resultant of the long disputes in the Committee on Resolutions, which led to the delay in even presenting the platform until the night session. Apparently the framers of the platform went on the theory that the best way to compose a quarrel is to allow both sides to have their say. The necessary effect is to make the platform long and in parts almost self-contradictory.

This is notably the case with the resolutions about agriculture. They are not only verbose but labored. The effort to reconcile, or at least to include, conflicting views is obvious. Various plans of Government aid to farmers are vaguely hinted at, but then the platform-makers pull themselves up with a round turn by the reminder that under no circumstances must the Government be put into the business of agriculture. That the farmers, or some of them, have been hard hit by economic changes since the war is admitted; and the fact is hardly concealed that all the schemes of the Administration to extend relief have sadly failed; but still the platform speaks of an intention to put agriculture on an "economic equality" with industry and labor. If this means anything, it means that the theory on which the McNary-Haugen bill was drafted is to be accepted by the Republicans. But in Congress they voted heavily against it. The whole plank, or set of planks, relating to agriculture can be read only as a veiled confession and avoidance. Yet there is one thing about which there is a positive statement. It is that the delicate "balance" which existed between agriculture and other forms of industry was "destroyed by the Democratic Party."

What does this mean? Many wheat farmers have asserted that they were ruined by the prices fixed by Mr. HOOVER in wartime. He was then working under a Democratic President, but it can hardly be intended to attack him for that now. The alternative would seem to be that the Republican platform swallows the myth which Senator HEFLIN and Senator BROOKHART have put about concerning a wicked and secret "conspiracy" of the Federal Reserve Bank in 1920 to bleed the farmers to death. This occurred, if it did occur, under a Democratic Administration, though more than one Republican public man, with many Republican bankers, has denied the entire charge. If the platform now endorses it, the intention can only be to throw some sort of sop to the angry West.

The President had his way with the plank relating to the World Court. Deference to his wishes is also shown in what is said about taxation. A program of tax reform, to supplement the measure of tax reduction already achieved, is approved. In the matter of foreign policy the platform notes what it calls the "definite" refusal of the United States to become a member of the League of Nations, but expresses a firm intention to work together in every safe way with foreign nations in seeking peace and securing stability. The formula is "cooperation without entangling alliances." We are not told who is to draw the line between the two. Thus far President COOLIDGE would draw it at one place, and the majority of Republican Senators at quite another.

This Gargantuan platform could not have been meant to be read. It is more like a work of reference. Dry-asdusts will dig into it from time to time to bring out what they want. It is a vast compilation in which each brand of Republicanism will seek to discover its peculiar doctrine and will be sure that it has done so. But the great bulk of it is sure to be ignored during the Presidential campaign, and to become covered with dust and forgotten afterward.

MAYOR HYLAN MOVES SOUTH.

It is not easy to follow the play of motive and logic that has brought about the Mayor's abandonment of the idea of a music and art centre in Central Park. From his own statement, it would appear that a number of wealthy citizens, disgusted by the criticism of the Mayor's project, have rallied to his support by offering to pay for music and art buildings outside the Park, where the Mayor's "criticizers" have always wanted it. Having thus reduced his critics to silence by shifting his art centre a couple of hundred feet from north of Fifty-ninth Street to south of that street, Mr. HYLAN is now at liberty to deal just as drastically with some other faction among the numerous enemies of the people.

Whatever may have been the forces behind the Mayor's change of mind, the city is to be congratulated on the result. One more raid upon Central Park has been relegated to the spacious museum stocked with similar brainstorm enterprises stretching over half a century. With the Park's integrity assured, the question of an art centre may be discussed on its merits. If Mr. HYLAN really has in hand the pledges of wealthy citizens, so much the better. It is not inconceivable that men of means who give so generously for college buildings and athletic fields may come forward to endow the city with an educational institution such as the art centre would supply. It would be expenditure not only on an art centre but on a new breathing-space. Instead of taking away from the city's open areas, we should be adding to them.

Having made such an excellent beginning, it is to be hoped that the Mayor will be encouraged to proceed in his de-Centralization policy. Let him hasten to score another victory over his criticizers by forgetting all about his war memorial in the Park.

CONSERVATION BEGINS AT HOME.

Not even the policy of "a tree for a tree" will altogether make up for the destruction of forests in which Americans—individuals as well as lumber companies—indulged during the last century. To be sure, there have been serious efforts to preserve the remaining forests. In this work the States have rendered services as great as those of the Federal Government. The nation is now generally aware of the evils of reckless deforestation, and is slowly beginning to realize that something more than mere preservation of what is left is essential if the country is to provide lumber for future generations.

One of the most interesting and encouraging manifestations of this new attitude is the McNary-Clarke Forestry bill, which passed both House and Senate, and which among other things provides that the Secretary of Agriculture shall cooperate with State and private organizations to advise and assist the owners of farms and of lands suitable for timber production in establishing, improving and renewing wood lots, shelter belts, windbreaks and other forest growth, and in growing and renewing useful timber crops. This is starting at the right place. However important the big forest reserves, conservation should begin at home. Not only should the farmer be shown the ultimate financial value of good tree crops, but he should be made to realize that by preserving and caring for his trees, whether in wood lots or simply in meadows or fields, he is materially aiding the nation's conservation policy.

Those who served in the A. E. F. or who traveled in France or Germany will recall how wood is husbanded abroad and how each tree is carefully guarded and nourished. What appeared to Americans as niggardliness in the use of firewood was in reality a mere compliance with the fundamental principles of the law of supply and demand. The European farmers have learned from years of experience that in a thickly populated land each tree has its value, and that lumber, being scarce, is expensive. Although the farming regions of the United States are not yet so densely populated as those of France and Germany, the consumption of wood is much greater here, and the lack of care of forests in the past has been notorious. Our need of a national forest policy which will embrace individual as well as State and Federal efforts is now urgent.

Much educational work in this sphere remains to be done in the United States. But the important thing is close State and Federal cooperation, not only in enlarging existing forest reserves, but in establishing methods which private individuals can employ to improve their forest stocks. Reforestation must begin on the farms.

THE PLYMOUTH NOTCH COLONEL.

When the Republican National Committee invited Colonel JOHN C. COOLIDGE of Plymouth Notch to come to Cleveland to see his son nominated for President, it got a few words more out of him than he wrote to the Dinner Committee in Massachusetts that was engaged in promoting CALVIN COOLIDGE'S advancement from Lieutenant Governor to Governor. The committee had offered the Colonel hotel accommodations and free transportation, but he was too busy on his farm. His reply, which DWIGHT MORROW read at the dinner, was: "Gentlemen: Can't come. Thank you." But in declining the invitation of the Republican National Committee the Colonel was, for him, prodigal of words: "Telegram received. Thanks. "I cannot see my way clear to go "to the convention." A character by himself is the sturdy old farmer up in the Vermont hills.

He hasn't even time to listen to the radio account of what goes on in the convention hall. "There is too much to do here," he says. "Here" is the mountain farm. His oats and wheat are in, but the season is backward for potatoes. At 79 he is running the harrow himself. In Vermont a day lost in the too brief Summer cannot be made up on a hill farm. Hay and forage are the big crops; the dairy is the money-maker. Cereals trail far behind. The working day is from the first glimmer of light until it is time to wind up the clock and go to bed. Plymouth with its 400 people is Colonel COOLIDGE'S world. The distinction of serving in the Legislature at Montpelier and being a member of Governor STICKNEY'S staff satisfied his ambition. As a Deputy Sheriff "he was "never known to flinch when it was "necessary to uphold the law." His sole military service was as a Captain of militia.

JOHN C. COOLIDGE has been described in HENNESSY'S biography of his son as "a fine, upstanding New Englander, "typical of the old pioneer stock "which thrived on the mountain peaks, "God-fearing, independent, thrifty "and industrious." These people in the heart of the Green Mountains do almost as little talking as the hills in whose shadow they live. "They dislike notoriety or show of any kind." The elder COOLIDGE, if in the display and clamor of the great convention hall at Cleveland, would wish himself back at the old well sweep, or clucking to his horse in the furrow, or doing the chores around the barn. One can imagine him sharing LINCOLN'S pensive pleasure in repeating favorite lines, "Oh, why should the spirit of mortal be proud?" There is one man who can understand the Colonel's reasons for staying home on the farm while the Republican Convention is doing its work at Cleveland, and that is the tenant of the White House.

ASIATIC "UNITY."

RABINDRANATH TAGORE, addressing a student audience at Tokio, extended the sympathy of the people of India to the people of Japan now chafing under the "indignity" inflicted by our own exclusion bill. The distinguished Bengal poet feels that it is an indignity visited upon both nations "because Japan and India have much in common of cultural heritage." That is true enough in the sense that a good deal of the culture of Japan may be traced to India via China. What is not so convincing is the picture drawn of Japan as the champion of Oriental civilization. This is defined by TAGORE as differing radically from Western civilization, which "aims at wealth instead of human happiness," and which is "greedy and suicidal."

Unfortunately, TAGORE, without meaning to, is paying tribute to Western civilization. The virtues in Japan which would qualify her to play the champion of Asia against the Occident are Occidental virtues. In culture Japan is not the leader, since her civilization is partly derivative. In population Japan is only one-fifth of China or India. Japanese prestige in the world is based on what are usually assumed to be the non-Oriental factors of military strength, aggressiveness, materialism, organization, "hustle." Modern industrialism, against which GANDHI is waging war in India, has made as rapid progress in Japan as in any Western nation. Of "progress" as fostered in the West and abhorred in the Orient, there is no more remarkable example than Japanese history since Commodore PERRY. And it is doubtful whether in the whole range of Western civilization there can be found such a contrast as that revealed between the non-resistance spirit of Mahatma GANDHI and the militant virtues of the Samurai. Some Western observers have made the same mistake of setting up the "Orient" as a model for the peoples of the West; forgetting that there is probably as little unity in Asia as in Europe.

Within India the comparative solidarity of national feeling with which Great Britain is now confronted is largely of British creation; in a double sense. British dominion has held India together as a physical unit, and, by presenting the people of India with a set of common problems, has encouraged a spiritual unity. KARL MARX pointed out that the industrial system, by bringing the workers together into solid factory aggregations, promoted working-class cooperation. GANDHI'S crusade against the factories and in favor of the handloom is preached to factory audiences! Among the intellectual leaders of Young Asia, whether in India or China, it is to be noticed that along with the traditional protest against Western "materialism" runs a program of action strongly Western in tinge.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

With All Modern Conveniences.

Whatever else may be said about the Cleveland convention, and whatever of interest it may lack as a sporting event, it is thoroughly up to date as regards accessory facilities, and its managers have shown an appreciative knowledge of all the miracles of modern science.

Hitherto the big and little eminences gathered to form assemblages of this sort have been able to talk only to each other and to the few thousands whom the proceedings could attract to the more or less barnlike structures in which they took place. This time there are scattered about the hall the grated disks on slender standards by the aid of which whoever will can address directly not only the people whom he can see before him, but a vastly larger army of auditors scattered through hundreds and thousands of miles of distance. They can hear him rather better than if they were face to face with the speaker in any except the very front seats of the convention hall; and though they cannot encourage him with immediate applause, still they cannot grieve or confuse him with expressions of instant resentment and denial, and that evens things up.

Then there is the battalion of photographers—not quite new, these, but present in larger numbers than ever before—exploding huger piles of magnesium powder, and not a few of them with cameras taking many pictures and preparing the way for immortalization of scenes and personalities on the screen where shadows move and live.

At the service of the delegates, too, in a degree hitherto unequaled, are airplanes bringing to them long before the noon hour metropolitan newspapers printed that very morning, and telling them with pleasant—or unpleasant—frankness just what the public at large thinks or ought to think about themselves and what they are doing.

So the convention is modernist in many ways, as well as fundamentalist in some others, and the men participating in it, except when they shut themselves up in their hotel bedrooms, have about as much privacy as the justly celebrated goldfish in a glass globe.

Big Profits From the Liberties.

Whether one notes with pleasure or some other emotion the present prices of Liberty bonds depends on whether one now has them to sell or sold them in the days when some of them were close to twenty points below what they originally cost.

Of course, all except those most unenlightened, financially, always knew that the Liberties were "good"—that all through the years before maturity the contracted interest would be paid, and that at the end of their terms the possessor would get the full amount of his loan to the Government unless he chose and preferred to accept another bond in one or another way just as valuable or more so. Yet throughout the years since these bonds were issued the dealing in them has been large, showing that not a few people, each for one of many reasons, have chosen or been forced to sell at what, until very recently, was a loss.

It was a loss that seemed more than ordinarily hard to bear, and often it caused in those unaccustomed to owning bonds a sort of resentment, as though the Government had failed to give them an expected and deserved protection. As these bonds went down always there were buyers ready to take as many as were offered. They were people with unemployed cash and a high appreciation of small returns when safety goes therewith. Now, if they choose to "realize," they can make a very pretty profit in addition to the small but sure returns that have been theirs.

Most profitable of such speculations—and speculations they doubtless were in some instances, though also sound investments—were those of the men who on May 20, 1920, bought "2d 4s" at 81.12. Now they are about as much above 101 as then they were above 81. That is a clear profit of $20.

The lesson is: "Never sell United States bonds when they are under par, if you possibly can help it, or unless you are sure that you can make more from the proceeds than the bonds ever will bring you."

Names Given Again to Locomotives.

In other days it was the common, probably the general, practice of American railways to give personal names to their locomotives. By this means people in one way or another distinguished, including politicians and other officials whom the railway managers wanted to please, received what was considered a real honor. Nobody was too great to be made at least a little greater in his own esteem and that of others by this form of compliment, and those in high place who did not get it knew that their powers were waning and their fences in need of repair.

In later years the habit of naming locomotives after men waned steadily until it was quite abandoned on the bigger railways and lingered, if anywhere, only with little "jerkwater" lines in the backwoods. Numbers everywhere replaced the personal names, possibly because locomotives have become so numerous that names on them brought no distinction.

Now, on at least one railway, the abandoned habit has been revived—with a change. The Long Island Railroad Company has just painted in fine gold letters on two of its best locomotives the full names of the veteran engineers who drive them. This is done "in recognition of long years of faithful and loyal service to the railroad, as exemplified by their care of the locomotives entrusted to their use and the efficient performance of their duties."

The first two engineers to be honored in this way are SEAMAN BIRCHELL and EDWARD W. HULSE. The former's railway record covers fifty-three years and the latter's thirty-seven. Both were born on Long Island.

A Lesson Worth Attention.

How many American cities are there like Detroit, where the introduction of a single case of smallpox would be sure to start, as it has there, a smart little epidemic of that particularly detestable disease? A great many, no doubt, for in all parts of the country long immune from attack, an immunity due wholly to vaccination, great unvaccinated populations have grown up, and nobody thinks of seeking protection till the danger already has been incurred.

And vaccination, it should be remembered, is not a cure for smallpox; it only is a preventive. To neglect it while the malady exists anywhere in the world is to take wholly unnecessary chances of disfigurement or death. Detroit, belatedly, is awake to its danger, and the little epidemic soon will be stamped out, but while it lasts it will be a reproach to the city and it will cost a lot of money.

REFUSING SECOND PLACE.

Five Instances Are Recalled of Men Declining the Nomination.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

There seems to be a widespread impression that the office of Vice President has seldom or never been declined once a candidate has proved acceptable to a caucus or nominating convention. The truth is that there have been at least five instances of declinations of the second office which are or should be known.

The first instance goes back over a hundred years, to 1812, and has been generally overlooked. I quote from The American Historical Review (October, 1916, p. 94):

"On Monday, May 18, 1812, less than a month after Vice President Clinton's death in office at the age of 73 years, a Congressional caucus named James Madison for a second term in the Presidency, and cast a majority of its eighty-two votes for John Langdon of New Hampshire as Vice President. Ten days later (May 28) Langdon, writing from his home in Portsmouth, being past 70 years old and disinclined to assume further responsibilities, declined the honor. * * * A second caucus held in Washington on June 8, and gathered for the single purpose of filling the vacancy, named Elbridge Gerry of Massachusetts for the place."

The following four instances are pretty well known:

1. A convention of the Abolition Party held in Warsaw, N. Y., on Nov. 13, 1839, nominated Thomas Earl of Pennsylvania as Vice President on a ticket with James G. Birney of New York. On Earl's declination of the nomination Francis Lemoyne, likewise of Pennsylvania, was substituted.

2. The second instance, that of Silas Wright of New York, is famous. Nominated to run as Vice President with James K. Polk by the Baltimore Convention in May, 1844, he promptly declined the honor—chagrined at the failure of his friend, Van Buren, to obtain the chief place. Wright's substitute was George M. Dallas of Pennsylvania.

3. In the Utica Contention of Free-Soilers of June 22, 1848, General Henry Dodge of Wisconsin was named for the Vice Presidency on the ticket with Martin Van Buren. Dodge declined the place and was succeeded by Charles Francis Adams of Massachusetts.

4. A more recent instance occurred in 1860 when Benjamin Fitzpatrick of Alabama, nominated on the first ballot at the Baltimore Convention as Vice President with Stephen A. Douglas, declined the honor. The National Committee then nominated Herschel V. Johnson of Georgia in Fitzpatrick's place.

HENRY BARRETT LEARNED.
Washington, D. C., June 10, 1924.

Appeal for Disabled Soldiers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In October, 1921, there was printed in THE TIMES a letter written by a soldier at the United States Veterans' Hospital, Otsen, N. C., in which there was an appeal for current magazines. I immediately wrote to twenty friends asking their help, and those letters met with a generous response.

A recent letter from the librarian at Otsen, N. C., stated that there were about 1,000 patients there. This Veterans' Hospital is about five miles from Asheville, high up in the mountains. As I understand, the men there are extremely anxious to have more reading matter than reaches them. It would afford them a great deal of pleasure if readers of THE TIMES would kindly take the trouble to send them current magazines. Such periodicals may be addressed to the Library, U. S. Veterans' Hospital, Otsen, N. C.

W. DE WITT BARNETT.
New York City, June 10, 1924.

REINCARNATION.

I held the trembling lantern,
William dug the creaky earth,
That moonless night in April
When we buried Tinkle-Mirth.

You shouldn't bury kittens
In backyards; but if you do,
You mustn't tell about it
Or things won't go well with you!

But Tinkle-Mirth had loved us,
And we couldn't let him go,
Wrapped up like useless rubbish,
To some place he didn't know.

I'm sure nobody saw us
Or the hushed gray form that lay
Where, friend of leaves and snowflakes,
Tinkle-Mirth had liked to play.

I'm sure nobody heard us—
We had planned his funeral well;
We'd even stripped his ribbon
Of each laughing, silver bell.

But, oh, this Mayday morning,
In the very place he lies,
I see gray pansies standing
With gold sunshine in their eyes.

They all have kitten faces,
Just as mischievous and bright—
I only hope they'll know enough
To keep their mouths shut tight!

VIOLET ALLEYN STOREY.

TO START NEW DAILY IN FALL

Former Publisher of The Globe Plans a Unique Newspaper.

Announcement of his intention to start a new evening newspaper in New York, "in the late Fall or about Jan. 1," was made yesterday by Jason Rogers, former publisher of The New York Globe. The intention was foreshadowed on Tuesday, when, in a full-page advertisement appearing in THE NEW YORK TIMES, Mr. Rogers asked persons who would be interested in the founding of a newspaper like The Globe to communicate with him. Mr. Rogers, in his office at 154 Nassau Street, pointed yesterday to a huge pile of letters which had been received in response to the advertisement and gave out a statement, of which the following is a part:

"No definite plans regarding a plant have been made, for I do not intend to start the new newspaper until the election excitement is over, in the late Fall or about Jan. 1. I think we will print uptown, with possible branch plants in Brooklyn and the Bronx, in order to provide most effective service and reduce delivery costs.

"We will not seek the 'largest circulation,' but will make a newspaper better, bigger and more complete than The Globe was and depend upon such meritorious production as we can make to win substantial recognition from a public grown out of patience with personally conducted newspapers for profit.

"Henry J. Wright, the editor of The Globe for many years and the man who made The Globe what it was, will be the editor of the new newspaper, to be started if the public shows by its response to our advertising that it wants such a newspaper.

"The new newspaper will be established in the same manner as is a public library and will be dedicated to intelligent and unselfish public service. It will be a unique experiment in journalism. Judged by early returns the public wants such a newspaper. That it will be a success if started, is assured, for the organization I will bring together is bound to make a go of the venture."

Mr. Rogers's description of the organization scheme of the projected newspaper contains the following:

"The capital necessary will be raised by subscription to bonds upon which interest up to 7 per cent. will be paid, when earned. Control will be in a small issue of common stock, a majority of which will be held by trustees, men who command the respect and confidence of the community. Dividends will be limited to 7 per cent. and those earned on the trusteed stock will constitute a bonus fund to be distributed among the employes of the paper.

"Editorially, the paper will be entirely free. Its sole aims will be to publish news and promote the greatest good of the greatest number."

DEFENDS SHIPPING BOARD.

O'Connor Says There Was No Space at Hoboken for North German Lloyd

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—The first official explanation of the reasons why the Federal Government refused to rent piers at Hoboken to the North German Lloyd, forcing that company to dock its liners at an army base pier in Brooklyn, was given today to the special committee appointed by the House to investigate the Shipping Board.

T. V. O'Connor, Chairman of the board, told the committee that the North German Lloyd sought a lease to the piers at Hoboken. The board declined, for one reason, because it needed practically all of the space for its own boats.

Mr. O'Connor testified that the North German Lloyd had contracted to pay $165,000 a year for dockage facilities at the Brooklyn army base pier. He also spoke of the increased financial returns from the operation of the Leviathan since that liner's docking had been transferred from Hoboken to the New York side of the harbor.

"Since we have used Pier 86, on the New York side, we have sold a sufficient number of additional tickets for passage to almost pay the cost of rental," Mr. O'Connor testified.

Special attention was paid by the committee to the conditions of a contract under which the board had leased Army Base Piers 2 and 3, at Brooklyn, to the Atlantic Tidewater Terminal Company. The investigators wanted to know whether more revenue could not have been derived by Government operation of these piers. Mr. O'Connor stated that the contract was a good one from the standpoint of the board. The piers, he said, are valued at approximately $15,000,000.

It was brought out that the Atlantic Tidewater Terminal Company contracted to pay the board a rental of $150,000 a year, that the next $50,000 earned is to go to the company for overhead expenses, and, if there is anything additional in the way of profit, two-thirds of it shall be paid to the board and the remaining one-third retained by the operating corporation.

AID FOR JEWISH CHARITIES.

Harry W. Freudenheim Left Bequests to Several Organizations.

The will of Harry W. Freudenheim, of Freudenheim Brothers & Levy, diamond merchants, filed for probate yesterday, leaves $10,000 to the Federation for the Support of Jewish Philanthropic Societies and $5,000 to the Educational Alliance of 197 East Broadway. The following institutions receive $2,500 each: Young Men's Hebrew Association of Washington Heights, Young Women's Hebrew Association, 81 West 110th Street, and the Montefiore Home and Hospital for Chronic Diseases. The Jewish Theological Seminary gets $2,000. The Lebanon Hospital Association, Beth Israel Hospital, Denver Home for Consumptives and Hebrew Orphan Asylum receive $1,000 each.

The residue of the estate, including all of the decedent's stock in the diamond firm, goes to his sister, Bertha Freudenheim, of 410 Riverside Drive, who is named as one of the executors. The value of the estate is not made known.

G. A. R. ELECTS H. L. KEENE.

State Department Asks $3,000 to Repair Grant Cottage.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., June 11.—Henry L. Keene of Elmira was elected Commander of the New York Department, Grand Army of the Republic, today in the only contest at the election held in connection with the annual encampment now being conducted in this city. Mr. Keene defeated Martin V. Stone of Jamestown, the only other candidate, 164 to 105.

Other officers elected are: Senior Vice Commander, Charles A. Shaw of Brooklyn; Junior Vice Commander, E. W. Harbison of Schenectady; Chaplain, the Rev. W. B. Kimball of Oneonta; Medical Director, Dr. Henry J. Brewer of New York. Appointive officers will be named tomorrow.

A resolution adopted at the business session today requests the State to appropriate $3,000 to repair the Grant Cottage at Mount McGregor. A second resolution authorized the Department to do all in its power to obtain pensions for Civil War veterans eligible under the Bursum bill, defeated in Congress.

HUNGARIAN OUTLOOK GOOD.

Revenue Is 17,044,000 Crowns a Month, Nearly Twice Estimate.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BUDAPEST, June 11.—The Hungarian international loan has been successfully floated in foreign markets, but, contrary to expectation, the whole sum has been subscribed in Europe.

The first monthly report to be presented to the League Council at Geneva by Commissioner General Smith will be published tomorrow. It will cover the whole Hungarian financial situation. The revenue from direct and indirect taxes for the first term should be 9,000,000 gold crowns a month, but as a matter of fact the average revenue for the first four months this year has been 17,044,090 gold crowns.

Altogether, the Commissioner General's first report is considered as giving reason for optimism.

GREEK PLAY OPENS YALE FESTIVITIES

Commencement Week, Beginning on Saturday, Expected to Bring 3,000 Graduates.

29 CLASSES WILL PARADE

Honorary Degrees for Some Diplomats and Washington Officials —Order of the Exercises.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, June 11.—Yale's 223d commencement exercises, which begin on Saturday night, have brought a large advance guard, especially of alumni, who, representing every European country and every State of the Union, promise to number 3,000 before registration ceases. The largest commencement in Yale history is forecast, and there are special features which promise to give it unusual, if not unprecedented, importance. While the list of honorary degrees to be awarded is carefully safeguarded by the university officials, the presence of distinguished foreign Ambassadors and members of the Coolidge Administration is anticipated.

The first number of the commencement program is the presentation of the "Frogs" of Aristophanes on Saturday night.

A translation from the Greek has been made by members of the Yale Faculty and undergraduates. Opportunity was given for bringing the comedy up to date by the insertion of local hits. The scene is laid in Hades, and a chorus of frogs occurs when Dionysius and Charon are crossing the River Styx. The "Frogs" is the source of the "Brek-ek-ek-ex coax coax" section of the Yale cheer.

The baccalaureate service on Sunday morning, June 15, will be held in Woolsey Hall at 10 o'clock. The Rev. Charles Edward Jefferson of New York, pastor of the Broadway Tabernacle and a member of the Corporation, will make the address.

The events scheduled for Monday morning, June 16, include the regular commencement meeting in Woodbridge Hall of the Alumni Advisory Board, composed of representatives of alumni organizations all over the country, with Edward B. Green of Cleveland in the chair the centennial exercises of the School of Law in Sprague Memorial Hall and the class day exercises of the Sheffield Scientific School seniors in Vanderbilt Square, followed by the planting of the class ivy.

The speakers at the centennial exercises of the School of Law, at which Dean Thomas W. Swan will preside, are to be President James Rowland Angell, Attorney Harlan Fiske Stone, George W. Wickersham of New York and others. The annual luncheon of the Yale School of Law Association, in the university dining hall will follow the exercises.

A luncheon of the Yale Corporation and of the Alumni Advisory Board in the President's room in Memorial Hall at noon, will be followed by a meeting of the corporation in Woodbridge Hall.

The Yale College seniors meet on the college campus on Monday afternoon for their class day exercises and the planting of the class ivy.

In the evening a concert will be given in Woolsey Hall by the Glee, Banjo and Mandolin Clubs. Many returning alumni once members of the clubs will join in the concert. The promenade of the senior class takes place immediately after the concert. The Association of Yale Men in Medicine will hold its annual meeting on the same evening at the New Haven Medical Association.

The alumni will assemble in Battell Chapel on Tuesday morning, with William E. S. Griswold, '90, of New York City, Chairman of the Alumni Fund Association, in charge.

In the afternoon the twenty-nine reunion classes will parade in costume to Yale Field to watch the Harvard-Yale baseball game. The campus will be closed to the public in the evening for the informal gathering of alumni.

Wednesday, June 18, is commencement day. The officers, graduates, candidates for degrees and invited guests assemble on the college campus at 9:30 for the academic procession. According to tradition, the procession will pass through the New Haven Green and thence to Woolsey Hall for the conferring of degrees. At the close of the commencement exercises the alumni assemble for the alumni luncheon in the university dining hall at 12 o'clock, at which President Angell and others will speak.

The boat race at New London on Friday between Harvard and the undefeated Yale crew concludes the 1924 commencement events.

One of the unique features of the reunions is to be the visit of members of the class of 1879 to Pach's photograph gallery, where Norris H. Halsey, who has been in charge for forty-nine years, has made a wager that he can pick out and call by name every member of the class, although he has not seen them, in some instances, in a quarter century.

TO KEEP UP POST PAY FIGHT

Officials of the Employe Groups Plan to Revive Vetoed Bill.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—Announcement was made here today by a spokesman of postal employes that the fight for increased pay for 300,000 men and women in the service will be resumed when Congress reassembles in December. The bill vetoed by President Coolidge proposed to add $64,000,000 to the postal payroll.

Supporters of the bill believe that the President's veto would have been overridden in both Houses if an opportunity had been offered to vote on

MISS KELSEY WED TO ROLPH T. MARSH

Ceremony Performed by the Rev. J. C. Jorolemon in Jersey City.

MISS HARRIS IS A BRIDE

Bishop Manning Officiates at Her Wedding to L. L. Mitchell—Other Weddings.

The marriage of Miss Verna Kelsey, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Kelsey of Jersey City, to Rolph Thayer Marsh, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Capron Marsh of East Orange, took place last night in Grace Episcopal Church in Jersey City. The Rev. Dr. J. C. Jorolemon performed the ceremony, which was followed by a reception at the Woman's Club.

The bride, whose father gave her in marriage, had her sister, Miss Abbie Kelsey, as her maid of honor. The bridesmaids were the Misses Elizabeth Marsh, Loretta Barris, Sarah Jane Porter and Helen Brown. J. Connis Covington was best man. The ushers were Terrill Belknap Marsh, Edward Cady Marsh, Paul Orr Elliot and Weld Carter. After a motor tour, Mr. and Mrs. Marsh will make their home in a house built in Colonial days on the Marsh estate near Rahway, N. J.

Mitchell—Farris.

Miss Mary Gage Farris, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Everette Farris of this city, was married to Louis Livingston Mitchell of Bronxville, N. Y., yesterday afternoon in All Angels' Church. Bishop Manning officiated, assisted by the Rev. C. W. Robinson. The ceremony was followed by a small reception at Sherry's.

The bride, whose father gave her in marriage, had her sister, Mrs. Frank Griswold Barry of Milwaukee, as her matron of honor. Her other attendants were Mrs. Grey Perry, who before her marriage in April was Miss Margaret Gilbert; the Misses Cecile Coudert, Helena McAdoo and Hannah Catherina Collier of Richmond, Va. Marcelite Ann Barry, the bride's little niece, was the flower girl, and Pieter Rhodebeck, a son of Dr. and Mrs. Edmund Rhodebeck, was the page.

Frank Griswold Barry was best man. The ushers were Jacques Mitchell Jr., brother of the bridegroom; Livingston Cox, his cousin; Grey Perry, Alfred Holder Smith, Myron Smith, Andrew Hartman and Robert Chase. Following an extended motor trip, Mr. Mitchell and his bride will make their home in New York.

Allen—Fox.

The marriage of Miss Dorothy Fox, daughter of Dr and Mrs. Andrew J. Fox of 853 Seventh Avenue, to Curtis Allen, son of Benjamin Curtis Allen and of Mrs. M. W. McKean Allen of Philadelphia, took place yesterday afternoon in St. Thomas's Church. The ceremony, which was performed by the Rev. Dr. Ernest M. Stires, was followed by a small reception at Sherry's.

The bride, who was escorted by her father, had her sister, Miss Virginia Fox, as her only attendant. Wharton Allen was his brother's best man. On their return from an extended wedding tour, Mr. and Mrs. Allen will make their home in Chestnut Hill, Pa.

MRS. WANAMAKER MARRIED.

Former Wife of Rodman Wanamaker Wed to Major Viney.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, June 11.—The religious ceremony uniting Mrs. Violet Cruger Wanamaker, and Major H. Brankston Viney was performed this morning in the presence of a score of friends at the home of her cousin, Walter Berry. The Rev. Dr. Fleming, assistant pastor of the American Church, officiated. The bride was given away by her brother, Bertram Cruger. The bridegroom was attended by his brother, Oscar Vaughan Viney. The guests, all of whom were socially prominent in American circles in Paris, included Ambassador Herrick, Mrs. Parmeley Herrick, Mr. and Mrs. Sheldon Whitehouse, Princess Lucien Murat, the Duchesse de Croy and Mr. and Mrs. Charles Munn.

MISS COMPTON TO WED.

She Will Be Married to Lieutenant Wood on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. William Norris Compton of this city have sent out invitations for the marriage of their daughter, Miss Louise Eleanor Compton, to Lieutenant Warfield Richardson Wood of the United States Air Service, which will take place on Saturday afternoon at 1 o'clock in the Chapel of St. James in the Cathedral of St. John the Divine.

The bride, who is a niece of Major Paul Reisinger and a cousin of Major J. W. H. Reisinger, will be attended by Miss Jean Randel as maid of honor and the Misses Marguerite Weil, Maxine Copelof, Marshall Coles and Marian Cabanne as bridesmaids. Ada Norris Compton, sister of the bride, will be the flower girl. Russell Mabie will be best man, and the ushers will be George Finnegan, Dennis Moore, Carl Ragusa and Roy Deck Reynolds, all classmates of the bridegroom at West Point in this year's graduating class.

Lady Mary Fox-Strangways Wed.

LONDON, June 11.—Lady Mary Fox-Strangways, daughter of the Earl of Ilchester, was married this afternoon in Brompton Oratory to Captain J. A. Herbert of the Royal Horse Guards, whose mother was Helen Gammell of Providence, R. I. The King and Queen, the Duke and Duchess of York and Viscount Lascelles and Princess Mary sent gifts to the bride, who was Princess Mary's bridesmaid.

Miss Miller to Wed Tonight.

The marriage of Miss Pauline M. Miller, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Nathan J. Miller of this city, to Milton S. Steiner of Riverdale-on-Hudson will take place this evening at 6:30 o'clock at the Summer home of the bride's parents at Premium Point, New Rochelle. The ceremony will be performed by the Rev. Dr. H. G. Enelow, rabbi of Temple Emanu-El, in this city.

Son Born to Mrs. Wulsin.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Roelker Wulsin last Monday at the home of Mrs. Wulsin's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Elliott, 15 East Sixty-second Street. Mr. Wulsin is at present in China in charge of a scientific expedition under the auspices of the National Geographic Society of Washington. Mr. and Mrs. Wulsin have been making their Winter home in Peking, China, for the past few years. Mrs. Wulsin's father, Howard Elliott, is Chairman of the Northern Pacific Railway and former President of the New Haven Railroad.

Mrs. Lewis Strauss a Mother.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis L. Strauss of 25 East Seventy-sixth Street are being congratulated on the birth of a son last Tuesday. Mrs. Strauss was Miss Alice Hamauer. During the World War Mr. Strauss was associated with Herbert Hoover in relief work. He is connected with Kuhn, Loeb & Co., bankers.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Mrs. Barger Wallach will pass the Summer at Hill Top Inn, Newport.

Mrs. James B. Haggin has gone to Versailles, Ky., to be with her mother, Mrs. James P. Amaden.

Mr. and Mrs. Heyward Cutting have leased for the Summer the Kent place in Southampton.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard T. Wilson have taken for the early part of July one of the Sea Spray cottages in East Hampton, L. I., where, with their daughter, they will go early next month. Later Mr. and Mrs. Wilson will go to Saratoga, after which they will open their place in Newport.

Colonel Henry H. Armstead gave a dinner last night at the Lido-Venice. Among his guests were Mr. and Mrs. Louis G. Kaufman, Mrs. Armstead Davis and her son, Henry Gassaway Davis 3d, Mrs. William Lowe Rice, Miss Helen Lowe Rice and Captain Arthur Gardner. After dinner Colonel Armstrong took his guests to the Forty-eighth Street Theatre to see "Expressing Willie."

Mrs. William Force and Mrs. William H. Hirst, who have an apartment in Paris, will soon be joined there by Mr. and Mrs. William K. Dick, son-in-law and daughter of Mrs. Force.

Mrs. Charles Mather MacNeil has gone to Newport to visit Mrs. Dudley Davis.

Mr. and Mrs. Esmond O'Brien have taken for the Summer the Miller place in Herrick Road, Southampton.

Miss Maria Lawrence Wetherill has come to the Chatham from her home in Florida.

The marriage of Miss Margaret Ballou, daughter of Mrs. Herbert W. Northey, to David Ingersoll Hitchcock of this city will take place today in St. Michael's Church, Marblehead, Mass.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry N. French of 177 East Eightieth Street are receiving congratulations on the birth of a daughter last Sunday. Mrs. French before her second marriage was the widow of Kenneth Hadden. Before her marriage to Mr. Hadden she was Miss Frances Wyeth, a daughter of Mrs. Stephen G. Williams and a granddaughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Frederic Goodridge.

Mr. and Mrs. William Russell Grace of Westbury, L. I., are at the St. Regis, as are also Mr. and Mrs. Joseph P. Grace of Manhasset. Mrs. Edward M. Padelford, who has just returned from Europe, is at the St. Regis.

E. Dean Richmond gave a dinner last night in the Ritz-Carlton Roof Garden for Miss Grace Helen Talbot and Robert G. Ingersoll, whose engagement was recently announced. Other guests included Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Cox, Mr. and Mrs. Philip A. S. Franklin Jr. and Miss Madeleine Liebert.

Mrs. Elisha Dyer arrived from Europe yesterday on the Olympic and will be at the Plaza for a week or more before going to Newport for the Summer.

The Right Rev. John J. Dunn, Bishop of New York, will sail for Europe next Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. William J. Chittenden Jr. of Detroit, who have been at the Ritz-Carlton, left yesterday for their Summer home at Sisaconset, Mass.

Dr. and Mrs. Henry Barton Jacobs of Baltimore arrived at the Plaza yesterday to remain until June 17, when they will go to Newport for the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter C. Teagle are at the Vanderbilt Hotel from Cleveland, Ohio.

Mrs. Charles P. Armstrong and her granddaughter, Miss Isabel Ailing Armstrong, of Greenwich and New York, sailed yesterday on the Mauretania for an extended tour in Central Europe. They expect to spend the Winter in Italy and Egypt.

Robert D. Wrenn and his daughter, Miss Grace D. Wrenn, arrived yesterday on the Olympic and are at the Vanderbilt Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. Philip G. Gossler have left the Plaza to pass the Summer at Glen Head, L. I.

Mr. and Mrs. Bradley Washington Delehanty have left Roslyn to occupy their new home in Locust Valley, L. I.

MISS GOETZE IS ENGAGED.

She Will Be Married to Joseph Campbell—Other Betrothals.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick A. Goetze of 455 West 141st Street, have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Marjorie Louise Goetze, to Joseph Campbell, son of the late R. J. Campbell and of Mrs. Campbell, of 404 West 115th Street. Miss Goetze is a graduate of Barnard School and is now a student at Columbia University, of which her father is Treasurer. Mr. Campbell was graduated from Columbia last year. He served in the army during the World War. No date has been set for the marriage.

Alvares—Mulhall.

Michael J. Mulhall of 523 West 112th Street has announced the engagement of his daughter, Miss Elizabeth Fairfield Mulhall, to John M. Alvares, son of Mrs. John M. Alvares of Brooklyn and Sayville, L. I. Miss Mulhall is a graduate of the Convent of the Sacred Heart of this city. No date has been set for the wedding.

Brewsaen—Cobb.

Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Capen Cobb of 112 Riverside Drive have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Alby Eugenia Cobb, to Leonard Esmond Brewsaen Jr., a son of Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Brewsaen of Havana, Cuba. No date has been announced for the wedding.

Ullman—Leerburger.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Leerburger of 320 West Eighty-third Street have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Louise Heller Leerburger, to Sydney C. Ullman of 333 Central Park West. No date for the wedding has been mentioned.

Lushear—Chovey.

Vincent L. Chovey of Maplewood, N. J., has announced the engagement of his daughter, Miss Ruth Caroline Chovey, to John Lushear, a son of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Lushear of Maplewood and Mount Tabor, N. J. Miss Chovey was graduated from Smith College with the class of 1921, and also attended the New York School of Fine and Applied Art. Mr. Lushear is a graduate of Blair Academy and attended New York and Syracuse universities. He served in the navy during the war for two years.

Stower—Fiske.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin W. Fiske of Mount Vernon have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Gertrude L. Fiske, to Inman E. Stower of Lawrence and Plattsburg, N. Y. Miss Fiske was graduated from the Mount Vernon High School and also studied abroad. Her father was formerly Mayor of Mount Vernon.

ROCKAWAY BEACH "DONT'S".

New Police Rules Tell Bathers What Not to Do.

A list of "Don'ts for Bathers" issued yesterday by the police of the Rockaways provides against:

"Girls who do their shopping in bathing suits and nothing else but.

"Girls who wear one-piece bathing suits without a short skirt.

"Girls who wear no stockings with bathing suits.

"Girls and men who make love on the beaches."

Another rule requires men and women to remain at least six inches apart both in the water and on the beaches. All the rules apply to men, too, except as to stockings.

Forty additional policemen have been assigned to assist the regular force in seeing that the new regulations are obeyed.

Christian Science Suit Dropped.

BOSTON, June 11.—Judge Anderson in the Federal District Court today dismissed the suit brought by Mrs. Catherine Aller of Phoenix, Ariz., seeking to have the directors of the Christian Science Publishing Society restrained from refusing to print her card as a practitioner in The Christian Science Journal. The dismissal was made at the request of Mrs. Aller, who notified the court that she had resigned from the Christian Science Church.

COL. WELLS QUITS THE 71ST REGIMENT

Lieut. Col. Eben Resigns With His Chief and Both Are Honorably Discharged.

DE LAMATER IN COMMAND

Reason for Recent Temporary Removal of Commanders Never Made Public.

Colonel J. Hollis Wells and Lieut. Col. James Eben, formerly of the Seventy-first Regiment, have resigned and have been honorably discharged, according to an announcement by General Headquarters of the National Guard. Colonel Walter De Lamater has been appointed to command the regiment.

Colonel Wells and Lieut. Col. Eben were relieved of their commands and placed on the unassigned list several weeks ago by Governor Smith, who acted, it was reported, at the suggestion of Major Gen. George Berry.

The temporary removal of Colonel Wells and Lieut. Col. Eben took place just prior to the use of the armory for the National Golf Show. It appeared that the lease was made out by the New York Guardian Association. Colonel Wells and Lieut. Col. Eben were connected with the association, and it was explained that the association's income was used to further the social interests of the regiment.

Colonel Edward McLeer Jr., who succeeded Colonel Wells temporarily, cancelled the lease, but subsequently permitted the show to go on. As far as could be learned, no specific charges were filed against Colonel Wells and Lieut. Col. Eben.

Prior to the trouble over the lease for the golf show, Commissioner of Welfare Bird S. Coler had complained against the character of entertainment in the armory when it was rented for a week by the Shriners. He asserted that gambling devices had been permitted and asked the orphan asylums that were to benefit by the Shriners' circus not to take their wards to the circus. Commissioner Coler denied he had complained to Governor Smith or Mayor Hylan.

Colonel De Lamater, the new commander of the Seventy-first, was an officer in the regiment for fourteen years until 1914. He attended the army school of the line at Langres, France, and was graduated with honors in April, 1917. He then attended the Staff College and was graduated with honors, becoming Chief of Staff of the Seventy-ninth Division, and was on the eligible list of the General Staff of the United States Army Reserve Corps. Recently he was Chief of Staff of the Seventy-seventh Reserve Corps.

GUILTY OF CONSPIRACY IN GUCKENHEIMER CASE

Distillery Company and Seven Individuals Are Convicted by Jury in Pittsburgh.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, June 11.—The Guckenheimer distillery case—involving one of the big whisky scandals which were called to the attention of the United States Senate—came to an abrupt close this afternoon when the jury returned a verdict in the United States District Court after being apparently deadlocked.

Five of the defendants were acquitted, and seven individuals and the A. Guckenheimer & Brothers Company of Freeport were found guilty of a conspiracy to violate the National Prohibition act. The specific offense charged was the removal of 90,000 gallons of whisky on counterfeit permits.

Besides the company, those found guilty were Louis Farkas, Louis Brown, Joseph Tito, George Beck, William Dickerman, E. C. Little and William J. Ferris. Joseph Mazer, Benjamin Shapiro, Jack Weiners, M. J. Morrison and Frank Tito were the defendants found not guilty. The jury had received binding instructions to acquit Frank Tito.

The case was one of the most noted that has been before the courts since nation-wide prohibition went into effect. The defendants were backed by powerful financial interests and employed legal talent of national reputation. The Government arrayed formidable forces in an endeavor to obtain convictions, placing at the disposal of the prosecution all of the resources of the Attorney General's office.

The alleged misdoings of the owners of the Guckenheimer distillery were a striking feature of the testimony of Gaston B. Means before the Brookhart committee in Washington a few weeks ago, when Means testified that millions of dollars' worth of whisky had been released by the Guckenheimer concern on forged permits, and that several leading banks and wealthy men in Western Pennsylvania had profited by the transactions.

The charge against the defendants was that of illegal withdrawal of whisky from the distilling company's plant at Freeport. The Government alleged that liquor worth millions of dollars was taken from the distillery. Two weeks were consumed in trying the case, and scores of witnesses were placed on the stand.

SAYS COOLIDGE SEEKS A TREATY WITH JAPAN

McClatchy Hears Plan Is to Take Place of Exclusion Clause in Immigration Law.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 11.—Advices from Washington sources indicating that President Coolidge had decided to negotiate an immigration treaty with Japan and have it ready for submission to the Senate in December were read by V. S. McClatchy, prominent exclusionist, at a meeting of the Lions Club here today.

Such a treaty would supplant the exclusion feature in the Immigration bill in so far as the Japanese are concerned, Mr. McClatchy said.

"Japan will not consent to or sign any treaty which does not give her nationals preferential rights over all other Asiatic races," he said.

"She has definitely stated that she is entitled to such recognition in view of her rise to a world power and her position as the great power of Asia."

Asks City Planning Convention Here

ALBANY, N. Y., June 11.—Governor Smith has extended to the International Garden, Cities and Town Planning Federation of Amsterdam an invitation to hold the next annual convention in New York State. In a letter to the Federation, conveyed by Clarence S. Stein, Chairman of the State Commission on Housing and Regional Planning, the Governor said the organization would find much of interest in New York State, which is giving close attention to housing and city planning problems.

CRANFORD REBUKES HYLAN.

Contractor Says Mayor Would Not Retract Misstatement.

Frederick L. Cranford and Walter D. Cranford, both of whom have been prominent in subway construction, are brothers. Frederick, who is a member of the Brooklyn Chamber of Commerce, is at the head of F. L. Cranford, Inc. His brother, Walter D., is at the head of the Cranford Construction Company, in which Frederick is said to have no pecuniary interest.

Mayor Hylan a few days ago issued a statement in which he attacked Frederick L. Cranford, who yesterday replied to the Mayor in part as follows:

"I have hesitated to enter into a personal controversy with Mayor Hylan. His ability to misstate conditions and facts is so great and his willingness to do so is so well recognized that fair treatment at his hands is not to be expected. Self respect, however, demands that I do not permit his misstatements concerning myself to go unrefuted. In a statement to the press issued May 30 Mayor Hylan made this reference to myself: 'Mr. Cranford remembers unpleasantly my veto of the legislative grab of some $30,000,000 to $40,000,000, which would have permitted him, as chief beneficiary, to rake in extra allowances for subway construction affected by war conditions.'

"I was not and could not have been a beneficiary in any manner on the occasion referred to by Mayor Hylan. He should have known that his statement was completely false. He had an opportunity to correct in a voluntary manner that libelous utterance. When he did not do so at the end of the week, I sent to Mayor Hylan a letter in which his attention was called to his misstatements and in which he was requested to make due correction. Instead of doing that, last Friday, in another statement he charged that I own or am in control of the Cranford Construction Company, one of the companies now suing the city in connection with a subway contract.

"As his Honor the Mayor well knows, I do not control the Cranford Construction Company, nor am I connected with it in any way. It is true that I had one of my subway contracts, but as Mayor Hylan also knows, my work was so far completed that I did not experience the difficulties encountered by others during the war.

"Mayor Hylan knows that no claim upon the city was made by me in connection with my contract. Mayor Hylan knows that final payments were made to me at the contract price and that a complete receipt was given by me to the city. The attempt to intimate anything to the contrary is as dishonest as it is unfair."

FOULKE ANSWERS CHANDLER

Says Police Should Be Free From Politics and Under Civil Service.

DETROIT, June 11.—William Dudley Foulke, President of the National Civil Service Reform League, here tonight criticised recent remarks of George Fletcher Chandler, former Superintendent of the New York State Police Force. Mr. Foulke was speaking at a dinner given by the Detroit Civil Service Commission for the National Assembly of Civil Service Commissions, which is holding its annual convention here. Mr. Foulke cited a newspaper report of Dr. Chandler's remarks at the Urological Convention at Atlantic City recently, in which Dr. Chandler is reported to have said that police and civil service control should be eliminated from police administration. Mr. Foulke said:

"Dr. Chandler tells the Urological Association at Atlantic City that two of the causes of the increase in crime are civil service and politics in the Police Department and that both must be divorced from that branch of administration.

"This is much like saying that a dry climate and a wet climate are the causes of asthma and that both must be eliminated, or that darkness and light are the causes of eye trouble and that night and day must both be abolished before the cause can be eradicated. In the Police Department, as in every other branch of administration, politics will control until appointments for merit take its place, and the merit system will be successful only so far as politics are permanently ejected.

"In the case of able and public-spirited officers like Dr. Chandler appointments might be made without political influence, though even he was required to use and did use competitive examinations with a wider choice in the selection of eligibles. But how shall we secure the selection of men who will appoint for merit only? The only way to do it is by fixed rules requiring that those who best show their qualifications after competitive tests shall be selected. That is the merit system in the civil service."

BONUS BUREAU SWAMPED.

But 1,000 Veterans Are Being Paid Each Day, Director Harris Says.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, June 11.—One thousand veterans are receiving their bonus money each day, Director Frank S. Harris said tonight in a statement explaining the delay in getting the work of the Bonus Bureau under way. He added that within a week 1,500 names a day would be filed with the State Controller for payment.

The statement followed a meeting of the Bonus Bureau heads this afternoon.

"Practically all of the veterans in the State wanted their applications the first day they were ready for distribution and sent them in at once, although they had until July 1, 1925, to file them," the statement said. "This condition caused an avalanche of mail to arrive upon a new bureau just organized, and in addition to the great number of applications, thousands of letters and telegrams were received.

"Veterans should not send any communications to the bureau once they have sent their application, unless information is requested from them. Every additional piece of mail delays the work."

WOMAN SPEEDER GOES FREE

Magistrate Marsh Suspends Sentence on Mrs. Clara Read.

Magistrate Norman J. Marsh, whose action in suspending sentence twice in two months on Abby Rockefeller caused a furor, yesterday suspended sentence in the Traffic Court on another woman who pleaded guilty to speeding.

The lucky speeder yesterday was Mrs. Clara Read, 32 years old, of 30 East Sixtieth Street, who was caught driving her car at twenty-eight miles on hour on Monday in Central Park, on the East Drive at 94th St.

"I didn't know how fast I was going," she said in court.

"Then you plead not guilty?" asked Magistrate Marsh.

"No. I did not look at my speedometer when the policeman stopped me. I take his word as to how fast I was going."

The Magistrate then suspended sentence.

DUNCAN IN MOTOR CRASH.

Unhurt in Collision Which Injures Frenchwoman and Child.

FONTAINEBLEAU, France, June 11.—An automobile driven by Raymond Duncan, brother of Isadora Duncan, the American dancer, came into collision with another automobile today. Two persons were injured—Mme. Bertrand, a gymnastic instructor, and her 7-year-old daughter.

They were taken to a hospital. Mr. Duncan was not hurt.

Two New Vesuvius Craters Open.

NAPLES, June 11.—The eruption of Vesuvius is increasing in intensity. Two new craters have opened, says a bulletin issued by the Vesuvian Observatory, and all the three craters are emitting lava, cinders and ashes, while heavy rumblings are heard inside. The authorities having prohibited climbing the volcano for fear of casualties, the tourists here, especially Americans, are assembling in crowds at night at the near-by points of Santa Lucia and Vomero to witness the spectacle.

SHIPPING BOARD TO BUILD 2 LINERS

Vessels, Commissioner Plummer Announces, Will Be Started Within the Year.

PUTS COST AT $15,000,000

Chairman Lissner Asks "Soft Pedal" on Bad News About American Ships.

E. C. Plummer, Vice Chairman of the United States Shipping Board, following a review of America's part in the development of world maritime commerce at a dinner to its steamship agents on board the Leviathan last night, announced that the Shipping Board would build in the next twelve months two new passenger ships with a tonnage of 32,000 each and measuring 75 feet in length, with a beam of 80 feet. The vessels, he said, would cost about $15,000,000 and would be similar in type to the new North German Lloyd liner Columbus.

"Not only have we planned for these two new ships," said Mr. Plummer, "but the special committee appointed by the chief executive and made up of national leaders in industrial and transportation affairs is recommending five other vessels of the most improved combination passenger and freight type, so that you can look forward to having in the immediate future a magnificent addition to the fleets which you now serve, and you can tell your clients and the world as well that the United States is on the ocean to stay."

Mr. Plummer said that the Leviathan had lost approximately $72,000 this year in operation, due to her late entrance into the north transatlantic service.

"Despite the fact," said the speaker, "that it costs Uncle Sam more to operate his American ships than it costs his foreign competitor, he realizes that those ships enable his great industry to send its products where and when it pleases and to meet water competition, whatever it may be. Any loss incurred by him upon the ocean is more than overcome by the business development made possible for him through such directly controlled craft."

Meyer Lissner, Commissioner of the United States Shipping Board, suggested to the New York newspaper men at the dinner, which was for the line's steamship agents, that while the Shipping Board likes publicity of the right kind, the plea of the board was for a little more intelligent dissemination.

"We should take," he said, "a leaf out of a foreign notebook and emulate their reporters and editors, who almost instinctively, through generations of experience and as part of national policy, have learned the art of boosting their own ships on all appropriate occasions and of playing the soft pedal when anything unpleasant occurs."

NEEDLE KILLS SMALL BOY.

Four-Year-Old Had Previously Swallowed Buttons, Cloth and Sticks

An attempt by Joseph Pandolse, 4 years old, to add a needle to several articles he had swallowed on Monday night at his home, 49 Stone Street, Newark, caused his death yesterday in the Newark City Hospital. The needle had punctured the wall of the throat and pierced an artery.

An autopsy showed that the boy had recently swallowed eight small pieces of wood, two large bone buttons, an eight-inch strip of cloth and several pieces of string.

The boy was sent to the hospital after his elder brother had noticed a line of thread hanging from the mouth of Joseph. The older boy pulled on the string not knowing that it was attached to a needle which had lodged in the small boy's throat.

COLONEL LA MAR DIES.

Engineer Who Served in France Expires After a Heart Attack.

Colonel Alfred La Mar, 53 years old, of 290 Potter Avenue, Weehawken, N. J., died at his home yesterday from a heart attack which seized him earlier in the day while he was playing tennis with his daughter, Ruth, in Hudson County Park.

Colonel La Mar was Vice President of the Foreign Trades Corporation of 17 Battery Place, New York, until he retired recently. During the war he was commissioned Lieutenant Colonel to serve the commercial and engineering departments of the army abroad. Then he helped in the reconstruction of the devastated countries. He was decorated by the French, Belgian and Polish Governments.

Colonel La Mar was born in Chicago. His body will be taken to Davenport, Iowa.

THE REV. JOHN LLOYD.

Son of Senior Suffragan Bishop of Episcopal Diocese Dies.

The family of the Right Rev. Arthur S. Lloyd, senior suffragan bishop of the Episcopal Diocese of New York, left last night for Alexandria, Va., to attend the funeral of the son, the Rev. John Lloyd, who died Monday in Colorado Springs, Col.

John Lloyd, who was 34 years old, was gassed twice in France while serving as a stretcher bearer in the ambulance corps. He never fully recovered. He went to Colorado recently, where he died suddenly from a heart attack.

He was graduated from the University of Virginia. After teaching for two years at Pomfret, Conn., he entered the Virginia Theological Seminary at Alexandria, and was graduated three years later.

J. KEATING DIES IN PARIS.

Death Is Due to an Overdose of a Sleeping Potion.

PARIS, June 11.—James Keating, American newspaper man and former publicity director of the Czechoslovakian Government, died last night at Beaujon Hospital as the result of an overdose of a sleeping potion.

He leaves a wife in New York.

Mrs. Bean Dies at Age of 102.

DENVER, Col., June 11.—Mrs. Rebecca Bean, granddaughter of John Quincy Adams, sixth President of the United States, died at Petersburg today. Mrs. Bean was 102 years of age April 7.

The daughter of an engineer and inventor, Rebecca Shinn was born in 1822 at Shinnston, in what was then old Virginia and now is West Virginia. While still a young girl, she made four trips across the Atlantic with her father, who is said to have designed the first locomotive ever run on a track in the United States.

Obituary Notes.

ALBERT J. MARKS, one of the founders of the Acorn Advertising Agency of New York and Philadelphia, is dead at his home in Atlantic City as the result of a heart attack.

ISADORE KAUFMAN, theatrical manager, died yesterday at his home at 530 Riverside Drive after a long illness. For many years he had been associated with B. F. Keith's Booking Exchange.

Captain THOMAS BREWER, the last of Sag Harbor's whalers, died there Tuesday in his eighty-fourth year.

HENRY SELLERS M'KEE DIES AT AGE OF 84

Leader in Glass Industry Was Also Active in Street Railway Electrification.

Henry Sellers McKee at 115 East Fifty-third Street, a pioneer Pittsburgh and New York capitalist, died late Tuesday night at the Atlantic City Hospital following an operation. He was 84 years old.

Mr. McKee was prominent for more than half a century in glass making and was nationally active in the electrification of street railways. He laid the foundations of a large fortune when he entered the glass business in 1586 in Pittsburgh, where he was born. Joining his brother, Frederick, in a flint glass factory the latter had opened as early as 1838. The business known during its ensuing growth as F. & W. McKee and later as McKee & Brothers, became a factor in this field.

Mr. McKee went over to the window glass side of the industry as well, becoming founder of the Chambers & McKee Glass Company. In 1890 Mr. McKee was the first American glass manufacturer to introduce from abroad the Sieman process, which has since revolutionized this form of glass production by supplanting the old pot systems with the present tanks and regenerative furnaces. He established a producing centre outside Pittsburgh, which became the present town of Jeannette, Pa., Mr. McKee naming it after his wife, Jeannette E. Hartupee. Chambers & McKee sold out to the American Window Glass Company in 1900.

From 1890 to 1902 Mr. McKee also headed a syndicate which accounted for the electrifying of traction systems in Pittsburgh, Buffalo, St. Louis, New Orleans, Indianapolis, Rochester, Newark and Paterson. The McKee group won a signal victory before the United States Supreme Court when local capital in Indianapolis attempted to take over the street railway franchise there. Philander C. Knox and ex-President Benjamin Harrison represented the McKee interests.

Mr. McKee was President of the First National Bank of Birmingham at Pittsburgh, being elected when he was 23 years old, and also of the First National Bank of Jeannette. He was a member of many clubs, including the Philadelphia, Art and the Duquesne at Pittsburgh. He is survived by Mrs. McKee and two sons, Thomas M. McKee and A. Hart McKee.

The funeral will be held at the home here tomorrow morning at 10:30 o'clock, and interment will be at Woodlawn Cemetery.

Born.

LEVY—Mr. and Mrs. George Levy (nee Jessie Silberg) announce the birth of a daughter on June 8 at the Jewish Hospital of Brooklyn.

McALPIN—UNDERWOOD—On June 11, at the Unitarian Church, Belmont, Mass., David Hunter McAlpin Jr., son of Dr. and Mrs. D. Hunter McAlpin Jr., to Miss Nina Walton Underwood, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Loring Underwood.

MacLAUGHLIN—G. W. (nee Elsie Kornblum), 1,154 97th St., Brooklyn, announces the birth of a boy, George Allan, on May 30, 1924.

STRAUSS—Mr. and Mrs. Victor Strauss (nee Fannie Price) announce the birth of a son, June 9 at Flower Hospital.

SWISHER—To Mr. and Mrs. Ben W., 574 West End Av., Wednesday, June 11, at Nursery and Child's Hospital.

Married.

WARING—CHILCOTT—On June 7 at Scranton, Pa., Edna F. Chilcott to Fred G. Waring.

WOLFE—JAFFE—Mr. and Mrs. Charles Jaffe, 8,308 Bay Parkway, Brooklyn, N. Y., announce the marriage of their daughter Sadye to Victor Wolfe of Reno, Nev.

Anniversaries.

SEALE—DONOHUE—Announcement is made that June 25 will be the 7th wedding anniversary of Charles Lytton Seale and Jane Donohue, daughter of Thomas Donohue and Anne Gaffney. Married at Bayonne, N. J., by the Rev. P. N. Berwager. Philadelphia and Toledo papers please copy.

Died.

AYER—At Boston, Mass., suddenly, at Hotel Touraine, June 9, 1924, Frederick Fanning Ayer, son of the late James C. and Josephine M. Southwick Ayer, in the 73d year of his age. Funeral services at St. Ann's Episcopal Church, Lowell, Mass., Friday, June 13, at 2:30 P. M. Burial private.

BEIRNE—On June 8, Hugh J., at his residence, Eltingville, S. I. Funeral services Thursday at St. John's Church, Clifton, S. I., at 1 P. M. Take South Beach trolley from St. George. Interment in Woodlawn.

BLABER—At Sound Beach, Conn., Arthur R., son of Arthur T. and Minnie Blaber, age 17 years. Funeral services at Sound Beach Congregational Church, Friday, June 13, at 4 P. M.

BLOCK—Dr. Morris H., beloved husband of Pauline Block and father of Irma Endel and Dr. Alvin Block, on June 10, 1924, at his residence, 55 Hamilton Terrace. Funeral services June 13, 1924, at Temple of the Covenant, 613 West 180th St., at 10 A. M. Relatives, friends and members of the following fraternal organizations are respectfully invited to attend: Radiant Lodge, F. & A. M.; Alpha Lodge, Immanides Benevolent Society; Palestine Lodge, I. O. F. S. of L.; General Washington Lodge, O. B. A.; Alpha Lodge, I. O. T. of T.; United Hands Mutual Benefit Society, Bruederegat Bundes, Society Beth Joseph and Foresters of America. Kindly omit flowers.

BLOCK—Dr. Morris H. Radiant Lodge 739, F. and A. M., announces with regret the death of Brother Dr. M. H. Block. Masonic services will be held at the Temple of the Covenant, 613 West 180th St., Friday, June 13, at 10 A. M. Brethren kindly make every effort to attend. Fraternally,

DR. E. E. FREIMAN, Master.
A. J. HENRICH, Secretary.

BLOCK—Dr. Morris H. Members of Palestine Lodge No. 36, I. O. F. S. of L., are respectfully requested to attend the funeral of our late brother, Dr. Morris H. Block, on Friday, June 13, at 10 A. M., from the Temple of the Covenant, 613 West 180th St., city.

SIMON M. GOLDSMITH, President.
M. BERATING Jr., Secretary.

BLOCK—Dr. Morris H. Members of Malmonides Benevolent Society are requested to attend the funeral of our revered brother from Temple of the Covenant, 610 West 180th, Friday, June 13, 10 A. M.

HERMAN S. ZIEGEL, President.
ALFRED A. SCHEUER, Secretary.

BOEHME—On June 11, 1924, Reinhard Boehme, beloved father of Clara and Fleta, in his 80th year. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 1,158 Garden St., Hoboken, on Friday, June 13, at 10 A. M.

BONAPARTE—On June 11, at her residence, 417 East 157th St., Anna A. Bonaparte (nee McGivney), beloved wife of John J. Bonaparte and daughter of John and Mary McGivney. Notice of funeral later.

BRADY—On Monday, June 9, 1924, Edward J. Brady. Funeral from the residence of his sister, Mrs. Eugene Reynolds, 248 Grand Av., Brooklyn, on Thursday, June 12. Solemn requiem mass at St. Patrick's Church, Nost and Willoughby Avs., at 10 A. M. Interment St. John's Cemetery. Automobile cortege.

BRAGDON—On Tuesday, June 10, 1924, Louis B. Bragdon, in his 69th year. Funeral service at his late home, 87 West 92d St., Bayonne, N. J., on Thursday, June 12, at 2 P. M. Interment Ridgefield, N. J.

BROMBACHER—On June 10, 1924, Augustus F., beloved husband of Caroline Brombacher, in his 74th year. Services at his late residence, 390 Clermont Av., Brooklyn, on Thursday, June 12, at 8 P. M. Interment at convenience of family. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

BUNN—John W., on June 10, at his residence, 483 4th St., Brooklyn. Survived by two daughters and two sons. Funeral services Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment Greenwood Cemetery. Auto cortege.

BURNETT—At Daytona Beach, Fla., May 23, 1924, William H. Burnett of Lake Placid and New York City.

BUSH—At East Orange, N. J., June 10, 1924, Hewlett, beloved husband of Kate Leitch Bush. Funeral services at Christ Episcopal Church, Rye, N. Y., on Friday, June 13, at 2 o'clock.

CHEEL—In Ridgewood, N. J., June 11, 1924, Lucy L., widow of W. A. Cheel. Funeral services on Saturday, June 14, at her late residence, 35 Cores Terrace, at 3:30 P. M. Interment at Valleau Cemetery, Ridgewood, N. J.

Died.

CHESEBROUGH—Martin, Campbell Funeral Church, Broadway, 66th St., Friday, 11 A. M., auspices Actors' Fund.

CLINTON—Elias

FIDELITY ATTACKS EQUITY CONTRACT

Seek an Injunction Against Agreement Signed With Managers' Protective Association.

THEIR ACTION A SURPRISE

Petition Says That They Must Join or Quit Their Profession.

The Actors' Fidelity League, through its Treasurer, Ruth Chatterton, yesterday filed in special term, Part 1, of the Supreme Court a petition to enjoin the Actors' Equity Association and the Managers' Protective Association from carrying out the contract governing the employment of actors recently negotiated and in effect since June 1.

The same contract was the object of an attack late in May by the Producing Managers' Association, after a split had developed in its ranks, the Shuberts and their allies setting up the Managers' Protective Association, which signed the contract with Equity and put it into effect in their theatres. The Producing Managers' Association was unsuccessful in its effort to get an injunction against the operation of the contract, the courts holding it was a proper document.

The Actors' Fidelity League action comes as a surprise, since the theatrical world generally believed the failure of the previous attempt to fight the contract in the courts had ended the matter. Since June 1, when the contract became operative, the theatres of the group of managers that did not go over with the Shuberts have been closed.

In the petition which was filed yesterday with Justice Platzek the argument advanced by the Fidelity actors is that they are restrained in their professional activities by the operation of their contract. They allege that under its terms they must either join the Actors' Equity Association or leave the theatrical profession.

Would Obviate Contract.

Should the Fidelity group be successful in sustaining their contention and securing an injunction, the theatrical situation would be thrown back to where it was when Equity first made its demands on the managers and there was talk of an "actors' strike." No contract would be in existence and a new one would have to be negotiated between the various groups of actors and managers.

It is generally agreed on Broadway that very little bar to an agreement between all parties exists in the terms of employment embodied in the contract, and that they could be accepted were it not for the fact of complications induced by hostilities among the various groups.

The Producing Managers' Association, which was originally for the "open shop," is supposed to be willing now to accept the so-called 80-20 shop, but will not do so because the terms of the contract would force the "die-hard" managers either to work through the rival managers' organization or accept a "100 per cent. Equity shop."

Henry Miller, President of Fidelity, yesterday explained the reasons for the step his organization had taken in seeking an injunction.

"We would like to have it clearly understood," he said, "that we have no relation with any other group and that this action is to be considered strictly on its own merits. We have had some bitter experience since this contract went into effect on June 1. We have found that we must either join the Equity Association or go out of the profession.

"We will not join Equity because we feel that when the time comes when it has developed full freedom and command of the situation, it will operate like any other labor union. That does not meet our approval because we think labor unions are unwise in the theatre. The theatre has suffered already from the labor union creed, for the stage hands have consumed a share of the financial vitality of the theatre that is beyond their right.

See Inherent Rights at Stake.

"We feel that it is just as wrong to force us into a labor union to continue in our profession, as it would be to say to those of us who are Protestants, 'Be a Catholic and you can act,' or those of us who are Democrats, 'Turn into Republicans and the stage is yours.'

"There is really a fundamental question of inherent rights behind our attitude. The question is whether a man must join an organization to practice his profession, in which the years may have brought him credit, whether he must pay tribute to Equity or leave the profession.

"We want the courts to decide that question.

"Is it right, for instance, that an actress like Margaret Anglin should have had to abandon her tour because they wouldn't let her act with her own company? Mrs. Fiske is another in the same boat. And I have to abandon my customary Western tour, which involves also Blanche Bates and Laura Hope Crewes and Miss Chatterton. The latter was also considering a play for her own use, and in this respect, too, she is cut off.

"All this is not theory with us. We have actually been forced off the stage since June 1 by these conditions. The only remedy would be to join Equity, and that would offend our principles.

"But we are not especially fighting our individual battle. We do not stand for the members of Fidelity, but for the open shop in the theatre. We don't want any agreement with any managers except as to certain business details. We stand for 100 per cent. freedom in the theatre. The Shuberts and Equity stand for 80 per cent. expediency and 20 per cent. principle."

SURPRISE TO "DAPPER DON."

Taken to Island in Prison Van Handcuffed to Poorly Clad Negro.

"Dapper Don" Collins, handcuffed to a poorly clad negro narcotic addict, was taken from the Tombs yesterday to the penitentiary on Welfare Island to serve the year's term for larceny imposed before he fled to France in 1921 while free on $5,000 bail.

Since his arrival from France last Saturday in the custody of a detective, Collins frequently had expressed confidence that when the time came to take him to the penitentiary he would be relieved of the odium of a trip to the prison with other convicted men and that a special automobile would be provided.

Shortly after 9 A. M. yesterday, Collins was told by Warden Hanley to prepare himself for the trip and was taken down to the yard of the Tombs, where Deputy Sheriffs George Spellman and Thomas Tynan were locking handcuffs on other prisoners in pairs. "Dapper Don" happened to walk into the gathering just as Tynan had placed a handcuff on the wrist of the negro drug victim. Spellman motioned to Collins to move over to the gaping mate of the handcuff.

"Dapper Don," nervously adjusting his gray fedora hat and new cravat, held back a second or two, but Spellman shoved him over, Tynan grabbed his left arm and the next second the handcuffs had been snapped on Collins's wrist. Then the line of prisoners shuffled toward Sheriff Dooling's enclosed automobile prisoners' van, and within five minutes Collins was being led out of the van again in front of Police Headquarters, five blocks north of Centre Street.

Here, while "Dapper Don" scowlingly looked on, his bertillon measurements and fingerprints were recorded. Then he was handcuffed again to the negro and hurried to the penitentiary.

BRITISH INFLUENCE PUT IRAK TREATY THROUGH

Bagdad Assembly Ratified It Under Protest, Asking for Eventual Modification.

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BAGDAD, June 11.—The ratification of the Anglo-Iraqui Treaty by the Assembly was an eleventh-hour decision. After two indecisive debates the Assembly adjourned at noon on Tuesday, the majority strongly opposing the rejection of the treaty, but being unwilling to ratify it owing to the threats made against individual deputies if they did so.

The Government was then informed that Great Britain required a final answer before midnight. After several hours' debate, combined with energetic persuasion urging the necessity of a British alliance for the defense of Mosul, seventy deputies assembled at 10 P. M., a motion postponing discussion was made, but was decisively rejected, another motion demanding modification before ratification was rejected by 40 votes against 25. A motion to ratify the treaty under protest was then accepted by 38 votes against 25, eight deputies abstaining from voting.

utles abstaining from voting.

The resolution passed states that Irak is unable to fulfill the responsibilities the treaty imposed, but is confident that Great Britain does not intend to oppress Irak and that, trusting the British High Commissioner's assurances of the possibility of modifying the financial agreement, the Assembly requests King Feisal to ratify the instrument, provided his Majesty thereupon begins to negotiate modifications on the basis of the committee's report.

The resolution adds:

"This treaty is invalid if Great Britain does not protect Irak's entire rights in the Mosul Vilayet."

The majority was composed of Ministers and members from the Tigris divisions and Kurds. The minority was made up of pro-Turks and Euphrates Deputies.

PHYSICIANS DIVIDED ON FEMININE FASHIONS

One French Expert Condemns the Flat Figure, While Another Thinks Style Hygienic.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, June 11.—The most grave of French scientific assemblies, the Academy of Medicine, has been recently investigating the feminine fashions, but purely from their effect on health.

Dr. Doleris strongly condemned the present hollow-chested feminine outline, "The thin, flat figure" beloved by the smart woman of today inclined women, he said, to compress their bodies in a dangerous manner.

But other experts deny this. Dr. Mooris, who for thirty years specialized in the study of the human form, thinks that sloping shoulders, hollow chests, flat figures and the slouching walk all count little when balanced against the one great important fact that the modern woman's clothing is of such a nature that the Venius de Milo herself would feel free and unhampered were she asked to wear it.

"When one compares today's fashions," he said, "with those of 1880, for instance, with wasp waists which necessitated women submitting to absolute torture, one can only approve those of today. It is not the fault of fashion that women carry themselves badly. That is the fault of the Louis XVI heel, which drags down the lower part of the body and makes the shoulders slope. The present day fashions are hygienic, which is the principal question. They don't hamper the freedom of any essential organ by dangerous compression. The butterfly is free today, not locked in a steel case."

But he advises that to counteract the effect of high heels women should wear sandals at home every morning and walk around lifting the knees as high as possible.

Wins Dartmouth Journalism Prize.

Special to The New York Times.

HANOVER, N. H., June 11.—Victor G. Reynolds of Crestwood, N. Y., won the Johnson journalism prize of $15 for the best news story written this year by a freshman for The Dartmouth, the daily newspaper of Dartmouth College. George R. Ritchie of Saratoga Springs, N. Y., divided honors with Charles P. Baker Jr. of Painesville, Ohio, for the second prize of $10. Edward J. Duffy of Washington won the sophomore prize of $15.

St. Andrew's to Honor Dr. Richmond

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., June 11.—Dr. Charles Alexander Richmond, President of Union College, will sail from New York Saturday for Scotland to receive, June 27, from St. Andrew's University the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws. Dr. Richmond, who has been President of Union since 1909, was graduated from Princeton in 1883. He has received honorary degrees from Hamilton, Rutgers, New York University, Princeton, University of Pittsburgh and George Washington.

"Scandals" to Open June 30.

George White's "Scandals," according to an announcement issued yesterday, will open at the Apollo Theatre on June 30. In the cast are Winnie Lightner, Lester Allen, Tom Patricola, Will Mahoney, Richard Bold, Helen Hudson, Newton Alexander, Thea Alexander, Olive Vaughn, the Elm City Four, Williams Sisters, Alice Weaver, Sally Starr, James Miller, the De Marcos and others. Prior to the New York opening the "Scandals" will be tried out in Atlantic City during the week of June 23.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"The Fatal Wedding" will end its engagement at the Ritz Theatre on Saturday night.

The Jewish Theatrical Guild of America will hold a special meeting at the Bijou Theatre on Thursday, June 12, at 11:15 P. M. Daniel Frohman and Nellie Revell, it is announced, will address the meeting.

"Let's Go" will be withdrawn from the Columbia Theatre on June 21. It will be succeeded by Joseph Hurtig's burlesque production, called "Hollywood Follies."

Roger Wolfe Kahn's band will begin an engagement at the Hippodrome next Monday.

"Three," a play by David Pinski, is announced for production next season.

MUSIC NOTES.

The Oratorio Society of New York, in conjunction with the Goldman Band, will give a concert of choral music Saturday evening on the Mall in Central Park, under the direction of Albert Stoessel. The choral numbers will be taken from the "Elijah" and the "Messiah." The Goldman Band, directed by Edwin Franko Goldman, will play, among other things, the March from 'Tannhauser' and Franz Liszt's Hungarian Rhapsody. The soloist will be Genia Fonarlova.

E. Grant Ege of the Jenkins Music House, Kansas City, has been elected President of the National Association of Sheet Music Dealers at the annual convention, which closed at the Waldorf-Astoria Tuesday. Paul H. Schmitt of Minneapolis was elected Vice President.

Edouard Albion, general director of the Washington (D. C.) Opera Company and President of the National Opera Association, Inc., is at the Waldorf Hotel and will interview student musicians of New York who desire operatic experience on Friday and Saturday between the hours of 4 and 6.

Clara Novello Davies announces that applications will be received from contraltos, tenors and basses wishing to form her Artists' Choir. The board of examiners will include Frances Alda, Frieda Hempel, Andres de Segurola, Clarence Whitehill, Walter Golde and H. H. Osgood. Several concerts will be given in New York next season.

ALBANIA TURNS TO BISHOP.

Noli Is Expected to Head New Nationalist Government.

AVLONA, Albania, June 11.—It is expected that Bishop Fan S. Noli, former Foreign Minister and leader of the Nationalist movement in the south of Albania, will be appointed head of the new Albanian National Government following the sweeping successes of the revolutionary forces.

The Nationalists, having overthrown the State Administration, have issued a decree commanding all citizens to give up their arms and ammunition under penalty of capital punishment.

News from almost every part of Albania describes the rejoicing of the population at the success of the Nationalist movement. A contingent of the former Government's army is said to be still holding out, but it is expected it will either surrender to the Nationalist forces without fighting or join with the new Government.

New Dean for Albany Law School.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 11.—Harold D. Alexander, former District Attorney of Albany County, and a lecturer at the Albany Law School, will succeed Dean James Newton Piero, who recently resigned, it was announced today at a luncheon of the Alumni Association of the school.

ADVERTISEMENT.

CONVENTION RALLY
FOR
Governor Alfred E. Smith
THE TOWN HALL
123 West 43rd Street
Thursday Evening, June 12th, at 8:30
Music by Irving Berlin and Lyman's Orchestra.
THE PUBLIC IS INVITED

AMUSEMENTS.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS—DIRECTION LEE & J. J. SHUBERT

WINTER GARDEN Evenings 8:35. Mats. Tues., Thurs. & Sat. MATINEE TODAY at 2:25.
INNOCENT EYES
Introducing MISTINGUETT
CECIL LEAN—CLEO MAYFIELD

WINTER GARDEN—SUN. NIGHT
BENEFIT RENT RELIEF FUND.
STARS FROM "INNOCENT EYES," "VOGUES" AND OTHER BROADWAY SUCCESSES, POLICE GLEE CLUB and POLICE BAND; MANY OTHERS.
EDDIE DOWLING—Master of Ceremonies
Tickets on sale at Winter Garden and Room 1224, Municipal Building.

SHUBERT Thes., 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30
THE PERFECT REVUE!
VOGUES
With ODETTE MYRTIL, a Great Cast & ROGER WOLFE'S ORCHESTRA

SELWYN THEATRE, W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:30.
(NEW SPRING EDITION)
CHARLOT'S Revue of 1924.
With BEATRICE LILLIE, GERTRUDE LAWRENCE and NELSON KEYS

ELTINGE Theatre, West 42d Street. Evs. 8:35 Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:30.
FREDERICK LONSDALE'S COMEDY HIT
SPRING CLEANING
With Violet Heming, Estelle Winwood, Arthur Byron, A. E. Matthews

THE GOOSE HANGS HIGH
BIJOU Thes., 45 St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:30.

RITZ Theatre, 48th, West of B'way. Evs. 8:50. Matinee Saturday, 2:30.
THE FATAL WEDDING!
"A JOYOUS FROLIC."—*N. Y. Commercial*

IMPERIAL THEATRE WEST 45 STREET. EVENINGS AT 8:40 Matinees SATURDAY & WEDNESDAY, 2:30.
F. RAY COMSTOCK & MORRIS GEST ANNOUNCE THE WHOLE WORLD IS
SITTING PRETTY
WITH QUEENIE SMITH
CLEVEREST MUSICAL COMEDY OF THEM ALL

LAST 4 DAYS — 5th MONTH
of D. W. GRIFFITH'S
Romance of Love, Laughter and Tears
AMERICA
44th ST. THEATRE. Twice Daily, 2:30 & 8:30
Mats. 50c & $1. Nights 50c, $1 & $1.50
Last Two Times Sunday, June 15th

LITTLE, W. 44th St. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Sat. & Wed., 2:30
LITTLE JESSIE JAMES
WITH THE JAMES BOYS (A PAUL WHITEMAN BAND) — 11th Month

LONGACRE Thes., W. 48th St. Evs. at 8:30 Mats. Sat. & Wed. at 2:30.
JULIA SANDERSON
In MUSICAL COMEDY GEM
8th MONTH
MOONLIGHT

GREENWICH VILLAGE Thea., 4th St. & 7th Av. Evenings 8:30. Matinees Today and Sat., 2:30.
FASHION 5TH MONTH
Provincetown, 133 Macdougal Street. Spring 4363
FOURTH SUBSCRIPTION BILL
All God's Chillun Got Wings

39th Street Theatre, East of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Matinees Sat. and Wed. 2:30.
THE BRIDE
The Mystery Comedy Hit with PEGGY WOOD

MOROSCO WEST 45 St. MATS. TODAY & SAT. SEATS, $1 to $2.50.
KEEP KOOL
HAZEL DAWN | CHAS. KING | JOHNNY DOOLEY | 16 SWEET CUTIES

BROADHURST 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30
BEGGAR ON HORSEBACK
with ROLAND YOUNG. MATINEE TODAY

LAST 3 WEEKS
F. RAY COMSTOCK & MORRIS GEST present
THE MIRACLE World's Biggest Production
Staged by MAX REINHARDT—Company of 700
1,000 Seats at Every Performance. $1, $1.50 & $2

CENTURY 62nd & Cent. Park West. Evs. 8 Pop. Mats. Wed. and Sat. at 2
NATIONAL Thes., 41 St., W. of B'y. Evs. 8:15 Matinees Today & Sat. at 2.
HAMPDEN
228TH TIME TONIGHT as "CYRANO"

49th ST. Theatre, West of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Matinees Sat. & Wed. at 2:30.
LEW FIELDS
in "The Melody Man" with SAM WHITE and EVA PUCK
"EXPRESSING WILLIE"
48TH ST. Theatre
A Comedy by Rachel Crothers.
Evenings at 8:30. Mats. Tues. & Sat.

CASINO B'way and 39th. Evs. 8:25. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:15. Laughing Revue.
I'LL SAY SHE IS
with The Marx Brothers

2ND SEASON
W. C. FIELDS in "POPPY"
Biggest Musical Hit of Year
APOLLO, W. 42 St. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Sat. & Wed.

REPUBLIC 42d St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Mats. WED. & SAT., 2:30.
3RD YEAR
Anne Nichols' Laughing Success
ABIE'S IRISH ROSE

LYRIC THEATRE, W. 42D ST. EVES. 8:30. MATINEE SAT. & WED., 2:20.
NEW YORK'S NEWEST MUSICAL HIT!
FLOSSIE

RICHARD HERNDON Presents
BELMONT Thes., 48th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30.
SAMUEL SHIPMAN'S NEW COMEDY
"CHEAPER TO MARRY"

PLYMOUTH 45th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30.
POPULAR MATINEE TODAY
"THE BEST AMERICAN COMEDY OF THE SEASON."—*Heywood Broun, World.*
THE POTTERS By J. P. McEVOY

PLAYHOUSE, W. 48 St. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Sat. & Wed.
THE SHOW-OFF
A Comedy Gem by George Kelly.

MATINEE TODAY 29TH AND 28TH TIMES
THE Shame Woman
COMEDY Thes., 41st, East of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Matinees Today & Sat., 2:15.
Mr. Battling Buttler
Laughing Musical Hit with CHAS. RUGGLES.
TIMES SQ., West 42d St. Mats. Wed. & Sat.

MATINEE TODAY
H. G. WELLS and St. J. ERVINE'S PRINCESS, 39th E. of B'way. Evs., 8:30. Mats. Today and Sat., 2:30.
The Wonderful VISIT

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES

EMPIRE THEATRE B'way & 40 St. This Week Only
MATINEE SATURDAY 2:15
THE PLAYERS' CLUB
3RD ANNUAL OLD COMEDY REVIVAL
"She Stoops to Conquer"
With Usual Star Cast of Eminent Artists.

KLAW, W. 45 St. Evs. 8:37. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:26.
MEET THE WIFE
THE LAUGH HIT—With MARY BOLAND

FRAZEE THEATRE W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
Laughs Thrills Tears
KALICH
in "THE KREUTZER SONATA"

COBRA HUDSON, West 44th St. Evs. 8:30. Matinee Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
DRAMATIC SENSATION

THEATRE GUILD PRODUCTIONS
MATINEE TODAY—BEST SEATS $2.
FATA MORGANA
(MIRAGE) WITH EMILY STEVENS
"A brilliant, discussable sex comedy."—*Corbin, Times.*

LYCEUM Theatre, West 45th St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. TODAY & SAT., 2:30.
BERNARD SHAW'S SAINT JOAN
GARRICK 65 West 35th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & SAT., 2:30.

CHIC, CLEVER AND CHARMING
PLAIN JANE
NEW AMSTERDAM Thes., West 42d St. Mats. Wed. & Sat.

EARL CARROLL
ZIEGFELD'S Greatest Musical Comedy
EDDIE CANTOR in "KID BOOTS"
with MARY EATON

"A STRONGER, MORE LOGICAL PLAY THAN 'RAIN.'"—Eve. Tel.
EARL CARROLL presents
WHITE CARGO
by LEON GORDON
Daly's 63d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 261st Time

F. Ray Comstock & Morris Gest present
DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS
THIEF OF BAGDAD
LIBERTY Thes., W. 42 St. Twice Daily, 2:30—8:30. Sun. Mat. at 3.

The 7th CAPACITY MONTH
TEN COMMANDMENTS
A Paramount Production (Famous Players)
GEO. M. COHAN Thes., B'way at 43d St. Twice Daily, 2:30-8:30
Best Seats Tonight $1.50—Best Mat. $1

RACING AT BELMONT PARK TODAY

FIRST RACE AT 2:30 P. M.
SIX BRILLIANT CONTESTS, INCLUDING
GRAND NATIONAL STEEPLECHASE HANDICAP
THE WILD FLOWER — THE COLIN
SPECIAL RACE TRAINS:—Leave Penna. Station, also Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn, 12:15, 12:30, 12:45, 1:00, 1:15, 1:30, 1:50 P. M. From Nostrand Ave. 5 min. later. East New York, 5 min. later. Special Cars Reserved for Ladies. Also reached by Trolley.
GRANDSTAND AND PADDOCK, $3.85, Including Tax

B. F. Keith's PALACE B'way & 47 St. Bryant 4300.
ROONEY & BENT, ADELE ROWLAND and JIMMY Conway Teasle), KARYL NORMAN, DOOLEY & MORTON, HARRY HOLMAN & CO., and others.

B. F. Keith's 81 STREET Mats. Daily 25c-39c-55c.
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"THE WOMAN ON THE JURY"—Star Cast of Test Best Amusement Value on B'way

B. F. Keith's RIVERSIDE B'way & 96 St. Riverside 9240
MARJORIE RAMBEAU & CO., TRIXIE FRIGANZA, RUNAWAY 4, JOS. E. STANLEY & CO., Assn. Belleclaire Bros., Malinda, Jack Trado, Bert Sloan.

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COLUMBIA Times Square at 47th St. BURLESQUE
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B. F. Keith Acts | MADDEN & WILLS Fight Pictures | "DAUGHTERS OF PLEASURE" with Marie Prevost

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TO-NIGHT AT 8:30 SHARP
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KEITH'S PAGEANT OF WORLD'S NOVELTIES
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EVENINGS at 8
1000 Orch. Seats $1
With GILDA GRAY & NAN HALPERIN, etc.

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CONEY ISLAND'S THE FUNNY PLACE

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The WHITE MOTH
MAURICE TOURNEUR'S PRODUCTION
A First National Picture
MARK STRAND B'WAY AT 47th ST.

The Outstanding Picture of the Year!
FRANK LLOYD'S
The SEA HAWK
By RAFAEL SABATINI
A First National Picture
ASTOR THEA., B'way, 45th Street. Twice Daily, 2:30-8:30
Seats Selling 4 Weeks in Advance.
Direction JOSEPH PLUNKETT
Courtesy MARK STRAND THEATRES

MARY PICKFORD
Dorothy Vernon of Haddon Hall
A MARSHALL NEILAN PRODUCTION
CRITERION Thes. (The New Haddon Hall) B'way at 44th St. Twice Daily, 2:30-8:30. Sun. Mt. at 2

HAROLD LLOYD in "GIRL SHY"
B. S. MOSS' CAMEO 42d St. & B'way. Continuous 10:30 A.M. to 11:30 P. M.

CAPITOL B'y & 51 St. "THE SHOOTING OF DAN McGREW" Capitol Grand Orchestra.

RIVOLI B'way, 49 St. "The Bedroom Window" Paramount Picture (Famous Players) RIVOLI CONCERT ORCHESTRA.

RIALTO B'way, 42 St. REGINALD DENNY in "THE RECKLESS AGE" RIESENFELD'S CLASSICAL JAZZ

MARK STRAND B'way & 47 St. GEORGE ARLISS in "$30.00 A WEEK" Strand Symphony Orchestra.

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LEXINGTON AV. and 51st ST.
RODOLPH VALENTINO in "BLOOD and SAND"

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At the STATE—HERMAN TIMBERG.
At the METROPOLITAN—YARMARK.

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The Famous Carlton Terrace RESTAURANT
Service and cuisine unexcelled
No Cover Charge During Dinner
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Northeast Corner of 81st Street and Columbus Avenue
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REFINED comfortably furnished large rooms, sunny and quiet. The Colonial enjoys countryside atmosphere; near Central Park and the Drive; one of the most accessible hotels. "L" Station at door. Peculiarly fitted for permanent residence.
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Spend the summer season in one of our handsome suites now renting at attractive rates.

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Centre of New York's Activities Accessible—Refined
300 Rooms with bath
Single tariff, $3.00 up
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5 to 9 P.M.
CAFE BOULEVARD
41½ & 42 STS. E. of B'WAY.
ON THE FLAMING ARROW TRAIL

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Brooklyn's Largest Hotel
Only 4 min. to Wall St., 12 min. to Pen Sta., 20 min. to Grand Central Depot. 7th Ave. Interborough Subway in building (Clark St. Station).
Special Summer Rates
Club Breakfast.
Luncheon 75c. Dinner $1.00

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In the Heart of Harlem.
7TH AVE., 124TH TO 125TH ST.
Easily accessible to all parts of the city. Surface cars and Fifth Avenue bus line at door. Elevated and subway stations one block distant. Station of N. Y. C. and N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. near by.
300 OUTSIDE ROOMS MODERATE RATES, PERMANENT AND TRANSIENT.
RESTAURANT AT TOP OF BUILDING.
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55-57 WEST 66TH ST., NEW YORK
Stations—6th and 9th Av. Elevated and Subway at 66th St.
We offer clean, comfortable apartments, up-to-date service. Catering to quiet family and bachelor patronage.
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All Rooms with Tub and Shower Bath
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Exquisite Chicken Dinner $2.00

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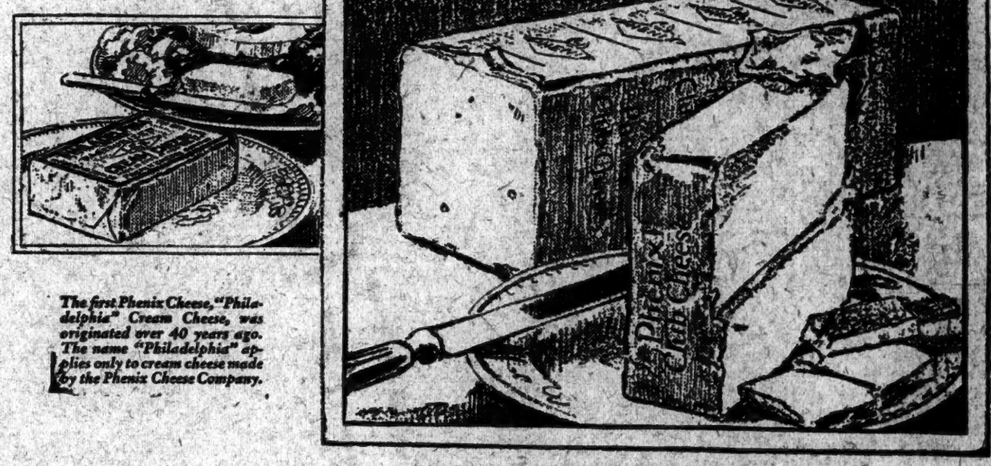
SUITES OF 1 to 4 Rooms & Bath
REASONABLE RATES



The first Phenix Cheese, "Philadelphia" Cream Cheese, was originated over 40 years ago. The name "Philadelphia" applies only to cream cheese made by the Phenix Cheese Company.

This delicious new cheese comes all ready for the table in packages that slice into dainty squares. There is no tough rind to pare away.

A new loaf cheese
mellowed in a way undreamt of by earlier cheesemakers

An entirely new kind of cheese!

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It has been perfected by the largest and finest cheesemakers in America. They have named this new delicacy Phenix Club Cheese.

Forty years ago the first Phenix Cheese was made in a fertile valley, watered by pure streams where particular properties in the soil produced a special milk. Mellowed in their own cool curing rooms, Phenix Cheeses gained fame for their better flavor.

Now after two generations of the cheesemaker's art this new cheese has been perfected. Try it for supper, for sandwiches, with your coffee. Serve it on special occasions.

It is put up in the new and convenient way—wrapped in tinfoil, it keeps fresh and good to the last slice. It is on sale at grocers', delicatessens, dairies.

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Phenix CHEESE
AMERICAN SWISS PIMIENTO BRICK
Made by the makers of the famous "Philadelphia" Cream Cheese

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday 4 6¼% per cent. for the best names Tuesday.. 5@6¼% per cent. for the best names The quotations are for six months' paper.

***

Worst Spring Season of All.

Not since the days of the Civil War have manufacturers of lightweight knitted underwear gone through so generally an unsuccessful Spring season as has been the case this year. Taking it by and large, according to one of the veterans of the trade, an average of not more than 50 per cent. of a normal season's business has been done by the mills, and some of them have not done even as much as that. A little warm weather may bring some filling-in by the jobbers, but it will not be sufficient to make an appreciable difference in the final volume of business done. Ordinarily at this time of the year the trade is taking orders for the following Spring, but the indications are this year that the new lightweight season will not be opened before Labor Day at the earliest. Nothing is being done at the moment on Fall goods.

***

Raw Materials Biggest Factor.

Although peculiar weather conditions are blamed for much of the present backward buying of hosiery, both silk and cotton, market opinion is gradually swinging to the raw materials situation as the prime factor. Uncertainty regarding raw cotton has some influence on buying at the present time, according to the special news letter of the National Association of Hosiery and Underwear Manufacturers, but the chief cause is the violent slump in raw silk during the past ten days. The expectation of still further declines has checked buying of silk and artificial silk hosiery, and has started rumors that further reduction in artificial silk will be forced, with a consequent decline in hosiery prices. The brightest spot in the local hosiery market, according to the letter in question, is the business being done now in children's seven-eighths goods. An interesting prediction heard is that some grades of women's full-fashioned silk hosiery will be available at $10 a dozen before the end of July.

***

Sporting Goods Sales Hurt.

Among other things that the backwardness of the weather has done to date has been to put a noticeable crimp on sales of sporting goods at retail. Golfing "tools," from all accounts, have been affected least of all, with tennis articles the next most active. Harder hit than anything else has been the sale of bathing suits. Buying of this merchandise by consumers has so far been well behind that of previous years, with indications pointing to an even slower movement of men's suits than of women's. A week or ten days of sustained warm weather is required to start things going right, and this is what the retailers are almost praying for.

***

Refuse Bins for Chewing Gum.

So much trouble was caused in one of the local department stores by promiscuous disposal of chewing gum by women customers, especially those patronizing the soda and lunch counters, that executives of the establishment were strongly tempted to establish special "parking boards" for the purpose. It was finally decided to do the next best thing, however, and now at each entrance to the store is a metallic receptacle containing something like a holder of wet umbrellas. Over each of them is a sign requesting women customers to drop their chewing gum therein, and also requesting male patrons to do the same with their cigars and cigarettes. "By doing this," the sign adds, "you will aid us in maintaining an attractive store."

***

Attracting Convention Business.

Placards of greeting to the delegates of the National Democratic Convention are already blossoming forth in store windows here. They are particularly noticeable in the Madison Square district, but the use of them is gradually spreading further north to the retail shopping and theatre districts. It is apparent that the stores expect to enjoy added business in the filling of the needs of the thousands of visitors to come here. The trade of the feminine contingent is particularly looked forward to, and some of the women's specialty shops are planning to display Fall merchandise. It is expected that quite a few women in attendance at the convention will buy Fall garments in this the nation's style centre to take back with them to their own cities and towns.

***

More Fall Orders Expected.

Selling agents here are still confident that there will be a further demand for men's heavyweight fabrics. They contend it is more than apparent that the clothing trade has underbought its Fall requirements. One well-known selling agent said yesterday that, in his opinion, little more than half of the normal requirement has been covered. He looks forward, therefore, to manufacturing clothiers coming into the market for Fall goods during the latter part of this month and July. This business, if it develops materially, would be a factor in holding off the general Spring openings until early August. Whether the American Woolen Company will follow this reasoning and also delay its showings is not known. Rumors in the market yesterday had it that the big company was planning to open about July 15. It was pointed out, however, that such rumors usually place the date a week or two ahead of the actual one.

***

Picking Up Sales Merchandise.

About the only feature to buying by retailers in the current between-season period is their picking up of sales merchandise. In certain lines the market is being combed for lots of goods at concessions that retailers will feature for sales during the latter part of this month and just before and after the July 4 holiday. Despite the numerous criticisms voiced about sales being too frequent, the attitude of the average retailer does not seem to have changed much. Buyers for the larger retail stores are expected in the market to make early Fall purchases during the next two weeks. July 4, however, will be the turning point for Fall purchases to begin on a more active scale.

***

Gray Goods Very Dull.

Politics ran well ahead of gray goods in the local market yesterday, with the result that not much business was done. In the printcloths, some trading took place in the 39-inch 60-72s at 10¾ cents and in 38½-inch 64-60s at 9 cents. Second hands sold them for spot delivery at these figures. In the sheetings very little was done, and this was also true of the so-called specialties and fine-yarn goods. First hand quotations in sheetings, however, included some 36-inch 6.15s and 4.25s (56-squares) at 7¼ and 10¾ cents, respectively. For 36-inch 56-60 four-yard sheetings first hands got 11 cents.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ALBANY, N. Y.—Gold Stores; L. Gold, silk coats; silk capes, also stout twill coats; 366 5th Av., Room 1112.

ALBANY—Holly's; J. Epstein, coats, dresses; 131 36th (Hoffman & Hartshay).

BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; Mrs. I. Herndon, silk, broadcloth, printed crepe dresses for stouts; I. Plaat, women's, misses' silk, cotton dresses, immediate delivery; 19 W. 39th.

BALTIMORE—I. Baer, piece goods; Pennsylvania.

BALTIMORE—Daniel Miller & Co.; A. M. Grigler, neckwear, shirtings; 72 Leonard (H. W. Pitshugh); Imperial.

BALTIMORE—Goldstein's Style Shop; M. H. Goldstein, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

BALTIMORE—Lebow Bros.; J. Lebow, pants materials; Pennsylvania.

BALTIMORE—Julius Gutman & Co.; Miss M. Levy, waists, sweaters; 38 W. 32d (Livingston & Cohen); Pennsylvania.

BALTIMORE—S. Schlesinger Co.; S. Schlesinger, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

BALTIMORE—Hochschild, Kohn & Co.; M. T. Thiele, men's, boys' clothing; 220 6th Av. (F. Atkins); Pennsylvania.

BALTIMORE—Muscalinus Corp. (Jobbers); L. Sachs, Fall regular-priced silk dresses; 324 5th Av. (S. B. Feldenfeld).

BALTIMORE—The Hub; Miss R. Stein, children's, juniors' wear; 1,150 B'way (J. Lilienthal, Inc.).

BELOIT, Wis.—S. J. Stone & Co.; J. Stone, satin coats, fur trimmed, georgette dresses, sport dresses, jobs children's hats; 1,260 B'way, room 815.

BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.—Upstairs, Mr. Hurley, women's inexpensive dresses; Miss Joyce, kimonos; Miss Gilman, silk and muslin underwear. Basement, Mr. Riley, inexpensive dresses; 235 5th Av.

BOSTON—Shepard Stores; J. H. Fullerton, ilhess; 220 5th Av. (F. Atkins).

BOSTON—Chandler & Co.; Miss Oakley, misses' silk dresses; Mrs. A. G. Dana, specials women's sport coats; 8 E. 39th, 8th floor.

BOSTON—Jordan, Marsh Co.; upstairs, Mrs. S. Grant, women's costumes, women's high-grade dresses, women's youthful dresses. Basement, Miss L. McCarthy, silks, cotton waists; 383 4th Av.

BOSTON—S. & M. Skirt Co.; M. L. Dickman, sport, roshanara dresses; 1,180 B'way; 1st floor.

BOSTON—Amter Dress Co.; J. Jacobs, jobs cotton, sport silk dresses; 25 W. 32d (L. Abramson & Co.).

BOSTON—D. B. Wolff & Co.; D. B. Wolff, jobs cotton, sport silk dresses; S. Ladin, jobs plain, flowered georgette dresses; 25 W. 32d (L. Abramson & Co.).

BOSTON—Hopkins, Arenson Co.; C. Arenson, Fall children's coats, dresses; 1,180 B'way; 1st floor.

BOSTON—F. P. Hovey Co.; H. Liebes, bargain basement; housedevice coats; 225 5th Av., Room 611.

BOSTON—S. T. Slattery Co.; A. W. Nack, smallwares; 23 West 17th (Specialty Stores Assn.).

BOSTON—M. Weinberg, millinery; Breslin.

BOSTON—J. Falkson Co.; H. Falkson, clothing materials; Brostell.

BOSTON—Hirsh Coat & Suit Co.; B. Finkelstein, coats, suits; Breslin.

BOSTON—C. F. Hovey Co.; upstairs, J. H. Zimmerman, mdse. mgr., ready-to-wear; Mrs. Gordon, women's dresses; L. Olans, raccoon coats. Basement, Miss I. Berk, jobs, millinery; 225 5th Av., room 611.

BOSTON—H. Sidman Co.; M. Sidman, children's, juniors' fall coats, children's fall dresses; McAlpin.

BOSTON—Butler's; J. Burns, draperies; 353 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

BOSTON—Borman, Fine & Smith; M. Bertman, Fall silk dresses; Pennsylvania.

BUFFALO—Wm. Hengerer Co.; Mrs. J. McCloy, corsets, brassieres; Mrs. Dunlop, millinery; J. F. Hart, wash goods; 16 W. 39th.

BUFFALO—Given's, Inc.; I. Given, Mrs. I. Given, all kinds fur coats; Mrs. A. Given, dress, silk and fibre scarfs; 151 W. 35th (Mann-Golubock Co.).

BUFFALO—Hens & Kelly Co.; D. MacFarlane, ready-to-wear; 1,164 B'way (Fellows Buying Corp.).

CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; Miss C. Raynor, jobs, misses' twill suits; 1,107 B'way.

CHICAGO—Letter Building Stores; J. A. Roth, mdse. mgr., ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

CHICAGO—Brill Cloak Co. (Jobbers); M. Brill, Fall poiret twill dresses, silk dresses; 1,140 B'way (B. G. Kahn).

CHICAGO—S. J. Hurwitz Shops; Mrs. M. J. Hurwitz, blouses, lingerie, children's, infants' wear; McAlpin.

CLARKSBURG, W. Va.—Kobiegard Co.; H. Kobiegard, men's furnishings, knit goods; 46 Worth (White & Pardee).

CLEVELAND—Hoyle & Rarick; W. J. Weber, stout silk dresses; 124 W. 32d (L. Weber & Co.).

CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; H. L. Silk, jobs coats (basement); 1,872 B'way (National Dept. Stores, Inc.).

CRESSON, Pa.—Gross Dept. Store; Mr. Gross, men's, boys' furnishings, clothing, silk, cotton piece goods; 131 W. 35th (Hoffman & Hartshay).

DALLAS, Texas—Hoyle & Rarick; W. J. Weber, stout silk dresses; 154 W. 32d (L. Weber & Co.).

DANVILLE, Ill.—Meis Bros.; A. Meis, ready-to-wear, furs, waists; 38 W. 32d (Livingston & Cohen).

DETROIT—Ernst Kern Co.; G. Hubler, dress goods, silks, velvets; 1,150 B'way (F. Lilienthal, Inc.).

DETROIT—Kransseman's Arcade; Mrs. F. Kerwin, silk, cotton piece goods, woolens; Claridge.

DETROIT—Sidder's; D. M. Sidder, women's clothing; Claridge.

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; A. W. Krensing, Miss Cooper, Miss Crowe, millinery; E. Owen, draperies; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

DETROIT—Hoyle & Rarick; W. J. Weber, stout silk dresses; 124 W. 32d (L. Weber & Co.).

DETROIT—Crowley-Milner Co.; F. D. Mellen, jobs, low-priced silk and wash dresses; C. H. Gainsbley, men's odd coats, khaki and outing trousers; H. T. Quinlan, men's straw hats, caps; 100 W. 32d.

DUBUQUE, Iowa—H. B. Glover Co.; A. F. Schrup, shirts; Imperial.

FORT WORTH, Texas—Monnig D. G. Co.; W. H. Phanix, domestics, ready-to-wear; 72 Leonard (W. P. Howell).

HARRISBURG, Pa.—Strouse's; J. H. Strouse, men's, young men's clothing; Pennsylvania.

HARTFORD, Conn.—G. Fox & Co.; Miss C. Lomasa; M. and Edw. R. A. Eschenbach, owners and contractors; Kay-Eight Av. Co., Inc., lessee and contractor.....$218.00

51ST ST, 200 West; A. & C. Arpet, contr. against J. Gallagher and Monte Carlo Restaurant Co. owners; Escobit Electric Sign Corp., contractors $825.00

125TH ST, 209 West; A. & S. Construction Inc., against Samuel D. Litts, John Stunts and John Langhoff, owners; Drydock Woodworking Co., Inc., contractor.....$259.44

72D ST., 141 East; J. D. Johnson Co., Inc., against 141 East 72d St., Inc., owner; Murrell Engineering Corp., contractor.....$62.78

WASHINGTON SQUARE SOUTH, 45, 46 and 47; Jacob Adelman against Columbia University, trustee, owner; Hyman Strunsky, contractor $2,256.14

17TH ST, 41 WEST; Wells & Newton Co., Inc., against Edna S. Tull, owner; Charles O. Peterson and Peterson's Lunch, Inc., contractors $254.80

EAST BROADWAY, 82; Frank Santore against Solomon J. Linder, owner; Frank Lospaluto, contractor $220.26

In Bronx County.

224TH ST, n s, 305 ft w of White Plains Av, 25x114; Tony Narducci against H. Steinbuchler, owner; Albert Lupica, contractor $240.00

INTERVALE AV, 1,112, Henry G. Stock Jr. against Fanny Freed, owner; Sperling Bros., contractors $250.25

APPLETON AV, 1,516; James A. Henderson against Mary E. Heffernan, owner and contractor $584.00

YATES AV, 1,647-1,649; Anderson Brick & Supply Co. against Sevrin E. Levre and Carl M. Pedersen, owners; Lospalis Construction Co., contractors $516.00

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

In New York County.

139TH ST, 109 WEST; Theodore C. Wood, Inc., against Cromwell Construction Co., Inc., et al.; May 22, 1924 .....$612.46

BROADWAY, 2,181 to 2,187, and 77TH ST, 233 WEST; Abraham Klein against Broadway & 77th St. Corp. et al.; Feb. 28, 1924 .....$6,000.00

11TH ST, 335 and 340 EAST; Sarah Blugasch against Sarah Blugasch et al.; June 3, 1924 .....$1,402.00

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 414; Hyman Goldberg against H. B. F. Holding Co. et al.; May 6, 1924 .....$75.00

In Bronx County.

236TH ST, n w corner of Paulding Av, 25.1x 70.6; Larkin Lumber Co. against Paulding Bldg. Corp. et al.; April 1, 1924 ...$1,047.53

SAME PROPERTY; Joseph Torino against same, April 5, 1924 .....$624.53

PURITAN AV, 1,231; Edward J. White against Anna Holdgreen et al., May 15, 1924 .....$2,550.00

SAME PROPERTY; Hyman Solomon against same, March 3, 1923 .....$178.70

RADCLIFF AV, s e, 100 ft s e of Morris Park Av, 50x100; Mount Vernon Bldrs. Supply Co. against Hedwig Schwentner et al., Dec. 1, 1923 .....$3,477.99

SAME PROPERTY; John Yanni against same, Dec. 3, 1923 .....$574.00

SAME PROPERTY; Joseph Goldstein against same, Dec. 4, 1923 .....$63.90

SAME PROPERTY; Church E. Gates & Co. against same, Nov. 28, 1923 .....$612.00

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Filed yesterday:

In New York County.

50TH ST, 131 to 141 East; John Simmons Co. against Malu Holding Corp. owner; Murrell Engineering Corp., contractor.

SAME PROPERTY; J. D. Johnson Co., Inc., against same $116.22

8TH AV, 850, and 51st St, 258 and 260 West; Felix, Lenz & Canter, Inc., against Henry C. Lomsa; M. and Edw. R. A. Eschenbach, owners and contractors; Kay-Eight Av. Co., Inc., lessee and contractor.....$218.00

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YATES AV, 1,647-1,649; Anderson Brick & Supply Co. against Sevrin E. Levre and Carl M. Pedersen, owners; Lospalis Construction Co., contractors $516.00

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor; the second that of the creditor and date when judgment was filed.

In New York County.

Sperber, Isidore—P. Albert et al.; May 20, 1924 .....$434.00

Wichert, Joseph—City of N. Y.; June 25, 1915 .....$238.72

Lynam, Mark—Somerset Textile Co., Inc.; April 14, 1924 .....$227.14

Nat. Nassau Bank of N. Y.—City of N. Y., Feb. 26, 1924 .....$138.25

Same, Same; Dec. 26, 1922 .....$138.25

McClelland, Norman E.—C. C. A. Pflisch et al.; May 9, 1924 .....$165.01

Jordan, John—M. D. Root; June 2, 1924 (vacated) $7,650.44

Yellow Taxi Corp.—A. H. Rosenfeld; May 10, 1924 .....$2,584.00

Lowenthal, Max—H. I. Cooper et al.; April 19, 1924 .....$9,977.60

Skoluda, Elizabeth—S. Steiner et al.; May 20, 1924 .....$822.23

McClelland, Norman E.—C. C. A. Pflisch; May 9, 1924 .....$9,246.21

Same—C. J. Lane et al.; May 9, 1924 .....$5,564.14

Same—F. T. Hines; May 9, 1924 .....$5,564.14

Same—L. B. Pflisch, May 9, 1924 ...$2,782.07

Bayer, Julius—B. T. Cohen et al.; June 9, 1924 .....$1,049.87

Robertson, Edw. T. et al.—Independent Trading Co., Inc.; Nov. 28, 1922 .....$6,027.40

Same—Same; Feb. 15, 1924 .....$1,126.50

Garrison, Lindley M., rec'r—M. Salto; April 24, 1924 .....$1,124.10

Same—Same; April 24, 1924 .....$384.10

Phillips, Jones Corp.—Parish Co.; June 16, 1923 .....$3,229.33

Gumbrell, George et al.;—People &c.; April 4, 1918 (vacated) $500.00

Phillips, Jones Corp.—Parish Co.; June 16, 1924 .....$123.77

Same—Same; June 30, 1924 .....$147.10

Rossi, Pietro—Eastern Park Mfg. Co., Inc.; Nov. 20, 1918 .....$178.61

Same—Billings & Spencer Co.; Oct. 17, 1919 .....$128.89

Lindarose, Inc.—O. E. Hade; June 10, 1924 (vacated) $3,187.80

Zuckerbrot, Philip L.—H. Ximmerman, Inc.; Jan. 11, 1923 (released) $333.60

In Bronx County.

Anderson Brick & Supply Co.—J. Grabowski as admr.; May 5, 1924 .....$5,171.20

Carriero, Lindley M., as rec'r of—M. Lanhrell; March 4, 1924 .....$4,772.95

White, Edward J.—H. Solomon; Nov. 16, 1923 .....$68.72

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SAME PROPERTY; John Yanni against same, Dec. 3, 1923 .....$574.00

SAME PROPERTY; Joseph Goldstein against same, Dec. 4, 1923 .....$63.90

SAME PROPERTY; Church E. Gates & Co. against same, Nov. 28, 1923 .....$612.00

Ludlow Jute Mills to Suspend.

LUDLOW, Mass., June 11.—Notices have been posted in the mills of the Ludlow Manufacturing Associates, manufacturers of jute products that the mills will be closed from June 27 until July 8. The shutdown is said to be due to poor business conditions. The plant normally employs between 2,500 and 3,000.

BUSINESS NOTES.

The midyear meeting of the Wholesalers' Association of Dress Fabric Buyers will be held on Tuesday, July 15, at the Waldorf-Astoria. There will be an informal conference of buyers only on the preceding day at 2:30 P. M. The silk group of the association will meet concurrently with the morning meeting of the buyers of woolens and cotton piece goods.

George Doeriy, silk and color stylist, recently with H. R. Mallinson, Inc., will be associated with the new women's wear department of Strong, Hewat & Co., Inc. He will be assisted by Leslie Hiller, third son of the late Edward Hiller of the Botany Worsted Mills. The department will have its own offices on the eighteenth floor of 25 Madison Avenue, the local headquarters of the firm.

BUYERS' WANTS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

Men's Wear.

SHIRTS Wanted—Pay cash; out of buyer. Stuyvesant 3772.

BUYERS' WANTS.

ASTRACHAN Wanted—Security's or similar, also bolivias broadcloth; cash. Madison Square 1540.

ASTRAKHANS Wanted—Tan and grey only; quantity at a price. Rosenberg-Davis, 147 West 35th.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Stevens 4440 black, brown, kit fox; spot cash. Watkins 1748.

Advertisements offered subject to censorship to exclude all questionable or dishonest announcements.

Buyers' Wants—Offerings to Buyers

Merchants, manufacturers and jobbers find satisfactory outlets through the advertisements in these columns.

BUYERS' WANTS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Ormandale's monetta, raritans 2003, 1603; all shades, any quantity, for cash. 5 West 31st, 5th floor. Longacre 8620.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Good quality; any quantity; cash. Max Rothbell & Son, 104 West 25th.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—American 1353 truvonettes, black and seconds, cheap. Watkins 3076.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Better qualities, quantities at a price. Mines & Plaster, 141 West 36th.

BOLIVIA Wanted—American travinette, black (taupe, brown); cash. Etkin, 135 West 30th.

BOLIVIA Wanted—Good quality only; will pay spot cash. Tuchman Meyer, 312 West 36th.

BOLIVIA Wanted—Ormandale, velvarette and other good qualities for cash. Brameon Bros., 501 7th Av.

CHARMEUSE, GEORGETTE or any other silk wanted; any shade; spot cash. Stavisky & Greenstone, 487 4th Av.

CLOTHS Wanted—Tricolet and tricoshaun, first or seconds, shade no object; must be for the price; quantity no object. Stuyvesant 6680.

CLOTH Wanted—Open for poiret and hairline poiret; call with samples. 4th floor, 25 West 36th.

CLOTH Wanted—Poiret twills, poiretes; cash. Rosenberg Bros., 40 West 26th.

CLOTH Wanted—Poirets, for cash. Summit Coat Co., 146 West 36th.

COATS Wanted—Sparber, Frank & Engel, 27 West 35d, will look at samples of smart misses' and juniors' coats this week and next week; popular price and high grade.

COATS and Suits Wanted—Ladies and stouts, Fall styles; looking all day. 12th floor, 45 West 27th.

COATS Wanted—Looking at Fall styles better grade; also stouts. Mines & Plaster, 141 West 36th.

COATS Wanted—Jobber placing immediate orders on dressy Fall coats. 124 West 27th, 10th floor.

COATS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Fall coats; bring samples. 1,200 Broadway, Room 404.

COATS Wanted—Jobs this year's and last year's Winter coats; cash. Lester-Prager, 5 West 31st.

COATS Wanted—Stouts only, plushes and cloth materials. Tannen & Kaplow, 115 West 30th.

COATS Wanted—Placing orders on misses' and juniors' Fall coats. 129 West 27th, 6th floor.

COATS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on better grade Fall coats. 151 West 30th, 2d floor.

COATS Wanted—Regulars and stouts; all grades. 146 West 36th St. 12th floor.

COATS Wanted—Looking at ladies' Fall coats, 2d floor, 104 West 25th.

COATS Wanted—Jobber looking at Fall samples. 9th floor, 124 West 37th.

COATS Wanted—Placing orders on stout coats. 325 5th Av., fifth floor.

COTTON Goods Wanted—Spot cash, quantities no object. H. M. Knopp, 406 Broadway.

DRESS jobber looking for Fall samples; silks and clothes; call between 10-12; ask for Mr. Abrams, Steinmetz & Factor, 27 West 24th.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber now placing stock orders on popular-priced to highest grade new Fall merchandise in clothes, crepe de chine, crepe satin, satin canton, charmeen, poiret twill and all novelty materials; samples 9-5 daily. 29 West 33d, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber will pay spot cash for all grades cotton and wash dresses; no lot too large or too small; submit samples; 9-5 daily. 28 West 33d, 5th floor. Penn 6330.

DRESSES Wanted—We are now placing orders on all new crepe back satin, satin canton, ratines and flat crepes; call 9 to 12. 250 West 38th (store).

DRESSES Wanted—Dress jobber placing orders on better grade Fall dresses in all woolen materials. See Mr. Kramer, 56 West 32d, fifth floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber open to buy large quantity of better kind linens, voiles and silks at a price; spot cash. Pennsylvania 2514.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing order on women's dresses in all desirable materials; Call all week, 1,361 Broadway, Room 712.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber looking at better-grade Fall dresses in silk. Call between 9 and 12, 29 West 35th, third floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders, ladies' stouts, silks, cloths. Call with samples. 117 West 33d, 4th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing orders on new style silks, misses' and ladies'; bring samples. 142 West 36th, tenth floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Silks; placing stock orders, misses' Fall models. Call mornings, 146 West 37th, 12th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at better women's dresses with your or our material. 25 West 32d St., 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber placing stock orders on new Fall silk and woolens. 500 7th Av., 6th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at new samples for Fall in cloth and silk. 26 West 32d, 9th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders better silk dresses. Room 501, 174 Madison Av.

DRESSES Wanted—Fall line, snappy misses' and women's styles; call with samples. See L. Platt, 12th floor, 142 West 36th.

DRESSES Wanted—Under-priced, desirable silks, quickly sold to prominent concerns. Pennsylvania 1360.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing orders ladies', misses' styles; newest Fall cloth and silk. Klein Bros., 12 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders, medium priced Fall cloth; silk dresses. J. Blumenthal, 25 West 31st.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on new Fall silks of the better kind. 150 West 30th, 7th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobs silks, better grade only; highest prices paid. Phone Schaffer, Longacre 8179.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at dresses and skirts; your materials or our materials. Helmar Dress Co., 35 West 26th.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber placing orders on misses' and ladies' Fall dresses. 2 West 33d, 9th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—For cash; all materials; any quantity. Call with samples, 2d floor 139 West 35th.

DRESSES Wanted—Fall cloth and silk for out-of-town jobbers. Room 504, 1,323 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted—Silks, any quantity jobs, highest prices; spot cash. Madison Square 1926.

DRESSES Wanted—New Fall silk cloth. After 5 P. M. Max Bernstein, 139 West 36th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber buying Fall cloths and silks. Albert, 243 West 36th.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing orders new silk dresses. 5th floor, 47 West 36d.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber buying Fall cloth dresses. Eisenstadt-Joseph, 105 West 26th.

FLANNELS Wanted—Botany and gerza, maize, powder, 54-inch; will pay cash. Longacre 0012.

FLANNELS and Silks Wanted—All colors, at a price, for cash. Trussel, 7 West 22d.

FLANNELS Wanted—All shades. Chelsea Dress and Costume Co., 40 West 27th.

FURS Wanted—Opossum, stone marten and mink, 142 West 36th, 4th floor. Lackawanna 5630.

FURS Wanted—Job collars; infants to ladies sizes. Steinberg Bros., 127 West 25th.

FUR Sets Wanted—Mouffion. Uneda Cloak & Suit Co., 12 West 27th.

GABERDINES Wanted—White cotton. S. & W. Skirt Co., 145 West 30th.

HATS Wanted—Ladies' Spring hats, any quantity for cash. Inquire Thursday and Friday between 3 and 6 P. M., 198 Manhattan Av., Brooklyn.

KNIT Goods Wanted—Infants', children's close-outs; cash at right price. Room 1902, Hotel Martinique, Thursday morning.

MERCHANDISE Wanted—$500,000 worth by the American Dry Goods Company of New York, Grand and Mercer Sts.; big quantities of dependable seasonable merchandise for our various departments; cotton wash goods, silks, dress goods, hosiery, underwear and kindred lines; salesmen with samples given immediate attention; call on our buyers in their respective departments; if not decidedly underpriced save your time and ours.

ORMANDALES Wanted—All colors, at $4 per yard. Lackawanna 2256.

POIRET Twill Wanted—Open to buy King's 1010, black. Samuel Braverman, 132 West 36th.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

APRONS—Women's bungalow aprons, $4. $4.50 dozen; house dresses, $7.50; bloomers, $1.50 dozen. Children's dresses, $4; women's silk hosiery, $1.95; men's nainsook union suits, $4, and other good items for bargain hunters. S. Kahn & Sons, formerly Simon Kahn Co., 906 Broadway.

BOLIVIA—16061, 12227, poiret 09164, poiret-sheen 09263, 16061, 16061, 16322, 0628, hairline, zeronia. Lexington 1909.

BRAIDS, tassels, fringes, glass buttons; latest novelties; bargains. Room 803, 621 Broadway.

COATS—Closing out at a great sacrifice big variety blocked angoras and polaire sport coats; also twilleord and fancy silks, newest models. Potter & Schaftman, 21 West 31st.

COATS—Downey wools, velvetones, stripes and plaids; all new merchandise; balance of stock at closing out prices. Cohen & Edelman, 1,225 Broadway at 30th St.

COATS and Suits—To close out, very moderate prices. Atlas Cloak & Suit Co., 104 West 27th.

COATS, astrakhan jacquettes, plain and fur-trimmed, at a price. Rosenberg & Davis, 147 West 25th.

COATS—Silk, of better kind, full trimmed; close out at a price; Samuel Ecker, 141 West 36th.

COATS, Suits—High-priced, to close out below cost. Eisenberg-Sommerfield, 12 West 32d.

COATS—Polaires, twills and silks; very cheap. I. Novick & Co., 148 West 37th.

COATS—To close out, sports and poirets; also suits. Eisen & Son, 149 West 36th.

COATS—Blocked polaires, surprisingly low prices. Samuel Neuman, 58 West 32d.

COATS, Suits—Closing out better grade; reduced prices. Schachna, 43 West 27th.

COATS—Poirets, silks, close outs, Tanner & Kaplow, 115 West 30th.

COATS—Fall line ready for jobbers only. Deauville Coat, 13 West 20th.

COLLARS—Two thousand mouffion; ladies' and children's; close-out prices for cash. Lackawanna 4233.

DRESSES—Several thousand women's and stout dresses, normandy flock dots, shadow voile; sacrifice. Universal Dress Co., 147 West 25th.

DRESSES—Graduation, confirmation, wedding; largest selection in New York City; immediate delivery. George Jacobson, 63 West 25th.

DRESSES—Stimulate your sales; latest creations; 50 styles; satin face cantons, sizes 16-48, retail profitably $12.75. Ruchman, 11 West 32d.

DRESSES—$16.75; remarkably styled, fastest selling line in town; also close-outs; immediate delivery. Duchess Dress, 24 West 25th.

DRESSES—To close out; large size silks; also georgettes, voiles, organdies, embroidered voiles and flannels. Perlman & Tiffany, 242 West 36th.

DRESSES—Exceptional values; 600 georgettes, satin faced cantons, to close out at a low price. Palm Dress, 147 West 35th.

DRESSES—New styles, Spring shades; closing out cantons, sports, georgettes, voiles; sacrificing; cash. Frank, 130 West 28th.

DRESSES—"Hit of the season," 10,000 Summer dresses, voiles and linens; prices $3.75-$6.75. Kahn Dress, 36 West 32d.

DRESSES—Closing out silk dress satin canton, $4.75 up; cotton, $1.75 up. Benschurst Dress Co., 39 West 32d.

DRESSES—Will sacrifice 1,000 better-grade georgette and sport dresses at right price. La

LOST AND FOUND

Advertisements for tomorrow received until midnight. Telephone Bryant 1600.

LOST.

BAG, chamois, jewelry, Train 30, Penn., Monday; liberal reward. Peters, Rector 2967.

BEADED BAG containing initialed mesh bag, in taxi, Wednesday. Phone Colby, Columbus 7530. Reward.

BRIEF CASE, Monday, New Haven train, 5:09 from Grand Central; contents valuable only to owner; reward for return. L. Buhl, 110 East 42d St.

BRIEF CASE—Lost Sunday night in taxi, from Pennsylvania Station to Gramercy Park; contains books, papers; no value to any one except owner; reward. S 144 Times.

BUNCH OF KEYS, vicinity Grand Central Terminal; liberal reward. M 201 Times.

CERTIFICATE—Southern Pacific Company Stock Certificate No. G81309 for ten (10) shares in the name "Franklin Cornell." Notice is hereby given to show cause to said company, 165 Broadway, New York, N. Y., why a duplicate should not be issued. Ithaca Trust Company, Ithaca, N. Y.

CERTIFICATE—Lost, 10 shares Pacific Oil Company Certificate No. X 3653. Dr. Edward O. Thompson. Address J. G. White & Co.

FOUNTAIN PEN, man's gold covered self-filler, vicinity Heights. Phone Audubon 7820.

GLASSES, shell rimmed, at corner 85th and Central Park West; reward. Stutsman, Pitkroy 6360.

HAND BAG—Lady's black silk, gold corners, initials D. S. B.; reward. Telephone Trafalgar 7469.

KEYS—At Symphony Theatre, 94th St. Broadway or after leaving; reward. Apply G. A. Cohen, Dumore Worsted Co., 357 4th Av.

KEYS, oblong ring, June 8; Interborough subway; reward. S 205 Times.

LEATHER CASE of railroad passes, initials E. W. H. Eleanor Holden, 130 East 57th. Plaza 8841. Reward.

PURSE, Sunday afternoon, 125th St. subway station; about $100 cash, ring, valuable papers; reward. Box 483, 1,895 Broadway.

PURSE—Small gold mesh purse containing money. Reward if returned to J. I. Epstein, Ambassador Hotel.

TEMPORARY certificate No. 21561, lost; Southern Pacific Equipment Trust, Series "F," due Dec. 1, 1925. The finder will please return same to Hettie Groff, R. F. D. 1, Bareville, Lancaster Co., Pa., and receive reward.

VALISE containing curtains and baby clothes, between Coney Island and Brooklyn Bridge; reward. Nathan S. Sacks, 1,726 Topping Av. Bingham 8688M.

WALLET, containing money, transportation and various papers, at Pennsylvania station; finder liberally rewarded. Call John 4700.

WALLET, containing valuable papers, vicinity of West 167th St.; return to Samuel L. Reis, 8 West 40th, Room 301; reward.

Jewelry.

BAR PIN, diamond and emerald, set in platinum; between Eltinge Theatre and 39th St. and Broadway, Monday night; liberal reward. Franklyn Underwood, Morosco Theatre, 217 West 45th St.

BAR PIN, diamond, June 5, W. J. Sloan 5th Av. to Madison and 64th; reward. Franklin 0200.

BAR PIN, diamond, Tuesday night, vicinity 86th St. and Broadway; liberal reward. Journeay, Chelsea 5381.

BRACELET, diamond, flexible, downtown shopping district, valued as gift; liberal reward. Albert Fantl, 120 West 32d St.

BRACELET, gold, diamonds, keepsake, Nelly Bly Inn, Sheepshead Bay, Saturday, reward. 91 8th Av., Brooklyn. Sterling 1321.

BROOCH—Pearl and opal, found Monday. Telephone Billings 2467.

CIGARETTE CASE, heavy engraved silver double case, initials A. A., taxi, Tuesday night; reward. Wick, 59 Washington Square South.

EARRING—Pendant pear-shaped diamond earring, Grand Central Station or Riker's Drug Store, Wednesday evening, June 11; reward. Schuyler 2455.

EARRING—Jade with two small pearls, lost between Essex St. and 40th St.; reward. Williamsburg 1923.

FRATERNITY PIN, Theta Delta Chi; inscription, C. E. Lindenmeyr, Dart, 1927 on back; reward. 859 West 121st.

LORGNETTES, diamond platinum, Saturday, Sunday, Broadway 90th-92d Sts.; reward. Riverside 4023.

PEARL—Lost, Monday evening, June 9, between Plaza Hotel and 98th St., or in Victoria, one drilled about 18 grains; reward. Return to Cartier, Inc., 653 5th Av.

PLATINUM BAR PIN, three and three-eighths inch, twenty-one diamonds twenty-five sapphires, in Pennsylvania Station, McAlpin Hotel, subway, afternoon June 9th; liberal reward. Louis Bornemann Sons, 108 Fulton St.

RING, lady's white gold, 4 diamonds; probably lost in mail between Monday and Wednesday; liberal reward. R. H. Conard, 164 Lafayette Av., Brooklyn. Prospect 9419.

RING, platinum ruby, set like crown, between Loew's American, 53d-6th Av.; liberal reward. Dave Jones, Circle 10135.

VANITY BOX—Lost (black), containing receipts, money and papers, valuable only to owner, at Hudson Terminal, Wednesday, June 11th; finder welcome to money for return of papers. Phone Broad 5258.

$500 REWARD

for return of, or information leading to recovery of, ring containing square emerald with two rows of small diamonds around it; lost June 8, vicinity of Piping Rock Club. A. C. Bennett, 15 William St. Broad 2764.

$200 REWARD

for return of platinum watch, monogrammed chain, lost June 11 at or between 38th and East 55th St., or in taxicab. Charlton & Co., 634 5th Av.

$25 REWARD for red, white and blue enameled bracelet with 3 long gold dangles attached; lost in New York June 9. Tiffany & Co., 5th Av. and 37th St.

Wearing Apparel.

COAT, light brown, Riverside Drive, Sunday, between 85th and 86th; reward. Whitehall 7450.

FUR, black fox, May 30, in Broadway subway; reward. Box 25, 385 9th Av.

SUIT, man's brown (2 pairs trousers), in package, B. R. T. train; reward. Rosenberg, 104 West 29th.

Cats, Dogs and Birds.

DOG—$50 reward recovery, information, Yorkshire Terrier, May 25, from 410 East 53th, old male, silver head, smooth back; Bide-a-Wee pet; no questions asked.

DOG, white, long haired, Samoyede, disappeared Tuesday, James, 32 West 73d. Endicott 7485.

DOG, small, black, Aberdeen Scotch terrier, recently clipped, no collar, name Angus, near 420 East 50th. Fitzmaurice, Plaza 0058.

PARROT, from 1,022 Dahill Road, Brooklyn. Reward. Midwood 8450.

FOUND.

BRACELET—Recently on 72d St. M 528 Times.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

HOTEL PENNSYLVANIA — NOTICE OF BAGGAGE SALE—On the 12th day of June, 1924, at 1:00 o'clock P. M., the proprietor of the HOTEL PENNSYLVANIA will sell at public auction at said hotel, 33d St. and 7th Av., Manhattan Borough, New York City, a quantity of clothing and other articles of wearing apparel and miscellaneous chattels, including trunks, bags, suitcases, boxes and packages, with contents, if any, held by said hotel by virtue of its lien or as unclaimed.
NEW YORK STATLER CO., INC.,
Proprietor Hotel Pennsylvania.

JOSEPH HOFFMAN PREVIOUSLY RESIDING at 664 West 161st St., N. Y. City, hereby gives notice that he is not responsible for any debts incurred by his wife, Rose Hoffman. JOSEPH HOFFMAN.

WILL any one knowing the whereabouts of Joseph Albanese please communicate with W. S. Forsyth, 434 Powers Building, Rochester, N. Y.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT THE undersigned will not be responsible for any debts or obligations incurred by or for credit extended to his wife, Karen Lynch. Signed Robert E. Lynch, 1,700 Broadway.

INFORMATION wanted regarding Charles Rogers-Disbrow, relative sister's will. P 221 Times.

GOING INTO BUSINESS?

Many opportunities for the man who wants to establish himself in a business of his own appear among the advertisements in The New York Times Business Opportunities columns. Bank and business references are required from each advertiser.

ASKS 'SQUARE DEAL' FOR THE RAILROADS

Adequate Transportation Promised by President of Association at Convention Opening.

PROBLEM OF OPERATION

Public and Companies Looking for a Definite Return From Capital Expenditures, Aishton Says.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., June 11.—A plea for a "square deal" for the railroads of the nation was sounded in the address of R. H. Aishton of Chicago, President of the American Railway Association, at the opening session today of the association's fifth annual convention. More than 6,000 delegates from every State in the union are here for the week's program. The convention is featured by a monster exhibition of machinery.

"The railroads of the United States will provide adequate transportation service in the future as they have in the past, and at a satisfactory rate, if they are given a chance to live," said Mr. Aishton. He asserted that the problem of more economical operation and consequent reduced transportation rates was up to the railroad themselves to solve.

"There has not been," he said, "one single question arises as to the adequacy of service performed by the railroads in the last fourteen months, and I want to thank you gentlemen who, in your cooperative work with the other branches of the railroad service, had such a large part in bringing about this result.

"A determined effort on the part of everybody having to do with transportation to continue these efforts is a definite assurance to the American people that there will be no stone left unturned on the part of the railroads to render adequate service in the most economical and efficient manner, and, in this, the transportation companies are doing their part in the insuring of the future prosperity of the nation.

"There are two paramount questions today before the American people. One is, can the railroads provide adequate transportation service? This was answered in 1923, is being answered in 1924 and will continue to be answered affirmatively in the years to come, provided the railroads are given a chance to live.

"The second great question before the American is: 'Are the railroads being efficiently and economically operated?'"

At this point Mr. Aishton referred to a statement by J. R. Howard, former President of the American Farm Bureau Federation, that the farmers only hope for freight rate reduction was through a reduction in the operating expenses of railroads.

"What the farmer is thinking," said Mr. Aishton, "the other sections of the American people are also thinking, and a good many of them on not as intelligent lines as the farmer.

"As I see it, this question is going to be answered largely through the initiative, the disposition and the resourcefulness of such organizations as the one meeting here today."

Regarding results the railroads were getting from capital expenditures, and whether these were producing the economies contemplated, Mr. Aishton said:

"During 1923 there were capital expenditures made in additions and improvements to shops and engine houses, including machinery and tools, of $61,214,185. There was carried over to 1924, in unexpended but authorized capital expenditures, $27,292,000, and there has been additional authorization during the first quarter of 1924 for $9,627,000, while in this quarter $11,228,000 has actually been expended already.

"The farmer, the public and the railroads very properly look for a definite return from these expenditures, and the bigger the return the more will be the incentive for further capital expenditure and more will be the incentive on the part of the public to see that an opportunity is given that will enable such capital expenditures to be made."

Mr. Aishton pointed out that fuel economy and the use of various mechanical devices to accomplish this have brought about a decrease in the use of coal.

"In 1923," he said, "there were 2.8 pounds less per thousand gross ton mile consumed than in 1922, and 1.8 pounds less than in 1921.

"This entire matter of economical operation to my mind is a question of personal interest on the part of the operatives, and of pushing the proposition, not only today, but tomorrow and throughout the year."

Tribute to the railroads of the country was paid by John Purcell, also of Chicago, Assistant Vice President of the Santa Fe line.

"The year 1923," he said, "was a period of rehabilitation and intensive efforts were made by all of the railroads to put all of their power and rolling stock in first-class condition. As a result of this, the railroads handled the largest volume of business in their history and in the most efficient and satisfactory manner. The bulk of this problem fell on the officials of the mechanical departments who should be congratulated on the showing made.

"The problem has now changed somewhat, business being considerably lighter. We are, therefore, passing into a period of limited retrenchment, though this should not be carried to a degree that will result in impaired service.

"Public sentiment toward the railroads has improved greatly during recent years and last year's efficient service helped to strengthen this favorable sentiment. It would be disastrous if the condition of equipment is allowed to fall off to such an extent as to again arouse the animosity of shippers."

Mr. Purcell said that the adoption of a standard box car was the outstanding achievement during the last year.

Collegemen were not taking kindly to the railroad business, the speaker said. "It is unfortunate," he continued, "that more technical men are not attracted into the mechanical departments of the American railroads. Various reasons are ascribed for this, but I believe that the main one is the fact that competitive industries are bidding higher for college graduates than the railroads have been able to do and I believe that some college graduates are underestimating the final possibilities of railroad work."

MADISON AVE. at 45ST.

Ready— and willing

Whether you come to Kodak Corner to buy a new Kodak, a roll of film, to have some prints made or to ask for photographic information, you will find our salesmen ready and willing.

Our business is to serve as well as sell. Come in and see.

Kodak Eastman Kodak Co.

The Greatest Book Sale in History

THOMS & ERON, INC., of New York, have purchased from the Executors of the Estate of the late E. P. Dutton, the entire overstock of E. P. DUTTON & COMPANY. The sale consists of about 750,000 volumes, comprising about 1800 titles on art, travel, biography, history, religion, new thought, archeology, etc.; in fact, on almost every conceivable subject. The value of these books is approximately $2,000,000, making this the greatest book sale ever held in this country.

The name of DUTTON on a book is a guarantee that the book is of lasting merit and worth owning.

The books are plainly marked with the original retail price. You pay only one-half.

Here is the chance of a lifetime for book-lovers to enrich their libraries with the very best books at just 50c on the dollar.

Sale arranged by THOMS & ERON, Inc. and conducted by

THE LITTLE BLUE BOOKSHOP
1665 Broadway, New York
(Between 51st and 52nd Streets)
Three doors north of Capitol Theatre
Open from 9 A.M. until midnight

Women's Oxford

The only shoe in the world endorsed and approved by the American Posture League!

THAT there are three distinctly different types of normal feet instead of only one has been positively proved by the findings of the American Posture League—following a world-wide investigation.

Tru-pe-dic Shoes are made for both Men and Women in all three types, Inflare, Straight and Outflare, corresponding to the three types of normal feet.

Tru-pe-dics make an immediate appeal because of their smartness. Women particularly find them ideal for walking or shopping—a fashionable, perfect fitting shoe that is exceptionally comfortable.

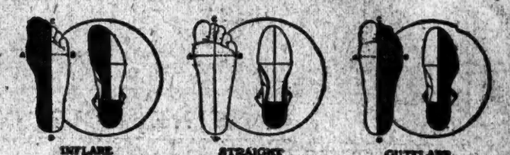
With Men, Tru-pe-dics come instantly into favor, appealing to their common sense—a good looking anatomical shoe that fits to perfection.

Call at any of the stores listed below and try on all three types in your own size. You will instantly know the right one by the way it *fits, feels* and *looks*. You will be delighted with the revelation of "stylish comfort."

Men's Black Kid or Tan Calf Blucher, $11.00; Black Kid or Tan Calf Oxford, $10.50. Women's Brown or Black Kid Bal, $13.00; Brown or Black Kid Oxford, $10.00.

RALSTON SHOEMAKERS
Brockton, Mass.

Commodore Boot Shop, 406 Lexington Ave., at 42nd St. (Commodore Hotel)
Robert J. Sadler Shoe Co., 93 Nassau St.
Robert J. Sadler Shoe Co., 433 Fulton St., Brooklyn
Jos. Friedman, 691 Ninth Ave.
Ralston Boot Shop, 1422 St. Nicholas Ave., at 181st St.
Wm. Katz, 770 Columbus Ave.
Enrose Boot Shop, 128 East 59th St.
Geller Shoes, 254 St. Ann's Ave., Bronx
D. Schwartz, 682 East Tremont Ave., Bronx
Webster Bootery, 412 East 167th St., Bronx
Schwartz Shoe Co., Central Ave., cor. Halsey St., Brooklyn
John S. Nelson, 540 Nostrand Ave., Brooklyn



Tru-pe-dic SHOE

Into the future of each human life stretch two broad Highways

One is the road of *malnutrition*—the road of ill-health and unhappiness

The other is the road of *nourishment*—the road of strength and health

To keep your feet firmly planted on this road of health you must give to your body only the kind of food that is easily and completely turned into nourishment

Three times a day—you make the choice.

"When the human body is deprived of needed hutrients it preys upon itself and uses up its reserve that should be drawn upon only in cases of illness or extreme nervous strain."
—*Human Foods*

"Since it is necessary for normal metabolism that the greater number of calories of body heat be produced by carbohydrate foods, it is essential that some kind of cereal food form a part of the daily food allowance."
—*Food and Its Preparation*

Grape-Nuts is made of pure wheat and malted barley. More than three-fourths of the content of Grape-Nuts are the precious carbohydrates.

"Only that portion of the food that is digested and absorbed can serve the purposes of growth and the maintenance of the vital functions."
—*Principles of Human Nutrition*

In Grape-Nuts the carbohydrates have been *dextrinized*, that is, scientifically broken down into the form your body most readily and smoothly digests and transforms into strength and vitality.

"Proper mastication is always a signal to the secretions of the stomach and intestines to be ready for their share in the work."
—*Food Facts for the Home-Maker*

Grape-Nuts is in the form of crisp, golden kernels you must chew. This makes your mouth do its work which otherwise your stomach must do in addition to its own.

THE power that daily renews your mental and physical strength and vigor is locked up in the carbohydrates (a great part of which comes from the grains). They are your greatest source of vitality; and at least one-third of your nourishment should come from them.

But in order for your body to get the full nourishment from *carbohydrates*—they must be carefully prepared to suit your body's needs. Otherwise, instead of supplying you with nourishment they may clog your digestive machinery and produce the poisons and acids that give rise to almost every physical ill.

Youth and health are stored for you in this delicious food

More than three-fourths of the content of Grape-Nuts (made from wheat and barley) are these precious *carbohydrates*. And what is more important, in Grape-Nuts they have been *dextrinized*—that is, scientifically broken down into just the form you can best utilize. In this form they yield their full nourishment, without producing any of the acids and poisons that cause premature ageing and most of our commonest ailments.

Grape-Nuts has this great added value to your health

Grape-Nuts comes in crisp, golden kernels you must chew. It keeps the whole mouth healthy. It starts digestive processes in the mouth—*the first step to sound digestion.*

There is no other food like Grape-Nuts in form or in taste. Eat it at least once a day. You will be astonished to see how much more vigorous you feel.

All grocers have Grape-Nuts. Hotels and restaurants serve it in individual packages of a single portion. The Postum Cereal Company, Inc., Battle Creek, Mich.

Served with cream or rich milk, Grape-Nuts gives you in most delicious form the essentials of a well-balanced ration.

Free Sample Offer

Send today for four of the individual packages—free. Enough Grape-Nuts for four nourishing breakfasts. Free offer also includes book of 101 delicious recipes selected from 50,000 prepared by housewives who regularly serve Grape-Nuts.

Postum Cereal Company, Inc., Battle Creek, Mich.
Please send me free trial packages and booklet.
N. Y. Times-4
Name.....
Address.....
City.....

Copyright, 1924, by the Postum Cereal Co., Inc.

A Drink That All Children Love

—and it's better for them than soda or pop. Because it's a real tonic and body builder, containing vitamines in liberal amounts.

Let them choose their favorite — orange, grape, strawberry, lemon, lemon and lime, raspberry and punch. Economical—easy to make—just add ice water—a pint makes a gallon of pure fruit juice thirst quenchers—no sugar required.

ZA-REX
The fresh fruit drink

To avoid synthetic substitutes packed in similar glass jugs, insist on seeing the name ZA-REX on the label.

Za-Rex Food Products, Inc.
Boston, Mass.

Crime Prevention by Science

CONCLUSIONS of Burdette G. Lewis, Commissioner of Institutions and Agencies in New Jersey, who has made criminology a life study. In an interview, Mr. Lewis said:

*"Society can wipe out a great proportion of crimes of violence whenever it wants to * * * and the measures that will be taken to combat crime will be parallel, I believe, with those taken to check disease."*

The New York Times
NEXT SUNDAY
Reserve a copy at your news stand.

CITY TO RUSH WORK ON BIG ART CENTRE

New Plans, Made Necessary by Abandonment of Park Grab, Nearing Completion.

WOMAN ON THE COMMITTEE

Berolzheimer Tells of Change in Site After a Conference With Mayor Hylan.

ROULSTONE IS GRATIFIED

Leader of Fight Against Invasion Says People Will Now Support the Project.

Plans to build the proposed $15,000,000 music and art centre on the six-acre plot in Central Park have been abandoned. Another site has been selected and work on the project will be rushed, according to an announcement made yesterday afternoon by City Chamberlain Philip Berolzheimer following a conference with Mayor Hylan, who had already announced abandonment of the proposed Park site at a dinner the night before.

Mr. Berolzheimer said that plans for the buildings and grounds are being prepared and expressed the hope that public sentiment would now warmly support the project.

The site will be somewhere south of Fifty-ninth Street, between Sixth and Seventh Avenues. It will be announced in a few days by Mr. Berolzheimer, who said that he was working on the revised plans in collaboration with Harry W. Watrous of the National Academy Association; Arnold W. Brunner, architect, who designed the group of buildings which were intended for Central Park, and Miss Florence N. Levy, Director of the Art Museum of Baltimore.

Mr. Berolzheimer explained that the new group of buildings of Mr. Brunner's design will not cover as large an area as was contemplated in the Central Park setting. Because of the high cost of ground in the district agreed upon for the site, the builders of the art centre will economize on ground, which necessitates the re-designing of the group of buildings.

William Bradford Roulstone, 61 Broadway, counsel for the Parks and Playgrounds Association and for the seventy-five civic, political, art, charitable and philanthropic organizations in their fight on the park encroachment, expressed gratification over the change in the city's plans.

"It seems to me that the people and the Mayor are to be congratulated on the abandonment of the idea of putting those buildings in the park," he said, "and in view of the fact that both the industrial art school and music centre are worthy projects, I hope everybody will get behind the undertaking. I think it safe to say, although I cannot speak officially for our association, that the Parks and Playgrounds Association is very much interested in seeing those buildings built and the project conducted in a proper way for the benefit of the people of the city.

"We do not oppose the industrial art school and music centre, but we do oppose the building of them in Central Park. Perhaps it is unnecessary to say that it is doubtful whether the Mayor had a leg to stand on from the legal standpoint in pushing the project in the park, and we hope he will now rescind the action of the Board of Estimate purporting to approve any part of the Park as a building site for those projects.

"I think it is perhaps wise to suggest to the Mayor at this time that one good turn deserves another, and that, having taken the right turn in the music and art centre matter, he should go further and turn away from the project of building war memorials in Central Park, and that applies to war memorials of all kinds in Central Park.

"In fact, this might be a good time for the Mayor to adopt and announce a sound park policy of conserving every square foot of park areas, and establishing a precedent of park and playground conservation at any cost. Such a policy during the next decade will be seen to be wise, and when it is connected with the development of parks and playgrounds in all the cities throughout the nation, especially in relation to health and crime problems, its importance will be seen and understood."

Mr. Roulstone said that the importance of parks and playgrounds for the proper development of children physically and mentally was forcibly illustrated by the case of the bobbed hair bandit and the Franks case.

The Board of Estimate set aside a part of Central Park as a site for the music and art centre, and plans were accepted, despite protests from scores of organizations. Since then the park defenders organized to fight the project, and steps were being taken to take the matter into the courts if necessary to prevent the invasion of the park.

It was pointed out at the hearings before the Board of Estimate, that there was no opposition to the project itself, but to the proposed park grab.

Details of the new plans are expected to be completed soon, when Mr. Berolzheimer will make them public, with the location of the site.

NO DRY PLEDGE AT CORNELL.

Authorities Merely Ask Alumni to Omit Liquor at Reunions.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., June 11.—Action similar to that recently taken by Princeton and Columbia Universities, urging a pledge of abstinence by their alumni, does not seem to have met general approval with university authorities at Cornell. They prefer to cope with the problem from a different angle, Chairman Coffin stated, adopting rather a method of gradual improvement through the spread of friendly propaganda.

The alumni headquarters here has urged Presidents, Secretaries and Chairmen of the June reunion classes to discourage drinking as much as possible in advance publicity to members of the classes.

Several class committees have mailed to their members copies of a letter written to Mr. Coffin by President Livingston Farrand on the subject of drinking at reunions.

The communication mentions the progress made toward eliminating this mode of celebration during the last two years and expresses encouragement at the growth of a sound sentiment in this respect.

ARTHUR A. BOWEN CLEARED.

Court Dismisses Indictment for Forgery in Business Directory Deal.

Supreme Court Justice Mahoney, who has been presiding at the trial of Arthur A. Bowen on a charge of third degree forgery in connection with alleged alteration of contracts for space in a business directory, took the case from the jury yesterday and dismissed the indictment on the ground that the State had failed to make out a case. Bowen contended that there was no ground for the indictment, which was returned in 1921.

The case was prosecuted by Merton Smith, as Special Deputy Attorney General, because District Attorney Banton was at one time attorney for Bowen.

Enoch Arden Is a Bridegroom; Bride Is Jetti Cilistia Pettib

The Rev. W. L. Phillips performed the ceremony at the Church of the Transfiguration (Little Church Around the Corner) yesterday uniting in marriage a tall good-looking young man who said he was Enoch Arden and a handsome woman who gave the name of Jetti Cilistia Pettib.

The bridegroom said he had another name, Martin, but that he did not use it. At the Marriage License Bureau he gave his name as Enoch Arden, age 31 years, 16,506 Euclid Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio. He said that he is a traveling auditor. Miss Pettib gave her age as 33 years and her occupation as a private secretary. She also lives in Cleveland.

HELD AS ROBBER OF LETTER BOXES

Police Say Prisoner Revealed How He Obtained Uncanceled Checks for $38,000.

HAD LIST OF OPERA PATRONS

Thefts in New York and Vicinity Covered More Than a Year, Prosecutor Asserts.

David Foster, in whose possession thirty-two uncanceled checks, totaling $38,000, were found when he was arrested in Brooklyn Saturday night, was held by United States Commissioner Hitchcock yesterday in $5,000 bail on a charge of robbing the mails. Assistant United States Attorney Carl Brecher informed the commissioner that Foster had signed a confession that he had robbed letter boxes in New York and vicinity for more than a year.

Earlier in the day Foster was arraigned on a charge of vagrancy before Magistrate Golden in the Flatbush Avenue Court. When Postal Inspectors Charles G. Kinzel and William Plath Jr. informed the Court of the crime said to have been confessed to by the prisoner, Magistrate Golden suspended sentence. Detectives Farrell and Boetig and the two Post Office inspectors then hurried with Foster to the Federal Building in Manhattan, where, it was said, he signed the confession.

Foster, who is 33 years old, told his captors that he was born in New York, attended public and high school here and went to college. At one time, he asserted, he received $150 a week when employed by an electrical firm.

The inspectors, after Foster's story, found a valise belonging to him in a checking place near the Pennsylvania Station. In it, Inspector Kinzel said, were blank checks, several canceled checks for small amounts, bank books, the names on some having been changed; pens and a complete set of ink eradicators.

What the inspectors said was most interesting among the contents of the grip was a list of names and addresses of about fifty men and women, all socially prominent. Next to the names was written either "Mondays, or "Seven Wednesdays" or "odd Thursdays," &c., which Foster is alleged to have said referred to the nights which found these persons at the opera.

Among the $38,000 in uncanceled checks were two made out by Mrs. E. Parmalee Prentice to John D. Rockefeller Jr., her brother. They were for $30,700 and $270 and were dated May 25, 1923. Foster said he took them from letters in a found in a receptacle in the Prentice home, at 9 West Fifty-third Street.

Foster was arrested by Patrolman John Maxwell, who found him sleeping in an empty house at 1,067 East Nineteenth Street, Brooklyn.

COOLIDGE IS URGED TO TEST BONUS ACT

Lawyer-Taxpayer to Drop Suit, but Wants President to Act as 'Parens Patriae.'

Benjamin Catchings of 144 West Fifty-seventh Street, who last week filed a taxpayer's suit to determine the constitutionality of the bonus law, announced yesterday that he would not bring up his motion tomorrow in the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, because Congress failed to appropriate any funds for bonus purposes and there was no reason to suppose that Government officials would divert other funds for this purpose.

At the same time Mr. Catchings, who is a lawyer, and was formerly with the Federal Trade Board, made public a letter to President Coolidge in which he appealed to the President to take steps to determine the constitutionality of the bonus law. He did this, he said, because he believed a single taxpayer had little prospect of getting a foothold in court because in another case, in which a taxpayer was joined by the State of Massachusetts, the Supreme Court ruled that citizens of Massachusetts are citizens of the United States and that "it is the United States and not the State which represents them as parens patriae."

"Thus it seems," Mr. Catchings wrote, "that a citizen is so atomic and molecular a nothing that he cannot check the doles tendency of our Congress. The State not being a taxpayer cannot stop ultra vires acts and you are parens patriae.

"This new responsibility and honor thus thrust upon you means this, that as the citizen is too small to sue, and the State has no status to represent its citizens, then the duty of stopping an ultra vires act of Congress devolves upon parens patriae, which is you. If you are dead sure that the bonus doles law is duly enacted and constitutional, then of course it's hells ahead. But if there is a reasonable doubt, or if there are those who insist that there is something wrong, then the only way they can get a hearing is for you to await instructions to go ahead from the courts or to apply to the courts for instructions. A declination to proceed until mandamused, is not unusual for a prudent official or trustee.

"At any rate, I hope that you will grant my request, which is that you set a time and place for a public hearing upon the 'Adjusted Compensation Act' to ascertain its true status and to consider argument as to where to go and what to do from here."

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The case was prosecuted by Merton Smith, as Special Deputy Attorney General, because District Attorney Banton was at one time attorney for Bowen.

New Palestine Settlement Begun.

HAIFA, June 11 (Jewish Telegraph Agency).—Foundation for a new American Jewish Settlement at Mejdal, on the shore of the Sea of Galilee, has been laid by the erection of twelve houses. The Arab Sheiks from neighboring villages participated in the celebration held to inaugurate the new community and to welcome the settlers. Congratulatory messages were received from the United States and other countries.

Swiss Lend Serbia 15,000,000 Frs.

BERNE, Switzerland, June 11.—The Bankverein has announced a loan to Serbia of 15,000,000 Swiss francs. The loan was made upon 7 per cent. mortgage bonds, payable in twelve years. The issue price to the public is 94.

DISCREPANCIES ROIL JUDGE IN PRICE CASE

Witnesses for Policeman Defendant Give Widely Varied Versions of Shooting.

ONE QUESTIONED BY COURT

Exchange Becomes So Heated That Defense Asks a Mistrial, Which Is Denied by Collins.

Conflicting stories told at the trial of Policeman Martin Price on an indictment charging assault aroused the ire of Judge Collins in General Sessions yesterday. Price and Policeman John E. Butler were members of the Special Service Division assigned to suppress violations of the Volstead act. On June 16, 1923, Price was alleged to have fired five shots at Julius Quehl, a World War veteran.

The shooting took place in East 121st Street, between Lexington and Park Avenues, after Quehl and twenty other members of the James F. Foley Post, Veterans of Foreign Wars, had returned from St. Raymond's Cemetery, the Bronx, where they acted as a firing squad at the burial of Thaddeus Lynch, another member of the post, who had been killed a few days before in an altercation with Policeman Peter A. Clinton of the East 126th Street Station. A jury at Clinton's trial recently failed to agree on a verdict.

Quehl had told the jury that the Foley post was using the rear of a former saloon at Lexington Avenue and 121st Street as a headquarters. He was standing with a girl across the street in 121st Street, he testified, when Price came out of the side door of the former saloon "with something in his hand" and "appearing to be bewildered," started in pursuit of him, Quehl. He heard five shots as he and the girl ran toward Park Avenue, but he didn't look around to see whether Price was doing the shooting.

Butler Tells One Story.

Policeman Butler, as the principal witness for the defense, said he and Price had visited fifty places suspected of bootlegging and had drunk near beer in all except one place, where they got whisky and made an arrest.

They entered the former saloon at Lexington Avenue and 121st Street, wearing old clothes and with several days' growth of beard, he continued. They got two drinks of whisky, he swore, and the bartender had run up the cost of the drinks when they announced they were policemen. The bartender then knocked the whisky out of their hands.

Then, Butler testified, somebody outside fired a shot. The rear room was filled with war veterans, and as Price started through the door to the side street one of the veterans engaged Butler in a scuffle. He threw him off. Butler went on, and when he reached the street he saw a man running west toward Park Avenue. Price was in pursuit and firing his pistol. When Price got half way up the block, somebody hit Price on the head with a brick bat. A uniformed policeman took both plain clothes men to the East 126th Street Station, where they were examined by a police surgeon, four hours later.

John Costello of 121 East 121st Street, who said he was in the furniture business and also a special clerk for the Texas Company, 17 Battery Place, then was called as a corroborating witness.

Costello Tells Another Story.

Costello said he was on 121st Street when he saw a man and a girl running toward Park Avenue. Price, he said, came out of the former saloon and "walked" toward Park Avenue, then, turned around and started back. About half way down the block, Costello declared, a man struck Price on the head with a brick bat. Price then wheeled around and started on a half run in the direction of Park Avenue, while the assailant walked slowly toward Lexington Avenue.

Costello said he followed Price and that about every twenty feet Price fired a bullet at the sidewalk. The witness picked up the flattened slugs. He didn't know that Price was a policeman because of his taking of appearance.

"Was it a hard blow?" asked Assistant District Attorney Mullen."

"Yes," replied the witness. "If he hadn't had on a straw hat he would have been knocked unconscious."

Judge Collins then took a hand in questioning the witness. He called the attention of Frederick Sullivan, the accused policeman's lawyer, to the discrepancies in the story told by Policeman Butler and Costello, and asked which story the defense contended was true. The lawyer said he was glad the stories did not agree and promised that other witnesses would tell stories entirely different from those told by either Butler or Costello.

"These witnesses," said Judge Collins, "have given us two stories diametrically opposed to each other, and obviously they can't both be true."

Mr. Sullivan replied that he would reveal the truth.

"I can tell you what the truth is," commented Judge Collins, heatedly.

Motion for Mistrial Denied.

Mr. Sullivan thereupon demanded that the Court declare a mistrial, but Judge Collins denied the motion. Costello, under a drumfire of questions by the Court and the prosecutor, then told the jury that he did not know he was to be a witness until last Tuesday night, when a subpoena was served on him. He first said he didn't know the men who served the summons, but later admitted that it was Policeman Price and that Policeman Butler was with him.

"Did you tell these two officers the same story you have told here today?" asked Judge Collins.

"Yes," replied Costello.

"Do you mean to say," asked Judge Collins, his voice rising with each word, "that Butler was there and heard you tell this story, which is contrary to his version and that he said nothing about these discrepancies?"

"Yes," answered Costello.

"This officer testified that the defendant was running after a man and a girl discharging his revolver. Do you still contend you were right when you said a defendant walked after them and did not have a gun in his hand?" asked the Court.

"Yes," was the reply.

The case will be continued this morning.

STATUS OF PALAIS ROYAL.

Action to Modify Padlock Injunction Brought by Creditors.

The action to modify the padlock injunction issued under the Volstead act against the Palais Royal Restaurant was brought on behalf of creditors seeking to realize on assets and not on behalf of the former owners, according to Maurice P. Davidson of Yankauer & Davidson, counsel for the receivers. Mr. Davidson explained that the former owners, the Salvin-Thompson combination, operating through the Russell Hotel and Restaurant Company, are not interested in this application in any manner whatsoever.

"Their interest in the place has entirely ceased," said Mr. Davidson. "They have been deprived of their capital investment, the padlock decree having caused the insolvency of the concern and the consequent appointment of receivers. The present owners of the Palais Royal are the creditors operating through the receivers. The proceedings to modify the padlock injunction were instituted for the purpose of enabling the creditors to realize upon the assets."

Boy Is Hanged in Playing at Gallows-Making, After Example Shown in Philadelphia Movie

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 11.—Harold Lawton Allen, twelve-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Harold C. Allen of 595 South Forty-sixth Street, was strangled to death when he and his six-year-old brother, John, played at "movies" last evening on the third floor of their home.

The two boys had been to see a motion picture thriller in which the construction of a gallows had been depicted. The boys went upstairs just before supper to play on the third floor. The elder boy proposed they improvise a gallows such as they had seen on the silver screen.

Harold got a rope and broomsticks. While six-year-old John looked on admiringly, the elder brother got a small stool, not more than a foot high, and set it up in the doorway. He tied the rope to the broomstick, and, climbing on the stool, wedged the stick across the door frame, so that it made a cross-piece with the noose dangling.

Laughing, Harold stood on the stool, the noose adjusted around his neck. At that moment the dinner bell rang and John ran downstairs, leaving his brother to follow.

It is believed that the elder boy, in trying to get the noose from his neck so he could step from the stool and join the others downstairs, lost his balance. John did not hear him fall or cry out. The younger boy went on downstairs and greeted his mother, who was on the second floor.

Dinner was not quite ready, and the family waited for Harold, thinking he would come at any moment. When they did not hear his step on the stairs the mother sent John up to call him.

John, climbing the stairs, saw his brother hanging from the cross-bar, the noose taunt about his neck. He was choking to death, his legs jerking spasmodically, his feet only a few inches above the floor. He hung there, struggling for breath as the younger brother stared in panic at him, the mother ignorant of the boy's peril only two short flights below them.

John ran downstairs, screaming "mother, mother, come quick."

Mrs. Allen cut the rope and carried Harold downstairs in her arms. Life was not extinct, and the mother resorted to every measure she could think of to revive him. A servant summoned the neighbors, who gave the boy first aid. A physician then hurried to the house and applied stimulants, but he was too late.

Neighbors said the two boys had taken only the normal interest which children take in the "movies," and had not been known to emulate the "stunts" of motion picture heroes.

The dead boy's father is a traveling salesman for a firm in New York, but makes his home here.

TELLS OF 'CURING' SOME CANCER CASES

Dr. E. C. Field Tells Physicians' Convention Koch Compound Kills the Germs.

CHILDBIRTH MADE PAINLESS

Dr. Gwathmey of New York Announces New Treatment—Gland Transplanting Ridiculed.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 11.—Dr. Everett C. Field, director of the Radium Institute of New York, announced today "there is a definite cure for cancer", at a meeting of members of the American Association for the Study and Cure of Cancer, who also are attending the convention of the American Medical Association.

The curative treatment Dr. Field advocates does not include the use of radium. Radium, X-ray treatment and surgery he called "pitiably inadequate." What he called "the new cure" is a combination of chemicals which he stated "has proved its efficacy after investigations followed up in 300 cases which have been treated during the last four years."

The compound was discovered by Dr. William F. Koch of Detroit. Following the premature announcement of the formula, Dr. Field explained, its discoverer had become involved in a dispute over a question of professional ethics with the members of his county medical society and as a result had been dropped from membership in that body and in the American Medical Association.

Despite this, Dr. Field had been instructed to investigate Dr. Koche's work with an unbiased attitude. "This treatment," he said, "consists of the use of a chemical which appears to kill the cancer organism by making unsuitable the soil upon which the bacteria must thrive, or possibly by a direct action upon the germ itself."

Telling of the study and treatment of fifty apparently hopeless cases at the Radium Institute in New York, he continued:

"The use of the Koch compound has demonstrated distinct curative effects, with a record of many cases physically well after three and four years.

In the cured cases which have remained well for from two to four years there has been noted much improvement in vitality and general health. The series of experiments which we have performed shows no recurrence after the disease is well under control.

"Reactions, following the immediate reaction of the formula, are desperate and the patient for a time is made very sick, but few fatalities occur. The treatment consists of the injection of one cubic centimeter of the compound every six weeks. Only two or three treatments are given."

In an address given before the anaesthesis clinic Dr. James T. Gwathmey, nationally known obstetrician of New York, announced that painless childbirth, without harm to mother or child, is a fact. Dr. Gwathmey's method is known as "synergistic analgesia," and it involves the use of magnesium sulphate.

In February, 1923, in cooperation with Dr. Asa B. Davis of the Lying-In Hospital, New York, Dr. Gwathmey related, he began his search for a method of painless childbirth. The anaesthetic used must be so simple that any physician could use it in home or hospital, and the operation must be of such a nature that it could be instantly halted, if any danger was apparent to mother or child. Both these results had been accomplished with the new anaesthetic, he said. Some 500 maternity cases had been successfully treated under this method, and after a year of experiment the anaesthetic was standardised and adopted in eight New York hospitals.

Rejuvenation by means of monkey glands or the transplantation of vital glands from one individual to another is a myth, according to Dr. Clarence A. McWilliams, New York surgeon and one of the speakers before the surgical section of the association, today.

"Between animals of the same species even," said Dr. McWilliams, "there are unknown biological differences that prevent the survival of transplanted arteries. Reported successes are due to the fact that often these grafted organs 'seem to take,' but they finally disappear in a few weeks at the most. The same facts apply to the grafting of skin from one individual to another. In order to grow, skin must be taken from the same person. Apparent success of grafts from other individuals is to be explained by the fact that the patient's own skin grows under the transplanted cuticle and pushes it aside."

"High-powered motor cars, dances, theatres, cabarets, liquor and the other innumerable factors that play a part in the regular life of many of our urban adolescents today have set such a hectic pace that the human nervous system isn't equal to it," Dr. G. W. Lawell told the convention, after asserting that half of the women and girls of the Middle West were afflicted with goitre. The life of excitement, he continued, resulted "in complete fatigue, which prevents the natural elimination of the toxins of the body, resulting in goitre."

The girl of today was lauded by Dr. Katherine D. Manion, retiring President of the National Women's Medical Association.

"The modern girl is the healthiest, happiest girl the world ever has known," she said. "And I wouldn't exchange the modern flapper, as you call her, for any other girl of any other time. Girls used to be defenseless creatures, who sat at home with their knitting, laced up in tight corsets and almost never indulged in any outdoor exercise.

"The girl of today who swims, plays golf, hobs her hair, goes without a corset, wears flat heels and takes long hikes is something to be mighty proud of. Her shapeliness are extinct, but only because they are no longer needed. The modern girl can take care of herself. Her mind is as healthy as her body, and her intelligence and independence protect her."

LOEB AND LEOPOLD PLEAD 'NOT GUILTY'

Their Trial for Kidnapping and Murder of Robert Franks Is Set for August 4.

BOTH APPEAR UNCONCERNED

Crowd of Curious Breaks Down Chicago Courtroom Door—Loeb Arraigned on Birthday.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 11.—"Not guilty," answered Nathan F. Leopold Jr. and Richard A. Loeb today when they were arraigned before Chief Justice John R. Caverly of the Criminal Court on charges of kidnapping for ransom and murdering Robert Franks. The beginning of their trial was set by the court for Aug. 4.

The opinion was expressed that, in expectation of a defense of insanity, for the youths to answer "not guilty" in clear, unhesitating tones and with evident understanding, when they might have remained silent, "standing mute" in legal phraseology, which would have been accepted as a not guilty plea, was a tactical mistake.

Gone apparently from their minds were the confessions they had made separately, jointly, in agreement and in disagreement. They were not, as they had faced the Judge, the youths who realized they were trapped when the Leopold family chauffeur destroyed their alibi. They were not the lads, eager to prove their smartness and their veracity, who showed detectives where they had buried and burned damaging evidence.

They were again the nattily attired sons of millionaires, displaying their education and their intelligence, who on June 30 and 31 seemed not at all bothered by the fact that they were suspected of murder. As on those days, they seemed confident "things would turn out all right."

Having uttered their four denials, twice in unison, twice in the first person, singular, they became silent and let their attorneys, Clarence S. Darrow and Benjamin Bachrach, do the talking. Darrow and Bachrach let the Court know they were in no hurry for trial, that much preparation would be needed and that time was an important factor.

State's Attorney Crowe asked that July 15 be selected as the trial date. Justice Caverly said he would hear all preliminary motions on July 31 and, having disposed of them, would order a special venire of 100 jurymen to report on Aug. 4.

The day had its associations for the two prisoners. They had booked passage to sail on June 11 to the lands of Cellini, Aretino, Nietzsche and Haeckel, their favorite authors. The Mauretania left New York at exactly the moment they pleaded "not guilty," when, too, it was the nineteenth birthday of Loeb.

A crowd gathered at the court building before 7 A. M., and by 9 o'clock the hallway to Judge Caverly's court was jammed by a mass of people determined to get a glimpse of the prisoners.

The Grand Jury which indicted the two students continued today examination of witnesses under oath, asking them if they had ever noticed anything irrational about either of the accused youths.

BUDGET WILL STAY, ITS HEAD DECLARES

Director Lord Tells Credit Men It Has Turned Deficit Into Surplus.

BUFFALO, N. Y., June 11.—"Today, for the first time in the history of this Government, the Executive really has control of the Government's financial expenditure," General Herbert M. Lord, Director of the United States Budget, told delegates to the twenty-ninth annual convention of the National Association of Credit Men and a joint session of the Canadian Credit Men's Trust Association.

"The budget has come to stay," the Director said. "Although, of course, there are criticisms, yet I think it has firmly established itself as a very necessary feature in Government operation. Cooperation on the part of Congress has been most commendable. Both the House and the Senate have revolutionized their procedure as regards appropriation measures so all to be in line with the spirit of the Budget and Accounting act."

Acting under the direction of the President, the Budget Bureau has succeeded in materially reducing the cost of Federal operation, the Budget Director said, citing that three years ago 60 per cent. of the total cost of government in the country was chargeable to Federal and 40 per cent. to local government, while now only 40 per cent. is chargeable to Federal government against 60 for local.

"The reduction in expenditure," said General Lord, "coupled with unexpectedly large revenue receipts, has converted the $30,000,000 possible deficiency estimated at the June 15, 1923, meeting, to a promised surplus of $229,000,000, as estimated Nov. 30, so that we lack the spur of a threatened deficit to help us along the road of economy. There has been, however, no relaxation of the pressure for savings, and the Federal personnel have had it impressed upon them that there can be no higher service at this time than to cut down and keep down Federal expenditures. There is only one reason for economy in the public service—reduction in taxation."

O'Gorman Named Gould Referee.

Supreme Court Justice Tierney appointed James A. O'Gorman, former United States Senator and Supreme Court Justice, as referee in the Jay Gould accounting yesterday, to take the place of Edward W. Hatch, who died on June 1. It is expected that the attorneys in the case will agree that Mr. O'Gorman shall have the same compensation as Judge Hatch, who was to get $40 an hour for all the time spent on the case.

FRANK TINNEY HELD FOR THE GRAND JURY

Magistrate Levine Fixes $2,500 Bail for Comedian Charged With Beating Chorus Girl.

HE SAYS HE WAS ATTACKED

Shows a Bruised Shin to a Greatly Amused Courtroom — Testifies 'Bubbles' Threatened His Life.

Frank Tinney, the comedian, was held for the Grand Jury in $2,500 bail yesterday afternoon on a charge of assault brought against him by Miss Imogene Wilson, a chorus girl. The decision of Magistrate Max S. Levine was announced after Tinney, on the witness stand, had kept the crowded courtroom in an almost continuous roar of laughter by his testimony.

Tinney was assailed by Assistant District Attorney James A. Magee, who represented the State, as a "modern caveman" and a "second Bill Sikes." In almost the same breath Mr. Magee referred to the complainant, who was able this time to come into court unassisted, as a "little broken flower."

In holding the defendant for the Grand Jury, Magistrate Levine said:

"Broadway is on trial, and this case should go before a jury. I am not here to censor the morals or the conduct of either the complainant or the defendant. To my mind this case is of great importance to the people of our city.

"The evidence introduced raises a sharp question of fact, which I believe should be determined by a jury. I feel that in this way both sides will be better satisfied and there will be less chance for unjust criticism against either the complainant or the defendant."

There were several dramatic moments during the hearing, one when two court attendants appeared bearing an armchair upholstered in blue plush and a tickly napped Persian rug, part of the furnishings of the West Seventy-second Street apartment, where the alleged assault occurred, to show that Miss Wilson's injuries could not have been serious because the chair and rug bore no marks of the conflict. Later Mrs. Tinney, on the stand, told of the after-midnight visit of Miss Wilson to the Tinney home at Baldwin, L. I. She testified that she begged the chorus girl to leave, saying that she had a baby and was Mr. Tinney's wife, whereupon the complainant turned upon her and exclaimed, "I'll get you and I'll fix him good."

Tinney, telling how the chorus girl had kicked him, stood up, put his foot on the witness chair, rolled up his trouser leg, pulled down his sock and showed a bruised shin. This brought a laugh from the spectators, many of whom were apparently theatrical people.

Miss Wilson on the Stand.

Miss Wilson, in the short time she occupied the stand, would not display her bruises, despite the plea of Mr. Goldstein, Tinney's counsel, that she do so. She wore a suit of dark blue, with a white fur collar, and a blue straw hat.

Tinney, who appeared nervous throughout the proceedings, wore a brown suit and large striped tie. He was on the witness stand a half hour, and his story of the events leading up to the alleged beating at 157 West Seventy-second Street differed materially from that related by the chorus girl and her maid, Carrie Sneed. He also brought out several facts that had not been touched upon at the previous hearing. He declared it was his apartment and not Miss Wilson's, and asserted his life had been threatened several times by Miss Wilson (or "Bubbles," as he called her), and his counsel introduced an ice pick into the evidence.

He also described Miss Wilson as being under the influence of drugs on the night of May 27, when the alleged assault occurred. He said he "came from a good family and never struck a woman," but that he now "was almost provoked enough to strike Miss Wilson," who has also filed suit for $100,000 damages for her alleged injuries.

Tinney started his testimony by telling of his visit to the apartment on the night of the alleged assault. He said a maid told him that Miss Wilson had gone to a rehearsal, and would he "please wait until she returned."

"Carrie then asked me if I would have a drink and I said yes," Tinney went on. "She made me a highball and I drank it. Then I got pretty sick. When I asked her what was in it she said Scotch and ginger ale."

Here the witness interjected the information that Scotch and ginger ale "never mix," and made a grimace as he told of accusing the maid of having put something in the drink.

His Story of the Battle.

Tinney then related how he took off his shoes, hung his clothes in a closet and lay down in the bedroom. He said he was awakened by voices and thought one was that of a friend, George O'Brien.

"I thought I'd give him a laugh," Tinney continued, "so I draped myself in Bubbles's kimono and put on the maid's earrings. Then I walked out to find Bubbles and a man I didn't know."

The witness turned to the reporters' desk and pointed to a reporter for The Daily News who, he said, was the man with Miss Wilson. "I ordered him from the apartment when I found Miss Wilson was giving him a story," said Tinney.

According to the witness, he had gone to the apartment to discuss the "big idea behind the suicide party of Sunday, May 25, and the leaving of notes for the well-known blackface comedian."

"Carrie, whereas the well-known comedian," the witness continued, "but I do object to unpleasant notoriety. I asked Miss Wilson if she was trying to frame me up and I decided to leave. But my clothes were locked in the closet.

"You're not going to get out of here, Bubbles said, and she grabbed an icepick. I caught her by both hands, while she struggled and kicked me. She called for Carrie, and Carrie got hold of the back of my neck and finally all three of us went down on the floor, the two of them on top of me."

The witness showed scratches on his neck and then related how the row ended when Carrie suggested that he go into the bedroom.

"The next thing, I heard the door slam," said Tinney. "They had gone, and so had my clothes. Later two men, who said they were reporters, came back with Miss Wilson, and I got my clothes and left. I found $2 in my pants pocket. There was more than that when I went there."

Swears He Leased Apartment.

At this juncture he made clear to the Court that the apartment in West Seventy-second Street was his, having been leased when his wife and son went to California. He said that Miss Wilson had never lived there. "But she'd break down doors to get in," he added. "She would come to the apartment all coked up and kick through the panels."

Miss Wilson was the first witness of the afternoon. Mr. Goldstein opened his attack by attempting to show that the alleged beating which Tinney gave Miss Wilson was purely a publicity stunt, staged by a press agent. Failing to elicit any information along this line, he returned to the scene in Tinney's apartment and asked the witness where she was when Tinney struck her.

"I was standing between the kitchen and the sitting room," Miss Wilson replied, "and he dragged me to the middle of the sitting room, where he threw me over a chair."

Mr. Goldstein then called Detective Simeon Tierney of the West Sixty-eighth Street Police Station, who testified that on May 28 Miss Wilson, accompanied by two men, went to the station to lodge a complaint of assault against Tinney. He said that she walked into the station unsupported.

Miss Katherine Lovey, a trained nurse, who attended the complainant for two days, refused on the stand to state the extent of Miss Wilson's injuries.

Dearth of Silk Hats Spoils Princeton Sophomore Parade

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., June 11.—Princeton sophomores may have to give up a custom of fifty years' standing because of the change in fashions. There is a shortage of "toppers" for the annual high hat parade, by which the sophomores celebrate their promotion to upper classhood.

The agents who are trying to get six hundred silk hats say that not enough second-hand hats suitable for the parade are available. Superstitious sophomores are inclined to attribute the fiasco to the date of the parade, Friday, the 13th.

2 DEAD IN SHOOTING ON UPPER EAST SIDE

One Man Killed by His Own Brother as He Fires at Another.

WOMAN SLIGHTLY WOUNDED

East Ninety-seventh Street Neighborhood Is So Excited the Police Reserves Are Called Out.

One man was instantly killed by his brother, another died half an hour later in the Flower Hospital, and the wife of one of the slain men was slightly wounded in a shooting affray last night in the congested district on East Ninety-seventh Street, between Second and Third Avenues. A dozen shots were fired in the battle, and a crowd of more than 5,000 highly excited persons poured into the streets, some of them joining in the chase which ended in the capture of the man who did the shooting. The woman who was wounded was shot by another woman. All of the participants in the affair lived over a candy store at 218 East Ninety-seventh Street and the shooting took place on the sidewalk in front of the store.

Salvatore D'Amico, 35 years old, was killed by his brother Angelo, 33 years old. Angelo then turned his revolver on Aggrippino Montalto, 46 years old, and fired two shots at him, one plowing through his chest and the other striking him over the left eye. Montalto was hurried to the Flower Hospital, but died shortly after admittance.

When the first shot rang out Mrs. Rose Montalto, wife of Aggrippino, ran down stairs closely followed by Josephine Griffitts, who, the detectives of the East 104th Street station say, is the common-law wife of Angelo D'Amico. The second woman had a revolver, and when she saw what had happened she turned and fired at Mrs. Montalto, wounding her in the right hand. Mrs. Montalto was taken to the Harlem Hospital. Angelo D'Amico and the Griffitts woman were captured and locked up in the East 104th Street station.

Hundreds of persons joined in the chase after Angelo D'Amico. Tony Zunino of 223 East Ninety-third Street outdistanced the rest and pursuers and caught up with D'Amico at Ninety-eighth Street and Madison Avenue. The two men were struggling, and Policeman Hoffman arrested them and took them to the East 104th Street station. Then he learned of the shooting and D'Amico was held on a homicide charge, while Zunino was freed.

Angelo D'Amico and Montalto were having an argument over a business deal when the former whipped out a revolver. Salvatore D'Amico, who was standing near-by, attempted to placate his brother's wrath and stepped in between him and Montalto just as he fired. Salvatore received the bullet in his body and dropped to the pavement dead. Then Angelo fired two shots at Montalto and took to his heels. The shooting of Mrs. Montalto took place just at the instant her husband was mortally wounded.

The Griffitts woman was arrested when the shooting took place and Captain Joseph Loomans rushed all the reserves of the East 104th Street station to the scene to prevent the woman being roughly handled by the crowd. It was nearly midnight before the excitement caused by the shooting had subsided.

GERMAN RIGHT STILL ASPIRES TO CABINET

Hostility of Nationalists to Dawes Plan Weakens, Nationalist Leader Shows.

By T. R. YBARRA.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, June 11.—The German Nationalists are just as determined as ever to enter the German Government. But they are not nearly so determined as they were before the election in their hostility to the Dawes report. In fact, they distinctly state that if only they can worm their way into the Government they will be willing to negotiate regarding the report.

These things are clearly shown in a long article in today's Kreuz Zeitung, the Nationalist organ, by Professor Otto Hoetzsch, a prominent Nationalist leader, which is taken as an official Nationalist manifesto. Professor Hoetzsch stresses the necessity of Nationalist participation in the Government, particularly for the purpose of helping to counteract the Communist plan to seize power in Germany. This participation is also necessary, he states, since no Government can hope to maintain itself indefinitely without Nationalist cooperation, owing to the strength and importance of the Nationalist Party, with its economic and patriotic elements.

Hoetzsch declares that a settlement of the Germany reparations problem according with the Dawes report will not be possible if the signature of the Nationalist Party is not attached to it. Therefore, he continues, the present Government must be considered as in transitory stage with the Nationalists assuming the rôle of mere onlookers.

How conciliatory the Nationalists have become regarding the Dawes report is shown by the following statement by Professor Hoetzsch: "The report must be the subject of talks, negotiations and decisions." But he insists that the main issue now in Germany is one of men, not of empty formulas—which is taken by some to mean that the Nationalists still insist on getting Admiral von Tirpitz into the Chancellorship despite the freezing reception accorded this candidacy in the entente countries.

NEW THROUGH SERVICE TO JASPER

National Park Canadian via Duluth and Winnipeg. Through sleepers via Duluth & North Western and

MANY DEPART TODAY ON THREE STEAMERS

President Roosevelt to Carry Advertising Club Members for Tour of Europe.

COLUMBUS HAS BIG LIST

Many Other Tourists Start for South America on the Santa Ana—Olympic Arrives.

Two liners will depart today for Europe with big passenger lists, which include members of the Advertising Clubs, who will travel through France, Italy, Belgium and Switzerland before the convention starts in London in July.

Among those leaving on the President Roosevelt of the United States lines for Plymouth, Cherbourg and Bremen are A. H. MacKinnon, William H. Dodge, President of the Allied Newspapers; Earl Pearson, Harry Tipper and John H. Logeram.

Others will include Congressman Walter Lineberger, his wife and daughter Anne, Major R. H. Fletcher and Mrs. Fletcher of Atlanta, Ga.; Harrison M. Hoyt of Washington, Bishop Edgar Blake, head of the Methodist Episcopal Church in Paris, and these New Yorkers: Bro. Alfred H. Ames, Dr. A. E. Beebe, Dr. and Mrs. J. W. Begg and Miss Begg, A. J. Davs, Miss I. Earp, Mrs. H. E. Fox, R. L. Hogues, Captain C. R. Johnson, C. E. Klitgaard, Thomas McIntyre, Mrs. H. Phillip, Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton Rogers, Ellerd Styles, Charles D. Ward and Miss L. Zimmerman.

Many to Sail On Columbus.

Among the passengers departing today for Plymouth, Cherbourg and Bremen on the new North German Lloyd liner Columbus are Louis Adlon, proprietor of the Hotel Adlon, Berlin, and Mrs. Adlon; Mr. and Mrs. Henry C. Steneck, Mrs. Mary Stowjowski, Oscar Knoop, H. Gladbach, Oscar Bornheim, W. D. B. Ainey, Mr. and Mrs. Conrad J. Becker, Dr. Harry Benjamin, Wilhelm Bocker, Dr. R. E. Butz, Dr. A. S. Cantor, William Walther Claus, Margarethe Anna Claus, Mrs. Louis Alexander Dreyfus, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Constant, Dr. Gustav Eisner, Ross Eltington, Samuel Englander, Lester Englander, Norman Forster, Mr. and Mrs. Louis S. Fox, Miss Edith Gibson, Mrs. Francis Gremmels, Miss Helen Gremmels, Mrs. Eleanor Happel, Master F. C. Happel, Adolph Heilbrunn, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Jordan, Mr. and Mrs. Arnold Kaiser, Miss S. L. Kirby, Dr. Otto Koenig, Stephen, Edward and Louis F. Lee, Louise Lee, Moe Levy, Richard A. Liggett, Mr. and Mrs. David March, Miss Dorothy March, Otto Nagel, Mr. and Mrs. David Neuhaus, Mr. and Mrs. Herman Ohse, Mr. and Mrs. Josef Plaut, Charles H. Rathbone Jr., Jacob Richman, Henry Rigoletto and family, Mr. and Mrs. Adolph H. Salomon, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Schlesinger, Richard Selig, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Schmitt, Director and Mrs. Boronzo Solmson, Dr. and Mrs. Walter Taggart, Helen Timmendorfer, Julius Tischman, Mr. and Mrs. William Volk, Mr. and Mrs. Carl Weil, Nadine Weil, Francelle Weil and Rita Weil, Phillip Wirth and Director and Mrs. Frans Wolff.

Some of the American tourists sailing today for Guyaquil, Callao, Mollendo and Valparaiso on the Grace line steamship Santa Ana are Nicholas Iglesia, formerly attached to the Peruvian Legation in Greece, Viscount de L. Lyrot, Messrs. Ramulo and Daniel Hoyle, the Misses Consuelo and Myria Hoyle, Dr. E. Gana, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Collings, J. H. Boeshart, Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Dillingham, Juan Navarro, Rosello Navarro, E. de la Guardia, Mrs. R. A. Martin, Louis and Miss Catherine Martin, Miss Polly James, Major Charles M. Duncan, Anton H. Gaede and Rudolph Estripeaut.

To Carry Other Tourists.

The Santa Ana will carry also a party of round-South America tourists with Steward Bunning as tour manager. The party includes Mr. and Mrs. Leslie Cheek, Miss Huldah Cheek and Leslie Cheek Jr., Mrs. J. H. Thompson and Mrs. L. G. Wood, all of Nashville, and Miss Gladys Babcock, Miss Dorothy Babcock and Mrs. A. M. Babcock of East Orange, N. J.

Among the passengers arriving yesterday from Southampton and Cherbourg on the White Star liner Olympic were Mason Day, A. Gregg, Avery Hopwood, W. B. Mitford, Mrs. D. Paget, H. A. Rector, Mrs. Laura K. Bayer, Miss Sybil Bayer, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Bellamy, Mr. and Mrs. S. Bier, Mr. and Mrs. James D. Black, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Clark, Mrs. Sarah C. Devereux, Mr. and Mrs. Donald D. Dodge, Miss Dodge, Mrs. S. T. Dyer, Colonel and Mrs. Francis T. A. Junkin, Lord Kenyon, Colonel and Mrs. F. Kenyon-Slaney, Philip Lindsley, W. Milligan, John R. Morron, Mrs. Samuel T. Peters, Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Ryerson, Mrs. Henry Sanderson, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Sears and McLane Van Ingen.

WINS ALIMONY JUDGMENT.

Former Wife of Staten Island Man Receives Award of $22,572.

A judgment for $16,873 alimony with interest of $5,699 was filed in the Supreme Court yesterday against Joseph Buehler of Rosebank, S. I., by Alice Chatfield, who got a divorce from him in Reno in 1914 and received permission to resume her maiden name. The judgment covers alimony at the rate of $123 a month, which was directed in the decree.

The plaintiff stated that she was married to Buehler in 1912 and that in 1913 she learned that he had gone to Nevada to sue her for a divorce. She followed him there a month later and filed a counter-action, alleging cruelty by her husband and his sons. The court dismissed Buehler's suit and gave her a decree.

HARVARD FUND $8,225,000.

Bishop Lawrence Announces Rapid Approach to $10,000,000 Minimum.

Bishop William Lawrence of Massachusetts, Chairman of the committee to raise a minimum of $10,000,000 for Harvard University, announced yesterday that $8,225,000 already had been obtained.

The $5,000,000 gift of George F. Baker met the needs of the Harvard Graduate School of Business Administration. Of the $3,000,000 desired for the Division of Chemistry, $2,060,000 has been raised. The new chemical laboratory will cost about $2,000,000, and the money still to be raised will be used for the endowment of chemical research. For the Division of Fine Arts $2,000,000 is the goal. Of this $1,145,000 has been raised.

MORRIS SIGMAN A CITIZEN.

Garment Union Leader Sworn In Before Justice Levy.

Morris Sigman, President of the International Ladies Garment Workers' Union, was sworn in as a citizen yesterday before Supreme Court Justice Levy after Hugh A. Frayne of the American Federation of Labor and other union officials had testified for him.

Sigman's application for citizenship came before the courts several years ago, but was dismissed because an indictment was pending against him in a labor union dispute. The court then gave him permission to apply again when the indictment had been disposed of. Proof was submitted some time ago that the indictment had been dismissed.

FINANCIAL ADVISERS FOR PORT AUTHORITY

Council, Headed by E. H. Outerbridge, Named to Aid in Bond Projects.

Appointment of an Advisory Finance Council was announced yesterday by DeWitt Van Buskirk, Chairman of the Port of New York Authority. The council, which will be headed by Eugenius H. Outerbridge, former Chairman of the port body, will act with the Port Authority's subcommittee on finance on "all questions relating to bond issues and financing of any of the projects for the betterment of the port."

While members of banking and bond houses are included in the membership of the new advisory council, Mr. Van Buskirk pointed out that the relationship would not offer these men any advantages nor would it preclude them from bidding for or purchasing securities of the Port Authority.

"The Port Authority," he said, "has had the valuable aid and assistance of an advisory council of trade and civic associations, an educational council of distinguished citizens in both States, a committee of railway executives and a committee of shipping men, and from time to time other special committees. It has recently created an advisory committee of leading business men in the matter of the consolidation of railways.

"Aware, as are the Commissioners of the Port Authority, that developments are proceeding rapidly toward actual physical and practical changes in the process of unifying the transportation facilities of the port district, some of which will require the expenditure of large sums of money to be raised upon Port Authority securities, the Commissioners have felt that they needed the expert advice of men whose judgment in such matters is relied upon by the investing public.

"The Commissioners gratefully acknowledge the assistance they have already had from various banking authorities who, moved only by a sense of public service, have freely given them advice.

"It now becomes necessary for the Port Authority to have prompt opinions on such matters as rate of interest, terms, times of maturity, sinking funds, bond market conditions, and so on, in order that in considering their various problems the Commissioners may have ready expert advice upon which to base judgment upon the best form of Port Authority securities and the best time when they should be offered for public bidding.

"It need hardly be stated that the Port Authority has not committed itself to any bond house or group of bond houses, nor will membership in the Advisory Committee confer to its members any advantages whatsoever. On the other hand, membership in such an Advisory Council will not preclude the membership firm or corporation from bidding for or purchasers of such securities which must be disposed of as State or municipal securities are, by public tender.

"At the same time, it should be recognized that the buyers of tax exempt securities are organizations like life insurance companies and banks as well as individuals. The market must be consulted before a decision is made upon the nature and time of the bond offering.

"It goes without saying that every business man within the Port District is vitally interested in the success of the Port Authority's work and the Commissioners are glad to state that there is not the slightest hesitation whatever on the part of business men to respond to its calls upon them for public service."

The new council is composed of Eugenius H. Outerbridge, Colonel Franklin Q. Brown, Redmond & Co.; Frederick H. Ecker, Vice President Metropolitan Life Insurance Company; Darwin P. Kingsley, President New York Life Insurance Company; Samuel Fuller, Kissel, Kinnicutt & Co.; Horace C. Sylvester Jr., Vice President National City Company; James Brown, Brown Brothers & Co.; Howard S. Beebe, Harris, Forbes & Co.; Julius A. Rippel, J. S. Rippel & Co., Newark, N. J.; Judge Ernest Hepperheimer, President Colonial Life Insurance Company, Jersey City; Dwight W. Morrow, J. P. Morgan & Co.; F. Seymour Barr, Barr Brothers & Co.; Thomas J. McCran, Franklin Trust Company, Paterson; W. W. Young, President First National Bank, Hoboken; Frederic A. Delano, Russell Sage Foundation; Herbert Lehman, Lehman Brothers; Jerome J. Hanauer, Kuhn, Loeb & Co.; Albert Strauss, J. & W. Seligman; Spencer S. Marsh, Vice President National Newark and Essex Banks, Newark.

Woolen Mills to Run on Part Time.

SOUTHBRIDGE, Mass., June 11.—Officials of the Hamilton Woolen Company and Central Woolen Mills today announced a schedule of four days every other week. The notice states that the mills will not be operated during the week beginning June 16 nor on alternate weeks thereafter until further notice. The schedule will be four days per week as at present during weeks of operation. About 2,800 are employed in the mills.

250,702 in Cotton Cooperatives.

RALEIGH, N. C., June 11.—Reports received from the cooperative cotton-growing States of the South show that the total membership of the twelve associations on May 31 was 250,702. Oklahoma leads with 53,538, Texas is in second place with 39,908, Georgia has third place with 30,048 and North Carolina reports 35,002.

Army Orders and Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—The War Department published these orders today:

Field Artillery.

Birnie, Lt. Col. U., is attached to the 8th F. A.; to Camp Meade.

Greene, Capt. M. H., to Norwalk as an instr. Conn. N. G.

Conaty, Capt. F. S., is assigned to 1st Div.

Medical Corps.

Stayer, Maj. M. C.; Capts. Denit, G. B.; Taylor, H. W.; Tousey, T. G., will report to Comdg. Offr., Carlisle Barr., Pa., for duyt with 1st Med. Rgt.

Coast Artillery Corps.

Warner, Maj. O. C., is detailed as instr. Me. N. G., with sta. at Portland.

Hodges, 1st Lt. D., to Walter Reed Hosp. for treatment.

Miscellaneous.

Wiley, Lt. Col. N. J., Inf., to duty in offce. of Cht., Militia Bur.

Green, Maj. H. L., Qm. C., to duty with 9th Div. at Pittsburgh.

Ditmars, Capt. W., Jr., Ord. Dept., to duty with non-divisional group, Org. Res., Phila.

Scogin, Capt. C. W., Dent. Corps, will report to Comdg. Gen., Dist. of Wash., for duty.

Resignation.

Francis, Maj. J. H., M. C.

Leaves.

Rickards, Maj. Gen. G. C., Cht. Militia Bur., 30 days.

Miller, Col. A. M., Cav., 11 days.

Gilbourne, Lt. Col. C. E., C. A. C., 2 mos.

Greenwald, Maj. K. C., F. A., 2 mos., 15 days.

Beale, Maj. J. N., Inf., 2 mos., 15 days.

Crawford, Maj. D. McI., Sig. Corps, 2 mos.

Duenner, Maj. H. H., M. C., 1 mo. 15 days.

Hunter, Capt. J., Inf., 2 mos.

Ball, Capt. C. W., C. of E., 1 mo.

Cook, 1st Lt. F. L., A. S., 10 days ext.

Stice, 1st Lt. K. S., Sig. Corps, 1 mo., 10 days.

Bullock, 1st Lt. B. S., Sig. Corps, 1 mo., 10 days.

Beale, Maj. J. N., Inf., 2 mos., 15 days.

Crawford, Maj. D. McI., Sig. Corps, 2 mos.

Duenner, Maj. H. H., M. C., 1 mo. 15 days.

Hunter, Capt. J., Inf., 2 mos.

Ball, Capt. C. W., C. of E., 1 mo.

Cook, 1st Lt. F. L., A. S., 10 days ext.

Stice, 1st Lt. K. S., Sig. Corps, 1 mo., 10 days.

Balfour, 1st Lt. M., A. S., 2 mos., 15 days.

Harlee, 1st Lt. B. M., C. of E., 1 mo., 15 days.

Heninger, 1st Lt. G., F. A., 2 mos.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—The Bureau of Navigation published these orders today:

CAPTAINS.

Upham, F. B., to office Nav. Igtell., Navy Dept.

Berryhill, A. T., died June 3 at Mare Id.

COMMANDERS.

Halsey, W. F. Jr., to the Pittsburgh.

Jones, C. A., to Asst. Nav. Att., American Emb., London.

LIEUTENANT COMMANDERS.

Bennion, M. H., to Nav. Prov'g Gr., Dahlgren, Va.

Simons, R. B., to Nav. Torp. Sta., Newport.

Carse, F., to Navy Air Sta., Hampton Rds.

LIEUTENANTS.

Buck, W. A., to the Marblehead.

Lynes, C. J., to Paris Id.

Costello, J. W., to N. Y. Navy Yd.

Kiernan, J. M., to Bethlehem Shipbldg. Corp., Quincy, Mass.

Shevlin, J. F., to Supt. Constr's offce., William Cramp & Sons' Co., Phila.

The Civil Service.

United States.

The commission will receive applications for examinations for these positions on the dates indicated:

PHOTO NEGATIVE CUTTER, until July 8, for vacancies in the Hydrographic Office, Navy Department, Washington, D. C. The entrance salary will be $1,200 a year. Both men and women may enter. Competitors will be rated on physical ability (6); training and experience (4). Applicants must show that they have had at least three year's experience as negative cutters in photo-lithographic shops and, have reached their eighteenth but not their sixty-fifth birthday.

APPRENTICE LITHOGRAPHIC DRAFTSMAN, on July 8, for vacancies in the Hydrographic Office of the Navy Department, Washington, D. C. The entrance salary will be $900 a year. Both men and women may enter this examination. Under supervision and instruction, apprentices will make minor corrections to maps, charts or diagrams on stone or metal printing plates; make color plates with brush or pen; and perform related work as required. Competitors will be rated as indicated: Spelling, 10; Penmanship (the legibility, rapidity, neatness, and general appearance of the competitor's handwriting in the subject of copying from plain copy), 10; copying from plain copy (a simple test in copying accurately, in the competitor's handwriting, a passage of prose), 10; letter writing (a letter of not less than 100 words on some subject of general interest, competitors may select either of two subjects given), 10; arithmetic (simple tests in addition, subtraction, multiplication and division of whole numbers and United States money and common fractions), 10; topographic drafting and lettering (simple test), 50. Applicants must have reached their sixteenth but not their twenty-first birthday.

National Guard Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, June 11.—These National Guard orders were published in the office of the Adjutant General today:

Wescott, Brig. Gen Edward J.; Ward, Brig. Gen. Franklin W.; Walsh, Col. Charles E. are detailed to proceed to Rochester June 14 in connection with the entertainment of the troops from that city to Belleville, Ontario, from thence to proceed to the latter city to represent the State at the celebration of the 140th anniversary of the settlement of upper Canada to take place there June 16-17.

Verbal orders of the Adjutant dated May 21 detailing Capt. George W. Pappendorf, Qm. Corps and Capt. John T. McWilliams to active duty are confirmed.

Verbal orders of the Adjutant General May 31 detailing Maj. William W. Weaver, Qm. Corps, to active duty for four months beginning June 1 are confirmed.

Rytttenberg, Lt. Clarkson P., 1st Bn. detailed for 90 days.

Fire Department.

Chief Kenlon made these announcements yesterday:

The Parade.

The officers and men comprising the First, Third and Fourth Detachments (First, Second and Third Regiments); Second Detachment (Life Saving Corps), also the men comprising the Color Company who reported to Lieutenant Pataki on Wednesday, the 11th inst., will report to Assistant Chief of Department Joseph Crawley at Prospect Park (Parade Ground), Brooklyn, at 11 A. M. Friday, June 13. First Regiment forming east centre of park, facing south; Second Regiment to the west of the First Regiment, and the Third Regiment to the west of the Second Regiment. Life Saving Corps to rear of Third Regiment; Color Company to rear of Department band. Cost badges will be worn. Men shall be notified. Signs will indicate position of regiments.

Members of the Department Band, Bugle and Drum Corps will report to Engineer John D. Schuber at Prospect Park at same time and date. A full attendance is expected.

Paragraph 1, Circular 1, dated May 19, 1924, will be adhered to.

The men specified in Paragraph 2, Circular 8, dated May 29 (except those excused for various reasons), will be directed to report to the same place, taking their place in the companies, battalions and regiments to which they were assigned, the rest of the men falling to the rear of the Third Regiment.

Leaves of Absence.

Deputy Chief Frederick W. Gooderson, 7th Division, for 48 hours, from June 13; Chief of Battalion Albert Reid, 46th Battalion, for 48 hours, from June 13; Captain Leon Howard, Engine Co. 205, for 30 hours, from 6 P. M. June 11; Captain Jacob Cohen, Engine Co. 28, for 30 hours, from 6 P. M. June 13; Engineer of Steamer Stanley Wawrowski, Engine Co., 157, for 9 hours, from 9 A. M. June 14; Fireman 1st Grade William H. Lutgen, Engine Co. 9, for 6 hours, from 6 P. M. June 14; Fireman 1st Grade Leo M. Burger, H. & L. Co. 40, for 30 hours, from 6 P. M. June 16.

Estates Appraised.

Bronx.

BRENNAN, EDWARD F. (Nov. 29, 1923). Estate, $168,029, to widow, Margaret, of 265 Alexander Avenue, executrix.

FLOCK, WILLIAM (Nov. 30, 1923). Estate, $11,128, to son, Joseph, executor, of 2,490 Trebout Avenue, Bronx.

MICHALOWSKI, OTTO (Dec. 6, 1923). Estate, $1,074, to widow, Martha, executrix, of 527 Concord Avenue.

Kings.

GLACCUM, THOMAS B. (March 7, 1921). Gross estate, $28,239; net, $25,000. To widow, Josephine M. Glaccum, executrix, 616 Sixth Street. The estate consists of an equity in realty, $6,150, and certain claims and jewelry, $22,139.

Wills for Probate.

New York.

BRODHEAD, MABEL (March 10). Estate about $3,000. To husband, James, of Gildsey M. Colgate of East Orange, N. J., executor.

FREUDENHEIM, HARRY W. (May 25). Estate, $500 real and more than $25,000 personal property. To Federation for the Support of Jewish Philanthropic Societies, $10,000; to Educational Alliance, $5,000; to Young Men's Hebrew Association of Washington Heights, Young Women's Hebrew Association, Montefiore Home and Hospital for Chronic Diseases, $3,000 each; to Jewish Theological Seminary, $2,000; to Lebanon Hospital Association, Beth Israel Hospital, Denver Hospital for Consumptives, Hebrew Orphan Asylum and Beth-El Sisterhood, $1,000 each; to sisters, Martha and Dora Levinson, $25,000 each; to brother, Julius and niece, Grace, $10,000 each; to brother, Benedict, $6,000; to niece, Mollie, and nephews, Jacob and Elias, $2,000 each; to partner in Freudenheim, Bosk & Levy, Marks G. Levy, $5,000; to friends, James W. Bantz and Louis Outler, $2,000 each; stock in firm in trust to sister, Bertha, for life, and upon her death $25,000 of principal to nephew, Mendel, and balance in equal parts to nephews, Edwin, Milton and Ira R.; all taxes to be paid out of estate; residue to sister, Bertha, of 410 Riverside Drive, one of the executors.

HUNT, JANE C. W. (April 28). Estate, $15,000, to sister, Adeline W. Durbin of 90½ S. New Hampshire Avenue, Los Angeles, Cal., executrix.

JOHNSON, EUGENE A. (Jan. 5). Estate, $5,000 real and $1,000 personal property. To widow, Anne, of 70 Ludlow Street, executrix.

KISSLICH, JOSEPH O. (May 25). Estate, over $2,500 real and over $5,500 personal, divided equally between sister, Pauline Shaefer, and Anais Schultz, one of the executrices, 406 West Thirty-seventh Street.

MARQUARDT, EMMA (May 20). Estate, not over $1,800, divided equally among daughters, Anna, Engel, Caroline Rosenhaus and Emma Lenz, and son-in-law, Peter Engel of 344 East Twenty-ninth Street.

QUIGLEY, CHARLES (May 28). Estate, about $4,000, to sister, Mrs. Joseph Malone of 300 East Seventieth Street.

STEINLEIN, HENRIETTA (April 14). Estate, $10,000, to sister, Rose, executrix, of 426 Central Park West.

STOKES, WALTER C. (May 22). Estate, over $10,000 real and over $10,000 personal property, divided between children, Walter and Edith S. Fesan, Walter W. Stokes of 329 Park Avenue, executor.

TENNEY, DUDLEY (June 8). Estate, over $20,000. To widow, Gertrude, executrix, of 44 West Fifty-second Street, over $10,000; to son, Irving, over $5,000.

Bronx.

BLAESI, ALBERTINA (May 30). Estate, $2,537, to son, Herman.

KOENIG, HERMAN (May 15). Estate, over $10,000. To Chantelers, Mary Koenig and Louisa Rumpf, each $2,000; to sons, Frederick and William, each $2,000; residue to wife, Anna.

MASSA, NICOLA (March 21). Estate, $8,500, to wife, Giovannina.

McGOWAN, THOMAS (Jan. 29). Estate, $10,000. To sister, Jane Sweeny, $2,000; to brother, Peter, $500; to Caroline Busch, $1,000; residue to be held in trust for adopted daughter, Florence, until she reaches the age of 21.

PISTRAS, CHARLES (March 26). Estate, $3,000. To daughter, Marie Christman, $100; residue to wife, Cecilia.

RACKOFF, LOUIS (Jan. 21). Estate, $1,000, to wife, Sadie.

SAXL, BERNHARD (April 6). Estate, $2,500, to be divided between sisters, Adele Saxl and Marie Bonyhard.

Kings.

BOWMAN, MARY (April 18). Estate $23,000. To cousins, Eleanor and Florence Malcom, 31 Hughendon Avenue, Belfast, Ireland, each $3,500 and certain heirloom gems; to several others among more than a score of cousins, most of them in Ireland and England, are given smaller bequests, and the residuary estate is left to three cousins, Alice Temple, Davenport, Ia.; Annie G. Dudley, 320 East Eighteenth Street, Brooklyn, and Annie E. Ross, 15 West Austin Road, New Brighton, S. I. The executor, Frank C. Dudley, 320 East Eighteenth Street, reported to the Surrogate's Court in Brooklyn that the list he submitted of the residuary estate to be

SHIPPING AND MAILS

(Time indicated is Daylight Saving Time.)

THE TIDES.	Sandy Hook.		Governors Island.		Hell Gate.		THE SUN.	
	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	Rises.	Sets.
High water	5:43	4:26	5:57	4:34	5:49	6:21	A.M.	P.M.
Low water	10:10	10:49	10:33	11:21	12:07	12:59	5:24	8:26

Steamships Arrived Yesterday

Steamer.	From.	Date.	Steamer.	From.	Date.
Olympic	Southampton	June 4	Princeton	Guantanamo	June 7
Algeria	Sagua	May 29	Thames Maru	Hamburg	May 24
Rosalind	St. Johns	June 8	Limon	Porto Barrios	June 7
City of Birmingham	Savannah	June 8	Uranienberg	Southampton	May 12
Harvester	Port Arthur		Derrylinn	Port Arthur	
Fulsagas	San Pedro	May 19	Ala	Antwerp	May 27

Incoming Steamships

Steamer and Line.	Sailed From.	Due.	Will Dock.
Lionell, Lamport & Holt	Trinidad, May 28	†Today, A.M.	Furman St.
*Kroonland, Panama-Pac Line	San Francisco, May 25	†Today, A.M.	Charles Lane.
Stephen, Booth	Barbados, June 4	†Today, A.M.	53d St., Bkln.
*Ebro, Pacific Steam Nav. Co.	Colon, June 4	†Today, P.M.	Morton St.
*Guiana, Furness, Withy & Co.	St. Thomas, May 25	†Today, A.M.	Charles Lane.
*Metapan, United Fruit Co.	Santa Marta, June 5	†Today, P.M.	Fletcher St.
Oiancho, Atl. Nav. Co.	Fort Cortez, June 6	†Today,	Rector St.
Ashbee, Grace Lines	La Paz, May 13	†Today	Hamilton Av.
Santa Rosalia, Grace Lines	Caleta Buena, May 25	Today	Hamilton Av.
Chile Maru, Suzuki	Immingham, May 28	Today	Jersey City.
Polcevera, H. W. Boyd	Gibraltar, May 30	Today	Staten Island.
West Elcano, Mallory	Naples, May 29	Today	59th St., Bkln.
*Fort Hamilton, Furness	Bermuda, June 10	†Today, A.M.	W. 55th St.
*Rousillon, French Line	Bordeaux, June 1	†Tomorrow, A.M.	W. 15th St.
*Aquitania, Cunard-Anchor	Southampton, June 7	†Tomorrow, P.M.	W. 13th St.
*France, French Line	Havre, June 7	†Tomorrow, P.M.	W. 15th St.
Atrasa, Booth	Ferim, May 16	†Tomorrow, A.M.	53d St., Bkln.
*Albert Ballin, Un. Amer. Line	Hamburg, June 5	Saturday, P.M.	W. 46th St.
*Chicago, French Line	Havre, June 3	†Tomorrow, A.M.	W. 15th St.
*Saxonia, Cunard-Anchor	Southampton, June 3	Saturday, P.M.	W. 34th St.
*Veendam, Holland-Amer. Line	Rotterdam, June 4	†Tomorrow, A.M.	5th St., Hbkn.
*Santa Paula, Pacific Mail	San Francisco, May 26	Saturday, A.M.	Hamilton Av.
*Stuttgart, Nor. Ger. Lloyd	Bremen, June 4	Saturday, P.M.	58th St., Bkln.
*Baltic, White Star	Liverpool, June 5	Sunday, A.M.	W. 19th St.
*Sayula, Cunard Line	Liverpool, June 7	Sunday, P.M.	Bloomfield St.
*Monterey, Ward Line	Progreso, June 9	Sunday, A.M.	Joralemon St.
*Stavangerfjord, Nor. Am. Line	Bergen, June 7	Monday	20th St., Bkln.
*Assyria, Cunard Line	Glasgow, June 6	Monday, A.M.	W. 54th St.
*Lapland, White Star	Cherbourg, June 8	Monday, A.M.	W. 16th St.
*Matura, Trinidad Line	Trinidad, June 7	Monday, A.M.	Congress St.
*Orca, Royal M. S. P. Co.	Hamburg, June 2	Monday, A.M.	Morton St.
Marvia, N. Y. & Porto Rico	San Juan, June 4	Monday	Hamilton Av.
*Santa Elisa, W. R. Grace	Valparaiso, May 23	Monday, A.M.	Hamilton Av.

*Carries mail. †Reported by radio yesterday.

Outgoing Passenger and Mail Steamships

The following table shows the destination of steamers, when their mails close (at the General Post Office and the City Hall Station), when they sail, location of piers and points for which they carry mail.

SAIL TODAY.

American Shipper, London (mail closes 8:00 A. M.; sails 10:00 A. M.), 3d St., Hoboken.
Europe, Africa and West Asia (specially addressed).
Columbus, Cherbourg (mail closes 9:00 A. M.; sails 1:00 P. M.), 58th St., Brooklyn.
Europe, Africa and West Asia (specially addressed).
President Roosevelt, Havana (mail closes 9:00 A. M.; sails 1 P. M.), 2d St., Hoboken.
Europe, Africa and West Asia; also parcel-post mails for Great Britain, France, Germany, Austria, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Switzerland and the countries mentioned in Notes "A" and "B" below.
Dorelan, Antwerp (mail closes 12:00 M.; sails 1:00 A. M., Friday), West 22d St.
Belgium and Luxemburg (specially addressed); also parcel-post mails for Belgium, Luxemburg and Belgian Congo.
Benedict, Para (mail closes 11:00 A. M.; sails 3:00 P. M.), 53d St., Brooklyn.
North Brazil and Iquitos (other parts of Brazil specially addressed).
Santa Ana, Cristobal (mail closes 7:30 A. M.; sails 12:00 M.), Hamilton Av., Brooklyn.
Canal Zone, Panama, Amapala City, Choluteca (also prints for Nacaome, Tegucigalpa and Yuscaran) in Honduras, and Narino Departments of Colombia and Ecuador (except Iquitos), Bolivia and Chile (other parts of Colombia and Honduras specially addressed).
Maraval, Grenada (mail closes 8:00 A. M.; sails 11:00 A. M.), Congress St., Brooklyn.
Grenada, St. Vincent, Trinidad, Ciudad Bolivar and Guiana.
Mexico, Havana (mail closes 8:00 A. M.; sails 11:00 A. M.), Maiden Lane.
Yucatan and Campeche (Cuba and other parts of Mexico specially addressed); also parcel-post mails for Campeche and Yucatan.
San Lorenso, San Juan (mail closes 8:30 A. M.; sails 12:00 M.), Hamilton Av.
Porto Rico, St. Thomas, St. Croix, Saba, St. Martins and St. Eustatius.
President Garfield, Havana (mail closes 12:00 M.; sails 4:00 P. M.), Congress St., B'klyn.
Cuba (except registered mail), Canal Zone, Panama, Amapala City, Choluteca (also prints, &c., for Nacaome, Tegucigalpa and Yuscaran in Honduras), Cauca and Narino Departments of Colombia and Ecuador (other parts of Honduras specially addressed).

SAIL TOMORROW.

Olympic, Southampton (mail closes 9:00 P. M.; sails 1:00 A. M., Saturday).
Europe, Africa, West Asia (specially addressed).
Cibao, Kingston (mail closes 9:30 A. M.; sails 12:00 M.), Rector St.
Jamaica.
Astrea, Maracaibo (mail closes 12:00 M.; sails 5:00 P. M.), 12, Navy Yard, Brooklyn.
Haiti, Curacao, Venezuela (specially addressed).
Benedict, Para (mail closes 4:00 P. M.).
North Brazil and Iquitos (other parts of Brazil specially addressed), by rail to Norfolk, Va.
St. Mihiel (U. S. Army Transport), Cristobal (mail closes 9:00 A. M.; sails 11:00 A. M.), U. S. Army Pier, Brooklyn.
Canal Zone, Panama, Amapala City, Choluteca (also prints, &c. for Nacaone, Tegucigalpa and Yuscaran) in Honduras, Cauca and Narino Departments of Colombia and Ecuador (other parts Honduras specially addressed).

SAIL SATURDAY.

Leviathan, Southampton (mail closes 10:30 A. M.; sails 3:00 P. M.), West 46th St.
Europe, Africa, West Asia (Canaries specially addressed). Parcel-post for Great Britain, France and countries mentioned in notes "A" and "B" below.
Cedric, Liverpool (mail closes 8:00 A. M.; sails 12:00 M.), West 20th St.
Irish Free State. (Other countries specially addressed); also parcel-post for Irish Free State.
Volendam, Rotterdam (mail closes 7:00 A. M.; sails 11:00 A. M.), 6th St., Hoboken.
Europe, Africa, West Asia (specially addressed); also parcel-post for the Netherlands.
Mount Clay, Hamburg (mail closes 9:00 A. M.; sails 12:00 M.), 46th St.
Germany (specially addressed); also parcel-post for Germany, Austria, Czechoslovakia and Switzerland.
Columbia, Glasgow (mail closes 8:00 P. M.), by rail Philadelphia.
Ireland (North only), Scotland; parcel-post Scotland.
Minnetonka, London (sails 10:00 A. M.; carries no mail), West 25th St.
Re d'Italia, Naples (sails 12:00 M.; carries no mails), West 56th St.
City of Auckland, Alexandria (mail closes 12:00 M.; sails 2:00 P. M.), Bush Terminal.
Egypt (specially addressed and parcel posts).
Rosalind, St. Johns (mail closes 7:00 A. M.; sails 10:00 A. M.), Java St., Brooklyn.
Fort Hamilton, Hamilton (mail closes 8:00 A. M.; sails 11:00 A. M.), West 55th St.
Bermuda.
Siboney, Havana (mail closes 8:00 A. M.; sails 11:00 A. M.), Wall St.
Cuba (specially addressed).
Martinique, St. Vincent (mail closes 8:00 A. M.; sails 11:00 A. M.), Jay St., Brooklyn.
West Indies, Barbados, Guiana (Virgin Islands, Grenada, St. Vincent, Trinidad specially addressed).
Montgomery City, Montevideo (mail closes 9:00 A. M.; sails 1:00 P. M.), 29th St., B'klyn.
Argentina, Uruguay, Paraguay (specially addressed).
Caracas, La Guayra (mail closes 8:30 A. M.; sails 12:00 M.), Furman St., Brooklyn.
Curacao, Venezuela (Porto Rico specially addressed).
San Juan, San Juan (mail closes 8:30 A. M.; sails 12:00 M.), Hamilton Av., Brooklyn.
Porto Rico, Virgin Islands.
Calamares, Port Limon (mail closes 9:00 A. M.; sails 12:00 M.), Maiden Lane.
Costa Rica (Cuba, Canal Zone, Panama specially addressed).
Tivives, Tela (mail closes 9:00 A. M.; sails 12:00 M.), Rector St.
Jamaica, Guatemala, Salvador (letter mail only), British Honduras. (Other parts of Honduras and Cuba specially addressed.)
Iroquois, Barahona (mail closes 9:30 A. M.; sails 12:00 M.), Summit St., Brooklyn.
Turks Islands, Dominican Republic.
Vauban, Buenos Aires (mail closes 11:00 A. M.; sails 2:00 P. M.), 16th St., Hoboken.
South Brazil, Argentina, Uruguay and Paraguay.
Sen. Gorgas, Colon (mail closes 11:30 A. M.; sails 5:00 P. M.), West 25th St.
Haiti, Canal Zone, Panama, Colombia, Ecuador (Honduras specially addressed).
Spes, Barahona (mail closes 12:00 M.; sails 3:00 P. M.), West 35th St.
Turks Island, Dominican Republic.
Oiancho, Puerto Cortez (mail closes 1:30 P. M.; sails 3:00 P. M.), Rector St.
Honduras (except Amapala City, Choluteca, Departments of Colon and Atlantida).

NOTE A—Parcel-post mails via England to Aden (including Kamaran and Perim), Afghanistan (Kabul), Albania (certain pieces), Ascension, Belgian Congo (Katagnga and Eastern Provinces and the territories of Ruanda and Urundi), British Central Africa (Nyasaland Protectorate), British India, British Somaliland, Cameroons (British and French zone), Cape Verde Islands, Ceylon, Cyprus, Falkland Islands, French India (specially addressed), Gambia, Gold Coast Colony, Ireland (North), Kenya and Uganda, Macao (China), Madeira, Malta, Mauritius (including Rodriguez), Mesopotamia (Iraq) (including Koweit), Morocco (British), Laracha and Tetuan only, Nigeria, Nyasaland Protectrate, Palestine, Pemba, Persia, Portuguese India, Portuguese Timor, Portuguese West Africa, St. Helena, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Tanganyika Territory Tibet, Togoland (British), Trans-Jordania (territory east of Jordan River), Turkey in Europe, Turkey in Asia and Zanzibar.

NOTE B—Parcel-post mails via France to Abyssinia, Algeria, Cameroun, Corsica, Dahomey, French Equatorial Africa, French Guinea, French establishments in India, French Indochina (Annam, Cambodia, Cochinchina, Laos and Tonkin), French Post Offices in China, French Somaliland, French Soudan (Upper Senegal, Niger and Upper Volta), Gabon, Ivory Coast, Grand Liban (Lebanon), Madagascar and dependencies (Madagascar, Ste. Marie de Madagascar, Nossibe, Comoro Islands, Mayotte, Gde. Comoro, Anjouan and Mohell), Mauritania, Monaco, Morocco (French), New Caledonia and dependencies, Niger Territory, Reunion, Senegal, Togoland (French), Syria (French), (Beirut, Damascus, Aleppo and the Western and Eastern Zone), Tunis.

Other Outgoing Steamships

Steamer and Destination.	Date.	Time of Sailing. Hour.	Steamer and Destination.	Date.	Time of Sailing. Hour.
Bristol City, Bristol	June 12	10:00 A.M.	Santa Eulalia, Havana	June 14	1:00 P.M.
Gasconier, Havre	June 12	11:00 A.M.	Santa Theresa, Havana	June 14	1:00 P.M.
Cananova, Santiago	June 12	12:00 M.	Nessian, Manchester	June 14	9:00 A.M.
Polaris, Shanghai	June 12	1:00 P.M.	Verentia, London	June 14	8:00 A.M.
City of Canton, Auckland	June 12	9:00 A.M.	Bay State, Firth	June 14	12:00 M.
Danis, Copenhagen	June 12	11:00 A.M.	Arana, Buenaventura	June 14	9:00 A.M.
Liberty Glo, Brazil	June 12	12:00 M.	City of Manila, Y'k'hama	June 14	11:00 A.M.
Uranienborg, Liverpool	June 12	9:00 A.M.	Corsican Prince, B. Aires	June 14	11:00 A.M.
Tunuri, Santiago	June 12	12:00 M.	East Side, Belfast	June 14	9:00 A.M.
Algeria, Baracoa	June 13	10:00 A.M.	Innoko, Rotterdam	June 14	10:00 A.M.
Cozzer, Antwerp	June 13	11:00 A.M.	Edith, San Juan	June 14	10:00 A.M.
Liberty, Havre	June 13	12:00 M.	Romeo, Manila	June 14	12:00 M.
Silver Elm, Yokohama	June 14	9:00 A.M.	Veendyk, Batavia	June 15	9:00 A.M.
Marengo, Hull	June 14	10:00 A.M.	Lisbon Maru, Kobe	June 15	11:00 A.M.
Dromore, Belfast	June 13	9:00 A.M.	Luiea, London	June 17	11:00 A.M.
Aden Maru, Hamburg	June 14	9:00 A.M.	Makalo, Melbourne	June 18	11:00 A.M.

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures

ARRIVED. Steamer.	From.	Date.	SAILED. Steamer.	At.	Date.
Berengaria	Southampton	June 11	Homeric	Southampton	June 11
Trewinnard	Port Pirrie	June 9	Giuseppe Verdi	Naples	June 5
Jessmore	Belfast	June 10	New York	Amsterdam	June 7
Patria	Marseilles	June 6	Kandahar	Nagapatam	June 9
Albania	Plymouth	June 10	West Mahomet	Gibraltar	June 10
Chalister	Suez	June 6	City of Chester	Gibraltar	June 10
Hirumul	Melbourne	June 8	Santa Tecla	Colon	June 10
Pishpan	Antwerp	June 9	Ulua	Colon	June 11
Homestead	Aden	June 10	Argon	Colon	June 10
Mesopotamia	Melbourne	June 10	Margaret Dollar	Colon	June 10
Colombo	Genoa	June 7	Charles H. Cramp	Colon	June 10
Beardsmoke	Bordeaux	June 8	Kalomo	Havana	June 10
Capo May	Sydney	June 7			
Luxpaille	Leghorn	June 8			
Corson	Malta	June 10			
New Texas	Sierra	June 9			
Orizaba	Havana	June 10			
President Monroe	Alexandria	June 11			

Transpacific Mails

The connecting mails close at the General Post Office and City Hall Post Office Station, New York, at 6 P. M. daily, as follows:

Tahiti, Society Islands, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand and Australia; also parcel-post mails for Society Islands, Cook Islands, New Zealand and Australia, via San Francisco	Maunganui	June 13
Japan, Korea and Siberia; also specially addressed correspondence for other destinations, via Seattle	Tyndareus	June 13
Hawaii, via San Francisco	Manoa	June 13
Philippine Islands (letter mail only); also specially addressed correspondence for Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Siberia, French Indochina, Dutch East Indies, Straits Settlements, Brunei, Malay States, North Borneo and Sarawak, via Victoria		
Hawaii, also specially addressed correspondence for other destinations, via San Francisco	Empress of Canada	June 14
Japan, Korea and China; also specially addressed correspondence for other destinations; also parcel-post mail for Brunei, Labuan, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Straits Settlements	Taiyo Maru	June 14
Australia (specially addressed correspondence only), via New York	Pres. Adams	June 16
Japan, Korea and China (specially addressed correspondence only), via Seattle	Makalla	June 18
Hawaii, also specially addressed correspondence for other destinations, via San Francisco	Shidzuoka Maru	June 19
Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Siberia, French Indochina, Netherlands, East Indies, Straits Settlements, Brunei, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Philippine Islands; also parcel-post mails for Japan, Korea, China, Siam, French Indochina, Brunei, Labuan, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Straits Settlements, via Seattle	Pres. Pierce	June 19
Fiji Islands; also specially addressed correspondence for New Zealand and Australia, via Victoria	Pres. McKinley	June 20
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, Australia and New Zealand; also parcel-post mails for Samoan Islands and Australia, via San Francisco	Makura	June 27
	Sierra	July 2

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 11.—Pressure remained high Wednesday over the Eastern States, but was low over Ontario and generally low west of the Mississippi River. The principal disturbance was centred over Wyoming and Utah. There have been local rains within the last twenty-four hours in the lake region, the Missouri and middle Mississippi valleys, the middle Atlantic and south Atlantic States, Arkansas, the central and northern plains States, Montana and the north Pacific States. The temperature continued below normal Wednesday in the upper Ohio Valley, the Atlantic States and the Far Northwest, but higher temperature prevailed from Iowa and South Dakota southwestward to the Mexican border.

Abnormally high temperatures prevailed from Colorado and Western Kansas southward. Weather conditions will remain unsettled during the next two days and showers are probable over the greater portion of this area. There will be little change in temperature Thursday, but the temperature will rise Friday in the Ohio Valley.

COUNTRY-WIDE WEATHER CONDITIONS.

In the following record of observations at United States Weather Bureau stations yesterday the temperatures given are the highest during the twelve hours from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M. and the lowest during the preceding twelve hours from 8 P. M. to 8 A. M.; the barometer reading and condition of weather are those recorded at 8 P. M., and the rainfall is for the twenty-four hours ended at 8 P. M.

Temperature, Barom-eter, Rain-

Stations.	High.	Low.	ster.	fall.	Weather.
Abilene	100	72	29.80		Clear
Albany	70	54	30.22		Clear
Atlanta	72	66	30.06	.68	Cloudy
Atlantic City	80	54	30.30		Cloudy
Baltimore	66	54	30.24	.08	Rain
Bismarck	64	48	29.96	.32	Cloudy
Boston	66	48	30.30	..	Pt. Cl'dy
Buffalo	66	60	30.06	..	Cloudy
Charleston	80	68	30.06	..	Pt. Cl'dy
Chicago	70	56	30.04		Clear
Cincinnati	82	60	29.98	.02	Cloudy
Cleveland	74	60	30.02	.10	Cloudy
Denver	92	54	29.74	..	Clear
Detroit	78	60	30.02	..	Pt. Cl'dy
Galveston	86	78	29.98	..	Clear
Helena	68	50	30.00	.27	Pt. Cl'dy
Indianapolis	78	60	29.98	..	Clear
Jacksonville	78	72	30.02	1.26	Rain
Kansas City	80	68	29.90	..	Clear
Los Angeles	82	58	29.88	..	Clear
Milwaukee	72	60	30.04	..	Pt. Cl'dy
Minneapolis-St. Paul	74	54	29.96	.10	Cloudy
New Orleans	94	78	29.94	..	Pt. Cl'dy
New York	82	60	30.10	..	Cloudy
Oklahoma	94	74	29.84	..	Clear
Philadelphia	68	52	30.26		Cloudy
Pittsburgh	68	60	30.10		Rain
Portland, Me.	64	50	30.32		Clear
Portland, Ore.	74	52	29.92		Cloudy
Salt Lake City	94	66	29.72		Clear
San Antonio	94	74	29.92		Clear
San Diego	72	58	29.88		Clear
San Francisco	66	56	29.98		Cloudy
Seattle	62	54	29.90		Cloudy
St. Louis	80	64	29.98	.52	Clear
Tampa	92			1.02	Cloudy
Washington	86	54	30.22	.44	Rain

Northern New England—Mostly cloudy Thursday and Friday, probably local showers Thursday; little change in temperature.

Southern New England—Unsettled showery weather Thursday and probably Friday; not much change in temperature.

Eastern New York—Unsettled showery weather Thursday and probably Friday; somewhat warmer in southern portion.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Unsettled Thursday and Friday, probably showers; warmer Friday.

Western Pennsylvania—Mostly cloudy Thursday and Friday, probably local thunder showers; slowly rising temperature.

Western New York—Unsettled, probably local thunder showers Thursday and Friday; moderate temperature.

NEW YORK CITY WEATHER RECORDS.

Official Temperature.

5 AM.	62	12	P.M.	67	6 P.M.	65
6 AM.	62	1	P.M.	68	7 P.M.	66
8 AM.	64	2	P.M.	68	8 P.M.	64
9 AM.	66	3	P.M.	67	9 P.M.	64
10 AM.	67	4	P.M.	67	10 P.M.	64
11 AM.	66	5	P.M.	65	11 P.M.	63

Average temperature yesterday, 66.
Average same date last year, 66.
Average same date for 46 years, 68.
High yesterday, 59, at 1:15 P. M.; low, 52, at 6 A. M.

Barometer—8 A. M., 30.33; 8 P. M., 30.31.
Humidity—8 A. M., 80; 8 P. M., 70.
Wind—8 A. M., east, velocity 10 miles; 8 P. M., southeast, velocity 12 miles.
Weather—8 A. M., partly cloudy; 8 P. M., cloudy.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 11.

North Carolina—Unsettled Thursday and Friday, probably occasional showers. Friday warmer.

South Carolina and Georgia—Cloudy Thursday and Friday; probably scattered thundershowers Friday.

Florida and Extreme Northwest Florida—Local thundershowers Thursday and Friday.

Alabama and Mississippi—Cloudy Thursday and Friday, widely scattered thundershowers.

Tennessee and Kentucky—Unsettled, with local thundershowers Thursday and probably Friday; somewhat warmer Friday.

Ohio—Unsettled Thursday and Friday, probably local thundershowers; slightly warmer Friday South.

Illinois, Indiana and Missouri—Partly overcast Thursday and Friday, probably local thunderstorms; not much change in temperature.

Upper Michigan—Cloudy Thursday and Friday, possibly showers; not much change in temperature.

Lower Michigan—Partly overcast Thursday and Friday, with probable showers; not much change in temperature.

Upper Michigan—Cloudy Thursday and Friday, possibly showers; not much change in temperature.

Fire Record.

A.M.
4:10—165 Lenox Av.; not given.....Slight
4:30—807 St. and Broadway; wooden pole; Third Av. Co.....Slight
9:35—6 Avon Terrace, Bronx St.; Joseph Landow.....Not given
10:05—Grand and East 8ths.; vacant lot; not given.....Not given
10:50—127th and Brook Av.; auto, Matthew Jerwitz.....Not given

P. M.
2:20—12 West 19 St.; not given..Not given
2:20—20 St. and 4th Av.; auto, not given.....Slight
3:20—213 Stanton St.; not given..Not given
4:20—106 East 122 St.; auto, not given.....Not given
4:25—05 4th Av.; Municipal Electric Company.....Not given
5:05—1,648 2d Av.; J. Slator.....Not given
5:15—651 11th Av.; J. Dalstead.....Not given
5:20—45 St. and 2d Av.; street car; not given.....Not given
5:45—824 East 103 St.; F. Esin.....Not given
8:15—136 St. and Canal Place; not given.....None
9:00—305 E. 100 St.; R. Teyer.....Not given
9:00—19 and Broadway; auto, Murphy.....Not given
9:45—3,316 3 Av.; Everready Fixture Co.....Not given
10:10—705 Westchester Av.; Shrine Silk Co.....Slight

Police Department.

Commissioner Enright issued this order yesterday:

Pensioned.

LIEUTENANT Lawrence J. Collins, Headquarters Division, on his own application, at $1,650 per annum.

Transfers and Assignments.

LIEUTENANT Henry Ebert, from 97th Precinct to 6th Inspection District, assignment changed from desk duty to signal monitor duty.

Patrolman Walter F. Guinan, from 38th Precinct to 116th Precinct.

Temporary Assignments.

SURGEON David Greenberg, 20th Surgical District, in charge of 19th Surgical District, in addition to his other duties, for twenty-six days, from June 16, during absence of surgeon on vacation.

LIEUTENANTS.

From commands indicated to Headquarters Division, Training School, for fifteen days, from 8 A. M., June 16—Ralph Micelli, 3; Peter Dondero, 68; George S. Merritt, 6th I. D.; John Lanahan, 39; Edward J. Lawlor, 112.

PATROLMEN.

Robert Ziegler, 97th Precinct, to 2d Precinct, to duty at Broad Channel and Barren Island, to Sept. 2.

From precincts indicated to Headquarters Division, for 4 days, from June 11—Frank N. Hammer, 70; William Regan, 101; Harry Sellman, 85.

From precincts indicated to Headquarters Division, to duty in raided premises, for 20 days, from June 11—Henry J. McCormack, 13; Charles Plunkitt, 103.

For 15 days, from June 16—Joseph Frank, 23d Precinct, to Headquarters Division, Public Office Squad, to duty at Board of Purchase, Municipal Building; Charles L. McGowan, 51st Precinct, to Headquarters Division, Public Office Squad, to duty in office of the Mayor's Committee on Rent Profiteering.

From precincts indicated to Headquarters Division, Training School—Jacob T. Saylor, 39; William J. Greeley, 95; John L. Wendel, Traffic B; John J. Shea, 70; Joseph M. Evans, 102.

From precincts indicated to Headquarters Division, chauffeur—John Goss, 3; Edward F. Roos, Traffic B.

From commands indicated to Headquarters Division, office of Chief Inspector, assigned to duty in plain clothes—Nathaniel Snydecker, 23; Charles Patton, 53; Jacob J. Meyers, 103; James F. Haven, H. D.; William Green, H. D.; Daniel J. Greene, 26; John McLoughlin, 103; Thomas F. Ryan, Traffic A; John Marron, H. D.; Hugh Gilroy, H. D.

From precincts indicated to Headquarters Division, office of Chief Inspector, assigned to duty in plaint clothes: William E. Smith, 13; William Jones, 29; William F. Norton, 112; Thomas J. Layden, 26; William C. Van Gostein, 103.

POLICEWOMEN.

From precincts indicated to Headquarters Division, office of Chief Inspector—Ellen Sherman, 23; Margaret Swinn, 23; Catherine P. Brennan, 56; Mary Foley, 104.

PATROLWOMAN.

Kathryn Schneider, 53d Precinct to Headquarters Division, office of Chief Inspector.

Assignments Discontinued.

PATROLMAN—John O. Becker, 96th Precinct, to 2d Precinct (temporary), from June 11.

PATROLWOMEN.

From precincts indicated to Headquarters Division, office of Chief Inspector (temporary): Mary E. Cooney, 4; Elizabeth Helms, 97; Genevieve McLaughhlin, 14.

Extra $240 Per Annum.

PATROLMAN—Thomas J. Turley, Headquarters Division, Special Service Division.

Leave With Pay.

SURGEON—Charles H. Nammack, 19th Surgical District, for twenty-six days, from June 16, annual vacation.

Sick Leaves Granted.

PATROLMEN—Joseph Koenig, 28th Precinct, for six days, from June 11; Walter H. Faure, 95th Precinct, for sixty days, from June 13.

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ORDUNA.....July 5th.

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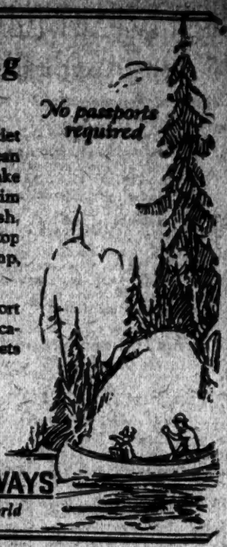
When Days Bring Contentment



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Prices to yield 4.85%

$6,000—1942	$6,000—1954
6,000—1944	6,000—1956
6,000—1946	6,000—1958
6,000—1948	6,000—1960
6,000—1950	6,000—1962
6,000—1952	

Prices to yield 4.80%

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Advance in Stocks—Falling Money Rates—Reserve Bank Rate Reduced.

Yesterday's general advance in prices on the Stock Exchange was fairly attributable to the day's further decline in the open money market, whose significance was emphasized after the close of business by reduction in the Reserve Bank's official rediscount rate to 3½ per cent. This may properly be called the lowest in the history of the Reserve system; for although a rate of 3½ per cent. was granted during the early months of our own participation in the European war, it was applied only to rediscounted paper secured by Government securities and was frankly fixed at that low level only to facilitate subscription to the Government's first Liberty loan, bearing 3½ per cent. interest. In other words, it was purely a war expedient, and in fact did not extend to ordinary commercial paper with sixty or ninety days' maturity, which is the usual criterion of a "bank rate." Even during 1917 and 1918 such paper commonly rediscounted at 4 per cent., and the ruling rate was higher still after Liberty loans began to be issued at 4¼."

That yesterday's reduction recognized conditions in the open money market was shown by the decline in sixty-day loans on negotiable collateral to 3 per cent., the lowest since the beginning of 1917, and in bankers' acceptances to a lower rate than any heretofore fixed. These visible circumstances, taken along with a surplus reserve for the New York bank and the system as a whole which has lately far exceeded that of any period since the war, and considered also in the light of the abnormally rapid recent shrinkage in the rediscounts of the Federal banks, explain the reduction. Whether it will or will not actually alter the movement of credits between the Reserve banks and the markets is perhaps doubtful; the reduction from 4½ to 4 per cent. at the New York bank on April 30 has had no such result. It will hardly change the position in regard to the present earning power of the Reserve banks. They have lately been transferring to direct investment in Government securities the resources which found no employment in the rediscount field. But a 3½ per cent. rediscount rate would provide smaller earnings than Government securities purchased even at present prices.

Movement of prices on the Stock Exchange was upward all day, and the business done nearly reached the million-share mark, being in fact the largest total of any day in more than six weeks. It was not easy to ascribe this sudden return of activity and strength to any other direct influence than the money market's action. The fact that values on the Stock Exchange had not been shaken by the series of somewhat startling sidelights on the industrial position naturally helped to emphasize recovery when the market seemed actually to have turned.

The question, how far a movement of the sort could normally be carried, in the absence of distinctly reassuring news from the field of business and home politics, is more doubtful. A stock market does not by any means always and necessarily move up in proportion, as money rates move down. It was noteworthy yesterday, however, that two other such speculative markets as grain and cotton rose in much the same was as stocks. The situation in cotton is familiar to every one; the result of the interplay of conflicting influences has been anybody's guess. As to wheat, there has for some time been evidence of undervaluation, all the information regarding the new crop being fairly considered.

That the bond market should have moved upward yesterday was more logical in view of money market conditions even than the rise in stocks; the rise of fixed revenue securities, under all the circumstances, being an interesting indication of what may come later in the matter of new securities. Almost overlooked in the day's activities of home markets, the franc advanced with considerable violence, rising to a price, 5.43¾ cents, which compared with 4.89 barely a week ago. It is reasonable to ascribe such a movement to the Bank of France, probably not without encouragement by the incoming Ministerial régime.

MONEY.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 11, 1924.

Stock Exchange call money again loaned at 2 per cent. as on Tuesday, while in the outside market 1½ per cent. ruled on acceptances and Governments, and a little on stocks. Time money market featured by a dip that carried the record back to February, 1917, 60-day funds being placed at 3; 90 days at 3¼@3⅜, with seven months' (over January) at 4. There was only a moderate amount placed, borrowers remaining uninterested even at these figures. Merchants' notes likewise yielded to new levels, an even division of paper being moved at 4@4½ per cent., the inside charge being lowest since August, 1922. Acceptances at 2⅝@2½ per cent. have never before been equaled, but there was but a fair turnover reported.

Call Loans.

Renewals.	High.	Low.	Last.	Tuesday's Last.
2	2	2	2	2

Time Loans.

Mixed collateral, 60-90 days.....3@3¼
4, 5 and 6 months.....3½@3¾
All industrial collateral, 60-90 days.....3
4, 5 and 6 months.....3½@3¾

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 4 to 6 months.....4@4¼
Other names, 4 to 6 months.....4½@5

Rediscount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper, 15 days, 4; 60 to 90 days.....4
Liberty bonds, Victory notes and Treasury certificates of indebtedness, 15 days, 4; 60 to 90 days.....4

Bankers' Acceptances.

Call loans against acceptances.....1¾
Prime bankers' acceptances, eligible for purchase or rediscount by Federal Reserve Banks. Rates quoted are for discount at or purchase at. Asked.

30 days	2¾	2½
60 days	2¾	2½
90 days	2¾	2½
Four months	2¾	2½
Six months	2¾	2½
Nonmember and private bankers, 60-90 days	3	2¾

London Market.

Money in London unchanged at 1¾ per cent.; short bills unchanged at 2 1-32@2 per cent.; three months' bills unchanged at 2⅛ per cent.

Gold bullion unchanged at 85s 9d per fine ounce. Taking the British Mint standard price of 85s 10½d per fine ounce as par, the market quotation of gold would represent a London price of 113⅞.

Highest for the year to date, 115 1-3, on Jan. 21; lowest, 110⅝, April 23. The highest price since open trading in gold was resumed at London in September, 1919, was 149¾, on Feb. 6, 1920; the lowest, 103⅝, on Feb. 21, 1922.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Exchanges of checks at the New York Clearing House, $877,000,000; balances, $107,000,000; Federal Reserve credit balances, $72,000,000. Exchanges this day a year ago, $659,000,000.

GENERAL ELECTRIC BUILDS.

Lets Contract for Six-Story Structure in West Philadelphia.

The General Electric Company has awarded a contract to the Turner Construction Company of New York for a six-story reinforced concrete building, 600 feet long by 80 wide, in West Philadelphia.

This building, in connection with two one-story structures now nearing completion, will be the initial development of a plant to be devoted entirely to the manufacture of switchboard devices. The ultimate development of the plant, it was said, will include the erection of two additional buildings, with a total of 1,750,000 square feet floor space. The buildings now under construction will be ready for occupancy about July 1, and the one just contracted for will be ready early in 1925.

GAINS IN SALES REPORTED.

Both W. T. Grant and Metropolitan Companies Issue May Statements.

The W. T. Grant Company, which operates a chain of department stores, reports gross sales of $1,939,546 for May 1924, an increase of 14.99 per cent. compared with the same month last year, and gross sales of $8,998,906 for the first five months of the current year, an increase of 21.73 per cent. compared with the same period in 1923.

The Metropolitan 5 to 50 Cents Stores, Inc., reports gross sales for May of $809,563, against $674,149 in the same month last year. The increase was reported despite a decrease of sixteen in the number of stores operated.

Freight Loadings Decline.

The lines of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific handled 30,798 cars of freight the first week of June, compared with 29,990 in the same period of May.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 11, 1924.

Day's Sales.	Tuesday.	Monday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.
950,975	543,755	435,590	1,080,350	983,503

Year to Date.	Same Period 1923.	1922.	1921	1920.
103,582,825	119,084,775	127,065,713	83,852,594	120,024,457½

1924. High.	Low.	Sales.	Stock and Dividend Rate.	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing. Bid.	Ask.
12¾	6	1,800	Advance Rumely	6	6¼	6	6¼	+ ¼	6	6¼
81½	67¼	500	Air Reduction (4)	74	75½	76	76½	+ 1½	74¾	75½
10¾	4⅛	2,300	Ajax Rubber	5⅝	6¼	5⅝	6¼	+ 1	6	6¼
⅞	⅞	700	Alaska Gold Mines	.15	.15	.12½	.12½			
1½	⅝	600	Alaska Juneau	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛		1⅛	1⅜
74½	63	1,900	Allied Chem. & Dye (4)	71¾	71¾	71¼	71¼	+ ⅝	71¼	71¾
50¾	41⅝	900	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	44¾	45	44¾	45	+ ⅛	45	45¼
49¾	18⅝	1,100	Amer. Agri. Chemical pf.	23	23	23	23	+ ½	23	23½
38	26	300	American Boot Sugar (4)	29¼	30½	30	30	+ ½	30	38½
85⅞	22¾	400	Amer. Bosch Magneto	24	24½	24	24½	+ 2	24	25
82	76	600	Amer. Br. Sh. & Fdy. (5)	82½	83	82¾	83		83	83½
123¾	93½	28,100	American Can (16)	105¾	106¾	105¾	106¼	+ ¼	105¾	106¼
115¾	109	400	American Can pf. (7)	115	115¾	115	115¾	+ 1⅛	115¼	116
178	153½	200	Amer. Car & Fdy. (12)	158	160	158	160	+ 1	158½	160¼
122¾	118⅝	100	Amer. Car & Fdy. pf. (7)	121½	121½	121½	121½	+ ½	120	123¾
23½	21¾	100	American Chain Cl. (2)	22¾	22¾	22¾	22¾	+ ½	22¾	23¾
4	3¾	400	Amer. Drug Syndicate	4	4	3¾	3¾		3¾	4¼
108¾	88	100	American Express (6)	93	93	93	93	+ 1	93	94
96¾	93	200	Am. & F. Pow. 2nd pf. (7)	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾	+ ⅜	94½	95¼
98¾	91¼	100	Am. & F. Pow. full pd. (7)	94¼	94¼	94¼	94¼	+ ¼	94½	94¾
65	50½	700	Amer. Hide & Leather pf.	55	55¾	55	55¾	+ 1	55½	55¾
25¾	17¾	400	Amer. International	21¼	21¾	21	21¼	+ ⅜	20¾	21½
12¾	10	100	Amer. La F. & Engine (1)	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾	+ ⅛	10	10¾
45	30	200	American Linseed pf.	33¾	34	33¾	34	+ ¼	33½	34½
76¾	70⅝	800	Amer. Locomotive (6)	73¾	73¾	73¾	73¾	+ ⅜	73½	73¾
45¾	39⅝	100	American Metal (3)	40¾	40¾	40¾	40¾	+ 1⅜	40	42
107¾	94¾	500	American Radiator (4)	101¾	102	101¾	102		101⅜	102
7¾	5¾	100	Amer. Safety Razor (50c.)	6	6¼	6	6¼	+ ½	6¼	6¾
65¾	57¼	3,500	Amer. Smelt. & Ref. (5)	62¾	63¾	62¾	63¾	+ ½	63	63¾
101½	96	100	Amer. Sm. & Ref. pf. (7)	98¾	99¾	98¾	98¾	+ ¼	98½	99
40¾	33½	1,500	Amer. Steel Foundries (3)	35	35¾	35	35¾	+ ¼	34½	35
61¾	39⅝	5,400	Amer. Sugar Refining	42¾	43¾	42	43	+ 1	42⅝	43
99¾	79	100	Amer. Sugar Ref. pf. (7)	86	88	86	88	+ 1	86	88
28½	7⅛	700	Amer. Sumatra Tobacco	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾	- ¼	8	9
130⅝	122	3,900	American Tel. & Tel. (9)	123¾	124¾	123¾	124¾	+ ¾	124¾	124½
157	139⅝	400	American Tobacco (12)	141¾	142¾	141¾	142¾	+ 1⅝	142	143
153	135¼	500	Amer. Tobacco Cl. B (12)	140¾	141¾	140¾	141¾	+ 1	141	141¾
104	101	100	American Tobacco pf. (8)	102½	102½	102½	102½		101½	102¾
71	40	3,600	Amer. W. W. & Electric	70¾	71	69	69¾	- ¾	69¾	69¾
84¼	66	100	A. W. W. & E. partic.pf.(6)	83	83	83	83	- ½	82	83¼
78⅝	62	9,200	American Woolen (7)	69¼	72	69¼	72	+ 2⅝	71	71½
4	1⅛	500	Amer. Writing Paper pf.	2¾	3	2¾	3	+ ⅛	2½	2¾
10¾	7	100	American Zinc L. & S.	7	7	7	7	+ ¼	7	7¼
41	25¼	2,700	Anaconda Copper	30	30¾	30	30¾	+ ¾	30½	30¾
24	23	200	Ann Arbor pf.	28	31	28	30½	+ 1	31	35
100½	79	800	Associated D. Goods (5)	88¾	90¾	88¾	90¾	+ 1½	90	90¾
34½	27¾	700	Associated Oil (1½)	25½	25¾	25½	25¾	+ ¼	25¾	29
104	97½	5,800	Atch., Top. & S. F. (6)	103	104	103	103¾	+ ¼	103¾	104
99¾	85¾	800	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf. (5)	90	90¾	89¾	90¾	+ ¼	90¾	90¾
2⅝	1⅝	1,600	Atlanta, Birm. & At.	2	2⅜	2	2⅜		2⅜	2⅝
128	112	1,500	Atlantic Coast Line (15)	124	125	124	125	+ 1	124½	125
22½	17¾	200	Atlantic, Gulf & W. I. pf.	21¾	21¾	21¾	21¾	+ ¼	21¾	21¾
148¾	101	2,800	Atlantic Refining (4)	103¾	105¾	101	103¾	+ 1¾	103¾	104¾
11¾	5	100	Atlas Tack	5	5	5	5		5	6
94½	80	1,900	Austin Nichols	19¾	21¼	19¾	21	+ 1½	20¾	21¼
84¾	30½	600	Auto Knitter Hosiery	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾		2¾	3
150¾	142¾	24,400	Baldwin Locomotive (7)	106¾	113	106¾	112	+ 5¾	112	112¾
17¾	9¾	6,000	Baltimore & Ohio (5)	65¾	66¾	65¾	66¼	+ ¾	65¾	66¼
39¾	26¾	500	Baltimore & Ohio pf. (4)	38¾	39¾	38¾	39¾	+ ¾	38¾	39¾
19¾	14	700	Barnsdall Class A	15¾	16	15¾	16	+ ¼	15¾	15¾
10	10	200	Barnsdall Class B	13½	13½	13½	13½	+ ¼	13½	13¾
82¾	45½	10,800	Bethlehem Steel (5)	46¾	47¾	45¾	47¾	+ 1¾	47¾	47¾
97	90½	100	Bethlehem Steel pf. (7)	91	91	91	91	+ ½	90½	91½
3¾	3⅜	200	Booth Fisheries	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	- ⅛	3⅝	4
42¾	29	200	Brooklyn Edison, inc. pf.	22	22	22	22	+ ½	22	23
5	2¼	100	British Empire Steel	3¼	3¼	3¼	3¼	+ ⅛	3¼	3⅜
118	107½	3,200	Bklyn. Edison Elec. (8)	108¾	109¾	108¾	109¾	+ ¾	109½	109¾
17¾	13¼	500	Bklyn. Manhat. Transit	16¾	16¾	16¾	16¾		16½	16¾
62¾	46¾	300	Bklyn. Man. Tran. pf. (6)	61¾	61¾	61¾	61¾	- ½	61¾	62¼
85¾	56¾	300	Bklyn. Union Gas (4)	82¾	82¾	82	82¾	+ ¼	82¾	83
36	19¾	200	Burns Bros. Class B (2)	23	23	23	23	+ 1½	24	24¾
6½	4	100	Butte Copper & Zinc	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾		4¾	4¾
20¾	14	100	Butte & Superior	15	15	15	15		14½	15¾
87¼	80	200	California Packing (6)	82	85¾	82	85¾		83	83
29¾	21¾	2,200	California Pet. (3¾)	25¾	26¾	25¾	26¾	+ ¾	26	26¾
107	94	400	California Pet. pf. (7)	95½	96¾	95¾	96¾	+ ½	96	96¾
67¾	57	500	Callahan Zinc & Lead	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾		3	3¾
49¾	41¾	200	Calumet & Arizona (2)	44¾	44¾	44¾	44¾	+ ½	44½	45
150¾	142¾	2,800	Canadian Pacific (10)	145¾	146¾	145¾	146¾	+ ¾	146¾	147
17¾	9¾	1,500	Central Leather Co.	11½	12	11½	12	+ ¼	12	12¾
44¾	29¾	3,100	Central Leather Co. pf.	43¾	45¾	43¾	45¾	+ 1¾	45¾	45¾
234¾	189	300	Cent. R. R. of N. J. (12)	232	232	221	221	- 1	226	233
48¾	40¾	2,100	Cerro de Pasco Cop. (4)	45	45¾	45	45¾	+ ¼	45¾	45¾
67¾	42¾	3,500	Chandler Motor (8)	67¾	67¾	67¾	67¾	+ 1¾	67¾	68
80¾	67¾	3,800	Chesapeake & Ohio (4)	79¾	79¾	79¾	79¾	+ ¾	78¾	79¾
106	95¾	100	Ches. & Ohio 1st (6½)	105¾	105¾	105¾	105¾	+ ¾	104	106
5¼	3¾	1,100	Chicago & Alton	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾	+ ¼	4¾	4¾
3¾	3	100	Chicago & Alton cfts	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾		3	4
12⅞	8⅛	100	Chicago & Alton pf.	10¼	10¼	10¼	10¼	- ⅛	10¼	10¾
5⅛	4	800	Chicago Great Western	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾		4¾	4¾
14⅞	10¾	11,300	Chicago Gt. Western pf.	12¾	14¾	12¾	14	+ 1¾	14	14¾
119¾	114	2,100	Chi., Mil. St. Paul pf.	116¾	117¾	116¾	117¾	+ ¾	117¾	118
30¾	21¾	6,500	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul pf.	21¾	23¾	21¾	23¾	+ 2	22	23¾
49¾	40¾	1,200	Chi. & Northwestern (4)	53¾	54¾	53¾	54¾	+ ¾	54¾	54¾
54¾	49¾	25	Chi. & Northwest. odd lot.	54¾	54¾	54¾	54¾		54¾	54¾
27¾	21¾	100	Chi. Pneumatic Tool (5)	26¾	27¾	26¾	27¾	+ 1¾	27¾	28¾
15,000	27¾	400	Chi., R. I. & Pacific (6)	26¾	27¾	26¾	27¾	+ 1¾	27¾	27¾
83	76¾	400	Chi., R. I. & Pac. pf. (7)	80¾	81¾	80¾	81½	+ ¾	81½	82
72¾	65¾	500	Chi., R. I. & Pac. pf. (6)	69	69¾	69	69¾	+ ¼	69¾	70
25¾	25¾	1,100	Chile Copper (2½)	27¾	27¾	27¾	27¾	+ ¼	27¾	27¾
19	17	1,000	Chino Copper	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾	+ ¼	17¾	17¾
77¾	61	4,900	Coca-Cola (7)	69¾	69¾	69¾	69¾	- ¼	69¾	70
42¾	24¼	4,700	Colorado Fuel & Iron	39¾	40	39¾	40	+ ¾	39¾	40
33	20	600	Colorado Southern	32¾	33	32¾	33	+ 1	33	33¼
55	50	100	Colorado South. 1st pf.(4)	55	55	55	55	+ ¼	55	56
46	45	300	Colorado South. 2d pf. (4)	46	46	46	46		45	47
55	53	4,700	Colum. Gas & Elec. (2.80)	57¾	57¾	57¼	57¾	+ ⅝	57¼	57¾
46¾	44¾	200	Columbian Carbon (4)	45	45	45	45		45	45¾
38	33	200	Commercial Solvents B.	44¾	44¾	44¾	44¾	+ 1¾	43	45
32¾	22¾	2,900	Congoleum Co. (3)	39¾	40¾	39¾	40½	+ ¾	40¾	40¾
33	30¾	100	Con. Invest. Trust (60c)	32¾	32¾	32¾	32¾	+ ¼	32¾	33
93	85	100	Cons. Invest. Trust pf. (7)	93	93	93	93		92	94
22¾	11¾	600	Consolidated Cigar	15	15¾	14½	14¾	+ ¾	13¾	14¾
67¾	60¾	13,500	Consolidated Gas (5)	66¾	66¾	65¾	65¾	- ¾	65¾	66¾
8	2¾	2,500	Consolidated Textile	3	3¾	3	3¾		3	3¾
60	43¾	9,200	Continental Can (4)	45¾	46¾	45¾	46¾	+ 1¾	45¾	46¾
6	6	300	Continental Motors (50c)	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼		6¼	6¾
37¾	31¼	5,300	Corn Products Refining	35¾	35¾	35	35¾	+ ¼	35¾	35¾
40¾	23¾	11,500	Cosden Co.	26¾	27¾	26¾	27	+ ¾	27	27¼
71¾	48	4,600	Crucible Steel (4)	51¾	52	50¾	52	1	52	52¼
92	86	300	Crucible Steel pf. (7)	88¾	89¼	88	88¾	+ ¼	88¾	89¾
18	11¾	600	Cuba Cane Sugar	12¾	13¾	12¾	13¾	+ ¾	13¾	13¾
71¾	58¾	4,000	Cuba-Atlantic Sugar	57¾	59¾	57¾	59¾	+ 1¾	59¾	60
89¾	28¾	1,800	Cuban Am. Sugar (3)	30¾	30¾	30	30¾	+ ¼	30	30¼
104	83	100	Cuban Dominican Sugar	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾		4¾	5
74¾	58¾	700	Cuyamel Fruit (4)	59¾	60¾	59¾	60	+ ¼	60	60¼
32¾	21½	3,100	D. Boone Woolen M. (3)	22	25¾	22	25¾	+ 3	24	25¾
41	25¾	9,200	Davison Chemical	43	48¾	24	48¾	+ 24	48¾	49
120	104½	1,600	Delaware & Hudson (9)	114¾	116¾	114¾	116	+ 1	116	117
124	110¾	600	Del., Lack. & West. (6)	121½	122¾	121¾	121½		121	121¾
104¾	102¾	200	Detroit Edison Co. (8)	104¾	105¾	104¾	105¾	+ ½	104¾	105¾
20¾	15	700	Dome Mines (3)	17	17¾	17	17¾	+ ¼	17	17¾
99¾	75	200	Douglas-Pec. (1)	94	94	94	94	- 4	94	96
5	3½	100	Dul. S. Shore & Atl. pf.	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾		4¾	5
141¾	112	1,600	Du Pont de Nemours (5)	118	119¾	118	119¾	+ 1¾	119¾	119¾
88	85	100	Du Pont de Nem. deb. (6)	87	87	87	87		86¾	87
112½	104½	400	Eastman Kodak (16¾)	106	108¾	103¾	108¾	+ 3	108	107
24¾	14¾	100	Eaton Axle & Spr'g (1.20)	15	15	15	15		14¾	15
64	50½	1,300	Elec. Storage Battery (4)	56	59¾	56	58¾	+ 2¾	58¾	59
13¾	12	100	Elk Horn Coal	12	12	12	12		12	12¾
67¾	55¾	700	Endicott-Johnson (5)	59	59¾	59	59¾	+ ¾	59¾	60
29¾	20¾	11,400	Erie	27¾	28¾	27¾	27¾	+ ¾	27¾	28
39¾	28¾	3,600	Erie 1st pf.	34¾	34¾	34¾	34¾	+ ¾	34¾	35
33¾	25¼	900	Erie 2d pf.	29¾	30¾	29¾	30¾	+ ¾	30¾	31
28¾	25¾	900	Firbks. Morse & Co.(2.80)	27¾	28¾	27¾	28	+ ¾	27¾	28
77¾	61	2,000	F. Players-Lasky (8)	76½	77¾	76½	77¾	+ 1¾	77¾	77¾
97½	87¾	400	F. Players-Lasky pf. (8)	96¾	97¾	96¾	97¾	+ ¾	96¾	97½
47¾	41½	500	Fed. Min. & Smelt. pf.(7)	42	42	42	42	- ¼	42¾	43¾
18¾	9½	700	Fifth Avenue Bus (60c.)	10¾	11	10¾	10¾	- ⅛	10¾	11
10¾	5½	500	Fisk Rubber	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾	- ¼	6¾	7
65	40	500	Fisk Rubber 1st pf.	42	42	41	41		42	44
51¼	44½	300	Fleischmann Co. (3)	51¼	51¼	51¼	51¼	+ ⅛	51¼	51¾
75¾	66½	800	Foundation Co. (6)	70¾	70¾	70¾	70¾	+ ¼	71¼	72¾
18¾	8	1,000	Freeport-Texas	8¾	9¼	8¾	9¼		9	9¼
49¾	35½	100	Gen. Amer. Tank Car (3)	38	38	38	38		38½	39
98	92	100	Gen. Am. Tank Car pf.(7)	94¾	94¾	94¼	94¼	+ 1	94½	95¾
49¾	21¾	7,200	General Asphalt (3)	36¾	38¾	36¾	38¾	+ 2¼	38¾	39
81	71¾	100	General Asphalt pf. (5)	76	76	76	76		76	76¾
97¾	82¼	100	General Cigar (3)	85	85	85	85	+ 1	84½	85
231½	193½	17,700	General Electric (6)	221	224¾	221	224¾	+ 3¾	224¾	224¾
11¾	10¾	200	Gen. Elec. special (60c.)	11	11	11	11		10¾	11
16¾	12¾	3,500	General Motors (1.20)	13	13	13	13¾	+ ¼	13½	13
94½	80	100	General Motors pf. (5)	81	81	81	81	+ ¾	81	81
84¾	30½	700	General Motors deb. (6)	81	81	81	81	+ ¾	80½	81½
42	41	200	General Refractories (4)	42	42	42	42	- ¾	42	43
39¾	30¾	1,200	General Petroleum (2)	39¾	39¾	39¾	39¾	+ ¾	39¾	39½
48	42	100	Gimbel Brothers	42	48	42	48	+ 5	48	50
100	100	200	Gimbel Brothers pf. (7)	100	100	100	100		95	100
8	8	100	Glidden Co.	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾	+ ⅛	8	9
75¾	58¾	700	Gold Dust	85¾	88	85¾	86	+ 2¾	75¾	75¾
18¾	12¾	1,200	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	18	18¾	17¾	18¾	+ ¾	18	18¾
73¾	53¾	100	Goodrich (B. F.) pf. (7)	72	73¾	72	73¾	+ 1	72	73¾
68¾	55¾	800	Goodyear Tire & Rub. pf.	63¾	65¾	63¾	65¾	+ 1¾	64½	65
93¾	82	300	Graton & K. pf. (8)	92	92	92	92		91½	93
12¾	8¾	100	Granby Consol.	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾	+ ¼	12¾	13
59¾

A 7% Cumulative Prior Preference Public Utility Stock

We offer for investment the 7% stock of the Standard Gas & Electric Company, one of the largest public utility organizations in the United States.

The 7% dividend was earned 6¼ times during the year 1923.

Yielding about 7½%

Complete details on request.

SUTRO & KIMBLEY
Members New York Stock Exchange
66 Broadway
New York

Free from all Federal Income Taxes

$20,000
STATE OF
Iowa
4¼%
DUE 1934
To yield 4.20%

$60,000
CITY OF
Springfield, Ill.
5%
DUE 1928-31
To yield 4.35%

$50,000
CITY OF
Wilmington, Del.
4½%
DUE 1940-42
To yield 4.375%

R. W. PRESSPRICH & CO.
40 Wall St. New York — Phones John 0367, 4330
Municipal and Railroad Bonds

Munson Building

First Mortgage Sinking Fund
6¼%
Gold Loan
Due May 1, 1939

LEGAL INVESTMENT FOR TRUST FUNDS

Price 100 and interest

Send for Circular T-12

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INCORPORATED
Established 1909
GROUND FLOOR 115 Broadway New York
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Protected by large assets, wide diversification and increasing earnings.

STANDARD GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY

7% Prior Preference Stock

Net earnings for 1923 were over $42 a share on this issue, 6¼ times its annual dividend requirement.

PRICE 93½
and accrued dividend

Full details on request for circular CJ-552

H. M. Byllesby and Co.
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Boston Chicago Philadelphia Providence

We offer subject to prior sale

Berkey & Gay Furniture Company
6% Notes due 1930-31
At 99½ and interest

The Ohio Power Company
Deb. 6s due 2024
At 91 and interest

S. B. & B. W. Fleisher, Inc.
First Mtge. 6s due 1939
At 97 and interest

Circulars on request

HOWE, SNOW & BERTLES INC
120 Broadway Tel. Rector 6620
Grand Rapids Chicago Detroit

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 11, 1924.

	1924.	1923.	1922.	1921.	1920.
Day's Sales—					
United States Government bonds...	$7,010,850	$2,156,150	$2,890,000	$10,884,900	$17,185,050
Other domestic bonds.....	13,519,000	5,940,000	5,589,000	2,440,500	1,147,000
Foreign bonds	2,337,000	1,711,500	2,600,500	958,000	606,000
Total all bonds.....	$22,866,350	$9,807,650	$11,079,500	$14,283,400	$18,938,050
Year to Date—					
United States Government bonds...	$457,208,030	$394,869,010	$927,375,505	$874,601,080	$1,453,022,500
Other domestic bonds.....	895,065,300	793,745,100	928,709,200	390,840,900	272,384,000
Foreign bonds	205,135,700	238,385,400	305,201,800	140,082,200	141,590,800
Total all bonds.....	$1,557,404,030	$1,426,999,510	$2,161,286,505	$1,405,524,180	$1,866,997,300

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT LOANS.

—Range Since Date of Issue.— High.	Date.	Low.	—Range. Date.	High.	1924.— Low.	Sales.	Issue.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	—Closing.— Bid.	Asked.	Yield.
103.1	Oct. 19,'22	86.1	June 2,'21	100.15	99.22	406¼	Liberty 3½s, 1932-47....	100.12	100.15	100.12	101.12	—.1	100.12	100.15	3.44
102.23	Oct. 19,'22	86.4	July 11,'21	100.12	99.20	30	Liberty 3½s, registered.	100.12	100.12	100.12	100.12	+.4	....	....	....
101.25	July 25,'22	83.00	May 19,'20	100.16	99.27	...	Liberty 1st cv. 4s, '32-47	....	....	....	....	....	101.16	102.00	3.65
101.10	July 24,'22	83.25	May 14,'20	99.17	97.30	...	Liberty 1st cv. 4s, reg.	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
100.29	June 9,'24	81.12	May 20,'20	99.15	98.5	...	Liberty 2d 4s, 1927-42....	....	....	....	....	....	101.00	101.4	3.68
100.18	July 14,'22	81.18	May 21,'20	100.13	98.5	...	Liberty 2d 4s, reg.	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
102.00	July 15,'22	90.00	June 7,'20	101.00	98.20	1¼	Lib. 1st 3d cv. 4¼s, '32-47.	100.18	100.18	100.18	100.18	—.14	100.20	101.00	....
101.25	July 15,'22	84.00	May 21,'20	101.22	98.8	197	Lib. 1st cv. 4¼s, '32-47.	101.18	101.22	101.18	101.21	+.4	101.20	101.22	4.01
101.15	June 11,'24	84.00	July 30,'20	101.15	98.4	1	Lib. 1st cv. 4¼s, reg....	101.15	101.15	101.15	101.15	+.4	....	....	....
101.4	June 11,'24	81.12	May 20,'20	101.4	98.4	482½	Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s, '27-42..	101.1	101.4	101.00	101.2	+.2	101.2	101.3	38.7
101.1	June 11,'24	83.16	Dec. 23,'20	101.1	98.2	6	Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s, reg....	101.1	101.1	101.1	101.3	+.5	....	....	....
101.21	June 11,'24	85.20	Dec. 20,'20	101.21	99.8	1,749¾	Lib. 3d 4¼s, 1928.....	101.17	101.21	101.17	101.20	+.3	101.19	101.21	3.81
101.17	June 11,'24	82.15	May 19,'20	101.17	99.8	22	Lib. 3d 4¼s, reg.....	101.17	101.17	101.17	101.17	+.1	....	....	....
101.27	July 27,'22	82.00	May 20,'20	101.27	98.8	3,303¾	Lib. 4th 4¼s, 1933-38....	101.21	101.27	101.21	101.24	+.4	101.24	101.26	4.02
101.22	June 11,'24	82.15	May 20,'20	101.22	98.7	7	Lib. 4th 4¼s, reg.....	101.21	101.22	101.21	101.22	+.5	....	....	....
103.25	June 11,'24	96.1	Mar. 27,'23	103.25	99.8	809	Treasury 4¼s, 1947-52...	103.15	103.25	103.15	103.21	+.7	103.21	103.24	4.01
103.00	June 10,'24	98.20	Apr. 25,'23	103.00	99.13	...	Treasury 4¼s, reg.....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....

Beginning March 22, 1928, the Stock Exchange officially quotes Liberty Bonds in units and fractions, the fractions being 32ds of a unit and the quotations after the decimal point representing one or more 32ds. In the above table, therefore, the figures of highest and lowest prices during 1924 and since date of issue are reduced to the form now used in the Stock Exchange quotations.

FOREIGN BONDS.

Argentine s f 6s, Ser A, 1957, temp	11	83	1	96⅝	25	86	4½s, 1925, ster loan, 2d ser	15	95⅜	11	81⅝	Rep of Cuba s f 5½s, '53, ctfs	State of Sao Paulo s f 8s, 1936		
	1	83⅝	5	96½	4	86¼		1	95⅞	5	81⅝				
	12	82⅝	Danish Munic s f 8s, Ser B, 1946		6s, 1947	93		5	95⅞	2	82¾				
1	90	1	83		23	93	11	97⅜	2	95⅞	2	81⅞		33	95⅝	1	102¼
1	90½	Cy Christiania s f 8s, 1945	2	107⅜	30	93½	temp s f 6½s, 1954	6	96	King of Swed 6s, 1939				1	102½
67	90		4	107⅝	25	93⅜		8s, 1945						11	95¼	5	102⅛
37	90¼	5	106		10	93⅞	6	85¾	2	106½	7	103		10	95½	Swiss Confed	
2	90¾	1	107⅞	Dept. of the Seine temp 7s, 1942	5	94	11	88⅞	40	109	7	103⅝		25	96	s f 8s, 1940	
15	90	3	107⅝		6s, 1962		3	88¾	King of Italy 6½s, 1925		Paris-Lyons-Med R R Ge, 1958			2	95⅞	2	112½
2	90¼	Cy Copenhgn 5½s, 1944			16	93	19	89						49	96	Switzerland	
2	90		5	87⅞	25	93¼	3	89¾						5	96¼	Gov ext loan 5½s, '46	
5	90½	2	90⅝	Dom Rep 5½s, 1942, int ctfs	5	93	5	89	King of Neth s f 6s					5	96	55	94⅝
2	90½	4	91		5a14f.	93								12	96¼	147	95
1	90¼	2s20f.	90½		12	93¼	1	88⅞						1	91⅝	48	95⅛
7s, 1927		Cy Gr Prague 7½s, 1952			16	93⅛	1	89¼						6	75⅞	50	95⅛
7	102½		1	90¼	10	93¼	1	89⅝						2	75⅞	Rep of Fin'd s f 6s, 1945	95¼
2	102⅝		2	90	20	93⅜	1	89⅝						6	75⅞		95⅞
2	102⅝	City of Lyons 6s, 1934			5	93⅝	53	89¾						1	75⅞	2	89
8	102⅛		3	83	Dom of Can 5s, 1926		14	89⅞						12	75½	Rep of Haiti s f 6s, Ser A, 1952	
Austrian Govt gtd s f 7s, 1943		1	82⅝		11	100⅛	5	89⅞									
		1	82⅞		5½14f.	99	1	89¾						Rep of Bolivia s f 8s, 1947		2	90⅝
		1	82⅞		5	101	1	89¾								1	90⅞
		1	102½		1	100⅞	5	89¾						1	91	Rep of Mexico 5s, 1945, assented	
		16	82⅝		10	100⅞								1	91⅛		
19	90¼	2	83½		2	101	28	94⅛						1	91⅞		
1	90¼	Cy Marseilles 6s, 1934			5	100⅞	29	94⅝						1	91¾		
1	90¼		2	92	15	101	6	94⅝						2	91⅞		
5	90⅜		5	91⅞			2	94⅝						1	91⅞		
35	90½		5	100⅞	5s, 1931		10	94⅝						2	91½		
Chinese Ry 5s, 1951			9	101	15	101	2	94⅝									
			27	100⅝	5s, 1952		1	95	Jurgens (Ant) Un M Wks 6s, 1947								
1	41½		15	101	5	100⅝	2	95⅛									
1	41½	Cy Rio de Jan s f 8s, 1947	10	100⅞	9	101	3	95⅜									
2	41½		2	101	1	101¼	2	95⅝									
City of Bergen 8s, 1945			1	101¼	1	101¾	2	95⅞									
	108¾		20	92			1	95⅞									
City of Berne 8s, 1945		Cy Sao Paulo s f 8s, 1952, int rcts	5	100⅝	Dutch E Ind s f 5½s, 1953		2	96									
	108¾		9	101			1	96⅛									
	108½		1	101¼	2	85⅞	1	96⅜									
City Bordeaux 6s, 1934			1	101¾	2	85⅞	1	96⅝									
	82¼		2	90⅞	1	85⅞	1	96⅞									
	82⅞		2	100	1	85⅞	1	97									
	83	City of Zurich 8s, 1945			1	85⅞	1	97⅛									
	82⅝		2	109⅞	1	85⅞	1	97⅜									
	82⅝		1	110	1	86⅛	1	97⅝									
	82⅞	Czechoslovak Rep 8s, 1951			1	86⅝	1	97⅞									
			8	96½	trust rcts		1	98									
					1	86¼											

DOMESTIC BONDS.

N Y City 4s, 1959	30	88½	2	101½	Ches & Ohio gen 4½s, '92	Chi, R I & P gen 4s, 1988	Cuba C Sugar conv 7s, 1930	5	100⅝	Ind Union Ry gen 5s, Ser B, 1965	Lack Stl 5s, 1950				
	1	88⅝	2	101⅝				2	100⅞						
	1	88⅝	gen 6s, 1930		6	88⅜	7	81½	3	100⅝		1	91		
	1	88⅝	8	104½	4½s, 1930	ref 4s, 1934	Cuba C Sugar conv deb 8s, stpd, 1930	Fla East C Ry 1st 4½s, 1959		2	99	Int Rap Tran 1st & ref 5s, 1966	Lac Gas L of St L 1st col & ref 5½s, Ser C, 1953		
	28	88⅝	gen 7s, Ser D, 1940		22	94	2	80		1	90				
	5	88⅝		108⅜	5	94⅛	10	80½		Ft Wh & D C 5½s, 1961		10	62½		
Ajax Rub s f 8s, 1936	1	88⅞	2	108⅝	11	94	1	80⅝	1	97½		10	62⅝		
	6	88⅝	2	106⅞	8	94⅛	1	80	4	97¾		7	62½		
registered			Brklyn Man Tr Rap Tr Sec s f 6s, Ser A, 1968		1	94⅛	Cuba R R 5s, 1952					5	62⅝		
conv 4s, 1955 issue 1909	10	87⅞			2	94½		1	83	1st & ref 7½s 1936		5	62⅝		
	1	84½	temporary		10	94⅝	1st & ref 7½s 1936	2	101			5	62¼		
adjustment 4s, stpd	16	84½	19	77	2	94½				Cumbid Tel 5s 1937		stmpd			
	1	84½	12	77	2	94⅝	Cubid Tel 5s 1937	1	96¼			6	61¼		
Atl & Birm 4s, 1933	2	76⅞	2	77	1	94¼		1	96	Del & Hudson 1st & ref 4s, 1943		10	61⅜		
	3	78⅝	2	77⅛	16	94⅝	Del & Hudson 1st & ref 4s, 1943	20	88¾			1	61⅝		
	10	79	29	77⅛	17	94⅛		conv 5s, 1935	1	96⅜		8	62		
Atl & Charl A L 1st 5s, Ser B, 1944			26	77⅛	23	94⅜		25	97	Gen Refract 1st 6s, Ser A, 1952		12	62		
	10	99⅝	10	77¼	7	94⅝		5	97			2	62¾		
Atl Cst L 1st 4s, 1952	33	90¼	6	77⅝	22	94⅞	7s, 1930	2	106⅝			19	63⅛		
registered	12	91	11	77¼	1	97		4	106⅛	Goodrich, B F, 6½s, 1947		3	63⅝		
	5	90¾	1	77⅛	registered			2	106⅝			conv 7s, '32			
7s, 1930	1	107	7	77⅛	1	93⅞	5½s, 1937	2	101			17	85¼		
	2	107¼	7	77⅛	conv 5s, '46					Goodyr T & R temp s f 8s, 1931		11	85		
Atl & Den 4s, 1948	1	82¼	3	77⅜	1	93⅞	Den Gas & El 1st & ref 5s, 1951	1	88			5	85¼		
	23	77	22	77⅛	1s7f.	93½		6	88¾			Int Grt Nor 1st 6s, Ser A, 1952			
Atl Fruit 7s, 1943, Columbia Trust Co ctfs	2	22½	1	77⅛	5	95⅝	Den & Rio Gd 4s, 1936	3	103⅛			19	97¼		
	2	22½	Bklyn Un El 1st 5s, 1950		5s7f.	95½		4	113¾			4	96¾		
Atl Ref deb 5s, 1937	98⅜		1	81¾	5	95⅝	Granby Cons conv deb 8s, 1925					22	97		
	98½	stamped	5	82¼	5(3)	95⅜		1s7f.	90			5 c.	96		
	98⅝	5s, 1945		82¼	3	95⅝		Grd Trunk Ry 7s, 1940				adj 5s, 1952			
	98¼		3	90⅝	fund 5s, '29				112¾			25	51⅛		
	98⅛	Buff Roch & Pitts con 4½s, 1958			1	95⅝		1	112⅝			15	51¼		
	98⅛		9	87¼	Chic & Alt 3½s, 1950			s f deb 6s, 1936				27	52		
	98⅛	Bur C R & N col trust 5s, 1934	2	99	5	35½		6	104⅞			5	51½		
	98⅛		3	99⅜	9	35½	Chile Copper col tr 6s, 1932	53	105			5	51⅝		
Am Tel & Tel col 4s, 1929	96	Bush Ter Bldg gld 5s, 1960			C B & Q gen 4s, 1958			1	105¼			7	51⅝		
	95⅞		1	93¾	11	88¼		Great Northn ref 4½s, 1961				28	51¾		
	95⅝	Cal G & Elec 5s, 1937	94		1st & ref 5s, 1971		17	101		9	93¼	10	51¾		
	95⅝		97⅞		1	90¼	Clin Gas & El s f 5½s, 1951	1	99⅝			15	50⅝		
	95⅝	Calif Petrol temp s f 6½s, 1933	1	98⅛	5	99⅜		11	99⅝	gen 7s, 1936		20	50½		
	95⅝		1	97	103	99⅜	C, C, C & St L gen 4s, 1993	1	100			3	50⅝		
gold 4s, 1938	89⅞				6	99⅝		5	83	gen 5½s, 1936		1	50⅝		
	89	Canadian Southrn con 5s, Ser A, 1962			2	99⅝		1	83¼			5	50⅝		
col tr 5s, '46					3	99⅝	ref & imp 5s, Ser D, w i	1	83¼			24	50⅝		
	99⅜		1	99⅞	7	99⅝		15	95¼			1	50⅝		
	100		10	100	Chic & East Ill gen 5s, 1951			25	96⅜			5	50⅝		
	99⅜		1	100⅛				54	95⅝			6	50⅝		
	99⅞	Canadian Gen Elec deb 6s, Ser A, 1942			15	73⅞		11	95⅝			8	50⅝		
	100		1	105	11	73¾		2	95⅞			10	50		
	99⅝		3	105¼	10	73⅞		2	95⅞			1	50⅝		
	85⅛	Canadian Nor 6½s, 1946	1	105¾	1	74		1	95⅞			1	50		
cv 4½s, 1933	89		1	112⅜	3	73⅝		22	95⅞			4	49⅞		
	89¼		4	112¼	9	73⅝		2	95⅞			22	49⅜		
	89¼		2	112⅝	Chic Gas Lt & C 1st 5s, '37			11	95⅞			1	49⅞		
	89¼		5	112⅞				66	95⅞			5	50		
	89¼		12	113	1	96⅜		6	95⅞			10	48⅞		
	89¼		2	112⅜	10	96⅞		2	95⅞			2	48⅝		
	89¼	7s, 1940	2	112⅜	Chic Gt Wn 4s, 1959			2	95⅞			1	48⅝		
	89¼		7	112⅝		52⅜		1	95⅞			1	48⅝		
	89¼		7	112⅝	14	53		22	95⅞			1	48⅝		
	89¼		7	112⅝	1	52⅜		11	95⅞			1	48⅝		
	89¼		7	112⅝	22	52⅜		2	95⅞			1	48⅝		
	89¼		7	112⅝	22	53⅜		66	95⅞			1	48⅝		
	89¼	Canadian Pac deb 4s perp			10	53		6	95⅞			1	48⅝		
	89¼		3	80⅞	8	53⅜		2	95⅞			1	48⅝		
	89¼		2	80⅝	1	53⅜		24	95⅞			1	48⅝		
	89¼		2	80⅝	Chic Ind & Lou 1st & gen 6s, 1966			17	95⅞			1	48⅝		
	89¼		15	80⅝				2	95⅞			1	48⅝		
	89¼		2	80⅝	1	98⅝		2	95⅞			1	48⅝		
	89¼		2	80⅝	Chic M & St P gen 4s, Ser A, 1989			2	95⅞			1	48⅝		
	89¼		21	80⅝				2	95⅞			1	48⅝		
	89¼		2	80⅝		70⅛		2	95⅞			1	48⅝		
	89¼		2	80⅝				2	95⅞			1	48⅝		
	89¼	Carol Cautl 4s, 1949			4s, 1925			2	95⅞			1	48⅝		
	89¼		10	77⅛		78⅛		2	95⅞			1	48⅝		
	89¼	Car Clinch & O s f 6s, Ser A, 1962				78⅝		2	95⅞			1	48⅝		
	89¼		3	98⅛		78⅝		2	95⅞			1	48⅝		
	89¼		2	98¼		78⅝		2	95⅞			1	48⅝		
	89¼		2	98⅜	4s, 1934			1	95⅞			1	48⅝		
	89¼		5	98⅝		52⅜		1	95⅞			1	48⅝		
	89¼		2	98⅝		52⅜		1	95⅞			1	48⅝		
	89¼	5s, 1938				53⅜		1	95⅞			1	48⅝		
	89¼		1	98⅜		52⅜		1	95⅞			1	48⅝		
	89¼		1	98⅝		52⅜		1	95⅞			1	48⅝		
	89¼	Cent of Ga Ry ref & gen 5½s, 1959, temporary				52⅜		1	95⅞			1	48⅝		
	89¼		1	98⅝		52⅜		1	95⅞			1	48⅝		
	89¼		4	58⅝		52⅜		1	95⅞			1	48⅝		
	89¼		2	98⅝		52⅜		1	95⅞			1	48⅝		
	89¼		6	98⅝		52⅜		1	95⅞			1	48⅝		
	89¼		2	98⅝		52⅜		1	95⅞			1	48⅝		
	89¼	6s, 1929				52⅜		1	95⅞			1	48⅝		
	89¼		2	101¾		52⅜		1	95⅞			1	48⅝		
	89¼	Cent Leather 5s, 1925				52⅜		1	95⅞			1	48⅝		
	89¼		30	98¼		52⅜		1	95⅞			1	48⅝		
	89¼		25	98¼		52⅜		1	95⅞			1	48⅝		
	89¼		2	98¼		52⅜		1	95⅞			1	48⅝		
	89¼		1

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Minnesota 4½s	1954	4.37
Mississippi 4½s	1949	4.40
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FEDERAL BANKS CUT DISCOUNTS TO 3 1-2

New York Drops Rate From 4 Per Cent. and Boston From 4½.

MONEY RESERVES PILE UP

Call Funds 2 Per Cent. on Stock Exchange and 1½ in Outside Market.

Another reduction in its rediscount rate, this time to 3½ per cent., making the second for this year, was announced yesterday by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, to go into effect today. This action, which had not been generally anticipated in Wall Street, was followed by a similar cut made by the Federal Reserve Bank of Boston.

The New York bank's rate, which is regarded as of vital importance to commercial and banking business, was lowered from 4 per cent., and the Boston reduction from 4½ per cent. to 3½ per cent.. Both reductions attested the growing abundance of money. A cut from 4½ per cent. to 4 per cent. had been put into effect on May 1 by the local institution, and it was then believed that the easier credit conditions would serve to take up some of the slack in the money situation. It was followed by an all-around reduction in rates of various classes of money, bankers' acceptances going to record low figures, call money loaning on the New York Stock Exchange at 2 per cent. and on the outside market at 1½ per cent.

For the first time since the war the New York rates are now on a par with those in London. The two great financial centres are now on an even footing as bankers for the world. The Reserve Bank announcement comes a few days after Secretary Mellon had announced the Treasury plan of floating a new issue of $150,000,000 of Treasury certificates on a 3 per cent. basis, thereby placing Government short-term securities on a pre-war basis.

The announcement was sent to all member banks in this district by Benjamin Strong, Governor of the institution. It said: "You are advised that, effective from the opening of business on Thursday, June 12, 1924, until further notice and superseding all existing rates, this bank has established a rate of 3½ per cent. for all rediscounts and advances."

The latest statement of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York illustrates the unusual accumulation of money in banks. Borrowings have been so slight in the past few months that the bank has not been operating at a profit, a condition that was by no means disturbing in view of the large resources of the bank accumulated after the war. Total bills discounted during the week ended June 4 were $37,989,000, against $59,862,000 the week before and $194,419,000 for the corresponding week of 1923. Bills bought in the open market totaled only $16,085,000, against $41,504,000 the week before and $74,058,000 the year previous. The week's shrinkage was somewhat greater than in the preceding weeks, but the figures indicated that the former reduction to a 4 per cent. rate had not increased the amount of discounts.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—The reduction of the rediscount rate of the New York Bank of the Federal Reserve system from 4 to 3½ per cent., and the Boston Bank from 4½ to 3½ per cent. was said by Reserve Board officials today to be a reflection of the general easing up of the money market.

Attention was called to the fact that in the great financial centres, short-time money was very cheap, call money being in some cases 2 per cent., acceptances below 3 per cent., and 90-day money under 4 per cent. Officials declined to be quoted on the subject, but said that as money was at such low prices in outside institutions the Federal Reserve system felt it should be in line.

CAPITAL STOCK INCREASED.

Westinghouse Electric Authorizes $75,000,000 in Common Shares.

The Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company, at its annual meeting yesterday at the main office in East Pittsburgh, increased the authorized capital stock from $125,000,000 to $200,000,000. The additional stock will consist of common shares.

President E. M. Herr said business was quite satisfactory so far as the Westinghouse was concerned, "especially considering the tendency of business in general to slow up" at the present time. "While our business also is somewhat less than for the corresponding period a year ago," he added, "the decrease has not been of sufficient volume to materially affect our operations, and our commercial people believe that it will improve in the Fall—to what extent, of course, depending somewhat upon the result of the political campaign."

H. P. Davis, Vice President of Westinghouse Electric, and Loyall A. Osborne, President of the Westinghouse International Company, were elected directors to succeed W. H. Woodin and J. C. Bennett, retired. Mr. Bennett continues as Secretary and Controller of the Westinghouse Electric.

C., M. & St. P. Car Loadings.

In the first seven days of June the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul handled 36,140 cars of revenue freight, compared with 39,663 in the same period of last year.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds issued in this country and in American currency values:

	Bid.	Asked.
Argentine 6s, 1945 M & S	78	78½
Argentine 6s, 1957 M & S	90¾	90¾
Argentine 7s, 1927 F & A	101½	101½
Austrian Gov. 7s, 1943 J & D	90½	90¾
Belgium 6s, 1925 J & J	100¾	100¾
Belgium 7½s, 1945 J & D	103¼	103¾
Belgium 8s, 1941 F & A	102½	103
Brazil Cent. Rys. 7s, 1952 J & D	82½	82¾
Can. Steamship 7s, 1942 M & N	93¾	94
City of Bergen 8s, 1945 M & N	106¼	106¾
City of Berne 8s, 1945 M & N	108	108¾
City of Bordeaux 6s, 1934 M & N	82½	83
City of Gt. Prague 7½s, 1952 M & N	94¾	95
City of P. Alegre 8s, 1961 J & D	96	97
U. S. of Brazil 8s, 1941 J & D	96¾	97
U. S. of Brazil 7½s, 1952 A & O	98	98½
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926 A & O	100¾	100¾
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1926 F & A	101¾	102¼
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931 A & O	100¾	101¼
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1952 M & N	101¼	102
Holland-Am. Line 6s, 1947 M & N	73¾	74
Rep. of Colom., 6½s, 1927 J & D	96	97
Rep. of Chile 7s, 1942 M & N	96¾	96¾
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1941 F & A	105	105¾
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1926 A & O	103¾	104¼
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1946 M & N	105	105¾
Rep. of Haiti 6s, 1952 A & O	90¾	91¼
Chinese Gov. 5s, 1951 J & D	41¼	42
City of Christiania 8s, '48 A & O	107¾	107¾
City of Copen. 5½s, 1944 J & J	97	97½
City of Montevideo 7s, '52 M & N	89½	90%
Czechoslovak Rep. 8s, 1951 A & O	96¼	96¾
Rep. of Bol. s. f. 8s, 1947 M & N	91¾	92
Rep. Cuba ext. 5s, 1944 M & S	105¾	105¾
Rep. Cuba ext. 5s, 1949 F & A	88	91
Rep. Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949 F & A	81½	82
Rep. of Cuba 5½s, 1953 J & J	96	96¼
Denmark 8s, 1945 A & O	109¼	109¾
Denmark 8s, 1942 J & J	95¾	96
Dan. Mun. 8s, Ser. A, '46 F & A	107½	108
Dan. Mun. 8s, Ser. B, '46 F & A	107½	107¾
Dutch East Indies 6s, 1947 J & J	93¾	94
Dutch East Indies 6s, 1962 M & S	93¾	93¾
Dutch East Indies 5½s, '53 M & S	85¾	86¼
Dutch East Indies 5½s rects	86	86¼
El Salvador 8s, 1948 J & J	101½	102¼
Fram. Ind. & Dev. 7½s, '42 J & J	88¾	89
French Gov. 7½s, 1941 J & D	96¾	96
French Gov. 8s, 1945 M & S	99¾	100
Finland 6s, 1945 M & S	88½	88¾
Italy 6½s, 1925 F & A	100¼	100¾
Japanese 4s, 1931 J & J	76¾	76½
Japanese 4½s, 1925 F & A	97¾	97¾
Japanese 4½s, 2d ser., '25 J & J	97¾	97¾
Japanese 6½s, 1954 F & A	89¼	89¾
Oriental Dev. 6s, 1953 M & S	82¾	83
Jurgens U. M. W. 6s, 1947 J & J	78¾	78¾
City of Lyons 6s, 1934 M & N	82½	83
City of Marseilles 6s, 1934 M & N	82¾	83½
City of Solissons 6s, 1936 M & N	81½	82½
U. S. of Mexico 4s, 1954 J & D	..	35
U. S. of Mex. 4s, '54, assd	..	19¾
U. S. of Mexico 4s, 1910	19¼	22
U. S. of Mexico 5s, 1945 Q Jan.	40	49
U. S. of Mex. 5s, '45, assd	20¾	21
U. S. of Mexico 6s	34½	35
U. S. of Mexico 6s, small	32½	35¼
King. of Neth. 6s, 1972 M & S	92¾	92½
King. of Norway 6s, 1940 A & O	111¾	112
King. of Norway 6s, 1944 J & J	111½	112½
King. of Norway 6s, 1943 F & A	94¾	95
King. of S., C. & S. 8s, '62 M & N	81¾	81¾
Paris-Lyons-Med. 6s, 1958 F & A	75¼	75¾
Paulista, Ry. 7s, 1942 M & S	95¾	95¾
State of Queensl'd 6s, 1947 F & A	100	100¾
State of Queensl'd 7s, 1941 A & O	106¾	107¼
State of Rio Grande do Sul 8s, 1946 A & O	95¼	96¾
Rio Janeiro 8s, 1946 A & O	93	93½
Rio Janeiro 8s, 1947 A & O	92	92¾
Dom. Rep. 5s, 1958 F & A	101¾	102¾
Dom. Rep. 5½s, 1942 M & S	90	90¼
State of Sao Paulo 8s, '36 J & J	102¼	102½
City of Sao Paulo 8s, '52 M & N	99½	100
Dept. of the Seine 7s, '42 J & J	87¼	88
King. of Sweden 6s, 1939 J & D	103	103½
Swiss Conted. 8s, 1940 J & J	111½	112½
Swiss Gov. 5½s, 1946	95¼	95¾
City of Tokio 5s, 1952 M & S	59¾	60
Rep. of Uruguay 8s, 1946 J & D	109¼	110¼
City of Zurich 8s, 1945 A & O	109¾	110¾
Un. K. 5½s, 1929 F & A	107¼	108
Un. K. 5½s, 1937 F & A	102¼	102½
U. S. Copen. 6s, 1937 J & J	82½	82¾

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRE-WAR LOANS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	103¾	104¼
2s, c, 1930	103¾	104¼
4s, r, 1925	100¾	100¾
4s, c, 1925	100¾	100¾
4s, r, 1925.100¾		100¾
4s, c, 1925.100¾		100¾
4s, r, 1938	103½	104¼
4s, c, 1938	103½	104¼
Pan 2s, r, 1938	103½	104½

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	77½	79
Ad Rumely pf	29	30¼
Alb & Sus.	193	195
All Am Cbl	96¼	97½
Alls & W.	98¾	..
Alli Rty.	110	..
A C & D pf	115¼	116¾
Allis-Ch. M pf	91¼	92½
Amal S 1st pf	100¼	..
Am Ag Ch.	7¼	8
Am Bk N.	108	110
Do pf	53	..
Am B Sug pf	71	75
Am B S & Fdy pf	109	111¾
Am Chicle.	16¼	17
Do pf	60	70
Am Coal.	65	..
Am Cot Oil ctfs	10	13
Do pf ctfs.	30	..
Am H & L.	8½	9¼
Am Ice	87	92
Do pf	80½	82
Am La. F pf	94	96¼
Am Lin	16¾	17
Am Lo pf	119	119½
Am Metal pf	108½	110¾
Am R pf	120	125
Am Repub.	36	39
Am Roll M pf	103	103¼
Am S & C.	10¾	11¾
Am Snuff.	140	142¾
Do pf	90	93
Am Sti Fd pf	101	104
Am S Tob pf	31	40
Am T & C.	39	40
Am W W & E 7% pf	94	96
Am Whl pf	93	97
Am Wl pf	98½	100½
Am Wr Pa pf ctfs.	1½	3
Am Z pf	22½	25
Ann Arbor	11¾	16
Armour, Del. pf	85½	86¼
Arnold C.	8	9
Art Metal	15¼	16½
Assets R.	¼	⅝
Asso D G 1st pf	84½	86
Do 2d pf	91½	93
Atl F ctfs.	1¼	1½
A, G & W I	15¼	16
Atl R pf	114	118
Atlas Fdr.	47	50
Do pf	83¾	85¼
Aus N pf	82	83
Auto Sales.	2¾	5
Do pf	13	14½
Bald L pf.	109½	114
B & A pf	91¼	92¼
Bar Leath.	20	24
Do pf	85	90
Bayuk Cig.	49	53
Do 1st pf	94	98
B'ch Creek	37	..
B-Nut	49	50
Do pf	110	..
Beth S 8% pf	102½	104½
Blumenthal pf	80	85½
Brit E S 1st pf	35½	..
Do 2d pf	9¼	10
Brown Sh.	40	42½
Do pf	85	88
Bruns Ter.	2¾	3¼
B, R & P.	40¾	50
Do pf	75	77
Buff & S.	..	104
Do pf	..	54
Burns Bros.	105½	106
Do pf	96½	97¾
Do pr pf.	120	..
Bush Ter.	68	73
B T Bldg pf	92¼	98
But'k Co.	18¾	19¼
Caddo Oil.	1¾	2
Cal & Hec.	14¾	15
Can Ser.	63	..
Case Plow.	½	¾
Cass (J I)	16¼	20
Do pf	45	45¼
Cent R M.	26	27½
Do pf	92½	95½
C'tain-teed	24	25
Do 1st pf	..	76
Do 2d pf	..	70
C & A pf ctfs.	9¼	12
C & E Ill pf	41	42
C & N W pf	105	105¾
Chi, St. P, M & Om.	30¾	33½
Do pf	..	70
Chi Y Cab	40¼	42
C, C, C & St. L	110	113
Do pf	82	..
Cl & Pitts.	66¾	..
Do spec.	88½	..
ClnFranb.	61¼	63
Do pf	101	103
Coca-Cola pf	93	95½
Col F & I pf	93	115
Com S. A.	54	56
Conley T F.	6¼	10
Con Cigar pf	59	64
Cons Dist.	..	¼
Cont C pf.	106½	113
Cont Ins.	89	91
Corn P. R pf	119¼	120
Cosden pf.	88	89¾
Orex Carp.	28	30
Cuba R. R pf	73½	75
C Am Sug pf	97	98
Cuba C S 1st pf	33½	98¼
Do pf	81	..
D P & L.	80	82
Do pf	81	..
De B M	20	21
D & G Co.	62	68
Dev & M.	29	30
Do pf	87	..
Dss U Ry	160	..
D & S 1st pf	83½	98¼
Dia Match.	..	118½
D, S S & A.	2	2½
Dur Hos'y.	5	8
Do pf	..	57
Duq Lt 1st pf	103¾	104
E Kod pf.	111	..
Elk H Coal pf	25	29¼
Em Brant.	¾	1½
Do pf	2½	5½
Endi-Joh.	109¾	110%
Erie A T.	56	..
Exch B'ldg.	19	21
Fed L & T.	78	81¼
Do pf	73	75
Fairbanks.	5½	8
F M & S.	7¾	9
Fid-P F L.	121	135
Fisher Bdy.	182	190
F B O. pf.	96½	100
Gardner M.	4¾	..
Gen Bak'g.	95¾	98
Do pf	113	..
Gen Cigar pf	101½	103½
Do d pf.	103¾	107
Gen M 7% pf	92	94
Goldwyn P.	13¾	14½
Gray & D.	4	5
Gt W Sug pf	98	..
Gt N Ore ctfs	28¾	29¾
G B & W.	55	65
Guan Sug. pf	90	93¾
G S S 1st pf	98	..
Hanna 1st pf	89¾	93¾
Hayd Steel.	½	¾
Do pf	4	9
Ill C 4% ex div.	71½	75
Indian Ref.	¼	⅝
Ing-Rand.	190	195
Do pf	106	110
Inland Stl pf	102	103
Int Agric. pf	½	⅝
Do pf	2¾	3
Do pf	3¾	5
Int Mar M.	7¾	8¼
Int N pf.	78½	80¾
Int Pa pf.	98	..
Int Rys of C Am pf.	48	50½
Int Shi.	71¼	..
Int Shoe.	73¼	76½
Do pf	115¾	118
Intertype C	27	29
Iowa Cent.	1	2
Iron Prod.	42	44¾
Do ctfs.	..	104
Do pf	..	105
Jewel Tea.	16¼	17
Do pf	90	94
Jol & Chi.	120	..
J & L pf.	114½	..
Kan & G.	½	¾
Kayser (J)	22¾	26
Do 1st pf	86	90
Kelly Sp T 8% pf	52	56
Kelsey Wh.	75	80
Do pf	105	103½
K & D M.	..	1¼
Kinney Co.	52	53
Do pf	97	98
Kress (SS)	320	340
Do pf	110½	115¼
Kress (S H)	200	260
Do pf	115	121
Lacl G pf.	70	78
L & M pf.	118	122
Loft, Inc.	5¾	5¾
L-W B. 1st pf	103½	105
Do 2d pf.	90	95
Lorill'd, Co pf	110	116¼
Ludlum Stl.	19	20½
McCrory pf.	100¼	102
Mack Tr'ks 1st pf	98	98½
M'kay Cos.	100	112
Macy	59	61
Do pf	113¾	115
Madison pf	82	85
Man El S.	41¾	43
Man E gtd	53	57
Man Shirt pf	110	113¼
Manati Sug	52	65
Do pf	80	85
Manila R C	90	96
Mkt St Ry	8	9
Do pr pf	47	49
Do pf	21	26
Do 2d pf.	16	19
Math Alk pf	90¼	92
M Dep Sts pf	120	130
Met Ed pf.	92	93¼
Mich Cent.	425	500
Mid St Prod pf	98	99
Mid-Stl.	28½	30
M & St L.	1¾	2
M, St P & S S M.	39¼	39
Do 1	55	58
M, K & T pf	66	68
Mont Pow.	61¾	62¾
Do pf.	106	107¾
Mor & Es.	76	..
Mull Body pf	..	85
Nash Mots pf	99	99¼
N C & St L	118	123¼
Nat Acme.	6¾	7¼
Nat B pf.	122	124
Nat C & S.	44½	56
Do pf	92½	96
Nat Dep S.	97	97½
Do pf	22	92%
Nat En pf.	80	85
Nat Ld pf.	111¾	113
Nat Rys of M 1st pf	2½	5
Nat Sup pf.	104½	..
Nat Surety	161	164
N'pt N & R pf	40	45¼
R, G & E	40	45¼
Do pf	76	85
N Y Can.	23	23½
Do pf	67	82½
N Y C & St L	53¾	84½
N Y Dock pf	48	52¾
N Y, L & W pf	98¼	..
N Y Shipb.	11¼	12
N Y S Rys.	24	..
N Y Steam pf	90	92
Nia L & C pf	102	..
Penn pf	88	89
N F Power	42	45
Do pf	26¼	27¾
N & W pf	75	85
N Am pf	46¼	47
Nor Cont'l	12	..
Nunnally	7½	9½
O B & R pf	1½	1¾
Ohio F S	22	32
OR P & R	1¾	3
Onyx Hos'y	17	19¼
Do pf	76	85
Ont Min	5	5¾
Otph Chr.	15	16½
Otis El pf.	100	105
Otis Stl pf.	50¾	53
Pac Coast.	18	22
Do 1st pf	40	60
Do 2d pf	25	33
Pac Dev	½	¾
Pac Mail	7¾	8¼
Pac O A T.	82	92
Do pf	88	92
Pack M C pf	92¾	95
P P & R.	2¾	3
Do pf	40	..
Par & B.	14	15
Pa Ed pf.	96	100
Park & T.	25¾	35¾
Pennsey pf.	103	105
Pere M pr pf	73	74
Phillips-R.	45	47
Do pf	77	80½
Ph Hos'y.	19	23
Do pf	62	86
Pitts pr pf.	60	61½
P, C, C & St L	95	..
Pitts Coal.	59	61
Do pf	73	74
Pittsburgh-S.	125	..
Do pf	137¾	140
Pitts S pf.	94¾	97
Postum Cer pf	97¾	98¼
P R A Tob.	50	70
Pressed St. pf ctfs	12	12¼
P R A Tob.	50	70
Postum Cer pf	97¾	98¼
Pr Stl Car pf	80¾	82½
P & R ctfs.	21	46
P S, N J.	7% pf	90¾	105½
P S E Pow pf	97¾	98½
Pure O 8% pf	95	96
Ry Stl Spr. pf	113¾	117¼
Rand M.	21¾	33
Rdg 1st pf	34¾	36
Rem T 1st pf	92	95
Do 1st pf. Ser S	89	94
Do 2d pf.	93¼	95¾
Reo M.	113¾	116¼
Reyn T pf.	119¼	121
R Reis	10	12
Do 1st pf	60	70
Rossia Ins.	89	91
Rutl'd pf.	34¼	37
Schulte pf.	107¼	110
Sears-R pf.	112	115
Seneca Cp.	¾	1
Sher-W'ms 1st pf	100¾	..
Shell U Oil pf	92	93
Sim'ns Co pf	96½	97¾
S-S S & I.	53½	54½
Do pf	81	83
So P R S pf	97	101
So Ry, M & O pf	83	..
Spald'g 1st pf	98	..
Spicer Mfg pf	110	120
Stand Mill.	38¾	50
Do pf	..	79
Std Pl Gl pf	89	90
Stern Bros pf	112	118
Studeb Co 1st pf	98	110
Sup Steel	..	20¾
T P L Tr.	250	310
The Fair pf	103	104
Tob P pf.	121¼	121¾
Tran & W.	27¼	31¾
T C R T.	49½	91¼
Do pf	..	95¼
Und Type.	37	39
Do pf	115	118
Union Oil.	½	¾
Un Cig.	85	98
Do pf	100	109¾
U Cig Sts pf	113	117
U Drug 1st pf	45	46½
U Dyew'd.	..	38¾
Do pf	..	98
U Tyg. Inv.	10	10½
U Exp.	4½	4½
U S D C pf	95	110
U S Ind A.	67¼	67½
Do pf	100	102½
U S R & I pf	100	102
U S Sm pf.	38	38½
U S Tob.	51	51½
Do pf	107¼	110¾
U P & R.	13	14½
Do pf	4	36½
Van Raalte	16½	19
Do 1st pf	61	65
Va-Car Ch. B	¾	1
Va I, C & Coke pf.	74¼	77
Vulcan Det	6	15
Do A	4	..
Do pf	65	75
W & C pf.	104	108
Waldorf S.	14½	15
Wat Pa pf	91¼	93
W Elec pf.	114	115
West U T.	107¾	108½
West A E.	88½	90
W E & M 1st pf	76¾	..
Wilson pf.	14	15
Wis Cent.	37	38½
Wor Pump pf. A	66	75
Do pf B.	60	62

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London ½d off at 34¾d per ounce; New York price ¼c off at 66¾c.

Range for 1924:

	Highest.	Lowest.
London	35¼d May 31	32¼d Apr.
New York	67¼c June 3	62¾c Jan. 11

Range for 1923:

London	32¼d Dec. 18	30¼d Feb. 8
New York	68¾c Mar. 27	62¼c July 30

Illinois Central Freight Report.

The Illinois Central System handled 39,629 cars of freight the first week in June, compared with 40,063 in the same period last year.

NEW ISSUE

$1,500,000

FERRER SUGAR COMPANY

(Central Ferrer Compañia Azucarera, S. A.)

First Mortgage Fifteen-Year 7½% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds

To be dated April 1, 1924 Interest April 1 and October 1 Due April 1, 1939

Coupon Bonds in denominations of $1,000, $500 and $100, interchangeable and registerable as to principal.

Redeemable in whole or in part on any interest date on 60 days' notice at 107½ and accrued interest up to and including April 1, 1925, and thereafter at 107¼ and accrued interest, less ½ of 1% for each 12 months or part thereof elapsed after April 1, 1925.

Principal and interest to be payable in New York in United States gold coin of the present standard of weight and fineness. Interest free of all Cuban taxes and without deduction for any normal Federal Income Tax not exceeding 2% per annum which the Company or the Trustee may be required or permitted to pay thereon or deduct therefrom. Pennsylvania personal property tax of 4 mills, Connecticut personal property tax up to 4 mills, Maryland State tax of 4½ mills, and Massachusetts State income tax on the interest not exceeding 6% of such interest per annum, refundable.

METROPOLITAN TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee

CUBAN PRODUCTION AND PRICES

Cuba is the world's leading low cost cane sugar producer.

Production in Cuba in 1923 amounted to 3,750,000 tons or approximately 20% of the world's supply of cane and beet sugar. Of this production, American interests controlled 63½%.

In the ten year period from 1914 to 1923 inclusive the average price of Cuban raw sugar was 5.073c per lb. In the previous ten years, that is the ten pre-war years, the average price was 2.6487c per lb. The average price for the past twenty years was 3.861c per pound.

Operating profits of Central Ferrer for the past four years have averaged over 2½ times interest requirements on this issue. The following table, compiled by Lee G. Camp, Consulting Engineer, shows the estimated operating profits of Central Ferrer with sugar at prices ranging from 3½c to 5c per pound:

Sugar per Lb.	Net Earnings	Times Int. Earned
2½c	$284,000.	2.52
3c	352,800.	3.15
3½c	448,800.	4.00
4c	570,000.	5.07
4½c	624,000.	5.55
5c	708,000.	6.29

The above estimates are based upon a production of 120,000 bags, which is the minimum estimate for the crop of 1924-25. The acquisition of the San Lino lands will provide a cane supply estimated to maintain a production of 200,000 bags indefinitely. With the increase in the production to 200,000 bags, without allowing anything for savings in overhead expenses due to such increase, the net earnings of Central Ferrer should range between $474,000. with sugar at 2½¢ per pound, to $1,180,000. with sugar at 5¢ per pound.

Mr. Jose Ferrer, President of the Company, summarizes his letter to us as follows:

Business: The Ferrer Sugar Company is a low cost, well rounded unit with a present grinding capacity of approximately 140,000 bags of raw sugar annually.

San Lino Property: The lands, railways and field equipment of Central San Lino are being acquired in order to provide Central Ferrer with sufficient land to produce and maintain a production of 200,000 bags per annum. With this acquisition Central Ferrer owns and controls nearly 60,000 acres of cane lands, 147 miles of railway lines, 14 locomotives and 480 cane cars.

Security: The bonds of this issue will be secured, in the opinion of counsel, by a direct first mortgage on approximately 22,368 acres of land and other fixed property thereon presently mortgageable under Cuban laws. The Company expects to have registered 18,709 acres of additional land which is now owned. This land will be subjected to the mortgage when registered.

Purpose of Issue: The proceeds of this issue are to be used in connection with the acquisition of lands of Central San Lino, to retire outstanding obligations, and to provide additional working capital.

Assets: Net tangible assets, after giving effect to present financing and to the acquisition of the lands of Central San Lino, amount to $4,911,333., or over three times the principal amount of this issue.

Earnings: Operating profits of Central Ferrer alone for the four fiscal years ending June 30, 1923, averaged $289,605. or over 2½ times interest requirements on the $1,500,000. first mortgage bonds. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1923, these earnings were 3.63 times such interest requirements. Earnings for the present crop, nearly completed are estimated to be comparable to those of last year. These earnings do not reflect the large increase of sugar production which results from the acquisition of the San Lino property.

Sinking Fund: Beginning July 1, 1926, a sinking fund will be in operation which will provide for setting aside 20% of net earnings, up to $500,000. and 30% in excess of $500,000.

These bonds are offered, when, as, and if issued and received by us, subject to the approval of counsel. Legal proceedings in connection with the issue will be passed upon by Messrs. Kellogg, Emery, Inness-Brown & Cuthell, New York, and Dr. Claudio Mendoza, Havana, for the Bankers, and Dr. Juan Silea, Cienfuegos, for the Company. The books of the Company have been audited by John P. Phelan, Certified Public Accountant. The appraisal of the property has been made for the Bankers by Lee G. Camp, Sugar Engineer, Havana. Interim receipts or temporary bonds may be delivered pending issuance of definitive bonds.

*The Company has agreed to make application to list

Securities

Railroad
Industrial
Public Utility
Municipal

J. G. WHITE & COMPANY
INCORPORATED
37 WALL STREET NEW YORK

Jersey Central Power & Light Corporation

WE have prepared an interesting pamphlet containing comparative earnings and other financial data relating to this large and growing public utility company.

Copies will be mailed upon request for J-1

A. E. FITKIN & CO.
NEW YORK
Boston Chicago Los Angeles

BOND PRICES GO UP IN BRISK MARKET

Liberty Group Advances Again, Four Going to the Highest Point Yet Recorded.

ACTIVITY ALSO IN STOCKS

Improved Industrial Outlook and Investment Seeking Cause Marked Gains.

Prices of securities advanced briskly yesterday both in the bond and stock markets. Gains in the bond market were unusually sharp, one of more than $50 in a $1,000 unit having been recorded. Advances in the stcok market were centred chiefly in the standard dividend paying stocks, the cause being attributed in part to the abundance of surplus capital seeking investment, and to an improvement in sentiment regarding the early industrial outlook. The advance of bonds was due primarily to the large supply of idle money seeking channels for work.

The Liberty Bond group again provided the outstanding feature of bond market trading, four issues going to record highs for all time and one other going to a new high for the year. This record was accomplished on relatively light dealings. Buying demand was strong.

The total of bond market transactions was the highest for both this year and 1923, despite the relative light dealings in Liberty Bonds. The day's transactions on the regular market amounted to $22,866,350, the highest since Dec. 14, 1922, and nearly $10,000,000 above the high figure for last year, which was $16,274,720 on May 9.

Price advances carried the average as compiled by THE TIMES, of forty selected bonds to 79.43, the high for this year and, by a coincidence, it was the exact high point attained by the forty bonds on Jan. 3, 1923. Since Jan. 2, last, the average has advanced nearly three points, or from 76.71 to 79.43, the swing in less than six months of this year having nearly equalled the maximum range between the high and low points of 1923, which were 79.43 and 76.04. Ten foreign Government bonds touched the year's high mark of 98.72, and the average of domestic corporation bonds was carried up to a full point above the figure for one month ago, and 1.72 points over the same figure a year ago.

By groups the day's figures showed transactions of $7,010,350 in the Liberty Bond group, $13,519,350 in domestic corporation bonds, and $2,337,000 in foreign government bonds. The following Liberty bonds were carried to new highs:

Security.	High.	Last.	Net Gain.
First 4¼s	101.22	101.21	4-32
Second 4¼s	*101.4	101.2	2-32
Third 4¼s	*101.21	101.20	3-32
Fourth 4¼s	*101.27	101.20	4-32
Treasury 4¼s	*103.26	103.21	7-32

*New high for all time.
First 4¼s at a new high for the year.

Strength of the foreign Government group was attributed to growing belief that European troubles are being composed. An indication of this sentiment was said also to exist in the foreign exchange market, which showed gains of 37/64 points to 5.42 cents in French francs, 29½ points to 4.69½ cents in Belgian francs, and fractional gains in sterling, lire, Swiss francs, Spanish pesetas and Scandinavian currencies. The advance was well maintained.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.
YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
25 railroads	94.50	93.80	94.23	+.20
25 Industrials	109.31	106.23	108.15	+1.86
50 stocks	86.50	85.21	86.37	+1.34

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
June 10	86.15	84.55	85.09	+ .53
June 9	84.58	84.00	84.68	+ .46
June 7	84.29	83.85	84.30	+ .18
June 6	84.22	83.94	84.05	—1.07
June 5	85.26	84.60	85.06	+ .18
June 4	85.81	84.84	84.86	— .18

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1924	86.50	June 11	83.40	June 6	86.37
1923	87.18	June 11	78.47	June 30	78.58
1922	81.23	June 2	75.52	June 16	79.71
1921	88.74	June 2	58.55	June 21	62.99
1920	83.30	June 12	50.56	June 2	82.13

YEARLY RANGE OF STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1924	88.56	Feb. 4	82.36	Apr. 22	86.37
†1923	92.52	Mar. 6	61.25	May 22	85.63
Full Years.					
1923	92.52	Mar. 6	77.15	Oct. 29	84.15
1922	93.06	Oct. 18	66.21	Jan. 10	86.56
1921	73.13	May 6	56.35	June 21	65.50
1920	94.07	Apr. 9	62.70	Dec. 23	67.80
1919	90.59	Nov. 5	69.73	Jan. 21	89.69

DOMESTIC BONDS.
YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change. Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	79.43	+.12	+.94	+1.72

DAILY RANGE OF 40 DOMESTIC BONDS.

June 10	79.31	+.21	June 3	78.65	+.06
June 9	79.10	+.18	June 2	78.59	—.04
June 7	78.92	+.01	May 31	Holiday.	
June 6	78.91	+.06	May 30	Holiday.	
June 5	78.85	+.09	May 29	78.63	+.05
June 4	78.76	+.11	May 28	78.58	—.14

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

*1924	79.43	June 11	76.95	Jan. 2	79.43
†1923	79.43	Jan. 3	76.04	Mar. 27	77.71
Full Years.					
1923	79.43	Jan. 3	76.58	Oct. 2	76.71
1922	82.54	Aug. 22	75.01	Jan. 3	79.12
1921	76.51	Nov. 29	67.56	June 30	75.27
1920	82.14	Oct. 21	65.57	May 21	69.66
1919	79.05	June 2	71.05	Dec. 17	72.00

FOREIGN BONDS.
YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change. Day.	Month.	Year.
10 Govt. issues	98.73	+.25	+.40	—1.88

DAILY RANGE OF 10 FOREIGN BONDS

June 10	98.47	+.22	June 2	98.37	—.09
June 9	98.25	—.15	May 31	Holiday.	
June 7	98.40	—.03	May 30	Holiday.	
June 6	98.48	+.01	May 29	98.46	+.09
June 5	98.43	+.02	May 28	98.37	—.10
June 4	98.40	—.03	May 27	98.47	—.05
June 3	98.43	+.06	May 26	98.52	—.09

YEARLY RANGE 10 FOREIGN BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1924	98.72	Feb. 2	97.31	Jan. 5	98.72
†1923	101.14	June 7	96.92	Jan. 30	100.60
Full Year.					
1923	101.14	June 17	96.92	Jan. 30	97.33

*To date.
†To corresponding date last year.

40 MORE COMPANIES DECLARE DIVIDENDS

Total June Distribution to Investors Is Estimated at $300,000,000.

EXTRA PAYMENTS MADE

Devoe & Reynolds Company and Lawyers Title & Trust Company Add to Dividends.

Forty companies announced dividends yesterday for the current quarter, following thirty-three such declarations on Tuesday. In several instances there were increased and extra payments, but in the majority of cases only the regular payments were announced. June is normally one of the biggest dividend months in the year, and the dividends declared by the various companies, together with interest payments on outstanding bonds, most of which will be made either on June 30 or July 1, call for the distribution of about $300,000,000 among investors.

Among the companies which increased their payments was the Devoe & Raynolds Company, which declared 25 cents a share extra, on the common stock in addition to the regular quarterly $1.25 a share and the regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent. on the first and second preferred stock issues.

The American Public Utilities Company increased its annual dividend rate on the participating preferred stock from 4 to 5 per cent. by declaring a quarterly dividend of $1.25. The company also declared quarterly dividends of $1.75 on the prior preferred and $1.50 on the 6 per cent. preferred.

The Utah Gas and Coke Company, a subsidiary of American Public Utilities, declared the regular quarterly dividend of $1.75 a share on the first preferred and $1.75 on the participating preferred, payable July 1 to stock of record June 20. The participating preferred has been issued in lieu of five years' unpaid dividends, thereby discharging the last of the accrued dividends of the parent company and subsidiaries.

The American Gas and Electric Company has declared an extra dividend of one-fiftieth of a common share and the regular quarterly cash payment of 25 cents a share on the common, payable July 1 to stock of record June 17. The regular quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent. on the preferred, payable Aug. 1 to stock of record July 10.

Directors of the United Shoe Machinery Corporation yesterday increased the quarterly dividend on the company's stock to 62½ cents a share, compared with a previous dividend rate of 50 cents a share quarterly.

Directors of the Lawyers' Title and Trust Company declared an extra dividend of 1 per cent. on the capital stock in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of 2 per cent., both dividends being payable July 1 to stockholders of record June 21.

The companies which declared either the regular monthly, quarterly, or semi-annual dividend payments were as follows:

Air Reduction, American Milling, Canada Bread, Canada Southern Railway, Cincinnati Northern, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis Railway, Consumers' Power, Continental Can, Detroit Tunnel, Dictograph Products, Eastern Rolling Mills, General American Tank Car, Hydrox Corporation, Illinois Central Leased Lines, Indian Motocycle, International Petroleum, John R. Thompson, R. H. Macy Company, Magor Car Corporation, Michigan Central, Mohawk Valley, National Biscuit, New York Central, New York Steam, Northern Pacific, Pittsburgh & Lake Erie, Safety Car Heating and Lighting, Salt Creek Consolidated Oil, Sherwin-Williams, Standard Gas and Electric, Utah Power and Light, Union Bag and Paper, United Light and Power and the West Coast Oil.

RAIL MERGER AUTHORIZED.

Missouri Pacific May Acquire Half of D. & R. G. Common Stock.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—Acquisition by the Missouri Pacific Railroad Company of one-half of the common stock of the Denver and Rio Grande Western was authorized today by the Inter-State Commerce Commission.

The Denver and Rio Grande Western was authorized by the commission to issue $29,808,000 of general mortgage bonds and $16,445,690 of preferred stock. Purchase of the stock by the Missouri Pacific was opposed by the State of Colorado, but was supported by several States through which the Missouri Pacific operates.

Resigns From Bay Ridge Bank.

Jacob Schaefer resigned yesterday as President of the National Bank of Bay Ridge. The directors elected Edward F. McMahon Jr. to succeed him. Mr. McMahon has been Vice President in charge of the Borough Park Branch.

FINANCIAL NOTICE.

Buffalo and Lake Erie Traction Company
First and Refunding Mortgage 5% Thirty-Year Gold Bonds.

To the Holders of the above mentioned Bonds and Certificates of Deposit therefor issued under the Bondholders' Protective Agreement dated October 25, 1912, and Agreement of Reorganization dated April 1, 1924:

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the Committee acting under the above mentioned Bondholders' Protective Agreement and Plan and Agreement of Reorganization have this day declared said Plan and Agreement of Reorganization operative and effective.

Dated, New York, June 2, 1924.

SAMUEL ARMSTRONG,
Secretary of Committee.

New Issue

$6,500,000

Chicago Rapid Transit Company

First and Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds
6½% Series due 1944

Dated July 1, 1924 — Due July 1, 1944

Interest payable without deduction for the Normal Federal Income Tax up to 2%. The Company will agree to reimburse to owners resident in the respective states, upon proper application, the following taxes hereafter paid in respect to First and Refunding Mortgage Bonds of the 6½% Series due 1944: the Four Mills Tax in Pennsylvania; any securities tax in Maryland not exceeding in the aggregate forty-five cents on each hundred dollars of assessed value in any year; and any personal property or exemption taxes in Connecticut not exceeding four-tenths of one per cent of face amount in any year.

Issuance Authorized by the Illinois Commerce Commission

Mr. Samuel Insull, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Company, summarizes the more detailed information contained in his letter to us as follows:

Chicago Rapid Transit Company owns and operates a unified and comprehensive system of elevated railroads in the second largest city in the United States. The Company's lines constitute the only rapid transit system, elevated or subway, in Chicago.

The physical properties of the Company were appraised by the Illinois Public Utilities Commission as of June 30, 1919, at $86,250,000, which with certain non-operating real estate and subsequent additions and betterments makes a total valuation of approximately $90,000,000. First and Refunding Mortgage Bonds and divisional mortgage bonds and equipment obligations outstanding with the public amount to $46,099,000.

First and Refunding Mortgage Bonds ($8,100,000 outstanding with the public, including this issue) will be secured by a direct first mortgage on the property formerly owned by the South Side Elevated Railroad Company, which on the basis of the Commission's appraisal has a value of more than $23,700,000. The Bonds are secured also by a direct mortgage, subject to the liens of divisional mortgages and equipment obligations, on all other property owned by the Chicago Rapid Transit Company.

The earning power of the South Side Division, upon the property of which the First and Refunding Mortgage Bonds will be secured by a first mortgage, has been notably consistent. The following statement shows the earnings and expenses of the properties comprising the South Side Division covering a period of six years:

	Average for 5 years ended Dec. 31, 1918-1922	Year ended Dec. 31, 1923
Gross Earnings	$4,366,383	$4,952,168
Operating Expenses, Current Maintenance, Taxes, Rental and Equipment Charges, and pro rata share of charges for Loop Terminal operation	3,217,415	3,723,249
Balance applicable to Interest Charges and Reserves	$1,148,968	$1,228,919
Annual Interest on First and Refunding Mortgage Bonds, including this issue, requires		$518,500

The combined properties of the Chicago Rapid Transit Company for the twelve months ended March 31, 1924, produced gross earnings of $18,554,781, and net earnings of $3,874,235. Annual interest on divisional mortgage bonds and equipment obligations outstanding with the public, and First and Refunding Mortgage Bonds, including this issue, requires $2,344,000, indicating a balance available for replacements, junior securities, etc., of $1,530,235.

Bonds are offered for delivery when, as and if issued and received by us, and subject to approval of counsel. It is anticipated that temporary Bonds will be ready for delivery on or about July 1, 1924.

Price 94½ and interest, to yield over 7%

The National City Company — Halsey, Stuart & Co. Incorporated

The statements contained herein, while not guaranteed, are based upon information and advice which we believe to be accurate and reliable.

New Issue

60,000 Shares

The Gamewell Company

(FIRE ALARM AND POLICE SIGNAL SYSTEMS)

Common Stock

Free of present Federal Normal Income Tax. Free from present Massachusetts Income Taxes.

CAPITALIZATION

	Authorized and Outstanding
Preferred Stock 7% Cumulative ($100 par value)	$1,000,000
Common Stock (no par value)	60,000 shares

In addition to the above capitalization there are to be issued, to interests identified with the Management, 1,000 shares of Management Stock.

The holders of the Common Shares are entitled in any year to dividends of $5 per share before any dividends on the Management Shares are paid or set apart in such year. They are further entitled, as a class, to receive in any year an additional amount of dividends equal to any dividends declared on the Management Shares, as a class, during such year. In case of dissolution or liquidation, the holders of the Common Shares are entitled to receive $75 per share before any payment on the Management Shares; the Management Shares are then entitled to receive, as a class, an amount equal to two-fifths of the aggregate amount so paid on the Common Shares; and thereafter the remaining assets are to be divided equally between the holders of the Common Shares, as a class, and the holders of the Management Shares, as a class. The Common Shares, as a class, have the right to elect a majority of the Board of Directors. In other respects the Common Shares and the Management Shares, as classes, have equal voting rights. All rights of the holders of the Common and Management Shares are subject to the provisions pertaining to the Preferred Stock, the more important terms of which are summarized in the President's letter.

From information contained in a letter from Mr. V. C. Stanley, President, he has summarized as follows:

HISTORY AND BUSINESS: This Company has been incorporated under the laws of the State of Massachusetts, to succeed to a business which was established in 1869—fifty-five years ago, and which has manufactured and installed 90% of the municipal Fire Alarm and Police Signal systems in over 1,500 cities and towns in the United States, and also systems for many representative railroad and industrial companies, the United States Government and foreign cities. Over 80% of the business is renewals, replacements and new orders with old customers. It is the largest manufacturer of such apparatus in the world. While this is an industrial company it is worthy of note that its business is of a quasi-public utility character and therefore through changing economic conditions the earnings have shown a less wide variation than industrial companies not similarly engaged.

SALES: The company's principal sales office is in New York City and branches are maintained in seven other principal cities. Its Canadian sales are handled by the Northern Electric Company, Limited, at Montreal, and other foreign sales by the International Western Electric Company under contract.

EARNINGS: For the past four years the Net Earnings of the business, as reported by Messrs. Marwick, Mitchell & Co., after taxes, depreciation, and adjustments between the several years, were as follows:

Year ended November 30	Net Earnings	Year ended November 30	Net Earnings
1920	$311,625	1922	$484,292
1921	361,399	1923	567,859

During this period the Net Earnings increased from $311,625 to $567,859, or 80%. The Preferred Stock dividend and Sinking Fund requirements are $95,000 per annum. On the basis of 1923 the net earnings were substantially in excess of the $5 per share on the Common Stock, which it is contemplated will be paid during the ensuing year. Indications are that this year's earnings will be in excess of last year.

DIVIDEND RECORD: The business has paid dividends uninterruptedly since 1882, totalling $4,110,187, comprising $1,082,800 in par value of capital stock, and $3,027,387 in cash of which over $1,586,000 was paid since December 1, 1918, including distribution out of surplus of $625,000 in 1924.

FINANCIAL: The consolidated balance sheet, as at April 1, 1924, after giving effect to the acquisition of the assets and business of the predecessor corporation and the issuance of stock in connection therewith, certified to by Messrs. Marwick, Mitchell & Co., reflects Current Assets of $1,592,941 and Current Liabilities of $242,901 or a Net Working Capital of $1,350,040.

MANAGEMENT: The management of the Company will continue in the hands of those who have been responsible for building the business up to its present volume. The twenty-eight officers and plant executives have averaged over 21 years of service. All of the principals are thoroughly understudied by young men who have been carefully selected from graduates of prominent technical institutions.

All legal details to be approved by Messrs. Chadbourne, Hunt, Jaeckel & Brown, of New York, also Messrs. Warren, Garfield, Whiteside & Lamson, and J. W. McAnarney, Esq., of Boston.

We offer this stock when, as and if issued and accepted by us. Delivery of temporary certificates on or about June 17, 1924.

Price $50 per share

Kissel, Kinnicutt & Co.
14 Wall Street, New York — The Rookery, Chicago

Jackson & Curtis
19 Congress Street, Boston, Mass. — 43 Exchange Place, New York, N.Y.

B. J. Baker & Co.
INC.
209 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

We do not guarantee the statements and figures presented herein, but they are taken from sources which we believe to be reliable.

How is an Investment Trust Managed?

Answer:—

BY a small Board of Trustees aided by a staff of skilled analysts. As a Trust's business is solely investment, an elaborate organization is not necessary. Hence, overhead expenses are low. The form of management closely approaches the control and direction of a private Trust. The Investment Trust also applies the methods of savings banks and insurance companies to the selection of securities. Safety of capital is never hazarded for the sake of high yields.

A single Board of Trustees often manages two, three or more British Investment Trusts. Aided by the constant research work of the analytical force, the Trustees are kept in touch with the world's investment markets. Naturally, investment opportunities are revealed to them in vastly greater number than the individual can discover. International Securities Trust of America utilizes this advantage to the fullest extent.

Our booklet, "The Investment Trust," recounts the success of the Trust method. Write for a copy.

INTERNATIONAL SECURITIES TRUST OF AMERICA

BULL & ROCKWELL CO.
Agents
50 Pine Street, New York
161 Devonshire St., Boston

New Issue

Exempt from all Federal Income, State, Municipal and Local Taxation

$2,000,000

Federal Intermediate Credit Banks

4½% Debentures

To be dated June 16, 1924 — Due June 16, 1929

Interest payable June and December 16. Denominations of $1,000, $5,000 and $10,000.

Purpose: The purpose of these debentures is to provide additional credit facilities for the agricultural and live stock industries of the United States.

Federal Intermediate Credit Banks: An Act of Congress authorized the Federal Farm Loan Board to organize the twelve Federal Intermediate Credit Banks, each having a capital of $5,000,000 which is subscribed by the United States Government. Of the entire $60,000,000 subscribed capital, $22,000,000 has been paid in by the Treasury, the remaining $38,000,000 being subject to thirty day call. Although each bank issues separate debentures and is responsible for them, they are mutually underwritten by all the banks. The total outstanding debentures of all the banks, including this issue, on June 16th will be $34,700,000.

Security: The debentures themselves are secured by deposit of obligations discounted by banking institutions or made by properly capitalized agricultural credit corporations, all made for agricultural purposes, and for raising and marketing live stock. There may also be deposited as collateral, notes secured by staple agricultural products or live stock not exceeding 75% of the market value of the product. All of the above is under the supervision of the Federal Farm Loan Board.

Tax Exemption: The United States Government assumes no liability direct or indirect for any of these debentures. They are, however, the secured obligations of banks operating under Federal charter with governmental supervision, of which the Government is and will continue to be the sole stockholder, and being held as instrumentalities of the Government, they are exempt from all Federal Income, State, Municipal and Local Taxation. They are eligible for purchase by any Federal Reserve Bank when they mature within six months from the date of purchase.

Price to yield 4%

Goldman, Sachs & Co. — Salomon Bros. & Hutzler — Lehman Brothers

F. S. Moseley & Co. — A. G. Becker & Co.

This information, while not guaranteed, has been taken from sources which we believe are reliable.

MILLETT, ROE & CO.

Members
New York Stock Exchange
Private Wire to Boston

DEALERS IN INVESTMENT SECURITIES

BONDS AND STOCKS BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION

52 WILLIAM STREET
NEW YORK

DIVIDENDS.

International Telephone and Telegraph Corporation

New York, June 10, 1924.

The directors of the International Telephone and Telegraph Corporation have declared the regular quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent. (1½%) on the capital stock of the company, payable July 15, 1924, to stockholders of record June 27, 1924.

E. B. URDE, Treasurer.

DIVIDENDS.

AMERICAN CAN COMPANY.
PREFERRED STOCK.

A quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. has been declared on the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable July 1st, 1924, to Stockholders of record at the close of business June 13th, 1924. Transfer Books will remain open. Checks mailed.

E. T. SIMON, Secretary and Treasurer.

DIVIDENDS.

General Cigar Co., Inc.

New York, June 7, 1924.

A quarterly dividend of one dollar and seventy-five cents ($1.75) per share will be paid on the Debenture Preferred Stock of this Company on July 1, 1924, to stockholders of record on June 24, 1924, at 3:00 P. M.

E. T. SIMON, Secretary.

Bankers Capital Corporation

Bank and other Financial Corporation Stocks

41 East 42nd Street
New York
Telephone Vanderbilt 1155

Through our
Uptown Office
in the
Ritz-Carlton Building
Ground Floor
Tel. Vanderbilt 6843

we offer prompt service for the execution of orders and shall be pleased without obligation to submit quotations in all leading markets, on request.

MOYSE & HOLMES
Members New York Stock Exchange
Members New York Cotton Exchange
67 Exch. Pl., N.Y. Ritz-Carlton Bldg.
Tel. Rector 2900-10 Mad. Ave. & 47th St.

Wanted
$150,000
5 Year
First Mortgage
Loan

BY responsible manufacturing corporation, rated AA-1 in Dun's, on its land and new factory buildings just constructed within fifty miles of New York City.

Full information to responsible parties. Address Principals, P 234 Times.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE property listed below will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder at the Public Sales Room, known as the "Exchange Salesroom," No. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, on the 25th day of June, 1924, at the hour of 12:30 P. M.

The property so to be sold is held by the Chatham & Phenix National Bank of the City of New York as collateral security for an indebtedness of the Sioux Falls Trust & Savings Bank to the said Chatham & Phenix National Bank of the City of New York and will be sold to satisfy such indebtedness.

Property to be sold: The following promissory notes and securities:

Makers, J. B. Adkins, B. E. Adkins and J. J. Adkins, face amount $15,000 dated Feb. 13, 1924, payable on or before June 13, 1924. (Collateraled by certificate of deposit for $15,000 issued by First National Bank of Minneapolis, Minnesota; also by note of the three Adkins above named for a face amount of $14,500, due Feb. 13, 1924.) Maker, Earl E. Bouchie, face amount $3,400, dated Dec. 1, 1923, payable on June 1, 1924. (Collateraled by Chattel mortgage on 31 head of horses, 74 head of cattle, 92 head of hogs, also original guaranty purporting to guarantee the payment of this note and other obligations now in the hands of the examiner in charge of the Sioux Falls Trust & Savings Bank, and purporting to be signed by D. B. Wilson, Guy Wilson, Claude M. Jones and J. E. Schoof.) Maker, A. E. Bowring, face amount $5,000, dated Dec. 27, 1923, payable on June 30, 1924. Maker, Cochran-Sargent Co., face amount $25,000, dated Nov. 15, 1923, payable on Feb. 15, 1924. Maker, Dakota Iron Store, face amount $5,000, dated Sept. 8, 1923, payable on March 8, 1924. Maker, John G. Folger, face amount $14,000, dated June 6, 1923, payable on June 5, 1924. Maker, Homer W. Johnson Company, face amount $4,500, dated Dec. 27, 1923, payable on June 27, 1924. Maker, A. E. Kimber, balance $5,000 dated Aug. 11, 1923, payable on Feb. 11, 1924. Maker, Ludwig Loevinger, face amount $10,000, dated Dec. 11, 1923, payable on June 11, 1924. Maker, Charles G. Melbonald, face amount $5,000, dated Dec. 14, 1923, payable on Dec. 14, 1924. Maker, T. M. Manchester, face amount $2,170, dated Nov. 26, 1923, payable on May 26, 1924. (Collateraled by certificates for thirteen shares of the Manchester Biscuit Company, North Dakota.) Makers, Carl H. Norberg, Paul L. Norberg and S. A. Norberg, face amount $3,500, dated Dec. 8, 1923, payable on June 8, 1924. Maker, Northwestern Motor Company, face amount $5,000, dated Oct. 28, 1923, payable on Jan. 28, 1924. Maker, Northwestern Motor Company, face amount $5,000, dated Oct. 29, 1923, payable on Feb. 26, 1924. Maker, Northwestern Motor Company, face amount $10,000, dated Oct. 26, 1923, payable on April 26, 1924. Maker, A. D. Reardon, face amount $5,000, dated April 18, 1923, payable on Jan. 18, 1924. Maker, A. D. Reardon, face amount $4,000, dated April 18, 1923, payable on Jan. 18, 1924. Maker, B. H. Reardon, face amount $5,000, dated Oct. 18, 1923, payable on April 18, 1924. Maker, N. A. Sanford, face amount $5,000, dated Jan. 18, 1923, payable on Jan. 18, 1924. Maker, F. E. Sawyer, face amount $10,000, dated Aug. 1, 1923, payable on Aug. 1, 1924. Makers, Strongs Incorporated Florists, M. M. Strong, J. F. Strong and J. A. Larkin, face amount $5,200, dated Aug. 24, 1923, payable on or before Feb. 14, 1924. Makers, Guserius Thompson and Caroline Thompson, face amount $15,106.21, dated Jan. 27, 1923, payable on Jan. 27, 1924. (Collateraled by note of the same makers for the same amount dated January 27, 1922, payable on Jan. 27, 1923, secured by what purports to be a second mortgage on real estate in Minnehaha County, South Dakota, aggregating between 1,000 and 1,100 acres of land; this mortgage is recorded in Book 157 of Mortgages on pages 479-80 in the office of the Register of Deeds, Minnehaha County, South Dakota.) Makers, L. A. Tyler and H. L. Merrick, endorsed by H. B. Kuhle Jr., H. S. Beddon and Henry Anderson, face amount $10,000, dated March 12, 1924, payable on or before July 12, 1924. (Collateraled by certificate of deposit issued by Chatham and Phenix National Bank of the City of New York for $10,000; also collateraled by note of the same makers and endorsers for $10,000, due March 12, 1924.) Maker, James Walkins, face amount $5,000, dated Nov. 19, 1923, payable on May 19, 1924. (As collateral to this note and the next note of James Walkins, and other obligations of James Walkins, the examiner in charge of Sioux Falls Trust & Savings Bank holds or claims to hold $25,000 in notes signed by James Walkins and L. Leavitt, also note of Emil S. Nelson and wife, purporting to be secured by second mortgage of $7,000 subject to a first mortgage of $5,000 on approximately 120 acres of real estate in Minnehaha County, South Dakota.) Maker, James Walkins, face amount $4,000, dated Nov. 19, 1923, payable on May 19, 1924. Makers, Wayne W. Woodward and Sarah H. Woodward, face amount $5,000, dated Dec. 29, 1923, payable on June 29, 1924.

CHATHAM & PHENIX NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
By L. E. JONES, Cashier.
Dated June 4, 1924.

DIVIDENDS.

THE PIERCE-ARROW MOTOR CAR CO.

The Board of Directors has declared a quarterly dividend of $2.00 per share on the Prior Preference Stock of the Company, payable July 1, 1924, to stockholders of record as of June 16, 1924.

S. G. PEARSON, Secretary.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Continued from Page Twenty-five.

DOMESTIC BONDS.

2....86¼	deb 4s, 1937	18....97⅝	St P & K Cy	4....73¾	U S 3m Ref &		
1....86⅝	2....41¾	5....97⅝	S Line 1st	1....74	M conv 6%		
17....86⅝	money deb	8....97⅞	6½s,1941	6s, 1966	notes, 1920		
34....86½	4s, 1966	Phil Balt & W	2....70	24....103⅛	5....100⅝		
5....86¾	1....81¾	gen 5s, Ser	1....70¼	3....103⅛	U S 3¼ski		
19....86⅞	N Y, O & Wn	B, 1974	1....70⅝	11....103⅛	Corp s f 5s,		
3....87	ref 4s, 1992	temp ctfs	1....70⅝	11....103⅛	1963		
1....86¾	1....65⅝	3....101⅞	1....70⅝	1....103⅛	5....102		
1....86¾	N Y Railways	3....101¾	2....70⅝	2....103⅛	2....103⅛		
4s, Ser B,	ref 4s, 1942	4s, 1942	2....70⅝	2....103⅛	2....104		
1932	8....37	1....92	2....70⅝	46....101⅞	1....104		
3....71	ctfs of dep	1....92⅛	St Paul Union	Swy 6½s,	20....103⅞		
6s, Ser C,	5....36	Phila Co 5½s,	Depot 1st &	11....106¼	1....104		
1923	7....36⅛	1939	ref 6s, Ser	10....106⅜	3....103⅞		
1....100⅛	N Y State Rys	92¾	A, 1972	2....106½	2....104		
adj 5s, 1967	con 4½s,1962	1....92¾	interim rcts	2....106⅝	1....103⅞		
5....58⅜	1....58½	1st & ref 5s,	3....98⅝	3....106⅝	Utah Lgt &		
106....58⅝	1....58⅛	Ser A, 1944	2....98⅞	2....106⅝	Ry 1st & ref		
7....58⅝	3....58⅛	9....101⅜	4....99¼	2....106⅝	6s, Ser A,		
Cash....58⅝	3....58⅛	1....101⅝	3....99½	13....106⅝	1944		
44....58⅝	NY, Sus & Wn	Phil & Rdg 5s,	2....99⅝	2....106⅝	2....91		
13....58⅝	1st ref 5s,	1972	1....99⅝	St Le Div	Utah Power &		
1....58⅝	1927	93⅝	San An & A P	4s, 1951	Light 5s, '44		
15....58⅞	1....82¼	5....56	4s, 1943	5....82½	1....91½		
2....59	6½s, Ser B,	8....90⅜	1....78¼	M & O col 4s,	Varieties Sup		
27....58⅞	1923	2....90⅞	2....78¼	1932	s f 7s, 1942		
Mo Pac 1st	1....86¼	1....90⅝	13....78¼	1....81	1....84½		
6s, 1949	N Y Tel 4½s,	Philippine Ry	Seaboard A L	1....81⅜	Va Car Chem		
3....98¼	1939	4s, 1937	gold 4s, 1950	Stand Gas & E	s f 7s, Ser		
5....98⅜	1....95½	2....93	stamped	conv deb 6½s	A, 1947		
1....99¼	7....95¾	Pierce-Arrow	65	1933, 1st	6....62		
1....98⅝	s f deb 5s,	deb 6s, 1943	ref 4s, 1950	ser	23....62⅜		
1st & ref 5s,	1949	1....72	3....63¾	3....97⅜	1....62⅝		
1920	37....108	Pillsbury Fur	20....54½	12....97⅝	1....62⅝		
5....99¾	1....107⅞	Mills 1st 6	16....54⅜	2....97⅝	temp ctfs		
2....99¾	ref 5s, 1941	8s, 1942	2....54	25....98	1....62⅝		
1965	1....105¾	86⅞	17....54¼	1....98	conv 7½s,		
1....83¾	2....105¾	Pitts C C &	1....54¼	2....98⅛	1937, with		
10....83⅞	1....105¾	St L gen 5s,	4....54¼	3....98⅛	warrants		
10....84⅜	5....105⅞	Ser A, 1970	2....53¾	7....98⅛	2....93⅝		
1....85	1....99¾	2....54	4....54¼	1....98⅛	2....93⅝		
gen 4s, 1973	N Y, West &	10....98½	2....53¾	1....98⅛	2....93⅝		
87....59⅛	Bos 4½s,1946	gtd 4½s, Ser	con 6s,	2nd 4½s,	17....93		
5....59⅜	5....48¾	B, 1942	1943	1917....98⅛	Virgin Ry 1st		
6....59⅝	24....48	94¾	12....79	1st 4½s,	5s, 1962		
11....59⅜	5....49¼	Pitt Youngstn	12....79¼	1925....98⅜	2....96⅞		
5....59⅝	10....49⅜	& Asht 5s,	2....79¼	3....98⅜	2....96⅞		
31....59⅜	10....49½	Ser B, 1952,	6....79	3....98⅜	14....96⅞		
2....59⅞	1....49¾	temp ctfs	12....79¼	4....98⅜	2....96⅞		
13....59⅜	5....49¾	2....101	adj 5s, 1949	3....98⅜	2....96⅞		
4....59⅞	Pocatantas	1....55	1....55¼	1st7....98⅜	12....96⅞		
1....59⅝	Con Collery	1....55¼	Steel & Tube	2....96⅞	2....96⅞		
5....59⅝	1st & ref 7s, '57	15....55⅛	gen s f 7s,	2....96⅞	2....97		
4....59⅝	10....32½	1....55	1951	20....96⅞	2....97		
1....59⅜	Portland Rys	24....55⅛	1....104	11....97	Va & New con		
1....59⅝	5s, 1930	1....55⅜	2....103⅝	2....97	5s, 1958		
1....59⅝	3....87½	6....55⅜	Sugar Estates	Va & New con	84¾		
17....59⅜	Portland Ry L	5....55⅞	of Oriente	5s, 1958	Wabash 1m		
3....59⅜	& Pwr 1st &	3....55⅝	7s, 1942	84¾	5s, 1939		
2....59⅜	ref 6s, ser	14....56	1....96½	Tenn Coal I &	2....95¾		
2....59⅝	B, 1947	Sharn Stl Hp	Tenn Coal I &	R gen 5s,	2....95¾		
Mob & O gen	3....93¾	s f 8s, Ser	R gen 5s,	1951	11....100		
4s, 1938	5....93	A, 1941	6....101	6....101¼	28 5s, 1939		
60½	1....94	10....100¼	4....101½	4....101½	18....83⅝		
St L div 5s,	Producers &	Sheffield Fms	2....101½	7s, 1939, int	1....85¾		
1927	Ref s f 6s,	1st & ref	Tenn Elec 1st	rcts	5....84		
5....99	1931	6½s, 1942	& ref 6s, Ser	92¼	1....84¼		
Montana Pwr	4....102¾	102¼	A, 1947	Western Elec	2....84¼		
5s, 1943	con 6s, 1944	1....102¼	10....96	5s, 1944	1....84¼		
1....98¾	7....80¾	1....103¼	Term As of	9....97⅞	1....84¼		
12....98¾	Nor Am Edis	Sinclair Con	St L ref 4s,	1....97⅞	1....84¼		
5....98¾	Co s f 6½s,	1st 6½s, Ser	1939	11....97⅞	1....84¼		
51....97	Ser B, 1946	B, 1938, temp	4....80¾	9....97⅞	1....84¼		
1....97¼	1....98¾	6....84¾	3....80¾	9....97⅞	1....84¼		
5....97¼	1....98⅝	1....93½	Third Av adj	1....97⅞	1....84¼		
2....97¼	2....98⅝	2....93¾	5s, 1960	11....97⅞	1....84¼		
13....97½	1....98¾	15....93⅝	5....44¾	10....97⅞	1....84¼		
3....97⅝	4....98¾	Sinel Crude O	10....44¾	2....97⅞	1....84¼		
5....97⅝	s f 6s, Ser	pur 5½s, Ser	9....44¾	1....97⅞	1....84¼		
5....97⅝	A, 1952	A, 1925	2....44¾	3....97⅞	1....84¼		
3....97⅞	1....93⅜	2....99⅝	5....44¾	1....97⅞	1....84¼		
Montreal Tram	2....93½	128....99¼	6....44¾	3....97⅞	1....84¼		
ways 1st ref	19....93¾	38....99⅜	3....44¾	1....97⅞	1....84¼		
5s, 1941	4....93⅞	5....99⅜	1....44¾	9....97⅞	1....84¼		
90½	1....93⅝	pur s 6s, Ser	3....44¾	11....97⅞	1....84¼		
Morris & Co	4....94	B, 1926	20....44¾	1....97⅞	1....84¼		
sink fund	No Ohio Trac	3....99	2....44¾	25....97⅞	1....84¼		
4½s, 1939	& Lgt ref 6s,	15....98⅞	ref 4s, 1940	2....97⅞	1....84¼		
2....76	Ser A, 1947	137....99	4....55¾	2....97⅞	1....84¼		
Nassau Elec	1....90½	16....99⅛	1....55¾	9....97⅞	1....84¼		
R R 4s,	1....90⅝	55....99⅜	1....55⅞	9....97⅞	1....84¼		
stamped,	1....90⅞	2....99⅝	Tidewater Oil	11....97⅞	1....84¼		
1951	1....91	25....99⅝	6½s, 1931	1....97⅞	1....84¼		
35½	Nor Pacific	3....99⅝	15....103⅜	2....97⅞	1....84¼		
Nat Acme	3s, 2047	3....99⅝	Toledo Edison	10....97⅞	1....84¼		
7½s, 1931	1....69¾	7....99⅝	1st 7s, 1941	40....97⅞	1....84¼		
84	4....69	2....100	5....108	Wm Maryland	1....84¼		
Nati Tube 5s,	1....69¾	Sinel Pipe L	Tol S L & W	4s, 1952	1....84¼		
1952	1....60¼	s f 5s, 1942	prior lien	82½	6....82½		
101	1....60¼	2....84½	3½s, 1925	6....82½	6....82½		
100¾	4s, 1937	3....83¾	2....98¾	1....82½	1....82½		
N J Junc gtd	83¾	6....83½	7....98¾	Wn N Y & Pa	1....82½		
4s, 1986	ref & imp	10....84¼	4s, 1950	gen 4s, 1943	2....78¾		
81¾	4½s, 2047	1....83¾	82½	2....78¾	Western Pac		
N O & Nost	10....83¾	2....83	45....83	Western Pac	5s, 1946		
ref & imp	5....83¾	36....84	54....82¾	5s, 1946	5....88		
4½s, 1952	4....83¾	6....83¾	Tol Ty L & P	1....99¾	1....87¼		
85¼	6....83¾	10....84	6s, 1925	Ulster & Del	1....87¼		
6....85¾	New 5s, Ser	5....84¼	1....99¾	5s, 1928	6....88		
12....85½	D, 2047	10....84	Ulster & Del	95	2....87¾		
N O Terml 4s,	1....92¾	11....84¼	5s, 1928	4....94¾	19....87½		
1953	4....93	2....84¾	95	Un Bag & P	10....88		
1....81	6....93¾	1....84¾	1....96¾	1st 6s, Ser	2....88¼		
1....82	25....93¾	4....84½	2....96¾	A, 1942	W Penn Pow		
4....81½	4....93¾	Sierra & S F	4....94¾	2....93½	5s, 1963		
82	ref & imp	Pow 1st 5s,	Un El L & P	3....94	1....94		
N O Tex & M	6s, 2047	1940	5s, 1933	1....96¾	1st 7s, 1948		
5½s, 1954,	61....106	2....55¾	1....96¾	15....96¾	4....106¾		
when issued	10....104⅞	11....86	1....96¾	2....96¾	1....106¾		
5....99	5....105	5....86¾	1....96¾	1st 5s, 1946	1....107¼		
9....99¼	1....104¾	10....86¾	1....96¾	1....91¾	West Shore		
1....99½	5....105	5....86¾	Un Oil of Cal	West Shore	4s, 2361		
1....99¾	7....104¾	2....86¾	s f 5s, 1931	4s, 2361	2....87¼		
17....99¾	Nor States P	1....86¾	3....97¾	2....87¼	Wn Un Tel		
income 5s,	1st & ref 6s,	10....87	6s, Ser A,	Wn Un Tel	& real est		
1935	1941	So Belt T & T	1942	& real est	4½s, 1950		
149....91	3....102¾	1st 5s, 1945	5....100¾	4½s, 1950	1....92½		
6s, Ser A,	1st & ref 5s,	13....97	Un Pac 1st	1....92½	93		
1925	1941	5....97⅛	4s, 1947	20....92¾	20....92¾		
3....101½	9....92⅞	So Por R Sug	5....91¾	coll tr 5s,1938	coll tr 5s,1938		
N Y Air Brk	1....93	col s f 7s,	15s30f....91¾	1....99¾	fund 6½s,		
1st 6s, 1928	4....92¾	1941	2....91¾	fund 6½s,	1936		
5....102¼	8....92¾	1....101¾	1....91¾	1936	2....110¼		
N Y Central	Northwstrn	So Col Power	conv 4s, '27	2....110¼	Westingh E &		
deb 6s, 1935	Bell Tel 7s,	1st 6s, Ser	1s30f....98¾	Westingh E &	M 7s, 1931		
50....106¼	1941	A, 1947	10s15f....98¾	M 7s, 1931	2....108¼		
1....106¾	3....108¾	79½	6....98¾	2....108¼	Wheel & L E		
10....106¾	3....108¾	79¾	1....98¾	Wheel & L E	ref 4½s, Ser		
1....108	3....108¾	88¼	6s, 1928	ref 4½s, Ser	A, 1968		
10s30f....108½	Ohio Pub Ser	So Bell Tel	2....103¾	A, 1968	6....82¼		
23....106¾	ref 7½s, Ser	1st & ref 5s,	2....103¾	6....82¼	2....82¼		
3....106¾	A, 1946	Ser A, 1954	2....103¾	2....82¼	1....82¼		
14....106¾	5....105½	2....94¾	1....103¾	1st con 4s,	1st con 4s,		
15....106¾	Ohio Riv gen	1....94¾	1....103¾	1949	1949		
25....107	5s, 1937	5....94¾	3....103¾	3....67¾	3....67¾		
10....106¾	2....98¼	54....94¾	10....103¾	11....68	11....68		
ref & imp	Ontario Pwr	10....94¾	5....104	5....67¾	5....67¾		
5s, 2013	1st s f 5s,	15....94¾	1st & ref 4s,	1....67¾	1....67¾		
62....98¾	1943	3....94¾	2008	Wickw Spen	Wickw Spen		
50....98¾	5....97¾	3....94¾	85¼	Steel s f 7s,	Steel s f 7s,		
51....98¾	Ore & Cal 1st	12....94¾	3....85¾	1935	1935		
20....98¾	5s, 1927	5....94¾	1....85¾	2....58	2....58		
2....98¾	3....100¼	7....94¾	Un Tank Car	1....57	1....57		
1....98¾	Ore Shrt Line	2....94¾	equip 7s, '30	Wilms & Met	Wilms & Met		
1....98¾	gtd ref 4s,	2....94¾	105½	1st 5s, 1942	1st 5s, 1942		
25....98¾	1929	1....94¾	Un Fuel Gas	6....55	6....55		
20....98¾	1st con 5s,	27....94¾	6s, 1936	Willys-Overld	Willys-Overld		
48....98¾	1946	2....94¾	97¼	1st s f 6½s,	1st s f 6½s,		
ref & imp	8....103¾	5....109	United Rys	1933	1933		
4½s, Ser A,	gtd con 5s,	14....100¼	Inv Pittsb	2....98	2....98		
2013	1946	8....100¼	issue 5s, '26	1....98¾	1....98¾		
18....89	8....103¾	3....100¼	97¼	1....98¼	1....98¼		
con 4s, Ser	8....103½	1....100¼	United Rys	1....98	1....98		
A, 1908	O-Wash R R	U S R & Imp	Inv Pittsb	1....98	1....98		
6....83¼	& Nv 1st &	5s, 1924	issue 5s, '26	1....98	1....98		
2....83½	ref 4s, 1961	88¾	4....97¼	1....98	1....98		
2....83¾	2....82¾	U S Rubber	3....97	1....98	1....98		
2....83¾	23....83	1st & ref 5s,	4....97¼	1....98	1....98		
10....83¾	2....83¾	1947	22....97½	1....98	1....98		
10....83¾	10....83¾	1....79¾	stamped	1....98	1....98		
deb 4s, 1934	3....83¾	1....79¾	2....96	1....98	1....98		
93	5....89	1....79¾	3....96½	1....98	1....98		
83¼	Otis Stl 7½s,	1....79¾	2....96½	1....98	1....98		
84	1947	1....79¾	7....96¾	1....98	1....98		
deb 4s, 1943	2....88½	1....79¾	2....96¾	1....98	1....98		
90¾	1....88	1....79¾	2....97⅛	1....98	1....98		
12....90¾	1....88	1....79¾	1 (3)....45¾	1....98	1....98		
3....90¾	1....92¾	1....79¾	Tr6s, 1931	1....98	1....98		
90¾	1....92¾	1....79¾	5....40¼	1....98	1....98		
2....74¾	6....93¼	1....79¾	Winchest Rep	1....98	1....98		
4....75	Pac Fur & L	1....79¾	Arms 7½s,	1....98	1....98		
M C col	1st & ref 5s,	1....79¾	1941	1....98	1....98		
3½s, 1998	1930	1....79¾	84....101	1....98	1....98		
2....76¾	5....85¾	1....79¾	Wis Cent gen	1....98	1....98		
registered	5....95¾	1....79¾	4s, 1949	1....98	1....98		
2....73¾	9....86¼	1....79¾	2....80¾	1....98	1....98		
N Y C & Bl	Pac Tel & Tel	1....79¾	5....81	1....98	1....98		
L 6s, 1951	5s, 1937	1....79¾	6....82	1....98	1....98		
2....104¾	4....98¼	1....79¾	20....81½	1....98	1....98		
6....104¼	4....98¾	1....79¾	Sup & Dul	1....98	1....98		
20....104¾	5....98¾	1....79¾	div & term	1....98	1....98		
5....104¾	5....98¾	1....79¾	4s, 1936	1....98	1....98		
1....104¾	5s, 1952	1....79¾	84	1....98	1....98		
35....104¾	3....93	1....79¾	Youngstown	1....98	1....98		
6....104¾	1....93¾	1....79¾	Sheet & Tube	1....98	1....98		
1st 4s, 1927	15....93	1....79¾	temp 6s,1948	1....98	1....98		
149....90	1....93¾	1....79¾	2....94¾	1....98	1....98		
6s, Ser A,	Park-Lex s f	1....79¾	1....95	1....98	1....98		
1925	6½s, 1953	1....79¾	23....94¾	1....98	1....98		
3....101½	3....99	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
N Y Air Brk	1....98¾	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
1st 6s, 1928	Pa 4s, 1948	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
5....102¼	2....90	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
N Y Central	gen 4½s, '65	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
deb 6s, 1935	1....93	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
50....106¼	1....93¼	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
1....106¾	1....93¾	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
10....106¾	3....93	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
1....108	2....93¾	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
10s30f....108½	5....93¾	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
23....106¾	Northwstrn	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
3....106¾	Bell Tel 7s,	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
14....106¾	1941	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
15....106¾	3....108¾	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
25....107	3....108¾	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
10....106¾	3....108¾	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
ref & imp	Ohio Pub Ser	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
5s, 2013	ref 7½s, Ser	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
62....98¾	A, 1946	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
50....98¾	4....105½	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
51....98¾	Ohio Riv gen	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
20....98¾	5s, 1937	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
2....98¾	2....98¼	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
1....98¾	Ontario Pwr	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
1....98¾	1st s f 5s,	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
25....98¾	1943	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
20....98¾	5....97¾	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
48....98¾	Ore & Cal 1st	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
ref & imp	5s, 1927	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
4½s, Ser A,	3....100¼	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
2013	Ore Shrt Line	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
18....89	gtd ref 4s,	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
con 4s, Ser	1929	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
A, 1908	1st con 5s,	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
6....83¼	1946	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
2....83½	8....103¾	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
2....83¾	gtd con 5s,	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
10....83¾	1946	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
deb 4s, 1934	8....103¾	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
93	8....103½	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
83¼	5....103	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
84	O-Wash R R	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
deb 4s, 1943	& Nv 1st &	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
90¾	ref 4s, 1961	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
12....90¾	2....82¾	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
3....90¾	23....83	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
90¾	2....83¼	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
2....74¾	10....83¾	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
4....75	3....83¾	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
M C col	5....89	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
3½s, 1998	Otis Stl 7½s,	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
2....76¾	1947	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
registered	2....88½	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
2....73¾	1....88	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
N Y C & Bl	1....88	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
L 6s, 1951	1....92¾	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
2....104¾	1....92¾	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
6....104¼	1....92¾	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
20....104¾	6....93¼	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
5....104¾	Pac Fur & L	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
1....104¾	1st & ref 5s,	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
35....104¾	1930	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
6....104¾	5....85¾	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
1st 4s, 1927	5....95¾	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
registered	9....86¼	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
2....89¾	Pac Tel & Tel	1....79¾		1....98	1....98		
deb 4s, 1931	5s, 1937	1....79

TO SELL $40,000,000 FARM LOAN BONDS

Bankers May Delay Public Offering Because of Decline in Interest Rates.

RAIL SECURITIES TAKEN

Books Closed on $26,058,000 Issue —New York City Bonds Also Sold.

Bankers are arranging for the early offering of a new issue of about $40,000,000 of farm loan bonds for the Federal Land Bank, it was learned yesterday. The sale had been planned for Monday next, but with a decline in interest rates it was said that the public offering might be delayed. The original plan, it was understood, called for a thirty-year issue bearing 4¾ per cent. coupons, to be priced at 101¾, at which they would yield 4.66 per cent.; but with the sharp advance of bond prices and consequent decline in the interest yield basis, it was believed probable the offering would be put out on a 4½ per cent. coupon rate and priced at par. The favorable turn of the bond market for financing by the United States Government and its various departments was said to have created an unusually good opportunity for new farm loan offerings.

The most recent issue of Federal Land Bank farm loan bonds was in the week ended Jan. 18, 1924, when $60,000,000 of 4¾ per cent. bonds were sold at prices to yield 4.70 per cent. The offering group consisted of Alex Brown & Sons, Harris, Forbes & Co., Brown Brothers & Co., Lee Higginson & Co., the National City Company and the Guaranty Company. The same group will handle the forthcoming financing.

The offering yesterday of $26,058,000 of New York, Chicago & St. Louis (Nickel Plate) Railroad Company bonds was absorbed, technically, before the bonds had actually been placed on the market. At 9 o'clock in the morning, the Guaranty Company announced that the issue had been oversubscribed and books closed.

The National City Company, as managers for the syndicate which recently offered $67,400,000 New York City serial and long term 4½ per cent. bonds, yesterday announced that all of the bonds have been sold.

A syndicate headed by Blair & Co., Inc., and the Chase Securities Corporation, and including Cassatt & Co., Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc., and the Illinois Merchants Trust Company, is offering a new issue of $10,000,000 Government of Argentina one-year 6½ per cent. treasury gold notes, dated June 16, 1924, at 100¼, to yield about 5 per cent. These notes, according to the bankers, will be a direct obligation of the Government. The bankers state that the outstanding six months 6½ per cent. treasury gold notes due Aug. 25, 1924, will be accepted on a 4 in per cent. interest basis in payment for the one-year notes allotted.

A new issue of $6,500,000 Chicago Rapid Transit Company first and refunding mortgage 6½ per cent. gold bonds, due 1944, is offered at 94½ and interest, to yield over 7 per cent., by the National City Company and Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc.

Harris, Forbes & Co., Tucker, Anthony & Co., Bonbright & Co., Inc., and Coffin & Burr, Inc., are offering a new issue of $4,000,000 Minnesota Power and Light Company first and refunding mortgage gold bonds, 6 per cent., series due 1950, at 100 and interest. The bonds are redeemable at 100 and interest to and including May 1, 1927, thereafter at a premium decreasing one-quarter point per annum, and at 100¼ and interest after Nov. 1, 1948.

A new first mortgage 6½ per cent. real estate bond issue amounting to $2,750,000 on Alden Park Manor, Brookline, Mass., is offered by the American Bond and Mortgage Company. The bonds are dated Feb. 25, 1924, and will mature in from three to twelve-year periods.

A syndicate comprising Goldman, Sachs & Co., Salomon Bros. & Hutzler, Lehman Brothers, F. S. Moseley & Co., and A. G. Becker & Co., is offering a new issue of $2,000,000 Federal Intermediate Credit Banks 4½ per cent. debentures, dated June 16, and due June 16, 1926, at prices to yield 4 per cent.

A block of $1,000,000 State of North Carolina 4½ per cent. building bonds, due Oct. 1, 1963, is offered by the First National Bank and William R. Compton Company, at 100.50 and interest, to yield 4.40 per cent.

R. M. Grant & Co., Inc., are offering a new issue of $200,000 Douglas County, Nebraska, 5 per cent. road bonds, due 1944, at prices to yield 4.45 per cent.

NEW RAIL CONSTRUCTION.

Union Pacific Lets Extension Contract Involving $4,000,000.

Construction on the Wells-Rogerson cut-off of the Union Pacific will go forward without delay, according to Carl R. Gray, President of the Union Pacific.

The contract has been awarded to the Utah Construction Company, and involves between $3,500,000 and $4,000,000 of new construction. The work includes ninety-seven miles of new track to connect the Union Pacific lines at Rogerson, Idaho, and Wells, Nev., which will materially reduce the distance between Idaho and the Western coast and save several hundred miles in shipments of food products.

GOVERNMENT OBLIGATIONS.

Following are the prices paid in the open market for United States Treasury certificates of indebtedness and notes of the different issues:

Month.	Year.	P.C.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
June	1925	4¼	101.7	101.8	2.92
September	1924	5½	100¼	100¾	2.42
March	1925	4	100⅛	100⅜	2.77
March	1925	4¼	101⅛	101¼	2.73
March	1926	4½	102	102¼	3.49
March	1927	4½	102⅝	102¾	3.69
September	1926	4¼	101¼	101⅝	3.61
December	1927	4½	102¼	102⅝	3.70
December	1925	4¾	101.7	101.8	3.31
December	1924	4½	100¼	100⅜	2.63

NEW YORK STATE BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.
4½s, January, 1964	110½	112	110½
4½s, September, 1965	110½	112	110½
4½s, March, 1965	105½	107	105½
4½s, January, 1965	105½	107	105½
4½s, January, 1945	104	103½	104
4s, 1960-67	101	102½	101
4s, 1958-67	101	102½	101
4s, January, 1942-46	100¼	101½	100¼

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

5s, Jan. and March, '25-'30	4.10	4.00	4.10
5s, Jan. and March, '31-'40	4.10	4.00	4.10
5s, Jan. and March, '41-'70	4.10	4.00	4.10

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—Revenue receipts and expenditures as at close of business June 9:

Receipts.	This Month.	Corresp. Period Last Year.	Fisc. Yr. 1924.	Corresp. Period Fisc. Yr. 1923.
Customs	$12,803,284.34	$16,725,955.04	$315,164,991.88	$328,632,307.54
Internal revenue—Income and profits tax	11,177,767.45	24,806,700.35	1,518,392,675.99	1,336,224,883.74
Misc. internal revenue	52,134,217.80	56,712,712.92	913,504,501.68	885,252,213.62
Miscellaneous receipts—				
Proceeds Govt.-owned foreign obligations:				
Principal			61,084,887.14	31,956,907.64
Interest			91,880,201.92	132,197,247.86
Railroad securities	5,271,834.63	639,749.82	52,308,992.55	90,266,067.01
All others	208,887.50	1,375.00	9,468,818.25	46,841,710.55
Trust fund receipts, re-appropriated for investments	206,752.69	734,288.30	29,082,820.00	24,859,176.00
Proceeds sale of surplus property	2,100,832.11	2,683,211.56	46,699,367.32	77,312,275.96
Panama Canal tolls, &c.	676,416.93	406,778.42	25,634,880.39	15,688,447.26
Receipts from miscellaneous sources credited direct to appropriations	355,919.49	2,618,374.66	27,408,285.10	62,649,934.08
Other miscellaneous	7,153,021.28	14,010,099.28	196,580,914.23	235,400,100.16
Total ordinary	$72,181,914.32	$99,536,244.45	$3,482,646,125.45	$3,475,490,270.74
Excess of ord. rcts. over total expns. against ord. receipts		21,199,945.56	188,864,874.50	50,957,285.22
Excess of total expns. chargeable against ord. receipts	2,876,239.43			
Total expns. chargeable against ord. receipts	$75,158,153.75	$75,136,298.89	$3,293,781,251.15	$3,424,532,985.52

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Robust Gain in French Franc on Amsterdam Buying—London and Continentals Up.

A vigorous upswing in the French franc, which put the rate at 5.43¼ cents, highest since May 28, was the feature of yesterday's dealings in European exchanges. Heavy volume buying from Amsterdam, estimated to represent close to three-quarters of the total business, and representing covering operations in preparation for end-of-June obligations, was the propelling force behind the advance. At times the market was burdened with such a heavy volume of buying that dealers found it difficult to execute orders, a situation that resembled the hectic sessions of the franc decline early in the year. An additional factor in the advance, dealers pointed out, was the fact that the resignation of M. Millerand having failed to break the market—it has had a contrary effect—speculators were hurried into covering. The advance started in London, where there was also heavy buying, preliminary business being negotiated at an overnight gain of 22 points, at 5.26½ cents, which followed by a rise to 5.35, a moderate reaction on realizing cut this slightly, but then ensued a brisk run up to 5.43¼ cents. Belgian bills were also higher, closing at 4.90½ cents, compared with 4.40 on Tuesday.

Sterling and the Continental documents, excepting Holland, all surged forward on the improvement in francs. London checks finishing a quarter cent higher, at $4.31½; Italian was 2¼ points up, at 4.36¼ cents, with measurable gains in the Spanish, Swiss and Scandinavians. Far Easterns and South Americans remained firm.

WEDNESDAY, June 11, 1924.

Range of Rates, Sight Exchange.

	High.	Low.	Final.	Tuesday's Final.
LONDON	$4.31¾	$4.30⅝	$4.31¾	$4.30⅞
PARIS	5.43¼	5.25	5.42	5.04½
ROME	4.36¼	4.34⅜	4.36	4.35⅜
AMSTERDAM	37.40	37.30	37.34	37.38
*BERLIN	4.166	4.166	4.166	4.166
MADRID	13.46	13.42	13.45	13.42
STOCKHOLM	26.54	26.51	26.54	26.51

*Value of $1 in billions of marks.

Closing Rates.

In the subjoined table the quotation on sterling represents dollars and decimals of a dollar; all others represent cents and decimals of a cent. Quotations preceded by the decimal mark indicate a price measured in fractions of a cent.

Europe.

	Wednes-day.	Tues-day.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
STERLING—Par $4.866 per sovereign.				
Demand	4.31¼	4.30⅝	4.31	4.61
Cables	4.31⅝	4.31¼	4.31⅛	4.61⅛
Com., 60 days	4.25⅝	4.25⅛	4.25⅛	4.59⅛
Com., 90 days	4.37⅛	4.27⅛	4.37⅛	4.58⅝
FRANCE—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	5.42	5.04½	4.93½	6.37
Cables	5.42½	5.05	4.94	6.37½
ITALY—Par 19.3 cents per lira.				
Demand	4.36	4.32¾	4.32½	4.64¼
Cables	4.36¼	4.34¼	4.34	4.64⅜
BELGIUM—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	4.66⅛	4.40	4.32½	5.47
Cables	4.70	4.40½	4.33	5.47½
GERMANY—Par 23.8 cents per mark.				
Demand—000,000,000,024	.000,000,000,024		.000,000,000,024	
Cables—000,000,000,024	.000,000,000,024		.000,000,000,024	.0001⅛
AUSTRIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.0001⅛	.0001⅛	.0001⅛	.0001⅛
Cables	.0001⅛	.0001⅛	.0001⅛	.0001⅛
CZECHOSLOVAKIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	2.92¼	2.92¼	2.92½	2.98¾
Cables	2.92⅛	2.92¼	2.92½	2.98¾
DENMARK—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	16.84	16.83	16.81	17.66
Cables	16.86	16.85	16.83	17.68
FINLAND—Par 19.3 cents per finmark.				
Demand	2.51¼	2.51¼	2.51¼	2.78
Cables	2.51¼	2.51¼	2.51¼	2.78
GREECE—Par 19.3 cents per drachma.				
Demand	1.76	1.74	1.86	3.10
Cables	1.79	1.78	1.89	3.13
HOLLAND—Par 40.2 cents per florin.				
Demand	37.34	37.38	37.33	39.15
Cables	37.38	37.42	37.37	39.18
HUNGARY—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.0012	.0012	.0012	.0137
Cables	.0012	.0012	.0012	.0137
NORWAY—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	13.49	13.47	13.53	16.54
Cables	13.51	13.49	13.55	16.56
POLAND—Par 23.8 cents per mark.				
Demand	.000010	.000010	.000011	.0014
Cables	.000010	.000012	.000011	.0014
PORTUGAL—Par $1.0805 per escudo.				
Demand	2.84	2.84	2.86	4.74
Cables	2.89	2.89	2.91	4.79
RUMANIA—Par 19.3 cents per leu.				
Demand	.43¼	.43¼	.42¾	.51¼
Cables	.43¼	.43¼	.42¾	.51¼
SPAIN—Par 19.3 cents per peseta.				
Demand	13.45	13.42	13.46	14.85
Cables	13.47	13.44	13.48	14.86
SWEDEN—Par 26.8 cents per krona.				
Demand	26.54	26.51	26.50	26.54
Cables	26.57	26.54	26.53	26.56
SWITZERLAND—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	17.60	17.58	17.58	17.93
Cables	17.62	17.60	17.60	17.95
YUGOSLAVIA—Par 19.3 cents per dinar.				
Demand	1.19¼	1.20¼	1.21¼	1.11
Cables	1.19¼	1.20¼	1.21¼	1.11

Far East.

CHINA—Cents per silver dollar for Hongkong; per tael for Shanghai and Peking.				
Hongkong—				
Demand	52.125	52.125	52.00	53.375
Cables	52.25	52.25	52.125	53.50
Peking—				
Demand	74.00	75.00	75.00	75.75
Shanghai—				
Demand	71.88	71.88	71.63	72.375
Cables	72.00	72.00	71.75	72.50
INDIA—Calcutta: Cents per rupee, nominally stabilized at one-tenth of a pound sterling.				
Demand	30.38	30.38	30.25	31.00
Cables	30.50	30.50	30.37	31.125
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—Manila: Par 50 cents per silver peso.				
Demand	49.25	49.25	49.25	49.50
Cables	49.50	49.50	49.50	49.625
JAVA—Par 40.2 cents per florin.				
Demand	36.625	36.625	36.75	38.875
JAPAN—Par 49.8 cents per yen.				
Demand	41.25	41.13	40.25	49.00
Cables	41.37	41.25	40⅜7	49.125

South America.

ARGENTINA—Par 42.44 cents per Argentine paper dollar.				
Demand	32.68	32.625	32.62	35.625
Cables	32.81	32.75	32.75	35.75
BRAZIL—Par 32.45 cents per paper milreis.				
Demand	10.81	10.81	10.68	10.20
Cables	10.87	10.87	10.75	10.25
CHILE—Par 36.5 cents per paper peso.				
Demand	10.62	10.68	10.57	13.80
Cables	10.67	10.73	10.62	13.85
PERU—Par $4.8665 per pound.				
Checks	4.12	4.14	4.14	4.80
Cables	4.13	4.15	4.15	4.81
URUGUAY—Par $1.0342 per gold peso.				
Demand	78.74	78.74	78.74	80.97
Cables	79.09	79.09	79.09	81.32

Canada.

MONTREAL—Par 100 cents per Canadian dollar.				
Demand	98.34	98.34	98.37	97.62

Russian Currency.

Prices for pre-revolution Russian ruble notes were as follows (par 51.40 cents per ruble):

	Bid.	Ask.
100-ruble notes	.20	.22
500-ruble notes	.11	.14

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS

PUBLIC UTILITY STOCKS.

	Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Power & Light	32½	33½
Adirondack Power & Light pf	96¾	97¾
Alabama Trac., Lt. & Power	40½	41½
American Gas & Electric	68	69
American Gas & Electric pf	125½	126½
American Light & Traction	123½	125½
American Light & Traction pf	90	91¼
American Power & Light	232	234
American Power & Light pf	88	89
American Public Utilities	50	53
Carolina Power & Light	146	150
Cities Service	134	136
Cities Service pf	73½	73¾
Cities Service pf. B	6¼	6⅝
Cities Service, bankers' shares	13⅝	13⅞
Colorado Power	32½	33½
Colorado Power pf	88	90
Columbus Ry., P. & L.	100	102
Columbus Elec. & Power	121	124
Columbus Elec. & Power 2d pf	97	98
Commonwealth Power Corp.	94	95
Commonwealth Power Corp. pf	78	80
Consumers' Power pf	87	90
Eastern Texas Electric	119	122
Eastern Texas Electric pf	95	98
Electric Bond & Shares	101	102
El Paso Electric	121	124
Empire Gas & Fuel pf	85	90
Federal Utilities com	10	..
Federal Utilities pf	75	..
General Gas & Electric	36	..
General Gas & Elec. conv. pf	55	..
General Gas & Elec. pf. A	100	103
General Gas & Elec. pf. B	100	..
Galveston-Houston Electric	23	25
Galveston-Houston Electric pf	69	72
Illinois Power & Light pf	92½	94½
Kentucky Securities	70	74
Kentucky Securities Corp. pf	70	74
Lehigh Power Securities	66	68½
Mich. Elec. Ry. pf A	6	9
Mississippi River Power	26	27
Mississippi River Power pf	81	83
Mountain States Power	15	..
Mountain States Power pf	92	96¼
National Power & Light	133	135
National Power & Light pf	90	91
North Carolina Pub. Ser. pf	90	91
Northern Ohio Electric	9	10
Northern Ohio Electric pf	26	28
Northern Ontario Lt. & Power	40	45
Northern Ontario Lt. & Power pf	71	73
Northern States Power	104	106
Northern States Power pf	85½	..
Northern Texas Electric	57	60
Oklahoma Gas & Electric pf	85	..
Pacific Gas & Electric	86¼	89
Portland Ry., L. & P.	100½	103½
Portland Ry., L. & P. pf	73	75
Power, Sec. Corp.	9½	11¼
Do pf	35	37
Puget Sound Power & Light	47	49
Puget Sound Power & Lt. 6% pf	78	83
Puget Sound Power & Lt. 7% pf	100½	103½
Republic Railway & Light	26	27
Republic Railway & Light pf	55½	57
Southern California Edison	100	101
Southern Cal. Edison 7% pf	103	105
Southern Cal. Edison 8% pf	118	120
So. Power & Light	16	20
Standard Gas & Electric pf	47¼	48¼
Tampa Electric	138	..
Tenn. Electric Power	37¾	38½
Tenn. Electric Power 1st 6% pf	70	79
Tenn. Electric Power 2d 6% pf	65	66
Tenn. Electric Power 7% pf	90	92
Texas Power & Light pf	96	98
Utah Power & Light pf	96	98
United Am. Elec. bankers' shares	14½	14⅝
United Gas & Electric	25½	26½
United Gas & Electric pf	75	..
Vermont Hydro-Elec. pf	91	96
Western Power	27½	29
Western Power 7% pf	78½	80½
West Va. Lt., Heat & Power pf	94½	96½
West Penn. Power pf	100	102

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

Security.	Rate.	Issue.	Bid.	Ask.
Arg. (reacission)	..	†1945	65	67
Arg. (unlisted)	5	Sep., †1945	75¾	76¾
Belg. Restoration	7½	1919-34	94	97
Belgian Fren	5	1920	39	42
Bolivia	6	†1940	79¼	80
Brazil	4½	1883	44	46
Brazil	4	1889	38	40
Brazil	5	1910	38½	40½
Brazil	5	1895	48½	50½
Brit. Exchequer	5%	†1925	88¾	90¾
British Fund	4	Mar., †1919	75¾	77¾
Brit. Nat. W. F.	5	†1929-47	86¾	88¾
Brit. Nat. W. B.	5	Oct., †1927	92¾	94¾
Brit. Nat. W. B.	5	†1929	93	95
British Victory	4½	Sep., †1919	79¾	81¾
Canada	5	†1937	100½	101
Canada	5½	Nov., †1933	102½	103
Can. Pac. R. R. (Eur. Iss.)	4	†1946	67¾	68½
Chi., Mil. & St. P. R. R. (E. Iss.)	4	†1925	68¾	69¼
Chile	1st 5s	1911	70	72
City of Pelotas	6	1911	51	54
Colombia	6	1913	66	69
Costa Rica	5	1911	59	63
Cuba	6	†1929	99	100
French Gov. Vic.	6	Jan., †1931	35	37
French Loan	4	1917	29	31
French Loan	5	1920	42½	44½
French Loan	6	1920	42	44
Italian War Loan	5	..	43¾	44¾
Paris-Orleans Ry.	6	†1956	40½	43½
Midi R. R.	6	†1960	40½	43½
Russian rentes	4	1894	6¾	8¼
Uruguay	5	1910	65	67

†Maturity date.

GUARANTEED STOCKS.

Company.	Rate.	Bid.	Asked.
Atlanta & Char. Air L.	5	135	175
Erie & Kalamazoo	8%	77	80
Ft. Wayne & Jack. pf.	5½	102	105
Georgia R. R. & Bank.	12	187	197
Gold & Stock Tel.	6	106	110
Lackawanna R. R. of N. J.	4	77	79
Mobile & Birmingham pf.	4	63	65
Northern R. R. of N. J.	4	58	62
Oswego & Syracuse	6	85	90
Pitts., Bes. & L. E.	3	28	29
Do pf.	3	56	60
Pitts. McK. & Yough.	6	49½	52
Pitts., Young. & Ash.	7	137½	139
St. Louis Bridge 1st pf.	6	105½	107½
Southwestern of Georgia	5	96	98
Tunnel R. R. of St. Louis	6	106	108
United N. J. R. R. & Can.	10	194	196
Utica, Chen. & Susq.	6	113	116
Valley R. R.	5	95	98
Warren R. R.	7	65	68

*Dividend subject to Federal income tax.

NEW YORK BANK STOCKS.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
American	215	220	Fifth	240	250
Am Exch	302	308	First	1460	1476
Am Union	160	..	Garfield	280	..
Bank of U S	190	200	Gotham	150	160
Bowery	500	..	Greenwich	375	..
Bryant Park	165	..	Hartman	390	..
B'way Cent	155	..	Hanover	800	815
Bronx Boro	250	..	Manhat Co	159	163
Bronx Nat	150	160	Mech & M	385	390
Butch & D	140	150	Mutual	390	415
Capitol Nat	125	130	Nat Amer	135	145
Cent Mer	160	167	New Neth	150	160
Chase	340	345	Pacific	300	..
Chat & P	258	263	Park	422	427
Chelsea Ex	150	160	Port Morris	182	..
Chemical	545	555	Penn Exch	105	115
City	360	365	Public	359	365
Coal & Iron	220	230	Seaboard	400	410
Colonial	400	..	Seventh Av	85	95
Commerce	318	323	Standard	250	265
Com'wealth	250	260	State	360	370
Continental	170	..	Trade Bank	130	145
Corn Exch	447	453	23d Ward	275	300
Cosmopolitan	115	125	Wash Hts	205	..
East River	198	208	Yorkville	1200	..
Fifth Av	1300	..			

TRUST AND SURETY COMPANIES

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Alliance	108	..	M'facturers	285	..
Am Surety	96	102	Metropolitan	330	..
Bk N Y & T	490	500	Mtg Bond	113	118
Bankers	365	370	Mut T of W	120	130
Bond & Mtg	292	298	Nat Surety	150	155
Brooklyn	500	516	New York	362	367
Cent Union	530	535	N Y T & M	204	208
Empire	260	270	People's	415	425
Equitable	213	217	Realty Assoc	146	153
Farm L & T	630	..	Do 1st pf	82	87
Fidelity Intl	203	..	Do 2d pf	70	77
Fulton	280	..	Title Guar	393	399
Guaranty	237	242	U S Title G	162	170
Hudson	250	..	Unit States	1380	..
Irving-Col	217	220	U S Mtg	295	305
Kings Co	1000	..	Westchester	210	..
Lawyers Mtg	160	165	West T & T	215	..
Lawyers Title	200	207			

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Am Alliance	380	385	Hanover	110	120
City N Y	215	222	Home	335	340
Continental	90	93	Nat Lib	200	215
Fid-Phenix	119	122	Niagara	153	160
Fidelity-Cas.	82	87	Pac Fire In.	115	130
Franklin	125	130	Stuyvesant	108	115
Glens Falls	81	83	Unit States	35	38
Globe & R	900	930	Westchester	39	41
Great Amer.	254	259			

SHORT-TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Date.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Alum. Co. Am	7	Nov., 1925	102¾	103¼	4.80
Alum. Co. Am	7	Oct., 1925	107¼	107⅝	6.06
Am. Thread	6	Dec., 1928	102¾	103¾	5.26
Anac. Cop. Co.	6	Jan., 1929	101½	102½	5.40
Anglo-Amer. Oil Co., Ltd.	7½	Apr., 1925	102¼	102⅜	4.55
B. & O. R.R. Sec.	6	July, 1929	101¾	102	5.45
Cent. Argen.	6	Feb., 1927	98¾	99¼	6.25
Cent. S. E. Cor.	7	June, 1925	100⅜	101⅛	5.40
Cent. States Elec.	7	Mar. 1, '25	101¼	101⅝	6.60
Columbia G. & E.	5	Mar. 1, '25	100¼	100⅜	4.50
Cont. G. & E. Crp.	5	Nov., 1927	98¼	98⅝	5.30
Empire G. & F.	7	May, 1926	97¼	97⅝	8.20
Federal Sugar	6	May, 1953	96¼	97	6.60
Gen. Cigar	6	Dec. 1, '25	101	101⅛	4.87
Gen. Cigar	6	Dec., 1, '27	100⅝	101⅛	5.62
Gen. Cigar	6	Dec. 1, '26	100⅞	101⅛	5.40
Gulf Oil	5	Dec., 1937	97½	97⅝	5.30
Hocking Val.	5	Mar., 1926	100¼	100⅜	4.80
Humble O. & R.	5½	July 15, '32	98⅝	99	5.62
Kan. City Term.	5½	Nov., 1925	101¼	101⅝	4.80
Kan. Cop. Co.	7	Feb., 1930	105¼	105⅝	5.96
L. S. & M. S.	4	Sep., 1925	96⅛	96⅜	4.92
Phila. Rap. Tr.	6	Dec., 1925	100¼	100⅝	5.60
Pillsbury Flour	7	Oct., 1933	94½	96⅝	7.60
Pure Oil Co.	5½	1924-26	98⅝	100⅜	
Remington Arms Co.	6	Apr., 1927	98	98⅜	6.50
Sloss-Sh. S. & I.	6	Aug., 1929	99⅜	100⅛	6.95
S. O. of N. Y.	5½	May, 1933	107¼	107⅝	5.50
Swift & Co.	5	Oct., 1932	91¼	92⅛	6.06
Vacuum Oil	7	Apr., 1936	107⅛	107⅜	5.50
West. El. Mfg.	7	May, 1931	106¼	106⅝	5.50
Wheel. S. Corp.	8	July, 1926	99⅝	100⅛	8.00
Wisconsin Cent.	5½	Ap. 15, '27	100¼	100⅜	5.30

PUBLIC UTILITY BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Power & Lt. 6s, 1950	99½	100½
American Power & Lt. 6s	93	94
American Gas & Elec. 6s, 2018	94¼	95¼
Appalachian Power 1st 5s, 1941	92½	94
Arkansas L. Pow. 6s, 1945	97	100
Cities Service debentures B	118	..
Cities Service debentures C	93½	..
Cities Service debentures D	92	94
Columbus Elec. & Pwr. 6s, 1947	101	..
Colorado Power 1st 5s, 1963	88	90
Connecticut Power 5s, 1963	95	98
East Texas Electric 5s, 1949	89	..
El Paso Electric 5s, 1932	95	97
Galveston-Houston 5s, 1954	80	82
General Gas & Electric 7s, 1952	98	100
Houston Electric 1st 5s, 1933	90	100
Lehigh Power 6s, 1927	99¾	100¼
Mississippi River Power 5s, 1951	95	96
Mississippi River Power 7s, 1935	102	103
National Power & Light 6s, 1944	95½	95¾
Newp't News & H. Ry., G. & E. 5s	74	77
No. Car. Pub. Ser. 5s, '36	86	89
Northern Texas Elec. 5s, 1940	81	83
Puget Sound P. & L. 7½s, 1941	104¾	..
Savannah El. & P. 7½s, 1941	104	105½
Seattle Electric 5s, 1929	97¼	100
Standard Gas & Electric 6s, 1935	89	92½
Tampa Electric 5s, 1938	93½	..
Western States Gas & Electric 5s	91	93

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
4½s, December, 1971	106	106¼	106	106¼
4½s, July, 1967	105¾	106⅛	105¾	106⅛
4½s, June, 1963	105¾	106⅛	105¾	106⅛
4½s, March, 1963	105¾	106⅛	105¾	106⅛
4½s, May, 1957	105½	106	105½	106
4½s, November, 1957	105½	106	105½	106
4½s, June, 1974	101½	102¼	101½	102

Birmingham Water Co. 5s
Indiana Service Corp. Pfd. & 2s
Jessup & Moore Paper Co. Pfd.
Metline Body Corp. Pfd.
Michocan Power Co. 6s
Guanajuato Pr. & Elec. 6s & Stk.
Cent. Mexico Lt. & Pr. 6s & Stk.
Erie & Suburban Elec. 5s
East St. Louis & Inter. Water 5s
Consolidated Machine Tool 7s
Kentucky Securities Com. & Pfd.

Water Co. Securities
Lumber Securities
Timber Securities.

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Adirondack Pr. & Lt. Com.
Arizona Bagdad Copper Co.
Consol. Gas of N. Y. Pfd.
Illinois Pr. & Lt. Pfd.
Western Power Preferred
J.K.Rice, Jr. & Co.
Phones 4060 to 4069 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

Am. Power & Lt. Pfd.
Central States Elec.
United Gas & Elec.
Stone, Prosser & Doty
52 William St., N. Y. Hanover 7723

Illinois Central
4s, 1952
Paducah & Illinois
4½s, 1955
GARDNER & CO.
20 Broad St. Tel. Rector 7430

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(Hotel Pennsylvania)
MACARTHEY, McLEAN & DAWSON
52 Broadway, N.Y. - Tel. Broad 7360

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Commonwealth Power
COMMON
McGUIRE & CO.
44 Pine Street New York
Telephones John 1416 and 1417.

Zieley Processes
Tenn. Elec. Com. & 2d Pf.
United Gas & Electric Com.
C. C. Kerr & Co.
2 Rector Street, New York
'Phones Whitehall 8840-52

Central
Mercantile Bank
HOIT, ROSE & TROSTER
2 Rector Street Whitehall 1620

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FINANCIAL NOTICES.

THE LAKE TORPEDO BOAT COMPANY.
Reduction of Capital Stock.

Bridgeport, Conn., June 9, 1924.

In accordance with the resolution adopted by the stockholders at the last annual meeting, the directors have this day voted a fifty per cent. (50%) reduction of the capital of the first preferred stock of the Company, payable on presentation of certificates after June 20, 1924.

In order to secure payment for said reduction stockholders are directed to forward their certificates via registered letter to G. E. Adams, Treasurer, P. O. Box 157, Bridgeport, Conn., who will make proper endorsement thereon and return to the stockholders with checks covering $5.00 for each share.

Notice is hereby given that after June 20th, 1924, no dividends will accrue on the first preferred stock except on a basis of $2.50 per share.

G. E. ADAMS, Treasurer.

RUSSIA BUYS HERE $35,000,000 COTTON

Purchases Since Jan. 1 Made on Credits Supplied by Chase National Bank.

SYNDICATE ARRANGED DEAL

Five More Ships Chartered to Carry 50,700 Bales Contracted For, Official Says.

Although her Government has yet to be recognized by the United States, Soviet Russia's purchases of one American commodity alone have amounted to between $35,000,000 and $40,000,000 since the first of the year, and these on credits supplied by a single American bank.

The commodity is cotton and the bank which has been supplying the credits, without, as had been supposed, the cooperation of other banks, is the Chase National of New York.

These facts were revealed yesterday by Alex Gumberg, Vice President and Treasurer of the All Russian Textile Syndicate, Inc., which handles exclusively Russia's entire purchases of cotton in this country, and which also arranged the credits.

According to Mr. Gumberg, payment for the cotton purchased thus far this year has already been made to the extent of more than $20,000,000, the syndicate meeting all these obligations in American dollars. To date more than 200,000 bales have been bought in the American markets and the larger part of this total has been delivered at Murmansk, the Russian port on the Arctic Circle, by Russian ships. From there the staple is shipped by rail to the Russian textile mills for conversion into manufactured products both for the use of Russians and countries trading with her.

Large Cotton Shipments.

The latest shipment, and the largest of all made on behalf of the All-Russian syndicate since it established an organization in this country last December for the purchase of cotton, consists of 19,903 bales, which cleared from New Orleans yesterday, on the steamer Kourax. Other cargoes and the date of sailing were: 6,044 bales, from New Orleans, Feb. 8; 4,000 bales, New Orleans, March 15; 8,475 bales, New Orleans, March 29; 6,956 bales, New Orleans, April 15; 8,400 bales, Savannah, April 22; 8,896 bales, New Orleans, April 24; 5,823 bales, New Orleans and Norfolk, May 1 and 5, respectively; 9,000 bales, Savannah, May 21, and 8,195 bales shipped from Savannah on June 5. Five more ships have been chartered to carry 50,700 bales contracted for.

Mr. Gumberg said that his office within the last few days had been directed from headquarters of the syndicate at Moscow to make inquiries for textile machinery in this country as well as a trial order of dyes. Hitherto Russia has not been in the market, in the organized sense at least, for these American products.

The purchases of cotton, he said, would continue indefinitely unless Russia's buying power should be impaired by such eventualities as poor crops, and as long as the American market provided favorable prices at which the staple could be bought in present quantities. The total of these purchases, with the year less than half over, already equals the total which the syndicate was credited with intending to buy several months ago for the entire year. At the rate purchases are now being made that year, exceed $100,000,000 by the end of the year 1924, Mr. Gumberg said. Already more American cotton has been bought by the syndicate in the United States than Russia has bought in this country in any year since 1917, a year of the revolution. Mr. Gumberg expressed the belief that the total delivered and contracted for (over 300,000 bales) would even exceed Russia's purchases since 1917 and up to the present year.

Getting on Their Feet.

Asked if the purchases were not significant in view of the reported low buying power of the Russian people since the revolution, Mr. Gumberg replied that they demonstrated that the Russians were rapidly getting back upon their feet economically.

"Conditions are pretty near normal, more nearly so than at any time since the World War," he said. "The grain crops in Russia this year we hope will complete the transition back to a state of normalcy. The peasants are able already to resume the buying of the comforts of life, and there was a comparatively negligible carryover of grain from previous crops which should assure the farmers of Russia good prices for their produce."

The syndicate, it is stated, has 7,200,000 spindles, most of which are in active operation, as compared with a total of about 36,000,000 in the United States for all companies.

The syndicate is planning to extend its lines on a larger scale to China since the signing three weeks ago of the Russo-Chinese treaty, under which the Soviet Government has been recognized, Mr. Gumberg said, adding that the syndicate is now receiving considerable orders from Persia for cotton goods manufactured in Russian mills from American cotton.

CREDIT PLAN FOR WORKERS.

Association Sees Way to Aid Salaried Persons and Retailers.

The establishment of a credit system for wage earners and small salaried workers, comparable with the banking system which serves the more prosperous, is advocated by the American Industrial Lenders' Association in its current bulletin.

The association estimates that the annual shopping bill of the United States aggregates $35,000,000,000, or equal to half the national income, and that the greater part of it is paid by wage earners. Whatever financing they get over and above their incomes, the association says, is done by industrial lenders.

Proposed Texas & Pacific Issue.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—The Texas & Pacific Railway applied today to the Interstate Commerce Commission for permission to issue $4,400,000 of 6 per cent. notes to be delivered to the Director General of Railroads in connection with additions and betterments made during federal control. Permission was asked to pledge $5,500,000 of general and refunding mortgage bonds as security for the notes.

F. W. Woolworth Co. Elects.

Hubert T. Parsons was re-elected President and C. S. Woolworth Chairman of directors of the F. W. Woolworth Company at an organization meeting of the directors yesterday. All members of the Executive Committee also were re-elected.

Cut Gasoline Price in Denver.

The Mutual Oil Corporation and the Continental Oil Corporation, controlled by the same management, yesterday reduced the price of gasoline in Denver 2 cents a gallon to 21 cents.

New York Savings Bank Dividend.

The Board of Trustees of the New York Savings Bank yesterday declared a dividend for the three months ending July 1, 1924, at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.

CORPORATE MEETINGS TODAY

For Dividend Action.

American La France Fire Engine Co., preferred and common stocks, annual meet.

FOREIGN STOCK MARKETS.

London and Paris Quiet—Heavy Decline in Sterling at Paris.

LONDON, June 11.—Trading was quiet on the Stock Exchange today. Old 2½ per cent. consols 57⅝, British 5 per cent. war loan 100⅛, both unchanged; 4½ per cent. war loan ⅛ higher, at 97⅝.

Rand Mines 3⅛, De Beers Mining 12⅛, both unchanged.

PARIS, June 11.—Prices were heavy on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes rose 15 centimes, to 53 francs 95 centimes; 5 per cent. war loan unchanged at 67 francs 45 centimes.

Exchange on London declined 4 francs 70 centimes, to 81 francs 10 centimes per sovereign; the American dollar was quoted at 18 francs 84 centimes, against 18.87½.

ROYAL DUTCH STOCK PLAN.

"New York Shares" May Subscribe to a New Issue.

Holders of outstanding shares of the Royal Dutch Company have been offered the right to subscribe at par, plus stamp tax in Holland, to one share of new ordinary stock for each four shares of such stock held, according to a cable received by the Equitable Trust Company. The new stock will be entitled to dividends beginning with the final dividend for the fiscal year of 1924, payable in 1925.

In discussing the method of handling the rights of the "New York shares" to subscribe the Equitable says:

"In view of the fact that subscription applications must be filed in Holland between June 11 and June 30, 1924, and in order to protect the rights of holders of 'New York shares,' we have taken steps to file application to subscribe to the new stock to which all of the stock deposited with us under Agreement of Sept. 10, 1915, governing the 'New York shares,' is entitled.

"Transferable warrants will be issued to the holders of 'New York shares' of record, June 30, 1924, as soon thereafter as practicable entitling them to subscribe to new 'New York shares' at the rate of one share for each four 'New York shares' held on the record date.

"In order to exercise the subscription right the holder of the warrant must surrender on or before July 31, 1924, his warrant duly endorsed, and make payment at the rate of $15 for each 'New York share' subscribed for at the office of The Equitable Trust Company of New York, 37 Wall Street, New York City."

RAIL MERGER HEARING.

Commerce Commission's Action on N. O., T. & M. Purchase a Surprise.

Bankers and railroad officials interested in the sale of the International-Great Northern to the New Orleans, Texas & Mexico were surprised at the news from unofficial sources of another hearing on the consolidation. They had expected that the decision of the Interstate Commerce Commission on the project would be made before the close of business tomorrow when the option on the shares of the International-Great Northern expires.

Last night those in close touch with the situation maintained that they did not believe the commission would hold up the deal by delaying the decision. Under the contract it is possible for either the New Orleans, Texas & Mexico or the voting trustees of the International-Great Northern to withdraw from the option. It was pointed out by one familiar with the entire transaction that the voting trust might even demand an additional $10 a share for their stock since they had learned the strategic part their railroad would play in the consolidated Missouri Pacific system.

TO MAKE INSURANCE REBATE

Companies Grant Year's Premium to Japanese Quake Sufferers.

Following the announcement that the British fire insurance companies doing business in Japan had agreed to refund a year's premium rates to policyholders who suffered from the earthquake of last September, it was stated here yesterday that the American companies would make similar concessions.

Howard P. Moore, Secretary of the American association, made the following statement yesterday:

"It is our understanding that all the foreign companies have unanimously decided to decline to make any so-called ex-gratia payments whatever as the wording of the policies excluding the risk of earthquake and fire following was submitted to, as provided by law and approved by the Japanese authorities, and as no premiums were accepted for these hazards. On account, however, of the general situation, the companies will return current premiums, not exceeding twelve months, under all policies covering property affected by the disaster; this return to be made against cancellation of the policies as of date of issue, and full discharge of all claims."

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

Following securities were sold at the auction salesrooms of Adrian H. Muller & Sons, auctioneers, yesterday:

FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

400 shares "Estate of N. Low," $2,625.00.
6 shares Phoenix Credit & Discount Co., Inc., 8 per cent. Cum. preferred and 3 shares common, $180 lot; 12 shares Phoenix Credit & Discount Co., Inc., 8 per cent. Cum., preferred and 6 shares common, $105 lot.
2 shares Phoenix Credit & Discount Co., Inc., 8 per cent. Cum. preferred and 1 share common, $35 lot.
$2,500 Russian rubles, $35 lot.
30 shares J. L. Mott Co. common, $20 per share.
80 shares Saguenay Pulp & Power Co. common, $14 lot; 24 shares Saguenay Pub. & Power Co. preferred, $20 lot.
500 shares Hydraulic Steel Co. common, 85c per share.

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Pay-able.	Holders of Record
Air Reduction	$1	Q July	15 June 20
Am G & E	35c	Q July	1 June 17
Do	1-60 Stock	July	1 June 10
Do pf	1¼	Q July	1 June 17
Am Milling		Q July	1 June 20
Am Pub Util pr pf	$1.75	Q July	1 June 20
Do wts pf	$1.50	Q July	1 June 20
Do partic pf	$1.50	Q July	1 June 20
Canada Bread		Q July	1 June 16
Canada Southern	1¼	SA Aug.	1 June 27
Cin Northern	2½	SA Aug.	1 June 27
C G C & St L, com	1¼	Q July	1 June 27
& pf	1¼	Q July	19 June 27
Cons Power pf	1¼	Q July	1 June 16
Do pf wts	1¼	Q July	1 June 16
Continental Can	$1	Q July	15 June 30
Detroit Tunnel	$	SA July	15 July 1
Devoe & Ray	$1.25	Q July	1 June 20
Do	25c	mo July	1 June 20
Do 1st & 2d pf	1¾	Q July	1 June 20
Dicto Prod Co pf	1¾	Q July	15 June 30
East Rolling Mills	$1	Q July	1 June 20
Elec pf	1¾	Q July	1 June 20
Gen Am Tank Car	$1.50	SA July	1 June 20
Do pf	$1.75	Q July	1 June 20
Hydrol Co	35c	Q June	25 June 30
Ill Can L Liner	$2	SA July	1 June 21
Ind Motorcycle pf	1¾	Q July	1 June 21
Int Petrol	25c	Q June	20 June 30
J. R. Thompson	25c	M July	1 July 15
Do	25c	M Aug.	1 Aug. 15
Do	25c	M Sept.	1 Aug. 30
Do pf	$1.75	Q July	1 June 21
Lawyers T. & T.		Q July	1 June 21
Do		Q Oct.	1 Sept. 20
Macy (R H) Co pf	1¾	Q Aug.	1 July 15
Major Car	25c		June 20 June 30
Do pf	$1.75	Q June	30 June 30
Mich Central	$10	SA Aug.	1 June 30
Mohawk Valley	$2	Q July	1 June 30
Nat Biscuit	75c	Q Oct.	15 Sept. 30
Do pf	$1.75	Q Aug.	31 Aug. 15
N Y Central	1¼	Q Aug.	1 June 30
N Y Steam pf	1¾	Q July	1 June 16
Northern Pac	1¼	Q Aug.	1 June 30
Pitts & L E	$2.50	SA Aug.	1 July 15
P C C & St L	$2	Q July	1 June 14
Salt Creek Cons Oil	15c	Q July	1 June 30
Sherwin Williams	1¾	Q July	1 June 30
Do pf	1¾	Q July	1 June 30
Stand Gas & El	75c	Q July	15 June 30
Do pf	1¾	Q July	15 June 30
Un Shoe Mach	$2	Q July	1 June 16
Do pf	$1.50	Q July	1 June 16
Utah P & L pf	1¾	Q July	1 June 12
Union B & P	1¾	Q July	15 July 1
Un L & P A & B	50c	Q Aug.	1 July 15
Do pf	1¾	Q Aug.	1 July 15
Do B Class A	1¾	Q Aug.	1 July 15
Do B Class B	1¾	Q Aug.	1 July 15
West Coast Oil	50c	M July	1 June 30

NEW SECURITIES ON TRADING LIST

Additional Stock of United Cigar and Schulte Admitted to Stock Exchange.

MORE BONDS ANNOUNCED

Mexican, Austrian, Western Electric and Railroad Issues Acted On by Board.

The Board of Governors of the New York Stock Exchange at a meeting yesterday admitted the following securities to the trading list:

United Cigar Stores Company of America, $410,900 additional common stock, making a total of $32,277,000 listed.

Schulte Retail Stores Corporation, $600,000 additional 8 per cent. cumulative preferred stock, making a total of $5,000,000 listed.

Niagara, Lockport & Ontario Power Company, $3,000,000 additional 7 per cent. cumulative preferred stock, making a total of $5,000,000 listed.

Pan-American Petroleum and Transport Company, $2,799,250 Class B common stock, making a total of $63,928,650 listed.

The following bonds also were admitted to the trading list:

El Paso & Southwestern Railroad Company, $9,866,000 first and refunding mortgage fifty year 5 per cent. gold bonds, due April 1, 1965.

West Penn Power Company, $7,500,000 first mortgage 5½ per cent. gold bonds, Series F, due Oct. 1, 1953.

Port Arthur Canal and Dock Company, $2,000,000 first mortgage 6 per cent gold bonds, Series A, due Feb. 1, 1953 (guaranteed).

Western Electric Company, Inc., $35,000,000 twenty-five-year 5 per cent. debenture bonds, due April 1, 1944.

Republic of Mexico, £9,167,820 4 per cent. external gold loan of 1910 (stamped assented).

Republic of Mexico, £5,639,000 6 per cent. ten-year Treasury notes of 1913, Series A, extended to Jan. 1, 1933 (stamped assented).

Austrian Government, $25,000,000 guaranteed loan 1923-43 7 per cent. sinking fund gold coupon bonds, due June 1, 1943.

The Committee on Securities authorized the following substitutions on the trading list:

Brooklyn Manhattan Transit Corporation permanent engraved voting trust certificates for preferred stock, Series A, without nominal or par value, and permanent engraved voting trust certificates for common stock without nominal or par value, in lieu of temporary certificates; Commercial Investment Trust Corporation permanent engraved certificates for 7 per cent. cumulative preferred stock and permanent engraved certificates for common stock without nominal or par value, in lieu of temporary certificates.

Cotton Men Wish Extra Holiday.

Members of the New York Cotton Exchange have circulated a petition requesting the Board of Managers to close the Exchange on Saturday, July 5, following Independence Day. Another petition requests the board to close the Exchange on all Saturdays from now until the end of August.

NEW YORK CURB EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 11, 1924.

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
470 Adirondack P&L.	53½	53⅛	53⅛
100 Am Cot Fab cum pf	97	97	97
300 Am G&E new	60	59¾	60
110 Am Lt & T	124½	123	123½
300 Am Tel & T new	121¼	121	121¼
595 Appal Pow pf	85	81	84
700 Borden Co rights, w i	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
4,300 Candy Prods	1⅛	1	1⅛
100 Car Ltg & P	40	40	40
100 Centrif C I	27¼	27¼	27¼
665 Cinwith&Sou	56	53¾	54½
200 Cuba Co	34½	34½	34½
1,000 Doehler D C	19¾	19¾	19¾
2,700 Dubilier Cond	30¾	29½	30¾
500 Du Pont Mot	3¼	3	3¼
400 Durant Mot.	16¾	16¼	16¾
600 East Pa P C	57⅞	57⅛	57⅛
110 Elec Bd& pf	101⅛	101	101⅛
40 Ford Motor of Can	410	410	410
210 Gillette S R	250	250	250
400 Glen A Coal	90	90	90
1,000 G'dyear&R	10¼	10	10¼
200 Grange 10-25c	60	60	60
Stores	60	60	60
200 Hall S S	2½	2	2
1,000 Hazeltine	20¼	19¾	20¼
200 Hav Tob pf	7	7	7
200 Heyden Ch	1¼	1	1¼
200 Hud Coal pf	34	34	34
400 H & M R R	10¼	10	10¼
400 Intercon Rub	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

400 Anglo-Am	15	14⅝	15
30 Buckeye P L	63	63	63
100 Chesebr'gh	85¼	85¼	85¼
30 Eureka P L	90¾	90¾	90¾
60 Galena-Sig	56	56	56
700 Humble	37½	37½	37½
100 ImpOilCan, coupon	100¾	100¾	100¾
3,300 Internat Pet	17¼	17¼	17¼
100 Nat Transit	21¾	21¾	21¾
10 N Y Transit	71	71	71

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

100 Ark Nat Gas	5¾	5¾	5¾
100 Carib Synd	8½	8½	8⅝
220 Cities Serv	134	133	134
$10,000 Do scrip	61	60	61
200 Do bkrs sh	13⅝	13⅜	13⅝
200 Do pf	84	84	84
200 Do pf	73¼	73	73
$9,000 Do C scrip	70	70	70
2,400 Creole Synd	5¾	5	5¾
9,000 Engrs Pet	6c	6c	6c
1,400 Gulf Oil Pa	58½	58	58½
1,500 Lago Pet	3¼	3¼	3¼
10,000 Latin Am	8c	4c	8c
200 Livingston P	1¼	1¼	1¼
1,000 Mtn Prods	15¾	15¼	15¾
100 Mex Eagle	44	44	44
100 New Dom, A	1¼	1¼	1¼
200 Pipestone	6¼	6¼	6¼
20 North Butte	3¾	3¾	3¾
33 Old Dom	17½	17	17
25 Quincy	14¾	14¼	14¾
5 St Marys La	27	26½	26½
100 Sup & Bost	61	61	61
130 U S Smelt pf	38¼	38¼	38¼
75 Utah Apex	2¾	2¾	2¾
100 Winona	20	20	20

Railroads.

4 East'n Mass	20	20	20
2 Do adj	30¼	30¼	30¼
2,015 NY, NH & H	20¾	20	20¾
17 Old Colony	79½	79½	79½

Miscellaneous.

100 Mass Gas	71	71	71
Do pf	94¼	94¼	94¼
10 Mergenthaler	153	153	153
975 Miss R Fow	33¾	33¼	34⅛
100 N E Tel	105	105	105
100 N Y Dock	32	32	32
50 Orpheum	18	18	18
33 Pac Mills	30	28	30
25 Reece But H	15¾	15¾	15¾
Do pf	101	100	100
127 Swift Int	30¾	29¾	29¾
10 Torrington	35	35	35
15 United Drug 1st pf	48	48	48
11 United Fruit	190	189	190
6,022 United Shoe	39¾	38	39¾
250 Ventura	2¾	2¾	2¾
100 Wesson	14¾	14¾	14¾
25 Waltham	27	27	27
150 Warren Bros	35	34¾	35

MINING STOCKS.

2,100 Canario Cop	2¼	2¼	2¼
16,000 Cortez Sil	30c	28c	30c
75 DL&WCoal	97½	94¾	97½
4,000 Diamondfield B B (reor)	11c	11c	11c
4,000 Eagle Gold	20	18½	20
2,000 Eureka C	5c	5c	5c
1,000 Harmill Div	7c	7c	7c
9,500 Hawthorne	40c	41c	41c
100 Iroquois	6¾	6¾	6¾
18,000 Hilltop Nev	4c	4c	4c
2,000 Ind Lead	6c	6c	6c
23,000 Jib Cons	41c	37c	37c
1,000 Kay Copper	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
1,000 Kerr Lake	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
2,000 Nev Ophir	5c	4c	5c
100 Nipissing	8c	8c	8c

BONDS.

(In $1,000 lots.)

1 Allied Packers 8s, 1939	67⅛	67⅛	67⅛
4 Alum 7s, 1925	107¼	107	107
6 Do 7s, 1925	103⅝	102¾	102¾
44 Am G & E 5s, deb B, 2014	95¼	94¾	94⅞
2 Amoco 6s, '39	103	103	103
2 Ang-A Oil 7½s	103¼	102½	102¼
1 Antilla Sug 8s A 7½s, 1930	96	96	96
10 Ward Baking, Class A	68	68	68
200 Do pf	80¾	80¾	80¾
200 Do Class B	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞
400 White Rock 1st pf, ser A	9	9	9¼
400 YellTaxiNY	18	18	18

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

300 Ohio Oil, n	61¾	61	61¼
700 Prairie Oil&G	213	211	211
155 Prairie P L	103¼	103¼	103¼
10 South Penn	133	133	133
10 South P L	95¼	95¼	95¼
13,000 S O of Ind	58	57	57⅞
500 S O of Kan	40	39¾	40
400 S O of Ky	106¾	106	106¾
1,500 S O of N Y	39	38¾	38¾
30 S O of Ohio	285	285	285
600 Vacuum	61	60¾	61

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

4,000 Mutual Y t c	10¼	10	10
1,000 NewBradf'd	5	5	5
100 R E Fuel	24½	24½	24½
800 New Mex Id	5¾	5¾	5¾
100 OklaNatGas	23	23	23
400 Peer	1¼	1¼	1¼
1,600 Pennok	16	15¾	16
3,100 RoyalCanada sub shares	5¾	5½	5¾
8,500 SaltCrkProd	23½	22¾	22¾
5,000 Sunstar	24c	20c	24c
400 Wilcox O&G	5¾	5¼	5¼
300 Woodly Pet	11¾	11½	11½

MINING STOCKS.

4,700 Ohio Copper	86c	87c	86c
200 Plym'thLead	65c	64c	64c
500 PremierGold	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
4,000 Red War	35c	34c	34c
1,000 RockyMtnEm & Ref	1½	1½	1½
700 Do pf	4¾	4¾	4¾
1,000 SpearsGold	4c	4c	4c
1,400 Tonopah Ext	2¾	2¾	2¾
900 Un Eastern	86c	85c	85c
400 UnVerdeExt	23½	23	23½
1,000 U S Smelt	15c	15c	15c
500 Unity Gold	1	1	1
200 Wenden Cop	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
1,000 West U Cop	80c	80c	80c

BONDS.

(In $1,000 lots.)

5 Bush Sti 7s, '35	103¾	103¼	103½
2 Can Nat Ry 7s, 1935	100¾	100¼	100¼
27 Childs 6s, 1929	102	102	102
32 Con G of Balt 7s, '31	107⅛	107⅛	107⅛
1 Do 6s, A, '49	104¼	104¼	104¼
1 Con Tust 8s, '41	80¾	80¾	80¾
1 Con P&B 6½s, 1935	92¾	82¼	92¼
8 CubanTelInt lien & ref mtge 8 b 7½s, '41	100¾	100¾	100¾
2 Det City Gas Co 6s, '47	102¾	102¾	102¾
2 Det Int Br 6s, '52	103¼	103¼	104
6 Dunlop Tire&R of Am Ser A 7s, 1942	92	92	92
6 Duquesne Light (Pitts) 5½s, Ser B, '49	101¾	101¾	101¾
7 Fed Sug 6s, '33	99¾	97½	97¾
1 FishBody6s,'25	101	101	101
1 Do 6s, 1926	101¼	101¼	101¾
3 Gair (Robt) 1st mtge 7s, 1937	96	94¾	94¾
1 Gen Pet 6s, '28	93¾	93⅝	93⅝
1 GrandTrunk 5s, '37	107	107	107
23 Gulf Oil of Pa 5s, 1937	97½	97	97
1 HoodRub 7s,'36	101¼	101¼	101¼
14 Do 5½s, '29	99¼	99¼	99¼
570 SchulteRetS	100¾	100¾	100¾
40 Seab Air L	10¼	10¼	10¼
280 Do pf	33¾	33¼	33¾
270 Sears, Roeb	86	84½	86
70 Shat Ariz	3⅛	3	3⅛
400 Shell Un Oil	17¾	17¾	17¾
90 Simmons Co	23½	23¼	23¼
215 Simet Con O	19½	19¼	19⅜
2,050 Pacific	81½	80½	80½
410 So Railway	30	30½	30¾
100 Do pf	73¾	72¾	72¾
9 Spicer Mfg	24	24	24
150 Stand G & E	38	36½	36½
209 S O of N J	34¾	34¾	34¾
30 Stand Fl Cl	35	35	35
1,345 Stew Warn	64½	63	64½
50 Strom Carb	20¾	19¾	19¾
150 Studebaker	34	33½	34
200 Superior Oil	6¼	6¼	6¼
40 Texas Co	39½	39½	39½
200 Texas & Pac	31½	31½	31½
200 T A P C & O	8½	8½	8½
370 Tob Prods	60¾	59	60¾
5 Do A	86¾	86¾	86¾
200 Transcon Oil	4	3¾	4
290 Union Pac	134¾	131¾	134¾
50 United Drug 1st pf	101	101	101
75 United Fruit	190¾	186¾	190¾
40 Un Ry Inv pf	30	30	30
970 USCIP&F	90	88½	89¾
150 USHoffMach	18¼	17⅞	18¼
250 U S Ind Al	67¼	65¾	67¼
110 U S Ind Im	82¾	82¾	82¾
300 U S Rubber	39¾	35½	39¾
140 Do pf	72¾	72¾	72¾
2,610 U S Steel	96¾	95¾	96⅝
50 Utah Cop	68¾	68¾	68¾
80 Utah Secur	30	30	30½
870 Vanadium	21¼	20⅞	21¼
100 Vivaudou	54	54	54
600 Webster	15¾	15¾	15¾
100 De pf A	45¾	45¾	46
250 West Penn	84	84	84
330 West E&M	39¾	39¾	39¾
180 Wh & L E	97	97	97
10 Do pf	91	91	91
200 Wilson & Co	8¾	8¼	8¼
100 Wright Hart	54	54	54
100 Wright Aero	11	11	11
100 WrightyAco	37½	36½	37½
310 Yellow Trac	47¾	47¼	47¾

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
200 Ajax Rubber	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛
220 Allied C & D	72	71¾	72
170 Allis-Chalm	45¾	45¼	45¾
140 Am Sm&R	24¾	24½	24¾
8,720 Am Can

MEANS ASKS STONE TO REMOVE TODD

Writes Attorney General He Cannot Get Fair Trial Under Special Prosecutor.

CITES INQUIRY TESTIMONY

Committee Witness Against Daugherty Declares Federal Attorney Is "Hostile and Vindictive."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—Alleging that Hiram C. Todd, special assistant to the Attorney General, has shown in his testimony before the Daugherty investigation committee a "hostile, biased and vindictive" attitude toward him, Gaston B. Means, the Department of Justice agent who has been one of the chief figures in the Senate inquiry, has asked Attorney General Stone to remove Mr. Todd as prosecutor in the liquor cases to be tried probably next week in New York, in which Means has been indicted.

Mr. Todd testified before the Senate committee that Means, although stating that he was ill when wanted in New York, was actually malingering. Denying that he was pretending illness and stating that he could prove this by reputable physicians, Means asserted in his letter to Attorney General Stone that Mr. Todd misrepresented him in other ways.

"In justice to myself and family, I respectfully call your personal attention to the unjustifiable and extremely hostile attitude toward me by Hiram C. Todd, special assistant to the Attorney General, appointed under the régime of Harry M. Daugherty, to indict and prosecute me in the Southern iDstrict of New York," Mr. Means wrote.

"Mr. Todd's personal hostility has been displayed in the public press, in his testimony before the Brookhart committee in Washington and in the Federal court in New York, to such an extent that I feel justified in asking your intervention and the removal of Mr. Todd from the prosecution of the case against me. Such intervention is the only 'change of venue' that I can hope to obtain from an apparently vindictive prosecutor.

"When placed on trial I should not be prejudiced by the prosecutor nor should I suffer the consequences (always possible) attendant upon a biased and unfriendly attitude of the public mind, purposely and malevolently created by Mr. Todd.

Dr. I. H. Falkin, Dr. William C. Gwynn and Dr. Elmer Sothoron, the last named selected by the Department of Justice, consulted at Means's bedside on March 3, 1924. Dr. Sothoron later submitting a report to Mr. Todd. "that my physical condition was such that I could not stand trial at that time," said the letter, but nevertheless "Mr. Todd made misstatements to the court and to the press which were given wide publicity to the prejudice of my case in the public mind." Means asserted further that Mr. Todd also misrepresented the situation in a letter to Senator Brookhart on March 17 and in testimony before the committee.

"I also call your attention to Mr. Todd's testimony concerning the issuance of a bench warrant for my arrest and the forfeiture of my bond, March 31, in New York, and the vacation of the city, two orders the next day, with particular reference to his misstatement of facts as drawn from this by Senator Wheeler's examination," the letter continued.

Means cites statements made by Senator Wheeler of Mr. Todd's "vindictiveness," "the exposure" by Senators Ashurst and Wheeler; of Mr. Todd's "attempt to obtain Judge Killits from an Ohio circuit to try my case" in New York; a statement wherein Senator Ashurst accused Mr. Todd of such "bitter malice" toward Means that "it does not quite comport with the prosecutor bearing such malice to select the Judge to try that case," and a statement by Chairman Brookhart that Mr. Todd's attitude "seems to be one of hatred toward Means in all this transaction. If that is true, you ought to be removed immediately as a Special United States Attorney. You are unfit for the job."

"Therefore, Mr. Attorney General, I respectfully request that you give consideration to the removal of Mr. Todd from the prosecution of my case, on the grounds I here enumerate," the letter ended.

At the Department of Justice it was said that the communication had been forwarded to Attorney General Stone, who is in Cleveland at the Republican National Convention.

Pan-American Oil Outing Today.

The fourth annual outing of employes of the Pan-American Petroleum and Transport Company and its affiliated companies will be held today at the Crescent Athletic Club, Bay Ridge. The company's offices will close at noon and the tug Mexpet will leave the Battery at 12:20 P. M. Luncheon will be served on board. A feature of the outing will be a baseball game between married and single men. A dinner will be served at 6:30 P. M., which will be attended by Mr. and Mrs. Edward L. Doheny. Dancing will follow and the Mexpet will leave the club grounds at 10:30 P. M. for the Battery.

Auto Business Still Slack.

There is little likelihood that the automobile industry will reach production figures in June equal to those of any previous month this year, according to the Automotive Industries' weekly review. It points out, however, that the industry as a whole is operating on a conservative schedule. "There may be a stepping up in July or August," it says, "but this will depend entirely upon whether the buying movement proves such as to warrant it and whether business conditions in general show improvement."

Continental Gas and Electric Gains.

Net revenue of the Continental Gas and Electric Corporation for the year ended March 31, including the earnings of the Kansas City Power and Light Company which was purchased by the Continental, was $5,527,862, as against $4,904,937 in the preceding year, an increase of 12.7 per cent. Gross totaled $12,654,894, against $11,618,108 the year before.

American Electric Power Sale.

More than 75 per cent. of the common shares of the American Electric Power Company have been deposited with the depositary, it was reported yesterday, in connection with the sale of the property to the American Gas and Electric and Appalachian Power Companies. This assures the carrying out of the sale.

Hearing on Railroad Merger.

Before final action is taken on the Missouri Pacific application to acquire control of the New Orleans, Texas & Mexico opportunity will be given to the State of Texas to appear at a hearing, it was reported in the financial district yesterday. The date of the hearing will be announced later.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Alfred L. Loomis, Vice President of Henrici & Co., Inc., sailed on the Paris yesterday for a two months' trip in Europe.

The American Trust Company has been appointed corporate trustee of the $2,000,000 7 per cent. first mortgage bonds of the Natural Gas Producing Company of Louisiana.

McDonnell & Co. have prepared for distribution to investors an explanatory digest of the new Federal Income Tax law.

Dominick & Dominick have issued a booklet on the Federal Tax law of 1924 with tables showing how to figure income taxes and exemptions.

CASSEL URGES RETURN TO GOLD STANDARD

Would Have Britain and America Cooperate to Restore and Stabilize It.

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LONDON, June 11.—In a paper read tonight before the Institute of Bankers, Professor Gustaf Cassel made a plea for a return to the gold standard.

Professor Cassel said there was at present a superabundance of gold which particularly made itself felt in the United States. The surplus of gold in America was, however, not at all so overwhelmingly large as some people imagined, and it did not make it impossible for America to resist fresh inflation.

On the other side, Great Britain had to face for the future a growing scarcity of gold. It might be wise to spare something of the present abundance to meet this coming scarcity. That, said Professor Cassel, was just what the United States was doing when letting its gold reserves grow without thereby being driven to a corresponding enhancement of prices.

The present stability of the dollar, he argued, made a return to the gold standard quite possible. He added that such return would involve no serious risk but would be of great benefit to the world's trade and therefore particularly for England. He urged the desirability of cooperation between England and America for the purpose of restoring the gold standard at the earliest possible date and of making it as stable and reliable as possible.

SAYS BANKS HERE MADE LOAN ON GERMAN SUGAR

Magdeburg Reports That the Credits Aggregate Several Million Dollars.

MAGDEBURG, Germany, June 11.—Five American banks are reported to have advanced credits aggregating several million dollars to German producers of sugar to finance Germany's export sugar production during the 1924-1925 period.

The agreement stipulates that the maximum credit available is ten gold marks per hundredweight of the sugar which the Federal Ministry of Economy will permit to be exported.

American bankers have been considering a loan to the German beet sugar producers, according to reports that have been current in the financial district for some time. One report yesterday was to the effect that the syndicate of American bankers interested in the loan was headed by the Equitable Life Insurance Company. Alvin W. Krech, Chairman of the Board of Directors of that institution, said last night, however, that there was not a word of truth in the report. He said that if the Equitable Trust Company were interested in such an undertaking he would certainly be informed of it.

AGREE IN TAXI DISPUTE.

Police to Grant Drivers Stands on Broadway and Fifth Av. Corners.

Assemblyman Julius H. Berg, President of the Taxicab Board of Trade, announced yesterday that, as a result of a conference with Special Deputy Police Commissioner John A. Harriss, one-cab back stands at corners of crosstown streets, as suggested by the board, would be sanctioned by the police if the consent of corner property owners should be obtained.

"I think that will go a long way toward relieving the difficult situation brought about by the closing of Broadway and Fifth Avenue to unoccupied taxicabs," Mr. Berg said. "At present taxicabs have to keep rolling. Not only is that expensive, because it requires gas and oil and there is incidental wear and tear to the cab, but as they cannot go on the avenues, except with fares, they drive on the side streets and increase congestion where traffic relief is most needed.

"Corner back stands will mean that any one who wants a taxicab will know just where to get one."

The order to show cause on the application for an injunction brought by the Empire State Taxicab Board of Trade against Police Commissioner Enright is returnable this morning before Supreme Court Justice John M. Tierney.

Argentina Pays Up League Dues.

GENEVA, June 11.—The League of Nations has received from the Argentine Government 2,335,000 Swiss francs in payment of that country's membership dues for five years ending 1923. This has caused much satisfaction, chiefly because it is interpreted as a revived interest in Argentina in the League. It is hoped in council circles that the Buenos Aires Government will send a delegation to the September Assembly.

Insurance for 3,500 Employes.

Additional group life insurance for $4,000,000 has been acquired by the 3,500 employes of the Kansas City Southern Railroad, through an arrangement made with the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, J. A. Edson, President of the road, announced yesterday. The new policy, like the first, is on a contributory basis, employer and employe sharing in the payment of premiums.

Output of Tire Casings Still Falls.

A decline for the third consecutive month in production of tire casings is shown in April reports from members of the Rubber Association, representing about 80 per cent. of the industry. The output was 3,807,478, against 3,427,602 in March. In April, 1923, output was 3,899,326. April shipments were 3,013,-344, against 2,990,872 in March. A year ago they totaled 3,079,743.

Safety Car Heating Company Elects

Directors of the Safety Car Heating and Lighting Company have elected the following officers: W. L. Conwell, President; J. A. Dixon, Vice President; Randolph Parmly, Vice President; James P. Soper, Vice President; C. W. Walton, Secretary and Treasurer, and William Stewart, Assistant Secretary and Treasurer.

Install Pulverized Fuel Equipment.

The International Combustion Engineering Corporation has been informed that Vickers and International Combustion, Ltd., of London has received an order for pulverized fuel equipment and accessories for a large municipal plant in Birmingham, England. This is the first large installation of its kind in England.

Czechoslovakia to Cut Duties.

The Czechoslovak Consulate issued a statement yesterday quoting the Prague newspapers as saying that the Government proposes to reduce the import duties on textile machines of types not manufactured in Czechoslovakia.

Feeder Dam Electric Plant.

The new 10,000-horsepower electric plant at Feeder Dam, N. Y., in which the International Paper Company has a one-third interest, will go into operation next Tuesday, E. T. Dodge will turn on the switch to start the first

STEEL INDUSTRY CONTINUES DECLINE

Moderate Activity in Pig Iron Market at the Expense of Prices, Reviews Say.

OPERATIONS BELOW 50%

No Change for Week in Number of Active Blast Furnaces in Pittsburgh District.

Conditions in the iron and steel industry continue mixed. In the last week there has been a slightly increased rate of decline in steel consumption with only a little further falling off in activity at the mills. Some increase in the buying of finished steel is reported in spots, due chiefly to the fact that consumers stocks are running low. Moderate activity is reported in the pig iron market, but generally at the further expense of prices.

"The fact that the week brought no change in the number of active blast furnaces in the Pittsburgh and nearby districts, and the loss of but one furnace in the Chicago district is considered significant, after the unprecedented curtailment of May," says the Iron Age in its weekly review. "More emphasis is put upon the tendency of prices to hold to the levels of recent weeks. As operations have dropped below a 50 per cent. rate, costs have risen materially and at the same time buyers are not pressing hard for concessions on their small-lot purchases. But any order out of the ordinary discloses real flexibility.

"That the policy of the larger producers is still that of meeting competition in major products when definitely developed appears in the reduction of steel bars, plates and shapes at Chicago by $1 to $2 a ton. Following the heavier buying of last week, especially by a radiator company, activity has continued in some centres, particularly at Chicago, where 100,000 tons is pending."

The Iron Trade Review says:

"How totally new buying has been choked off until it has assumed abnormal proportions is shown by the unfilled orders for the Steel Corporation in May. At the end of May unshipped business was the lowest since November, 1914, and 12 per cent. under the low point of the depression of 1921. Only twice since 1912 have unfilled bookings been so small.

"A further measure of the drop in April and May operations is the production of steel ingots in the month. On the average daily basis, May showed a loss of 24.1 per cent., which, with a 23.6 per cent. decline in April, means a shrinkage in sixty days of approximately 39 per cent. from the recent high point."

The American Metal Market says in part:

"Steel production has decreased only slightly since the first of this month, after large decreases in April and May. Assuming capacity at 54,000,000 tons, the present ingot production is at about 45 per cent."

SURPLUS OF CUCUMBERS.

Pennsylvania Puts Embargo on Shipments From South.

To protect the railroad from loss the Pennsylvania Company has put an embargo on all shipments of cucumbers from the South to New York City unless the freight charges are guaranteed. This action, it was said, would block food speculators who have been gambling on the produce sent up by Southern farmers and the transportation furnished by the railroad.

As the result of this practice it was reported that more than twenty carloads of cucumbers consigned to New York were dumped in New Jersey because of a glutted market. Whether embargoes will be placed on other products will depend, one railroad executive said yesterday, upon the attempts that are made by the speculators to continue the same practices.

VANADIUM A USEFUL METAL.

It Is Used Chiefly in Steel Requiring Toughness, Says Bulletin.

Vanadium is one of the most useful of the rare metals, states J. E. Conley in a bulletin recently issued by the Department of the Interior through the Bureau of Mines. Vanadium is used chiefly in steel for purposes requiring great toughness and torsional strength, such as automobile parts, gears, piston rods, tubes, boiler plates, transmission shafts, bolts, gun barrels, gun shields and forgings that have to withstand heavy wear and tear.

The chief deposits of vanadium, the bulletin points out, are at Minasragra, Peru, twenty miles from Cerro de Pasco. The main ore body is a len-shaped mass about 30 feet wide by 300 to 400 feet long; it contains several minerals, that constituting the larger part of the deposit being called "quisaquite." This mineral is a black carbonaceous substance containing sulphur, but no vanadium. The vanadium lies mostly at the southern end of the ore body, and to a depth of twenty feet is present as red calcium vanadate; this vanadate is brighter than that in Colorado and Utah, and it may carry as much as 50 per cent. vanadium oxide.

In the United States the largest deposits are in San Miguel County, Southwestern Colorado. The mineral at that place is roscoelite, which is a vanadium mica. The vanadium mineral, which is light to dull green and fine grained, is found in a sandstone that occasionally carries splotches of carnotite, but the amount of uranium present is extremely small. The average ore mined has a content of from 1 to 2 per cent. vanadium oxide.

In Eagle County, seven miles southeast of the town of Eagle, Col., a silver ore has been found carrying vanadium, but it is more or less local in character. Zinc descloizite has been found in limited quantities in several localities. Mottramite and descloizite exists in reasonable quantities in the Shattuck Mine at Bisbee, Ariz. Vanadanite, or lead vanadate, occurs in several places in the West, particularly in Arizona, New Mexico, Nevada and California.

The principal use of carnotite during the last few years has been in the production of radium. Ordinary carnotite ores carry from 8 to 9 per cent. vanadium oxide, and this vanadium in the ore is recovered during extraction of radium. Some ores high in vanadium but low in uranium and radium have been treated primarily for vanadium, but this procedure is not usual. From 200,000 to 300,000 pounds of vanadic oxide is probably produced annually as a by-product in the extraction of radium.

Vanadium is also used occasionally in certain tungsten alloys for making high-speed tool steel, as the introduction of a small proportion of vanadium reduces the proportion of tungsten required to give the alloys the desired hardness. Vanadium differs from tungsten in having less beneficial effect upon only on tool steel, but also on structural steel. It has been shown that vanadium does not form a double carbide with iron, but gradually takes the carbon from the carbide of iron until carbide cannot exist if 5 per cent. of vanadium is present, and only a vanadium carbide containing 13 per cent. of carbon is present; this constituent is constant, at least in tool steels containing 5 to 14 per cent. of vanadium.

Vanadium is used to some extent in making bronzes, in medicines and in dyeing. Methods of analysis that are applicable to vanadium ores and their products, and which have been tested by the Bureau of Mines, are described in Bulletin 212, copies of which may be obtained from the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C.

COTTON PRICES RISE ON LOWER CONDITION

Private Advices Declare Crop Deteriorated 3 Points Since Government Report.

SPOT PRICE UP $2 A BALE

Contracts Firmer in South Than in Local Market—Latest Weather Reports Favorable.

A report from a private agency in Memphis that the crop had deteriorated 3 points, making a lower condition on June 10 than shown in the Washington report last week, influenced the cotton market yesterday. With another sharp rise in wheat, the recent setback of over 2 cents a pound placed cotton in a healthier position and buying occurred on the most active scale in ten days. A better demand for July contracts developed among certain houses, which served to offset liquidation still in progress in that position. Prices gained 24 to 43 points on a larger volume of business than recently.

While the character of weather the first week following May 25 made it extremely probable that midmonthly private estimates would hardly show a decided gain in figures, there has been no tendency to regard deterioration as having occurred for the first fifteen days as a whole. That a private agency should estimate an actual loss in this interval had a decided influence on operations and sentiment.

The Government report on the country's growing crops issued late Monday had again centered attention on the poor start for cotton and yesterday's private view of the situation served to increase the support furnished the market the previous day. While upturns brought out July contracts and cut the premium over October to nearly 2 cents at one time, active covering and new buying developed in late months, bringing a sharp advance both here and in New Orleans. The Southern market displayed greater firmness than New York during the morning, but later in the session demand for contracts became more general and prices rose over half a cent. Commission house, Southern and professional interests absorbed contracts on the largest scale since the Department of Agriculture report on the 3d instant.

While the weekly weather report reflected the most favorable surroundings and progress so far this season, conditions as indicated in State details showed extremely irregular stands over a large area. The condition of the plant was given as still poor in many States, though other regions reported a fair to good showing. Another week of dry day proved more favorable, with seasonable temperatures and less precipitation than shown the previous twenty-four hours. Predictions were for fair weather today in most sections west of the River, with showers indicated in the Eastern belt.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous Day.
July	25.15	25.43	25.00	25.39	27.46
October	25.80	26.14	25.66	26.06-08	28.00
December	25.02	25.38	24.94	25.30-33	24.67
January	24.75	25.13	24.70	25.07	24.65
March	24.68	25.20	24.65	25.14	24.75

The local market for spot cotton was steady; 40 points advance to 29.25c for middling upland; sales none.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston 29.25c, 25 points advance; New Orleans 29.40c, 40 points advance; Norfolk 29.85c, 85 points advance; Augusta 28.75c, 37 points advance; Memphis 29.75c, 25 points advance; Houston 29.15c, 25 points advance; Little Rock 29.00c, 25 points advance.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	844	7,322	6,893
Exports	5,884	6,347	5,161
Exports, season	5,419,589	5,367,023	4,508,319
N. Y. stocks	62,434	65,119	82,961
U. S. stocks	347,319	366,511	355,441
N. Y. arrivals	200	108	725

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton quiet, 3 points decrease, 16.96d for middling. Sales, 4,000; American, 3,000. Imports, 1,000; American, 1,000. Futures opened quiet, 3 to 7 points decrease. Closed steady, 2 to 4 points advance. Prices: July, 16.71d; October, 15.20d; December, 14.81d; January, 14.70d. Manchester: Yarns, cloths, holiday.

WEATHER AIDS SOME CROPS.

Week Best of Season for Cottons—Good for Wheat, Bad for Corn.

The weekly weather report of the Department of Agriculture issued at Washington yesterday says:

"Weather mostly favorable for cotton. The week just closed was probably the most favorable of the season so far for the general growth and cultivation of cotton. Soil moisture was sufficient in nearly all sections and the absence of continued rains, with normal sunshine, favored cultivation, though in a few localities rain interfered and the fields are becoming grassy.

"The following notes indicate the most important information concerning the cotton crop in the several States:

"Texas—Progress of cotton fair to very good, but conditions generally poor; wet soil delayed chopping in some sections; stand and size of plant irregular.

"Oklahoma—Very favorable for cotton growth and condition of cotton generally fair. Crop late, but well cultivated; stand irregular and mostly rather poor. In Arkansas and southern end of the cotton belt, and to a lesser degree in the States continued poor, although the crop is doing better the past week. In Arkansas the stand is uneven, while in Louisiana the condition of the crop is only fair to poor, with some weevil in the northwest section.

"The weather continued cool and moisture was moderate to rather heavy in the northern and central portions of the corn belt, as well as in some Rocky Mountain districts.

"Weather continued unfavorable for planting and growth in the Ohio Valley and Northeastern States, and much planting and replanting remains to be done in these localities. Corn is in very good condition generally in Tennessee, and though small, looks healthy. In Minnesota and Iowa the crop made poor progress (in Iowa the poorest since 1905) and much will have to be replanted. Some lowlands in Missouri are too wet and are getting grassy, but cultivation is progressing in that State.

"In the Winter wheat States weather conditions were mostly favorable, particularly in the southern district. Warm warmth and the generally sufficient moisture favored good developments. The crop is reported good in Oklahoma and Kansas, the weather was favorable in Texas and harvesting is in progress. Further north, the harvest has begun in portions of Southern Oklahoma and wheat is ripening in Southern Kansas.

"In the Spring wheat region cool weather delayed growth somewhat, but the condition of the crop is generally good as to stand and color. In the more Western portions of the Spring wheat area good rains largely relieved the drought from Montana westward and greatly improved the outlook for Spring wheat, although in portions of Oregon drought continues and the outlook remains poor."

Cattle Markets at Chicago.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 11.—Hogs were off 10@20 cents at the close, with a last price of 8.90 cents, equaling the inside figure of the year. It was estimated that 18,000 hogs out of total offerings of 50,000 were unsold at the last. Outside markets were weak and 10@25 cents lower. Shipping demand was slow and offerings were excessive. Native lambs declined 25 cents. Receipts were 13,000, which were in excess of the demand. Idahos sold at $16.50@17.35. Ewes were scarce and sold at unchanged prices. Best steers were 10@20 cents lower, the top $11.40, and long-fed yearlings up to $11. Receipts of 21,000 were liberal although Spring demand was fairly good. Eastern dressed beef markets reported as dull to weak.

WHEAT RISES AGAIN WITH BULLS ACTIVE

Eastern and Western Operators Boost Figures to New High for Late Deliveries.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 11.—Bullish enthusiasm is running high in the wheat market, with many Eastern and Western operators who have been doing little for months, active on the buying side. Profit-taking sales early were readily absorbed, and later a rush of general commission house buying swept prices up sharply to a new high on the crop for the September and December. Profit-taking came toward the last, with a reaction of 1@1¼ cents from the top, but net gains were 2¼@2¾ cents. At the high point prices showed an upturn of 7¼@6⅞ cents from the low of Monday.

Trade has broadened materially, and Tuesday's purchases of 39,000,000 bushels were about 30,000,000 bushels in excess of Monday and the largest for one day since last March.

In a long statement, George E. Marcy, President of the Armour Grain Company, who has been bullish, for some time on the world's situation, figures that the United States has not to exceed 100,000 bushels for export, which, he believes, will be taken by foreign countries almost regardless of the price in the course of normal business.

Shortages in the wheat crop as compared with last year are now apparent in pretty near all the Northern Hemisphere. Out of a crop of 3,300,000,000 bushels the world may have a carry-over of 250,000,000 bushels on July 1, and with the cut in the United States crop of 100,000,000 bushels and the possibility of an equal reduction in Canada, to say nothing of decreases in other countries, makes a situation such as has not been seen in a great many years.

Export demand during the day was slow; foreigners refused to follow the advance and only 250,000 bushels were reported sold at the seaboard.

Primary arrivals today were 433,000 bushels; week ago, 618,000; last year, 453,000. Shipments were 754,000 bushels; week ago, 1,026,000; last year, 588,000.

The corn market gave a poor account of itself and closed 1¼@1¾ cents lower on selling induced by the belief that warm and dry weather is in sight. There were also indications that spreaders who have been long on corn and short on wheat did the reverse during the day, which helped to depress corn. Condition is officially given as 77 in Iowa, which is the lowest since 1903, compared with 86 a year ago and a ten-year average of 93. Reports of low conditions are coming from Ohio, Indiana and Illinois.

July and December oats sold at a new high for the season, but reacting with corn and on profit taking toward the close, finished unchanged to ¼ cent higher.

Elevator interests and the seaboard bought rye on the strength in wheat and the close was ¾ cent higher. Local millers report good export sales of rye flour in the past two days.

Corn receipts were 791,000 bushels; week ago, 548,000; last year, 550,000, and shipments, 515,000 bushels; week ago, 802,000; last year 576,000.

Chicago.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal grains were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Year.
June	$1.10	$1.08	$1.09½	$1.07	....
July	1.11¾	1.08	1.10¾	1.08¾	1.11⅜
Sept.	1.14	1.12¾	1.13¾	1.12¼	1.15⅞
Dec.	1.16	1.12⅞	1.15	1.12⅝	1.15⅞

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Year.
July	.81	.79¾	.80¾	.80¼	.71⅛
Sept.	.80⅝	.79¼	.80¼	.80	.71⅞
Dec.	.74¾	.73⅜	.73⅝	.74¼	.67⅛

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Year.
July	.48	.46⅜	.47⅜	.47⅛	.41⅝
Sept.	.43⅜	.41¾	.42⅝	.42⅜	.37⅜
Dec.	.43	.43¼	.44¼	.43¾	.35⅜

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Year.
July	.74⅜	.70⅜	.73⅝	.70¼	.71⅛
Sept.	.76	.71⅝	.74⅞	.71¾	.72⅜
Dec.	.78¼	.74⅜	.77	.74	.75¼

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, June 11.—Thirty-nine new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $1,216,500, were chartered today. They included:

Republican Club of Adirondacks, Troy, $100,000; S. F. Hull, I. Dole, H. E. Clinton. (Attorney, D. S. Taylor, Troy.)

Borovoy & Daniel, Manhattan, restaurant, $20,000; H. Borovoy, W. Daniel, T. Isaacson. (Attorney, H. I. Stein, 30 Maiden Lane.)

Phillips Realty & Mortgage Co., Manhattan, $10,000; P. & M. Littman. (Attorney, F. Ordover, 41 East 42d St.)

Wakeman Corp., Brooklyn, radio equipment, $10,000; J. and W. Wakeman, H. Rodgers. (Attorney, Merrill, Rogers, Gifford & Woody, 60 Broadway.)

Nirepal Corp., Manhattan, realty, $20,000; D. Helperin, M. Gurlen, P. Pastal. (Attorney, H. J. Harkavy, 299 Broadway.)

Gilermina Construction Co., Brooklyn, $5,000; M. and A. Gilermino, La Costanso. (Attorney, L. Schaer, 16 Court St., Brooklyn).

Modern Cloth Sponging Works, Manhattan, $10,000; B. and L. Krivis, A. Frutkin. (Attorney, L. B. Frutkin, 38 Park Row.)

Rochester Master Body Corp., Rochester, motor bodies, $10,000; H. P. and M. C. Judd. (Attorney, E. C. Redfern, Rochester.)

Evergreen Laundry Co., Queensborough, $10,000; H. Blatz, C. Crenauer, A. Devanne. (Attorney, G. B. Berenbets, 1,612 Broadway.)

Diesel Seals Co., Manhattan, $25,000; F. Birtel, P. E. Albertl, P. Klmenhorst. (Attorneys, Briesson & Schroer, 50 Church St.)

Peerless Development Co., Manhattan, realty, $20,000; E. B. and M. J. Cedar, S. Metzner. (Attorney, S. L. Marcus, 277 Broadway.)

1,080 Fifth Avenue Corp., Manhattan, realty, $100,000; H. R. Hoffnagle, T. C. Buek, A. E. Chambers. (Attorneys, Stewart & Shearer, 45 Wall St.)

Ideal Underwear Co., Manhattan, $10,000; S. Miller, I. Sacks, G. P. Hickey. (Attorney, N. C. Winkler, 80 Wall St.)

Vine Realty Corp., Bronx, $25,000; J. and L. and S. Wolfsie. (Attorneys, Reit & Kaminsky, 305 Broadway.)

Willis Scales Co., Manhattan, household equipment, $25,000; H. E. Willis, A. J. Rappold. (Attorney, J. R. Hickey, 45 Exchange Place.)

Kelly & Glaser Corp., Buffalo, autos, $20,000; H. Kelly, G. D. Glaser Jr. (Attorney, W. A. Johnson, Buffalo.)

Scientific Photo Products Corp. of America, Manhattan, contracting, $30,000; S. and G. M. Kamar, 32 Nassau St. (Attorneys, Brodek & Raphel, 67 Wall St.)

McCombs Holding Corp., Manhattan, realty, $5,000; I. Stalngarts, M. Fisher, J. Gottlieb. (Attorney, E. I. Gottlieb, 185 Madison Av.)

G. L. & R. Seltzer and Soda Co., Manhattan, distilling, $10,000; N. I. Gell, J. Raubvogel, I. Nauls. (Attorney, E. Kuntz, 51 Chambers St.)

R. T. Gress & Co., Richmond, make handkerchiefs, $10,000; R. and S. J. and E. Gress. (Attorney, G. Mayer, 37 William St.)

Dennison Holding Corp., Queens, realty, 9,000 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 1,000 common, no par value; active capital, $300,000; M. F. Thwaite, L. Galler, C. J. Denison. (Attorney, W. H. Wardo, 44 Cedar St.)

Westbury Realty Co., Mt. Vernon, $50,000; G. E. and R. J. Dietrich, F. H. Girard. (Attorney, Attorney Service Co., Albany.)

Island Home Laundry Corp., Hempstead, $100,000; C. H. Gage, C. Keller, E. Hummel. (Attorney, D. E. Lynch, 47 West 34th St.)

Waltham Dress Co., Manhattan, $5,000; S. Mintz, S. Lapidus, B. Blumberg. (Attorney, B. Greller, 299 Broadway.)

Seymour, Inys' toys, Manhattan, $10,000; J. M. Crane, R. Miletta. (Attorney, C. Peck, 45 Broadway.)

Interstate Wholesale Mail Order Corp., Manhattan, $100,000; G. L. & M. S. Raiff, C. Hockelman. (Attorneys, Lewis & Bavaga, 280 Broadway.)

Garitsen, candies, Manhattan, $25,000; M. Gardner, B. Agren, L. Newman. (Attorney, D. Hirsz, 299 Broadway.)

Cropolis Corp., Manhattan, hosiery, 750 shares common stock, no par value; E. M. Weber, T. Perlman. (Attorney, W. D. Bosler, 350 Broadway.)

Rose Air Motor Corp., Manhattan, 640 shares common stock, no par value; S. J. Spiegelbers, A. M. Jacobs, M. Winn. (Attorneys, Wise & Sellesberg, 15 William St.)

Bedford Montgomery Garage Corp., Brooklyn, $10,000; S. Pincus, Passman & Ritter. (Attorneys, Kramer & Kleinfeld, 1,133 Broadway.)

Doris Pharmacal Corp., Brooklyn, $10,000; D. Butler, H. R. Axelrod, A. Maizel. (Attorney, L. H. Robinson, 233 Broadway.)

United States Tile Co., Brooklyn, $5,000; A. Gelfand, Kramer & Kleinfeld, 1,133 Broadway. M. F. Lange, 349 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

Pomfret Cooperative Fruit Packing Co., Fredonia, $10,000; G. Dorman, F. G. Spoden, F. J. Tiller. (Attorneys, State Department of Farms and Markets, Albany.)

Gilmar Hat Co., Manhattan, $5,000; H. Marin, F. and M. Gilbert. (Attorney, M. Kaufman, 521 Stone Av., Brooklyn.)

Bellis Realty Corp., Brooklyn, $5,000; L. Gold, B. Rosenstein, S. Greenberg. (Attorney, C. Leibowitz, 189 Montague St., Brooklyn.)

Marilynn Realty Corp., Manhattan, $20,000; M. and M. Donin, J. Karp. (Attorneys, Barg & Berk, 949 Broadway.)

Kinsel Realty Corp., Bronx, $200,000; A. Selkin, C. Jaffe, L. Greenberg. (Attorneys, Korkus & Korkus, 5 Beekman St.)

Chasam Realty Co., Brooklyn, $5,000; C. and S. Goldenberg, M. A. Kahlan. (Attorneys, B. Zimmerman, 50 Court St., Brooklyn.)

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Connell Rice Co., Manhattan, $25,000 to $100,000.

Grand Rapids Operating Corp., Manhattan, $50,000 to $100,000.

W. S. G. Building Corp., Manhattan, $10,000 to $50,000.

Atlantic Marble Co., Brooklyn, $15,500 to $50,000.

Alamac Knitting Mills, Manhattan, $5,000 to $10,000.

Stella Kendall Store Fixture Co., Manhattan, $25,000 to $50,000.

Libmaur Holding Corp., Manhattan, 2,000 shares preferred stock to 1,750 at $100 each and 2,000 common stock, no par value, to 1,750.

C. G. Meaker Co., Auburn, $300,000 to $600,000.

NAME CHANGES.

Began Goodman & Kamber, Manhattan, to Martin Reese.

Barnett Kennedy Corp., Manhattan, to Automobile Replacement Parts Directory.

Fleer & O'Connor, Brooklyn, to O'Connor & Higgins.

Southern Tier Amusement Co., Bath, to Platt & Marshall Shows.

Suffern Preserving Co., Brooklyn, to Lagher Preserving Corp.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Dansig Construction Co., Manhattan.

Classy Hat-Wear Co., Manhattan.

Triangle Embroidery Co., Manhattan.

1,239 Madison Av. Corp., Manhattan.

Benjamin Fuss Sons, Manhattan.

Hispania Holding Co., Manhattan.

J. M. Brady & Co., Manhattan.

Detroit Realty Corp., Manhattan.

Inactive Securities Corp., Manhattan.

Clean Cutter Sales Co., Rochester.

Standard Slate Products Co., Granville.

Hamilton Theatrical Corp., Millbrook.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., June 11.—Charters filed today:

Metropolitan Bond and Mortgage Co., Dover, $3,000,000. (U. S. Corp. Co.)

Lane, securities, Wilmington, $2,500,000. (Delaware Registration Trust Co.)

Lindeke Warner Realty Co., St. Paul, Minn., $750,000. A. E. Lindeke, A. W. Lindeke, H. F. Warner. (Corp. Trust Co. of America.)

Ardan Dairy Prod. Co., $600,000, Wilmington. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Starport Farm Real Estate, $500,000; Albert F. Palmer, Madison, N. J.; Henry Vogt, East Orange, N. J.; Leslie Reid, West Orange, N. J. (Corporation Guarantee and Trust Co.)

Founders Finance and Discount Corp., Wilmington, $500,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Michel Electric Hand Saw Co., manufacture, Wilmington, $250,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Warranty Realty Co., New York, $300,000. (U. S. Corporation Co.)

Crown Extractor Co., manufacture under letters patent, $500,000; J. A. Sparks, Elk City, Kan.; G. Madeux, Drumright, Okla.; C. A. Miller, Kansas City, Mo. (Corporation Service Co.)

Hughesville De-Tolster Radio and Cabinet Co., Wilmington, manufacture apparatus, $250,000. (Corporation Service Co.)

Judd Publishing Co., Inc., $200,000; John F. Judd, Alfred G. McCourt, New York. (Corporation Title and Guaranty Co.)

Blairmar Finance and Investment Co., Wilmington, housing, $100,000. (Corporation Service Co.)

Colonial Burial Association, Wilmington, $500,000. (Evangeline Bensing Co.)

Ridgton Corp., New York, stocks and bonds, $20,000. (U. S. Corporation Co.)

Mid-West Loan Association, $10,000; W. Dolgin, Rye, and A. Silbert, Chicago. (U. S. Corporation Co.)

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Continental Fibre Co., Newark, Del., $5,000,000 to $6,000,000.

Standard Knitting Mills, Cleveland, to Standard Knitting Mills, Los Angeles.

PROVISIONS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Year. Close.
Lard—					
July	10.27	10.22	10.22	10.45	11.25
Sept.	10.55

MASTER'S SALES.

NEW YORK RAILWAYS COMPANY
NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that pursuant to a final decree made and filed in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York on May 31st, 1924, in a certain cause in equity pending in said Court, entitled "The American Brake Shoe and Foundry Company, Plaintiff, against New York Railways Company, Defendant, in Equity, No. E 16-52," "Central Union Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, Plaintiff, against New York Railways Company, et al., Defendants, in Equity, No. E 16-53," and "Central Union Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, Plaintiff, against New York Railways Company, et al., Defendants, in Equity, No. E 20-303," I, Nathaniel A. Elsberg, duly appointed Special Master in and by said final decree will sell at public auction without valuation, appraisement, redemption or extension to the highest bidder or bidders at the Court House of the County of New York, on the North East steps, facing Chambers Street, of said Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, in the State of New York, on July 7, 1924, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, the property of New York Railways Company (hereinafter sometimes called the Railway Company) and of its Receiver described in Subdivision B of Article III of said decree, except cash investments of cash and securities. A description of said property is as follows (the numbering of the Articles, Lots and Parcels being that of said decree):

LOT ONE.

Property to be sold subject to prior lien of Seventh Avenue Company First Mortgage, dated April 1, 1889, and to the liens in Parcel 2 specified.

PARCEL 1. *Franchises and Railroad.*

All and singular the grant or license, rights and privileges conferred by the Act of the Legislature of the State of New York entitled "An Act to authorize the construction of a railway from Vesey Street through certain streets in the City of New York to the South Ferry," passed May 20, 1874; and also all the franchises, privileges, benefits, rights and interests connected therewith and all the railroad hereinafter described constructed under and in pursuance of the provisions of the said Act, with all its existing fixtures and appurtenances installed along the route hereinafter described, including particularly, but without in any way limiting the foregoing, all the ducts laid in the streets occupied by the street railway described herein and in the following Parcel 2 of this Lot One.

PARCEL 2. *Railroad.*

Commencing at the northerly side of Vesey Street; thence through and upon and along Church Street, with single track, to Fulton Street, thence along Church Street, and Trinity Place with double track to Morris Street; thence through, upon and along Morris Street, with a double track, to Greenwich Street; thence through, upon and along Greenwich Street, with a double track to Battery Place; thence through, upon and along Battery Place, with a double track to State Street; thence through, upon and along State Street with a single track, to Whitehall Street; thence through, upon and along Whitehall Street, with a single track, to the South Ferry; returning through, upon and along Whitehall Street, to Bowling Green; thence through, upon and along the southerly side of Bowling Green, to connect with double tracks in Battery Place, together with the necessary existing connections, crossings, switches, and turnouts for the proper working and accommodation of said railway tracks on the said route.

Subject, however, as to the railroads and other property in Parcels 1 and 2 of Lot One described, to whatever right The Broadway and Seventh Avenue Railroad Company may have by virtue of the agreement dated January 28, 1889, between the South Ferry Railroad Company and The Broadway and Seventh Avenue Railroad Company, to run upon, along and over said tracks, road and route, or any portion thereof, all or so many of its cars as it may select, and subject also to the rights, if any, under the supplement dated March 1, 1895, to the Mortgage dated August 24, 1893, of Columbus & Ninth Avenue Railroad Company.

The lien of the Refunding Mortgage upon Parcels 1 and 2 of this Lot One is subordinate to the lien of the First Mortgage dated April 1, 1889, of South Ferry Railroad Company and the First Consolidated Mortgage, dated December 22, 1893, of The Broadway and Seventh Avenue Railroad Company.

LOT TWO.

Lexington Avenue and Pavonia Ferry Railroad Company Property.

PARCEL 1. *Franchises and Railroad.*

All and singular the grant, license or consent, rights and privileges on Lexington Avenue from 42nd Street to the Harlem River and on 36th Street from Manhattan Avenue to the East River, conferred by the Consent of the Common Council to Houston, West Street and Pavonia Ferry Railroad Company, adopted December 1, 1863, and purchased by Lexington Avenue and Pavonia Ferry Railroad Company on January 6, 1893; for the extension on Manhattan Avenue from 125th Street to 130th Street, conferred by the Consent of the Common Council to Metropolitan Street Railway Company, adopted September 28, 1894; for the extension on Lexington Avenue from 36th Street to 27th Street, conferred by the Consent of the Common Council to Houston, West Street and Pavonia Ferry Railroad Company, under and in pursuance of the Consent adopted September 29, 1892; and for the extension on Lexington Avenue from 26th Street to 42nd Street conferred by the act of the Legislature of the State of New York entitled "An Act to authorize the Avenue C Railroad Company in the City of New York, to extend their railroad tracks through certain streets and avenues in the City of New York" passed February 2, 1871; and also all privileges, rights and franchises thereunto appertaining and all the railroads hereinafter described in the next succeeding paragraph of this Parcel 1 of Lot Two constructed under and in pursuance of the provisions of said Consents and said Acts, including the use, right, title, interest, property, possession, claim and demand therein whatsoever, as well in law as in equity, formerly of Lexington Avenue and Pavonia Ferry Railroad Company, Houston, West Street and Pavonia Ferry Railroad Company and/or Metropolitan Street Railway Company, of, in and to the said franchises, and parcel thereof, with the appurtenances.

The double-track street railway in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Lexington Avenue between the Harlem River and 130th Street, on 125th Street between Morningside Park and the East River; and on Manhattan Avenue between 116th Street and 110th Street; with all the existing fixtures and appurtenances, including particularly, but without in any way limiting the foregoing, all switches and cross-overs thereunto appertaining, and all the ducts laid in the streets occupied by said double-track street railway above described, and all the ducts laid in 20th Street between the Lexington Building and Lexington Avenue. (The tracks, surface and sub-surface structures on Lexington Avenue, from the center line of 32nd Street to the north rail of the westbound track on 34th Street, together with all switches, curves and cross-overs connecting said tracks with the crosstown tracks on 34th Street lying east of the center line of Lexington Avenue, are the property of the New York & Harlem Railroad Company, but the franchise on said avenue between said streets.)

Also all the railroads now existing and constructed upon and along the following route or routes, namely, on Broadway, between 15th Street and Bowling Green; on Church Street from Vesey Street to Morris Street; on Morris Street from Church Street to Greenwich Street; on Greenwich Street from Morris Street to Battery Place; on Battery Place from Greenwich Street to State Street; on State Street from Battery Place to Whitehall Street; on Whitehall Street from South Ferry to Bowling Green; thence along the southerly side of Bowling Green to Battery Place; and all switches and crossovers thereunto appertaining, and all privileges, rights and franchises thereunto appertaining, and all the estate, right, title, interest, property, possession, claim and demand therein, as well in law as in equity, formerly of Lexington Avenue and Pavonia Ferry Railroad Company, Houston, West Street and Pavonia Ferry Railroad Company, Broadway Railway Company, Broadway Surface Railroad Company and/or Metropolitan Street Railway Company, or in and to the same and every part and parcel thereof, with the appurtenances, including particularly, but without in any way limiting the foregoing, all the ducts laid in the railroads occupied by said railroads above described; *subject, however*, as to the railroads and other property in this third paragraph of this Parcel 1 of Lot Two described, to the lien of the First Mortgage of Broadway Surface Railroad Company dated July 1, 1884, the First Mortgage of South Ferry Railroad Company dated April 1, 1889, the First Mortgage of The Broadway and Seventh Avenue Railroad Company, dated June 1, 1893, the Second Mortgage of The Broadway and Seventh Avenue Railroad Company, dated July 1, 1884, and the First Consolidated Mortgage of The Broadway and Seventh Avenue Railroad Company, dated December 22, 1893, and to the terms and conditions of the three agreements between Broadway Surface Railroad Company and The Broadway and Seventh Avenue Railroad Company, dated respectively May 17, 1884, August 1, 1884, and September 9, 1885, and the agreement between South Ferry Railroad Company and The Broadway and Seventh Avenue Railroad Company dated January 28, 1889, and to the lien or rights, if any, under the supplement dated March 1, 1895, to the Mortgage dated August 24, 1893, of Columbus & Ninth Avenue Railroad Company in so far, but only in so far, as said railroads and property may be subject to the liens of said mortgages and to the terms and conditions of said agreements.

PARCEL 2. *Real estate bounded by Park and Lexington Avenues and 99th and 100th Streets.*

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon, situated in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at the northeasterly corner of Fourth Avenue and Ninety-ninth Street, running thence northerly along the westerly line of Fourth Avenue two hundred and one feet ten inches to the southerly line of One Hundredth Street; thence westerly by and along the southerly line of One Hundredth Street, four hundred and five feet, thence southwardly and parallel with Fourth Avenue two hundred and one feet ten inches to the northerly line of Ninety-ninth Street; and thence eastwardly along the northerly line of Ninety-ninth Street, four hundred and five feet to the point or place of beginning.

Being the same premises conveyed by the Metropolitan Traction Company of New York to the Lexington Avenue and Pavonia Ferry Railroad Company, by deed bearing date the 15th day of January, 1894, and recorded in the office of the Register in the City and County of New York in Block Series (Conveyances), Section 4, Liber 22, at page 197 &c.

Together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances belonging to or in any wise appertaining to said lands; including also all the tools, chattels, machinery, motors, engines, equipment and fixtures of every description which at the date of said decree are located upon said premises or generally kept or used in connection therewith or in connection with the substation located on said premises or otherwise.

The lien of the said Mortgage and Supplemental Mortgage upon the property in this Parcel 5 described is subject further to the rights of lessees of certain portions of the premises, under the leases thereof made by the Receiver of New York Railways Company, which leases are set forth in a schedule prepared by the Receiver, and filed or to be filed with the Clerk of said Court.

LOT THREE.

Other New York Railways Company Property.

PARCEL 1. *Broadway Surface Property.*

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, together with the buildings and improvements thereon, lying and being in the Twenty-second Ward of the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, situate on the north side of West Fifty-third Street, between the Tenth and Eleventh Avenues, and known as lot number 763 on a certain map or plan of Hopper's Estate, filed in the Register's Office of the City of New York on the 31st day of December, 1864, as Map No. 680, and being bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the northerly side of Fifty-third Street, distant four hundred and seventy-five (475) feet westwardly from the westerly side of Tenth Avenue, and running thence westwardly along said northerly side of Fifty-third Street, twenty-five (25) feet; thence northerly on a line parallel with Tenth Avenue forty-eight (48) feet, nine inches and three-quarters (9¾) inches; thence southeasterly twenty-five (25) feet or thereabouts to a point in a line distant forty-four (44) feet ten (10) inches northerly from the northerly side of Fifty-third Street, and thence southerly on a line parallel with Tenth Avenue forty-four (44) feet ten (10) inches to the northerly side of Fifty-third Street to the point or place of beginning.

Being the same premises conveyed to the Metropolitan Railway Company by deed dated the 30th day of March, 1893, and recorded in the office of the Register of the City and County of New York on the 31st day of March, 1893, in Block Series (Conveyances), Section 4, Liber 21, page 283.

Also all those certain lots, pieces or parcels of land, together with the buildings and improvements erected thereon, situate, lying and being in the Twenty-second Ward of the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, and bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the northerly side of Fifty-third Street, distant two hundred and seventy-five (275) feet westwardly from the point of intersection of the said northerly side of Fifty-third Street with the westerly side of Tenth Avenue; thence running northerly and parallel with the said westerly side of Tenth Avenue forty-eight (48) feet, nine inches and three-quarters (9¾) inches; thence southeasterly twenty-five (25) feet or thereabouts to a point in a line distant forty-four (44) feet ten (10) inches northerly from the northerly side of Fifty-third Street, and thence southerly on a line parallel with Tenth Avenue forty-four (44) feet ten (10) inches to the northerly side of Fifty-third Street to the point or place of beginning.

Together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances belonging to or in any wise appertaining to said lands; including all fixtures installed solely for use in connection with or as a part of said premises.

Subject, however, to the lien or rights, if any, as finally determined in proceedings now pending, of the Mortgage dated August 24, 1893, of Columbus & Ninth Avenue Railroad Company, and of the supplement thereto, dated March 1, 1895.

Leasehold.

B. All the right, title and interest of the Railway Company under the lease made by the Sixth Avenue Railroad Company to Houston, West Street & Pavonia Ferry Railroad Company, dated February 1, 1892, in and to the premises described as follows:

That certain lot, piece or parcel of ground with the buildings thereon erected, situate, lying and being in the Twelfth Ward of the City of New York and bounded and described as follows: Commencing at the intersection of the northerly side of Forty-fourth Street with the westerly side of Lenox Avenue (formerly Sixth Avenue), running thence northerly parallel with the said westerly side of Lenox Avenue one hundred (100) feet or thereabouts; running thence westerly and parallel with the northerly side of One Hundred and Forty-sixth Street four hundred (400) feet or thereabouts; running thence southerly and parallel with the westerly side of Lenox Avenue one hundred (100) feet to the northerly side of One Hundred and Forty-fifth Street; and thence easterly along the northerly side of One Hundred and Forty-sixth Street four hundred (400) feet or thereabouts to the point or place of beginning, being a portion of the premises heretofore conveyed to the Metropolitan Traction Company of New York by Charles G. Lane and Henry G. Lane, his wife, by deed dated July 1, 1892, and recorded in the Office of the Register of the City and County of New York on the 7th day of July, 1894, in Block Series (Conveyances), Section 7, Liber 22, page 384, and indexed under Block Number 2015, and which premises were conveyed to the aforesaid Street Railway Company by the Metropolitan Traction Company of New York by deed dated on or about June 18, 1897 (July 2, 1897), and recorded in the office of the Register of the City and County of New York, in Liber 2084 of Conveyances, page 411, by the number 905 (nine hundred and five) to 908 (nine hundred and eight) and 939 (nine hundred and thirty-six) to 941 (nine hundred and forty-one), all inclusive; and bounded together as follows, viz.: Southeastwardly in front along Lenox Avenue, southwestwardly by the half distance line between Twenty-third Street and Twenty-fourth Street, northwestwardly by lot numbered 939 (nine hundred and thirty-nine) and northeastwardly by the said Twenty-fourth Street.

Containing together in width along the said Eleventh Avenue and on the northwestwardly side thereof, thirty-eight feet and eight inches, and on the northeastwardly and southwestwardly sides thereof, two hundred and seventy-five (275) feet, the said several measurements more or less, including all fixtures installed therein solely for use in connection therewith or as a part thereof.

Together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances belonging to or in anywise appertaining to said lands; including all fixtures installed solely for use in connection with or as a part of said premises.

PARCEL 3. *146th Street, 147th Street and Lenox Avenue Property.*

A. All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the Twelfth Ward of the City of New York, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the westerly side of Lenox Avenue (formerly Sixth Avenue) at a point distant one hundred (100) feet north of the corner formed by the intersection of the northerly side of One hundred and forty-sixth Street with the westerly side of Lenox Avenue, running thence northerly along the westerly side of said Lenox Avenue to the corner formed by the intersection of the westerly side of Lenox Avenue and the southerly side of One hundred and forty-seventh Street; running thence westerly along the southerly side of One hundred and forty-seventh Street to a point one hundred and one (101) feet more or less eastwardly from the corner formed by the intersection of the southerly side of One hundred and forty-seventh Street and the easterly side of Seventh Avenue, thence southerly and probably parallel with the easterly line of Seventh Avenue one hundred and ninety-nine (199) feet ten (10) inches to the northerly line of One hundred and forty-sixth Street at a point one hundred and one (101) feet more or less easterly from the intersection of the northerly line of One hundred and forty-sixth Street and the easterly line of Seventh Avenue, thence eastwardly along the northerly line of One hundred and forty-sixth Street two hundred and five feet to the point or place of beginning.

Being the same premises conveyed by Andrew Doerrschuck and wife to the Metropolitan Traction Company of New York, by deed dated the 6th day of March, 1893, and recorded on the 8th day of March, 1893, in Block Series (Conveyances), Section 4, Liber 20, page 296.

Together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances belonging or in anywise appertaining to said lands; including also all the tools, chattels, machinery, motors, engines, equipment and fixtures of every description which at the date of said decree are located upon said premises or generally kept or used in connection therewith or in connection with the substation located on said premises or otherwise.

The lien of the said Mortgage and Supplemental Mortgage upon the property in this Parcel 5 described is subject further to the rights of lessees of certain portions of the premises, under the leases thereof made by the Receiver of New York Railways Company, which leases are set forth in a schedule prepared by the Receiver, and filed or to be filed with the Clerk of said Court.

LOT THREE.

Other New York Railways Company Property.

PARCEL 1. *Broadway Surface Property.*

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, together with the buildings and improvements thereon, lying and being in the Twenty-second Ward of the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, situate on the north side of West Fifty-third Street, between the Tenth and Eleventh Avenues, and known as lot number 763 on a certain map or plan of Hopper's Estate, filed in the Register's Office of the City of New York on the 31st day of December, 1864, as Map No. 680, and being bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the northerly side of Fifty-third Street, distant four hundred and seventy-five (475) feet westwardly from the westerly side of Tenth Avenue, and running thence westwardly along said northerly side of Fifty-third Street, twenty-five (25) feet; thence northerly on a line parallel with Tenth Avenue forty-eight (48) feet, nine inches and three-quarters (9¾) inches; thence southeasterly twenty-five (25) feet or thereabouts to a point in a line distant forty-four (44) feet ten (10) inches northerly from the northerly side of Fifty-third Street, and thence southerly on a line parallel with Tenth Avenue forty-four (44) feet ten (10) inches to the northerly side of Fifty-third Street to the point or place of beginning.

Being the same premises conveyed to the Metropolitan Railway Company by deed dated the 30th day of March, 1893, and recorded in the office of the Register of the City and County of New York on the 31st day of March, 1893, in Block Series (Conveyances), Section 4, Liber 21, page 283.

Also all those certain lots, pieces or parcels of land, together with the buildings and improvements erected thereon, situate, lying and being in the Twenty-second Ward of the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, and bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the northerly side of Fifty-third Street, distant two hundred and seventy-five (275) feet westwardly from the point of intersection of the said northerly side of Fifty-third Street with the westerly side of Tenth Avenue; thence running northerly and parallel with the said westerly side of Tenth Avenue forty-eight (48) feet, nine inches and three-quarters (9¾) inches; thence southeasterly twenty-five (25) feet or thereabouts to a point in a line distant forty-four (44) feet ten (10) inches northerly from the northerly side of Fifty-third Street; thence easterly along said line forty-four (44) feet ten (10) inches to the northerly side of Fifty-third Street; thence westerly along said northerly side of Fifty-third Street twenty-five (25) feet to the point or place of beginning.

Together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances belonging to or in any wise appertaining to said lands; including all fixtures installed solely for use in connection with or as a part of said premises.

PARCEL 2. *Ninth Avenue Car Barn Property.*

All of the right, title and interest of the Railway Company in and to all those forty certain lots and parts of lots or gores of land, situate, lying and being in the City of New York, in the Twenty-second Ward of the said City, more together as one parcel, are bounded and described as follows, viz.: Beginning at a point on the easterly side or line of Ninth Avenue, which said point is distant one hundred and sixty-five (165) feet northerly from the northerly line of Fifty-third Street; running thence northerly along said easterly line of Ninth Avenue one hundred and thirty-one (131) feet ten (10) inches, to the southerly line of Fifty-fourth Street; thence easterly along said southerly line of Fifty-fourth Street, two hundred and five (205) feet and to a point distant two hundred and seventy-five (275) feet westerly from the point of intersection of the southerly line of Fifty-fourth Street with the westerly line of Eighth Avenue; thence southerly on a line at right angles with the said southerly line of Fifty-fourth Street one hundred and forty-five (145) feet eleven and three-eighths (11⅜) inches; thence in a northwesterly direction eighty-one (81) feet two (2) inches, to a point distant thirty-one (31) feet two (2) inches north of Fifty-third Street; thence westerly eighty-two (82) feet to a point forty-nine (49) feet north of Fifty-third Street; thence westerly one hundred and twenty-nine (129) feet one (1) inch to a point distant fifty-two (52) feet north of Fifty-third Street; thence westerly one hundred forty-one (141) feet to a point distant fifty-one (51) feet eight (8) inches north of Fifty-third Street; thence westerly sixty-one (61) feet five (5) inches, to a point distant fifty-six (56) feet five (5) inches north of Fifty-third Street; thence westerly thirty-one (31) feet four (4) inches to the easterly line of Ninth Avenue at the point or place of beginning; together with all the buildings and erections now existing thereon, being all the premises conveyed to John D. Crimmins by The Eighth Avenue Railroad Company, a corporation created and existing under the laws of the State of New York, by deed dated July 19, 1892, and recorded in the Office of the Register of the City and County of New York on August 3, 1892, in Liber 1975, page 78, and by said John D. Crimmins conveyed to the Metropolitan Traction Company of New York by deed dated September 29, 1892, and recorded in said Register's Office on September 29, 1892, in Block Series (Conveyances), Section 4, Liber 22, page 384, and indexed under Block Numbers 1044 and 1045; and by said Metropolitan Traction Company to the Metropolitan Street Railway Company by deed dated September 15, 1896, and recorded in the Office of the Register of the City and County of New York, on September 28, 1897, in Block Series (Conveyances), Section 7, Liber 47, page 241, and indexed under Block Number 2015, subject, however, to the liens and rights contained in a certain grant from the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonality of the City of New York to Mary G. Lynch, dated November 7, 1867, and recorded on November 15, 1867, in the Office of the Register of the City and County of New York in Liber 104 of Conveyances, page 1, in so far as the same affects the said described premises; provided, however, that the property in this Parcel 2, B, described, is subject to such right, title and interest therein of The Sixth Avenue Railroad Company and others, as appears by deed dated July 2, 1897, made by the Metropolitan Street Railway Company to the Metropolitan Railroad Company, and recorded in the Office of the Register of the City and County of New York on the 20th day of July, 1897, in Block Series (Conveyances), Section 7, Liber 47, page 231.

Together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances belonging to or in anywise appertaining to said lands; including all fixtures installed solely for use in connection with or as a part of said premises.

PARCEL 4. *Ninth Avenue Car Barn Property.*

All of the right, title and interest of the Railway Company in and to all those forty certain lots and parts of lots or gores of land, situate, lying and being in the City of New York, in the Twenty-second Ward of the said City, more together as one parcel, are bounded and described as follows, viz.: Beginning at a point on the easterly side or line of Ninth Avenue, which said point is distant one hundred and sixty-five (165) feet northerly from the northerly line of Fifty-third Street; running thence northerly along said easterly line of Ninth Avenue one hundred and thirty-one (131) feet ten (10) inches, to the southerly line of Fifty-fourth Street; thence easterly along said southerly line of Fifty-fourth Street, two hundred and five (205) feet and to a point distant two hundred and seventy-five (275) feet westerly from the point of intersection of the southerly line of Fifty-fourth Street with the westerly line of Eighth Avenue; thence southerly on a line at right angles with the said southerly line of Fifty-fourth Street one hundred and forty-five (145) feet eleven and three-eighths (11⅜) inches; thence in a northwesterly direction eighty-one (81) feet two (2) inches, to a point distant thirty-one (31) feet two (2) inches north of Fifty-third Street; thence westerly eighty-two (82) feet to a point forty-nine (49) feet north of Fifty-third Street; thence westerly one hundred and twenty-nine (129) feet one (1) inch to a point distant fifty-two (52) feet north of Fifty-third Street; thence westerly one hundred forty-one (141) feet to a point distant fifty-one (51) feet eight (8) inches north of Fifty-third Street; thence westerly sixty-one (61) feet five (5) inches, to a point distant fifty-six (56) feet five (5) inches north of Fifty-third Street; thence westerly thirty-one (31) feet four (4) inches to the easterly line of Ninth Avenue at the point or place of beginning; together with all the buildings and erections now existing thereon, being all the premises conveyed to John D. Crimmins by The Eighth Avenue Railroad Company, a corporation created and existing under the laws of the State of New York, by deed dated July 19, 1892, and recorded in the Office of the Register of the City and County of New York on August 3, 1892, in Liber 1975, page 78, and by said John D. Crimmins conveyed to the Metropolitan Traction Company of New York by deed dated September 29, 1892, and recorded in said Register's Office on September 29, 1892, in Block Series (Conveyances), Section 4, Liber 22, page 384, and indexed under Block Number 2015, and which premises were conveyed to the aforesaid Street Railway Company by the Metropolitan Traction Company of New York by deed dated on or about June 18, 1897 (July 2, 1897), and recorded in the office of the Register of the City and County of New York, in Liber 2084 of Conveyances, page 411, by the number 905 (nine hundred and five) to 908 (nine hundred and eight) and 939 (nine hundred and thirty-six) to 941 (nine hundred and forty-one), all inclusive; and bounded together as follows, viz.: Southeastwardly in front along Lenox Avenue, southwestwardly by the half distance line between Twenty-third Street and Twenty-fourth Street, northwestwardly by lot numbered 939 (nine hundred and thirty-nine) and northeastwardly by the said Twenty-fourth Street.

Containing together in width along the said Eleventh Avenue and on the northwestwardly side thereof, thirty-eight feet and eight inches, and on the northeastwardly and southwestwardly sides thereof, two hundred and seventy-five (275) feet, the said several measurements more or less, including all fixtures installed therein solely for use in connection therewith or as a part thereof.

Together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances belonging to or in anywise appertaining to said lands; including all fixtures installed solely for use in connection with or as a part of said premises.

PARCEL 5. *53rd Street Storage Yard Property.*

All of the right, title and interest of the Railway Company in and to all that certain gore lot, piece or parcel of land with the building thereon, situate, lying and being on the northerly side of Fifty-third Street in the City of New York, in the Twenty-second Ward of said City, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the northerly side of Fifty-third Street, distant four hundred and thirty-four (434) feet eleven (11) inches easterly from the corner formed by the intersection of the easterly side of Ninth Avenue with the northerly side of Fifty-third Street; running thence northerly and parallel with Ninth Avenue thirty-nine (39) feet three and one-half (3½) inches or thereabouts to the southerly line of lands formerly of Jacob Harsen; thence easterly along the said line of lands formerly of Jacob Harsen twenty-five (25) feet or thereabouts, thence southerly and again parallel with Ninth Avenue thirty-seven (37) feet five and one-eighth (5⅛) inches or thereabouts to the northerly side of Fifty-third Street, and thence westerly along said northerly side of Fifty-third Street twenty-five (25) feet to the point or place of beginning, being the same premises conveyed by the Metropolitan Traction Company of New York by deed dated September 29, 1892, and recorded in the Office of the Register of the City and County of New York on September 29, 1892, in Block Series (Conveyances), Section 4, Liber 22, page 384, and indexed under Block Number 2015, and which premises were conveyed to the aforesaid Street Railway Company by the Metropolitan Traction Company of New York by deed dated on or about June 18, 1897 (July 2, 1897), and recorded in the office of the Register of the City and County of New York, in Liber 2084 of Conveyances, page 411, by the number 905 (nine hundred and five) to 908 (nine hundred and eight) and 939 (nine hundred and thirty-six) to 941 (nine hundred and forty-one), all inclusive; and bounded together as follows, viz.: Southeastwardly in front along Lenox Avenue, southwestwardly by the half distance line between Twenty-third Street and Twenty-fourth Street, northwestwardly by lot numbered 939 (nine hundred and thirty-nine) and northeastwardly by the said Twenty-fourth Street.

Containing together in width along the said Eleventh Avenue and on the northwestwardly side thereof, thirty-eight feet and eight inches, and on the northeastwardly and southwestwardly sides thereof, two hundred and seventy-five (275) feet, the said several measurements more or less, including all fixtures installed therein solely for use in connection therewith or as a part thereof.

Together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances belonging to or in anywise appertaining to said lands; including all fixtures installed solely for use in connection with or as a part of said premises.

PARCEL 3. *146th Street, 147th Street and Lenox Avenue Property.*

A. All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the Twelfth Ward of the City of New York, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the westerly side of Lenox Avenue (formerly Sixth Avenue) at a point distant one hundred (100) feet north of the corner formed by the intersection of the northerly side of One hundred and forty-sixth Street with the westerly side of Lenox Avenue, running thence northerly along the westerly side of said Lenox Avenue to the corner formed by the intersection of the westerly side of Lenox Avenue and the southerly side of One hundred and forty-seventh Street; running thence westerly along the southerly side of One hundred and forty-seventh Street to a point one hundred and one (101) feet more or less eastwardly from the corner formed by the intersection of the southerly side of One hundred and forty-seventh Street and the easterly side of Seventh Avenue, thence southerly and probably parallel with the easterly line of Seventh Avenue one hundred and ninety-nine (199) feet ten (10) inches to the northerly line of One hundred and forty-sixth Street at a point one hundred and one (101) feet more or less easterly from the intersection of the northerly line of One hundred and forty-sixth Street and the easterly line of Seventh Avenue, thence eastwardly along the northerly line of One hundred and forty-sixth Street two hundred and five feet to the point or place of beginning.

Being the same premises conveyed by Andrew Doerrschuck and wife to the Metropolitan Traction Company of New York, by deed dated the 6th day of March, 1893, and recorded on the 8th day of March, 1893, in Block Series (Conveyances), Section 4, Liber 20, page 296.

Together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances belonging or in anywise appertaining to said lands; including also all the tools, chattels, machinery, motors, engines, equipment and fixtures of every description which at the date of said decree are located upon said premises or generally kept or used in connection therewith or in connection with the substation located on said premises or otherwise.

The lien of the said Mortgage and Supplemental Mortgage upon the property in this Parcel 5 described is subject further to the rights of lessees of certain portions of the premises, under the leases thereof made by the Receiver of New York Railways Company, which leases are set forth in a schedule prepared by the Receiver, and filed or to be filed with the Clerk of said Court.

LOT THREE.

Other New York Railways Company Property.

PARCEL 1. *Broadway Surface Property.*

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, together with the buildings and improvements thereon, lying and being in the Twenty-second Ward of the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, situate on the north side of West Fifty-third Street, between the Tenth and Eleventh Avenues, and known as lot number 763 on a certain map or plan of Hopper's Estate, filed in the Register's Office of the City of New York on the 31st day of December, 1864, as Map No. 680, and being bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the northerly side of Fifty-third Street, distant four hundred and seventy-five (475) feet westwardly from the westerly side of Tenth Avenue, and running thence westwardly along said northerly side of Fifty-third Street, twenty-five (25) feet; thence northerly on a line parallel with Tenth Avenue forty-eight (48) feet, nine inches and three-quarters (9¾) inches; thence southeasterly twenty-five (25) feet or thereabouts to a point in a line distant forty-four (44) feet ten (10) inches northerly from the northerly side of Fifty-third Street, and thence southerly on a line parallel with Tenth Avenue forty-four (44) feet ten (10) inches to the northerly side of Fifty-third Street to the point or place of beginning.

Being the same premises conveyed to the Metropolitan Railway Company by deed dated the 30th day of March, 1893, and recorded in the office of the Register of the City and County of New York on the 31st day of March, 1893, in Block Series (Conveyances), Section 4, Liber 21, page 283.

Also all those certain lots, pieces or parcels of land, together with the buildings and improvements erected thereon, situate, lying and being in the Twenty-second Ward of the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, and bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the northerly side of Fifty-third Street, distant two hundred and seventy-five (275) feet westwardly from the point of intersection of the said northerly side of Fifty-third Street with the westerly side of Tenth Avenue; thence running northerly and parallel with the said westerly side of Tenth Avenue forty-eight (48) feet, nine inches and three-quarters (9¾) inches; thence southeasterly twenty-five (25) feet or thereabouts to a point in a line distant forty-four (44) feet ten (10) inches northerly from the northerly side of Fifty-third Street; thence easterly along said line forty-four (44) feet ten (10) inches to the northerly side of Fifty-third Street; thence westerly along said northerly side of Fifty-third Street twenty-five (25) feet to the point or place of beginning.

Together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances belonging to or in anywise appertaining to said lands; including all fixtures installed solely for use in connection with or as a part of said premises.

PARCEL 4. *Ninth Avenue Car Barn Property.*

All of the right, title and interest of the Railway Company in and to all those forty certain lots and parts of lots or gores of land, situate, lying and being in the City of New York, in the Twenty-second Ward of the said City, more together as one parcel, are bounded and described as follows, viz.: Beginning at a point on the easterly side or line of Ninth Avenue, which said point is distant one hundred and sixty-five (165) feet northerly from the northerly line of Fifty-third Street; running thence northerly along said easterly line of Ninth Avenue one hundred and thirty-one (131) feet ten (10) inches, to the southerly line of Fifty-fourth Street; thence easterly along said southerly line of Fifty-fourth Street, two hundred and five (205) feet and to a point distant two hundred and seventy-five (275) feet westerly from the point of intersection of the southerly line of Fifty-fourth Street with the westerly line of Eighth Avenue; thence southerly on a line at right angles with the said southerly line of Fifty-fourth Street one hundred and forty-five (145) feet eleven and three-eighths (11⅜) inches; thence in a northwesterly direction eighty-one (81) feet two (2) inches, to a point distant thirty-one (31) feet two (2) inches north of Fifty-third Street; thence westerly eighty-two (82) feet to a point forty-nine (49) feet north of Fifty-third Street; thence westerly one hundred and twenty-nine (129) feet one (1) inch to a point distant fifty-two (52) feet north of Fifty-third Street; thence westerly one hundred forty-one (141) feet to a point distant fifty-one (51) feet eight (8) inches north of Fifty-third Street; thence westerly sixty-one (61) feet five (5) inches, to a point distant fifty-six (56) feet five (5) inches north of Fifty-third Street; thence westerly thirty-one (31) feet four (4) inches to the easterly line of Ninth Avenue at the point or place of beginning; together with all the buildings and erections now existing thereon, being all the premises conveyed to John D. Crimmins by The Eighth Avenue Railroad Company, a corporation created and existing under the laws of the State of New York, by deed dated July 19, 1892, and recorded in the Office of the Register of the City and County of New York on August 3, 1892, in Liber 1975, page 78, and by said John D. Crimmins conveyed to the Metropolitan Traction Company of New York by deed dated September 29, 1892, and recorded in said Register's Office on September 29, 1892, in Block Series (Conveyances), Section 4, Liber 22, page 384, and indexed under Block Number 2015, and which premises were conveyed to the aforesaid Street Railway Company by the Metropolitan Traction Company of New York by deed dated on or about June 18, 1897 (July 2, 1897), and recorded in the office of the Register of the City and County of New York, in Liber 2084 of Conveyances, page 411, by the number 905 (nine hundred and five) to 908 (nine hundred and eight) and 939 (nine hundred and thirty-six) to 941 (nine hundred and forty-one), all inclusive; and bounded together as follows, viz.: Southeastwardly in front along Lenox Avenue, southwestwardly by the half distance line between Twenty-third Street and Twenty-fourth Street, northwestwardly by lot numbered 939 (nine hundred and thirty-nine) and northeastwardly by the said Twenty-fourth Street.

Containing together in width along the said Eleventh Avenue and on the northwestwardly side thereof, thirty-eight feet and eight inches, and on the northeastwardly and southwestwardly sides thereof, two hundred and seventy-five (275) feet, the said several measurements more or less, including all fixtures installed therein solely for use in connection therewith or as a part thereof.

Together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances belonging to or in anywise appertaining to said lands; including all fixtures installed solely for use in connection with or as a part of said premises.

PARCEL 5. *53rd Street Storage Yard Property.*

All of the right, title and interest of the Railway Company in and to all that certain gore lot, piece or parcel of land with the building thereon, situate, lying and being on the northerly side of Fifty-third Street in the City of New York, in the Twenty-second Ward of said City, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the northerly side of Fifty-third Street, distant four hundred and thirty-four (434) feet eleven (11) inches easterly from the corner formed by the intersection of the easterly side of Ninth Avenue with the northerly side of Fifty-third Street; running thence northerly and parallel with Ninth Avenue thirty-nine (39) feet three and one-half (3½) inches or thereabouts to the southerly line of lands formerly of Jacob Harsen; thence easterly along the said line of lands formerly of Jacob Harsen twenty-five (25) feet or thereabouts, thence southerly and again parallel with Ninth Avenue thirty-seven (37) feet five and one-eighth (5⅛) inches or thereabouts to the northerly side of Fifty-third Street, and thence westerly along said northerly side of Fifty-third Street twenty-five (25) feet to the point or place of beginning, being the same premises conveyed to the Metropolitan Traction Company of New York by deed dated September 29, 1892, and recorded in the Office of the Register of the City and County of New York on September 29, 1892, in Block Series (Conveyances), Section 4, Liber 22, page 384, and indexed under Block Number 2015, and which premises were conveyed to the aforesaid Street Railway Company by the Metropolitan Traction Company of New York by deed dated on or about June 18, 1897 (July 2, 1897), and recorded in the office of the Register of the City and County of New York, in Liber 2084 of Conveyances, page 411, by the number 905 (nine hundred and five) to 908 (nine hundred and eight) and 939 (

MASTER'S SALES.

MASTER'S SALES.

...ssion ducts as may be from time to time ...ecessary for the operation of said railroads upon the terms and to the extent set forth in Article XII of said decree.

XV. As provided in Article XV of said decree, the Special Master will offer for sale the property in the following manner:

Parcel One. The Special Master will first offer for sale separately and as an entirety as Parcel One all of the property designated and described as Parcels 1 and 2 of Lot One in Article III, and will accept the highest bid therefor.

Parcel Two. The Special Master will next offer for sale separately and as an entirety as Parcel Two all of the property designated and described as Parcels 1 and 2 of Lot One in Article III, and III, and will note the highest bid therefor.

Parcel Three. The Special Master will next offer for sale separately and as an entirety as Parcel Three all of the property designated and described as Parcel 5 of Lot Two in Article III, and will accept the highest bid therefor.

Parcel Four. The Special Master will next offer for sale separately and as an entirety as Parcel Four all of the property designated and described as Parcel 1 of Lot Three in Article III, and will accept the highest bid therefor.

Parcel Five. The Special Master will next offer for sale separately and as an entirety as Parcel Five all of the property designated and described as Parcels 4 and 5 of Lot Three in Article III, and will accept the highest bid therefor.

Parcel Six. The Special Master will next offer for sale separately and as an entirety as Parcel Six all of the property designated and described as Parcel 18 of Lot Three in Article III, and will accept the highest bid therefor.

Parcel Seven. The Special Master will next offer for sale separately and as an entirety as Parcel Seven all of the property designated and described as Parcel 20 of Lot Three in Article III, and will accept the highest bid therefor.

Parcel Eight. The Special Master will next offer for sale separately and as an entirety as Parcel Eight all of the property designated and described as Lot Three, excluding from Lot Three, Parcels 1, 5, 6, 18, 20, and 21 thereof, in Article III, and will note the highest bid therefor.

Parcel Nine. The Special Master will next offer for sale separately and as an entirety as Parcel Nine all of the property designated and described as Parcel 2A of Lot Four in Article III, and will accept the highest bid therefor.

Parcel Ten. The Special Master will next offer for sale separately and as an entirety as Parcel Ten all of the property designated and described as Lot Four in Article III, excluding from Lot Four Parcels 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 thereof in Article III, and will accept the highest bid therefor.

Parcel Eleven. The Special Master will next offer for sale separately and as an entirety as Parcel Eleven all of the property designated and described as Lot Four in Article III, and will accept the highest bid therefor.

The Court expressly reserves the right to confirm or not to confirm any sale made as provided in said decree and to accept or reject any bid or bids which may be made at any such sale.

In the event that there shall be tendered to the Special Master any bid for or offer to purchase the property, or any parcel or any item of any parcel in said decree described and directed to be sold which is made conditional upon or subject to any terms or conditions differing from or in addition to those imposed by the provisions of said decree, the Special Master will, notwithstanding such variation from the provisions of said decree, receive and report such bid or offer to said Court together with the highest unconditional or unqualified bid or bids, if any, received in the manner therein directed. Further, the Special Master, upon the request of any person who as hereinafter provided in respect to all or any of the several items of Parcel Eleven herein mentioned shall have qualified as a bidder, is authorized to offer for sale separately any item referred to in Article III, Lot Four, Parcel 2, Group I, of said decree and note the highest bid therefor, which bid shall be reported to said Court together with the other bids made and accepted by the Special Master. The Court reserves the right in the event that it shall deem any conditional or qualified bid or offer so reported to be more advantageous than the highest unconditional or unqualified bid or bids reported, to ratify said decree and accept and confirm such conditional or qualified bid or offer, and in that case to reject the unconditional or unqualified bid, if any, reported by the Special Master as aforesaid.

In making the said sales the Special Master will accept no bid from anyone offering to bid, who shall not at least twenty-four hours prior to any offering of the property for sale under said decree by the Special Master have deposited with the Special Master and have delivered to him as a pledge that he will make good his bid in case of its acceptance:

1. In the case of Parcel One, $1 in cash.

2. In the case of Parcel Two, $60,000 in cash or by certified check, or $300,000 face amount of Lexington Avenue Bonds in bearer form, and if in coupon form, accompanied by the coupon due March 1, 1920, and all subsequent coupons.

3. In the case of Parcel Three, $60,000 in cash or by certified check, or $300,000 face amount of Lexington Avenue Bonds in bearer form, and if in coupon form, accompanied by the coupon due March 1, 1920, and all subsequent coupons.

4. In the case of Parcel Four, $3,100 in cash or by certified check, or $15,500 face amount of Refunding Mortgage Bonds in bearer form, and if in coupon form, accompanied by the coupon due July 1, 1919, and all subsequent coupons.

5. In the case of Parcel Five, $10,000 in cash or by certified check, or $50,000 face amount of Refunding Mortgage Bonds in bearer form, and if in coupon form, accompanied by the coupon due July 1, 1919, and all subsequent coupons.

6. In the case of Parcel Six, $1 in cash.

7. In the case of Parcel Seven, $50,000 in cash or by certified check, or $250,000 face amount of Refunding Mortgage Bonds in bearer form, and if in coupon form, accompanied by the coupon due July 1, 1919, and all subsequent coupons.

8. In the case of Parcel Eight, $200,000 in cash or by certified check, or $1,000,000 face amount of Refunding Mortgage Bonds in bearer form, and if in coupon form, accompanied by the coupon due July 1, 1919, and all subsequent coupons.

9. In the case of Parcel Nine, $1 in cash.

10. In the case of Parcel Ten, $1 in cash.

11. In the case of Parcel Eleven, $20,000 in cash or by certified check, or $40,000 face amount of allowed preferred claims; and in the case of any item of the securities mentioned in said Parcel Eleven any person shall desire to qualify to bid separately on any item of said securities) 6% of the face value or principal amount of such item in cash, or in lieu of cash, 10% of the face value or principal amount of such item in face amount of allowed preferred claims.

Whenever any of the above amounts are deposited by certified check, the certified check shall be on some national bank or trust company having an office in the City of New York, and made payable to the Special Master, and made or endorsed payable to his order.

The deposit received from any unsuccessful bidder shall be returned to him at the conclusion of the bidding. The deposit received from the successful bidder or bidders shall be applied on account of the purchase price of the property sold. The deposit made by the successful bidder or bidders will, in accordance with the provisions of said decree, be forfeited in the event of his or their failure to comply with any order of said Court requiring payment of or on account of the balance of the purchase price.

The Special Master will not accept any sum bid

For PARCEL ONE less than $1.
For PARCEL TWO less than $600,000.
For PARCEL THREE less than $600,000.
For PARCEL FOUR less than $31,000.
For PARCEL FIVE less than $100,000.
For PARCEL SIX less than $1.
For PARCEL SEVEN less than $500,000.
For PARCEL EIGHT less than $2,000,000.
For PARCEL NINE less than $1.
For PARCEL TEN less than $1.
For PARCEL ELEVEN less than $200,000.

If at least said respective sums shall not be noted, as hereinbefore provided, as bid for any of said separate Parcels, the Special Master will adjourn the sale of such Parcel or Parcels for which a bid in the required amount shall not have been so noted, and will apply to said Court for further instructions with respect thereto. If, however, at least said sum shall be bid for each of said respective Parcels One, Two, Three, Four, Five, Six, Seven, Eight, Nine, Ten and Eleven, then said bids will be accepted and the property struck down to such bidder.

If the Court shall not confirm any sale, the deposits made by the accepted bidder or bidders shall be forthwith returned to such bidder or bidders. Any successful bidder may assign, transfer or set over his bid or his whole or in part and all or any part of his rights or interest under such decree as such successful bidder.

VI. The purchaser (which term, as used in this notice, includes the plural as well as the singular and includes any person in any manner succeeding or entitled to succeed to the possession or title of the property hereby directed to be sold or any part thereof, whether such person shall have received or shall be entitled to receive such possession or title by delivery or assignment from the Special Master, the Receiver or the original purchaser or otherwise) to the extent permitted by said decree and otherwise in accordance with the terms thereof may turn over to the Special Master on account of the purchase price of the mortgaged property at their distributive value, Lexington Avenue Bonds and Refunding Mortgage Bonds and the unpaid coupons thereunto appertaining, and on account of the purchase price of the unmortgaged property, at their distributive value, allowed preferred claims against the Railway Company entitled to share in the distribution of the net proceeds of sale.

If, but not turning over to the Special Master Lexington Avenue Bonds and Refunding Mortgage Bonds and coupons as aforesaid, or in lieu of the deposit of such Bonds and coupons with the Special Master as provided in Article XVI of said decree, the Special Master may accept the certificate of any national bank or trust company having an office in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, having a capital, surplus and undivided profits of at least $5,000,000 and acceptable to the Special Master, that the bidder subject to the order of the Special Master the amount specified in such certificate of Lexington Avenue Bonds, Refunding Mortgage Bonds, or any of said bonds, in bearer form, and accompanied by the coupons, if any, stated in said certificate.

The purchaser shall not be required to see to the application of the purchase money, nor to be answerable in any manner whatsoever for any loss, misapplication or non-application of any such purchase money or of any part thereof.

VII. The property, both real and personal, hereby directed to be sold, may be inspected by intended bidders subject to such reasonable regulation as the Receiver may prescribe.

VIII. Any purchaser of the property described in said decree, or of any parcel thereof, and whether or not he has executed a contract for any lease thereunder, shall have the right within six months after the delivery of the deed or other instruments of conveyance or transfer by the Special Master of the property purchased by him, or within such additional period as said Court may hereafter by its order or decree permit, to elect not to assume or adopt any lease or contract made or assumed by the Railway Company or by the Receiver, which is part of the property embraced in such deed or instruments of conveyance or transfer. Such election shall be made by instrument in writing signed by the said purchaser and shall contain a general description of the contracts or leases which he elects not to assume or adopt, and shall be filed with the Clerk of said Court within the aforesaid period.

IX. By the provisions of said final decree, all matters not by said decree determined are reserved by said Court for future determination and adjudication.

X. For a more particular description of the property to be sold and of the terms of sale, and for the provisions of said decree and for a statement of the liens and claims subject to which certain of said properties is sold and for the reports of the Receiver filed or to be filed as in said decree provided and for other information, intending purchasers are hereby referred to said decree and to the record and testimony in said Consolidated Causes and in said constituent causes on file in the Office of the Clerk of said Court in the Southern District of New York.

XI. The Special Master will report the result of said sale or sales to said Court at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, on July 5, 1924, or in the event said sale shall be adjourned, then on the day following the conclusion of the bidding at such adjourned sale or sales. At said Court Room No. 201, Old Post Office Building, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, for such orders, judgments or decrees as may by said Court be deemed proper or advisable under the provisions of said decree said Court reserves the right at any time either to adjourn or postpone the hearing upon such report of the Special Master or at said time or at any other time to which such hearing may be adjourned or postponed, to order the approval of disapproval of said sale or sales, to order such further and other sales, if any, as may be deemed advisable, and to make such order or orders in the premises upon said bids being so reported, as said Court may deem proper. As provided by said final decree, notice is hereby given that the above mentioned causes are, and each of them is set for further hearing before said Court at the time and place of the making of the above directed report to said Court, and such hearing will be without any further notice to any party.

Dated, May 26, 1924.

NATHANIEL A. ELSBERG,
Special Master.

STETSON, JENNINGS, RUSSELL & DAVIS,
Solicitors for Complainant, Guaranty Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, 15 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

LARKIN, RATHBONE & PERRY,
Solicitors for Complainant, Central Union Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, 60 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
EXECUTIVE CHAMBER,
ALBANY.

It appearing to my satisfaction that the public interest requires it:

THEREFORE, in accordance with the statute in such cases made and provided, I do hereby appoint an Extraordinary Special Term of the Supreme Court to be held at the County Court House in the County of New York on the twelfth day of June, 1924, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of acting on the matter of

"The application of The City of New York, relative to acquiring title to all of that portion of the elevated railroad structure, tracks, stations, platforms, stairways and appurtenances, known as the Sixth Avenue Elevated Railroad, in, on or over Sixth Avenue, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, from West 53rd Street to West 59th Street, and also for acquiring the right to extinguish all rights, easements and franchises of every nature whatsoever, by whomsoever owned, under which said elevated railroad structure, tracks, stations, platforms, stairways and appurtenances were constructed and are maintained, and also for acquiring the right to extinguish all rights, easements and franchises, by whomsoever owned, to further maintain said elevated railroad structure, tracks, stations, platforms, stairways and appurtenances in said part of said avenue and to operate cars or trains of any kind whatsoever thereon or thereover, upon making compensation."

And conducting the trial of the same and of conducting the trial of the same for the purpose of determining the damages, if any, to be paid by said City of New York for the taking of said property and the assessment of the cost and expense of the improvement upon the real property situated within the area of assessment in accordance with Chapter 19 of the Laws of 1914, the provisions of the Greater New York Charter, as amended, the resolution of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment adopted on the 31st day of March, 1916, the order and resolution of the Transit Commission of April 9, 1924, and the resolution of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment adopted on the 2nd day of May, 1924, and for such other business as may be brought before said Term, and which Term is to continue as long as may be necessary for the disposal of the business which may be brought before it, and I do hereby designate the Honorable James O'Malley, who is a Justice of the Supreme Court of the First Judicial District, to hold said Extraordinary Special Term of the Supreme Court as hereinbefore described.

And I do hereby direct that notice of such appointment be given by publication of this order in the "New York Law Journal," "New York Times," "New York World," "New York Herald," "New York Tribune," respectively, newspapers published in the City and County of New York, N. Y., said publication to appear in each of the said newspapers on the tenth, eleventh and twelfth days of June, 1924.

GIVEN under my hand and the Privy Seal of the State at the Capitol, in the City of Albany, this sixth day of June in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twenty-four.

(Signed) ALFRED E. SMITH.

(L. S.)

By the Governor:
GEORGE B. GRAVES,
Secretary to the Governor.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT,
Southern District of New York.—Hartwell & Lester, Inc., Complainant, vs. Hercules Paper Corporation, Defendant.—In Equity No. E23-139.

To the Creditors of the Hercules Paper Corporation:

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that Percival Wilds, the receiver herein, has filed his final report and account with the Clerk of this Court and that a final meeting of creditors will be held before the Honorable Learned Hand, one of the Judges of this Court, at his Chambers in the Woolworth Building, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 25th day of June, 1924, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time allowances will be made to the receiver, solicitors to the receiver, solicitors to the complainant and solicitors to the defendant, and special masters for the services rendered by them herein, and a first and final dividend declared upon all claims filed and allowed in these proceedings according to their respective rights and priorities.

TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that at such hearing, the receiver herein will sell at public auction, subject to confirmation of this court, the property sold under said decree as the property of the defendant, uncollected accounts receivable, claims or choses in action, and the books of the defendant corporation.

The report and account of the receiver and the various petitions for allowances; a list of the claims filed and allowed herein and a list of the accounts to be sold, may be inspected at the office of the undersigned attorneys or at the office of the Clerk of this Court, where same are filed.

Only creditors whose claims have been filed and allowed are entitled to participate in dividends. Therefore, you should inquire at either of the undersigned or by examination of the list of creditors on file with the Clerk of this Court as to whether your claim has been duly filed and allowed herein.

Dated, New York, June 10th, 1924.

PERCIVAL WILDS,
Receiver, 2 Rector Street, New York, N. Y.
ZALKIN COHEN, Solicitors for Receiver,
49 Chambers Street, New York, N. Y.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL HATIST, bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Monday, June 16th, 1924, by order of the Court, at 2 P. M., at 13 East Fordham Road, Borough of Bronx, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of gents' furnishings, shirts, pajamas, collars, ties, caps, coats, pants, glasses, fixtures, &c. Also the receiver's right, title and interest in and to the unexpired term of the lease of the said premises.

WALTER L. BRYANT, Receiver, 115 Broadway, New York.
Inspection June 13th and 14th.

BUILDING CONTINUES IN LARGE VOLUME

Permits in 157 Cities in May Show 10.1% Increase Over Last Year.

NEW YORK'S GAIN IS 64.6%

Every Borough Except Queens Also Reports More Construction in May Than in April.

Despite the fact that building operations have been slowing up in some sections of the country the volume of permits filed during May make a favorable showing compared with the same month last year although the usual seasonal decline is recorded from the earlier months of the year.

According to Bradstreet's record the value of building permits filed in 157 principal cities of the country in May aggregated $281,001,356 against $284,210,241 in April and $255,124,105 in May last year. Compared with April a decrease of 1.1 per cent. is reported, but compared with last year the same cities report an increase of 10.1 per cent. New York City alone, however, reports an increase of 33.9 per cent. compared with April and an increase of 64.6 per cent. over May of last year.

The value of building permits filed in the 157 cities, by sections and for New York is given in the following table:

	May, 1924.	April, 1924.	May, 1923.	Compared with April, 1924.	Compared with May, 1923.
New Eng.	$15,569,780	$15,940,623	$ 20,1	D 1.1	D 15.4
Middle At.	108,282,175	96,786,296	$ 33.7	I 6.5	
Central'w'n.	74,082,912	84,890,597	$ 8.4	D 11.4	
Northw'n...	14,844,865	16,061,506	D 25.7	D 4.7	
Southw'n...	12,468,466	12,971,859	D 15.0	D 3.6	
Southern...	21,772,193	22,017,113	D 28.5	D 1.0	
Far-W'n...	34,980,512	36,050,607	D 17.3	D 2.9	
Total U.S.	281,001,356	284,210,241	I 10.1	D 1.1	
Greater NY.	85,272,571	48,736,186	I 64.6	I 33.9	
Other cities.	215,728,785	235,471,055	I 1.1	D 8.3	
Canada ...	9,065,993	7,697,084	D 17.4	I 17.7	

"The leading feature in the above table," says the review, "is the demonstration afforded that building at New York City increased over both April this year and May a year ago. Every borough but Queens contributed to the gain over April, while Brooklyn alone showed a reduction from May a year ago. The gain in New York City as a whole, it might be noted, provided the entire increase in the country for May over May a year ago, the other 156 cities reporting a practically identical total for May this year and last. Despite a gain over April all New York, however, the grand total for May falls a little short of that of April, and, explanatory of this, it is found that such large building centres as Philadelphia, Chicago, Detroit, Milwaukee and Los Angeles showed heavy reductions from the totals set up in the fourth month of the year.

"As regards the influence on the totals as a whole of the rush to file permits at New York to take advantage of the tax exemption law, and the later reaction, the following table will be found illuminative:

	New York City.	All Other Cities.	Total All Cities.
January..	$76,163,706	$145,731,941	$221,895,647
February.	109,686,552	165,390,593	275,082,145
March....	188,613,802	229,411,303	418,025,103
April.....	45,739,190	238,471,909	284,210,099
May.....	85,272,571	215,748,785	*281,001,356

*One hundred and fifty-seven cities only; earlier months, 178.

"It will be seen that the rest of the country, unaffected by the gyrations in the New York figures, rose month by month until May, when a drop of only 1.1 per cent. was registered from April, the May total being short some twenty-one cities. This indicates that the hesitation in May was a comparatively slight one."

SEEK LANDING FIELD FOR PLANES IN CITY

Board of Trade Backs Movement for Development of Commercial Aircraft.

Resolutions calling for the appointment of a committee to consider the establishment of a landing field for commercial airplanes as near as possible to the centre of New York City were unanimously adopted yesterday by the New York Board of Trade and Transportation. They were presented by Major Lorillard Spencer, who said that, for commercial reasons, Mitchel Field, at Mineola, L. I., was on the wrong side of the metropolis.

"Mitchel Field is twenty-one miles from New York, and mail, merchandise and passengers landed there must be brought back to town by some other means of conveyance," said Major Spencer. "The idea of using Governors Island for a commercial landing field has been abandoned, but the creation of one in the metropolitan district, to meet the needs of passenger and freight service, and also for national defense, is of great importance to the future development of national airways."

Captain Burdell S. Wright, Chief of the Airway Section of the Army Air Service, and representing General Mason M. Patrick, Chief of the Air Service, said that the General was greatly interested in the upbuilding of commercial aviation as a reserve which could be called upon in time of emergency, and that he had great faith in the "unlimited possibilities of aircraft in commerce."

"We are all eager for the establishment here of a commercial landing field," he said. "The flying time from Washington to New York is about two hours, but an additional two hours are required to make one's way from the City of Washington to Bolling Field, where the start is made, and from Mineola, where it is ended, by special train. That is one reason why we are so tremendously interested in a landing field near the centre of the city.

"It is especially important, in view of the consumption of gasoline, of postal air service in thirty-six hours between the Atlantic and Pacific, a service which we experimented with last Fall. Although it is doubtful if the Government can continue this service indefinitely, I hope that private enterprise will become interested and that it will never be abandoned.

"Some fears have been expressed concerning the danger of loss of mail matter through airplane accidents. Even after the war we were obliged to use war machines and they were not fully developed to insure a safe and reliable daily service from coast to coast. We feel that they are so developed at present we have obtained results as to safety which compare very favorably with other means of mail transportation. Abroad, gold and valuable documents are frequently shipped by airplane to insure against the danger of robbery. The service that is to be started next month means the building of a network of air routes over the country."

The board also adopted a resolution calling on the Shipping Board to at once discontinue the operation of shipping Board tugboats in New York Harbor.

"At the present time, four and a half years after the close of the war," the resolution says, "the United States Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation is still operating a number of tugs in New York Harbor, long after the war emergency has passed and conducting these operations at a loss to the Government."

Copies of the resolution will be sent to Admiral L. C. Palmer, head of the Shipping Board, and to Senators Wadsworth and Copeland.

The next meeting of the board will be held on Oct. 21.

THE BROOKLYN MARKET.

Bay Twenty-fifth Street House in Trade Involving $170,000.

Jennie Litch sold to a client of A. Mishkin a four-story apartment house at 26 Bay Twenty-fifth Street, consisting of twenty-seven tenants, divided into three and four room suites. The annual rental is about $19,500.

The sellers took back in exchange two six-family dwellings. The transaction involves about $170,000.

Schnee & Schnee have purchased for investment from Sarah Berkowitz and Greenadier Realty Corporation, respectively, the two three-story double brick store buildings, known as 5008 and 5014 Fifth Avenue, and being on a plot 52 by 100 feet. This property is only a short distance from the business centre. The consideration was approximately $150,000. Tuting & Company were the brokers who consummated both sales.

Henry L. Nielsen Company sold the three-story brick business building, 417 Broadway on lot 25 by 100, for Sigmund Epler, to a client who will occupy for wholesale candy business.

Bulkley & Horton Company sold the two-story brownstone two-family house on lot 20 by 100, at 1280 Bergen Street for Rudolph Beck, to a client for occupancy.

FIFTH AVENUE LEASE.

Operators Acquire Fifty-third Street Corner.

Max N. Natanson and Mandelbaum & Lewine, Inc., have leased from James MacAlpin Pyle and others, as trustees, 675 Fifth Avenue, at the northeast corner of Fifty-third Street, a seven-story business building on lot fronting 20 feet on the avenue and 100 feet on the street. The lease is for a term of thirty years and eleven months from June 1, 1924, with one twenty-one-year renewal. The entire building is at present leased to one tenant under a lease that will expire May 1, 1924. The transaction is unusual in that Mr. Natanson and his associates will not obtain possession until the termination of the last-mentioned lease on May 1, 1924, and it is understood that in the meantime they have agreed to pay to the owners of the property a rental substantially in excess of that payable by the present tenant to them. The broker in the transaction was Leo Hess.

LEASE 300-CAR GARAGE.

Movement of Private Garages West of Ninth Avenue Forecast.

A transaction which forecasts the movement of high-class private car garages to locations west of Ninth Avenue was consummated in the leasing of the premises at 430 to 436 West Fifty-fifth Street. This building is a new six-story concrete, fireproof, 300-car garage, 97.6 by 100 feet.

The garage will be operated under the name of the Bolegold Garage Corporation, recently organized by Philip Bolotin. The lease is for a term of years. The brokers were John J. Meenan, Inc., representing the owners, and Cyrille Carreau, Inc. Jacob S. Gold and Samuel Goldner were associated brokers.

COL. WOODS SELLS HOUSE.

David F. Houston, Former Wilson Cabinet Member, Is the Buyer.

Colonel Arthur Woods sold the four-story and basement dwelling, also 20 by 102 feet, at 165 East Seventy-fourth Street to the Hon. David F. Houston, who will occupy the premises as a private dwelling.

Mr. Houston was Secretary of Agriculture and Secretary of the Treasury in the late President Wilson's Cabinet. Albert B. Ashforth, Inc., were the brokers.

Charles A. Du Bois sold for the Wm. Ilam L. Marcy Association, to a client, the three-story dwelling 533 West 148th Street, on lot 16.8 by 99.11 feet, near Broadway.

BUY APARTMENT SITE.

New Company to Build $100,000 Structure in the Bronx.

The Samuel Goldsticker estate sold to the recently organized Vyse Construction Company, represented by Joseph L. Frieder, the vacant plot, 50 by 100, at the northeast corner of Vyse Avenue and Jennings Street.

The Directors are P. and G. Ziering and A. Levine.

The site will be improved with a five-story apartment house costing about $100,000.

Commercial Leases.

Mrs. Charles W. Childs leased her property at 26 East Fifty-sixth Street for sixty-three years to Mme. Brundage, dressmaker and milliner, who has been located for more than twelve years at the southeast corner of Madison Avenue and Fifty-sixth Street.

Plans are being prepared for erection of a modern seven-story loft building, which will be ready for occupancy Oct. 1. Mme. Brundage will occupy the store and second floor. Douglas L. Elliman & Co., Inc., were the brokers.

Maurice Wertheim leased for Miss Alice Swift the five-story business building 231 East Thirty-seventh Street on lot 25 by 70 for a term of twenty-one years on a net rental basis. The lessee, Herman E. Schanzlin Corporation, roofing contractors, will occupy for their business.

Herbert McLean Purdy & Co. have leased for the Device & Raynolds Co., Inc., large paint and varnish manufacturers, for a term of years their entire building located in 810-14 West Twenty-square feet, to L. D. Bloch & Co., wholesale dealers and importers in glass, chinaware and household furnishings.

$300,000 Bronx Purchase.

William P. Casey, Inc., sold for Jacob L. Guttag, six-story with roof garden elevator building at 1,956 Crotona Parkway, corner of Tremont Avenue, to the Zoren Holding Corporation, (David Epstein and Dr. Henry Smekler). The building has a frontage of 100 feet 6 inches on Crotona Parkway and 126 feet on East Tremont Avenue, renting for about $50,000, and held by the seller at $300,000.

Madison Avenue Alteration.

The property at 971 Madison Avenue, next to the corner of Seventy-sixth Street, a five-story private dwelling on lot 23 by 75, has been sold by Samuel J. Plash to a client of William Cruikshank's Sons, who acted as brokers.

The property will be held as an investment and will either be altered for business or the new owner may offer it on long-term lease.

First Sale Since 1882.

Canter & Pines purchased for a client from the De Voe estate premises at 229 East Twenty-fourth Street, consisting of a five-story brick structure, with sixteen families and two stores. This plot is free and clear and has been held at $12,500. This house has belonged to the De Voe estate since 1882 and this is the first time since then that it has changed hands. It rents for about $56,000.

Loan on Hotel Princeton.

Bennett B. Siegelstein, as counsel for the Bartholdi Associates Corporation, owner of the Hotel Princeton, 116-118 West Forty-fifth Street, has obtained and closed a loan with the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank covering said property in the sum of $140,000, interest rate 5½ per cent. per annum, for five years.

Buys East Side Plot.

Max Beigelman purchased 70 and 72 East 117th Street, southwest corner of Park Avenue, a six-story tenement on plot 80 by 90 feet containing eight stores and thirty tenancies. The premises rent for $14,000 and were sold at $105,000.

LATEST DEALINGS IN REALTY FIELD

Frederick Brown Assembles Large Plot on Upper Fifth Av. —May Erect Apartment.

DEAL INVOLVES $5,000,000

Big Building Plot on Lenox Hill Purchased by Seward W. Ehrich.

Frederick Brown, the operator, who sailed for Paris on Tuesday, now controls one of the largest upper Fifth Avenue plots assembled this year. Mr. Brown purchased 1,034 yesterday with an L to 1 East Eighty-fourth Street. The plot measures 20 by 125 feet on the avenue and 10 by 82 feet on the street. It was sold by Herbert D. Robbins through the Charles F. Noyes Company, his brokers.

The same brokers recently sold to Mr. Brown for Joseph F. Cullman and others 1,035, 1,036, 1,037 and 1,038 Fifth Avenue and 2 East Eighty-fifth Street, in addition to 4 and 6 East Eighty-fifth Street, giving Mr. Brown a plot with a frontage 122.2 feet on the avenue, 164 feet on Eighty-fifth Street and a ten-foot outlet on Eighty-fourth Street. Mr. Noyes also arranged the cancellation, by a large cash payment, of a two-year lease on 1,034 Fifth Avenue, held by Mark Temple Dowling, President of the Puritan Mortgage Company.

It is understood the plot will be improved with a fifteen-story apartment house, upon which a builder is now making estimates. The operation will involve $5,000,000.

Lenox Hill Plot Sold.

The assembling of a plot on Lenox Hill was completed yesterday, when Seward W. Ehrich purchased from the Veinberg estate 166 East Seventy-second Street. Last week Mr. Ehrich also purchased 164 East Seventy-second Street from Dr. Irving J. Bailin. With the purchase of these two houses, in addition to 168 purchased from Benjamin F. Moss, 170 purchased from Bertha Friedler and 172 from Colonel Arthur J. Slade, the last three bought two months ago, Mr. Ehrich has acquired a plot 46 by 102.5, on which a fifteen-story apartment house will be erected some time in the Fall. The property to the east is restricted, giving permanent light on three sides and borrowed light on the fourth. Plans are now being prepared which call for twenty-two rooms to a floor. H. Brinckerhoff MacCully and Irving T. Smith Jr. were instrumental in accumulating the plot.

Apartment House Trading.

Operators and investors continue to feature apartment house trading. Yesterday Jourmire Silverman bought, through August Lauter and the Rhinelander Real Estate Company from Nicholas Beversen 1,436 and 1,438 Fifth Avenue, two five-story apartment houses, 26 by 100 each. They were held at $90,000.

Resale has been made by George Steinman, Inc., of premises 105 Audubon Avenue, for the Glassheim Realty Corporation. The property is 75 by 100, a five-story modern apartment house, containing thirty apartments and ranking for $28,000. The property was held at $150,000. The purchaser is an investing client.

The same broker sold for the H. Morgenthau Company the northeast corner of 190th Street and Wadsworth Avenue, 25 by 100; also for the Whitman estate, the adjoining plot, 41 by 100, the two plots comprising an area of 66 by 100, which was held at $120,000. The purchaser is a builder, who will immediately improve same with a large apartment house.

George Steinman, Inc., sold for the Kaufman Realty Company the premises 1 East 116th Street, 25 by 100, a five-and-a-half-story tenement, with four stores, renting for about $7,500. The property was held at $55,000. The purchaser is an investing client.

Philip Menschel sold to an investing client of Lowenfeld & Luxenberg the five-story apartment house, on a plot 37.6 by 100, known as the Webster Apartments, at 2,023 and 2,025 Seventh Avenue, between 121st and 123d Streets and adjoining the northeast corner of 121st Street. The ground floor contains two stores. This property is fully tenanted and rents for over $10,200. The property was held at $72,500.

William Goldstone and Simon Myers purchased from the Isaac Baker estate 206 East 124th Street, a five-and-one-half-story triple apartment house, 27.10 by 100, built 90 feet deep. The sellers bought this property from the builder, August Ruff, in 1922. This is the first sale since that date.

George C. Blackwell sold to Joseph Winters for August and Leonore Kellermann 1,694 Second Avenue, a five-story walk-up, with two stores, having an annual rental of over $4,000, and held at $35,000.

Andresen & Bremer resold for the Marjohn Realty Company to an investor 1,678 Third Avenue, northwest corner Ninety-fourth Street, a five-story tenement, 25.8 by 100. The new owner will remodel the stores.

BUY EIGHTH AVENUE PLOT.

Operators Assemble Corner Property at 145th Street.

The Benenson Realty Company, which has taken title to the northeast corner of 129th Street and Eighth Avenue, has also purchased the southeast corner of 145th Street and Eighth Avenue. This parcel is at the foot of the 145th Street elevated station and measures 40 feet on Eighth Avenue and 100 feet on 145th Street. It is improved with a three-story building, having stores, lofts and offices. The sellers were Edward Freund and Rose Freund.

$1,200,000 Building Loan.

To finance a large operation on the upper west side, Wood, Dolson & Co., Inc., have placed a building and permanent loan of $1,200,000 for the West End Avenue and Seventy-seventh Street Corporation (Isaac Polstein, President), on the northwest corner of West End Avenue and Seventy-seventh Street. This property is 102 feet on West End Avenue by 158 feet on Seventy-seventh Street, and will be improved with a fourteenth-story apartment house, with apartments of 6, 8 and 9 rooms. The work will be started immediately, and the building should be ready for occupancy in the Summer of 1925.

Mercer Street Loft Resold.

Ryan & Co. resold the six-story loft building, 237 Mercer Street, between Bleecker and West Third Streets, on lot 25 by 100 feet. The property rents for $9,000 and was held at $50,000.

Results at Auction.

In the Bronx Exchange.

By Leonard A. Giegerich Jr.

Bronxdale Av, e s 50.4 ft s of Van Nest Av, 25.2x88, vacant; Morris Park Estates against Keith Block and others; action 1; McCarthy & Brown, attorneys; Richard M. Arnold, representative; due $1,440.71, taxes, &c., $960; to the plaintiff for $700.

Paulding Av, w s corner of Lydig Av, $1,420.90, vacant; Morris Park Estates against Aron Realty Corporation and others; action 3; McCarthy & Brown, attorneys; Richard M. Arnold, representative; due $3,041.16, taxes, &c., $900; to the plaintiff for $1,000.

By James J. Donovan.

Paulding Av, w s, 21.5 ft s of Lydig Av, 25x100, vacant; Morris Park Estates against Aron Realty Corporation and others; action 1; McCarthy & Brown, attorneys; Richard M. Arnold, representative; due $1,415.62, taxes, &c., $415; to the plaintiff for $700.

Morris Park Av, n s, 75 ft e of Monroe Av, 25x100, vacant; same against same; action 1; same attorney; same representative; due $1,425.36, taxes, &c., $600; to the plaintiff for $600.

BRONX BOROUGH SALES.

Builder Sells Davidson Avenue Corner Held at $240,000.

Sale has been made by Harry Berlin and David B. Peskin of the southeast corner of 177th Street and Davidson Avenue, to Julius Levine. This building is being held at $240,000 and brings a rental of $37,000. This is the first sale since its completion by the builder.

D. A. & P. Realty Company sold for Mrs. F. Coldarelli 558 and 560 East 191st Street a 5½-story apartment house to M. Rosenberg, renting for $19,308 and held at $69,000.

Jourmire Silverman sold through Walter Rosenthal to John 9. Plazza 936 Kelly Street, a four-story walkup apartment house, size 37.5 by 112, renting for about $7,000 and held at $45,000.

Lowenfeld & Luxenberg resold for Samuel Staretz and Max Wachs to Samual Solomon and Jacob Abrams the five-story apartment house located at the southwest corner of 158th Street and Forest Avenue, and known as 745 Forest Avenue. This house is on a plot of 84 by 100 and contains four stores and accommodates twelve families whose apartments are laid out in four and five room suites. The property rents for about $10,500 and was held at $80,000.

Harry T. F. Johnson sold for Eduard Seborg his residence at 205 East 220th Street to a client for occupancy. It was held at $25,000.

Mardio Fontano sold to the Arcur Realty Company, 2,650 Briggs Avenue, corner 194th Street, on a plot 23 by 100, housing five stores and six apartments, bringing an annual rental of $10,000. The property was held at $65,000. Thomas Moffa represented the seller in the transaction.

The Hudson P. Rose Company has purchased from the Siems estate 891 Concord Avenue and 737 East 150th Street, consisting of two one-family frame houses. J. J. Reynolds was the broker.

The Hudson P. Rose Company has purchased from T. Giordano the two-family dwelling with a store at 1,746 East Tremont Avenue. J. Herzog was the broker.

Shaw & Sanford sold for Frederick H. Marjenhoff 198 Morris Avenue, a three-story two-family dwelling, 20 by 100, to a purchaser for occupancy.

James Montgomery & Son sold for Caroline Garless to John J. Clerkin the plot of lots northeast corner of Willow Avenue and 132d Street; also sold to Pau Raumiello the one-story garage 125 by 100 in course of erection, southwest corner of Alexander Avenue and 133d Street.

Suburban Buyers to Build.

Charles H. Shaw sold two and one-half acres, with residence, at Remsenburg, L. I., to Mrs. A. H. Rockwell. Hamilton, Iselin & Co. were the brokers.

Prince & Ripley sold for the Scarsdale-Edgemont Cor

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. | REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. | REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. | REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Joseph P. Day
Auctioneer Inc.

To the Residents of Riverside Drive

And every man and woman who appreciates the great beauty of Riverside Drive, the Lordly Hudson River and the Noble Palisades.

AND WHETHER YOU DRIVE A "FLIVVER" OR A "ROLLS," you know that as you motor along this most beautiful of all scenic driveways, you are obliged to turn out of Riverside Drive at Dyckman St., for the reason that the proposed HENDRICK HUDSON MEMORIAL BRIDGE has not been built as yet.

A New Riverside Drive

WHEN THIS BRIDGE IS BUILT you will then be able to drive along the Hudson, through Inwood, Spuyten Duyvil and Riverdale; thence to Warburton Ave., to Yonkers.

THIS NEW "HUDSON RIVER" ROUTE is directly north along Warburton Ave. past the new Trevor Park and the beautiful "Jesuit" property on both sides of Warburton Ave. and on North Broadway.

THINK when there were no Apartments along Riverside Drive North of Grant's Tomb and when lots there could be bought for a comparatively few hundred dollars each.

I sold Loyal L. Smith Estate lots on Upper Riverside Drive about ten years ago for a few thousand dollars a lot that are now worth $40,000 a lot.

I sold Gerbereaux Estate lots on South Broadway, Yonkers, about 10 years ago for a couple of thousand dollars a lot that are now worth $12,000 to $15,000 a lot.

If you had been at the sale would you have bought a few? Of course, you would have put your last dollar into them.

Remember that these "Jesuit" Yonkers lots running from Broadway to the Hudson River should offer even greater money-making opportunities, as the "Jesuit" property is the largest estate left north of 135th Street, Manhattan, running from Broadway to the Hudson River, taking in a future Broadway, Fort Washington Ave. and Riverside Drive within its bounds.

THINK of what you would pay for these lots to-day and of what lots practically adjoining the new Trevor Park, in Yonkers, will be worth when the Hendrick Hudson Memorial Bridge is built and Riverside Drive extends from 72d St. to, and beyond, the "Jesuit" property.

Buy a few lots, at your own price, in

The "JESUIT" Property

Woodstock-on-the-Hudson, known as the Lilienthal Estate

575 YONKERS Lots

On NORTH BROADWAY and Warburton Avenue overlooking the Hudson River

Close to the Glenwood and Greystone stations (N. Y. C. R. R.) and on line of Warburton Ave. and Park Ave. trolleys (Route No. 2 to Greenvale Ave. one block to property) from 242d St. station of the I. R. T. 7th Ave. (5 cent fare) Subway.

To be sold separately, at your own price

ABSOLUTE AUCTION

This Saturday, June 14th

On premises at 2 P. M., Under Tent, RAIN OR SHINE

70% ON MORTGAGE

TITLE POLICIES FREE

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and several Building and Loan Associations expressed a willingness to make loans to responsible parties on proper plans for dwellings on the "Jesuit" Property

TO LET FOR BUSINESS. | TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

FIFTH AVENUE CORNER 45th STREET

25' x 110'

Entire Building to Lease for 21 Years

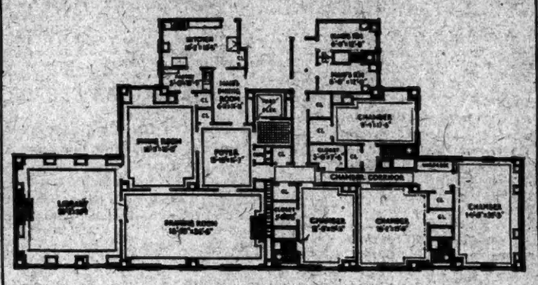
One of the choicest business locations in New York—the only corner with early possession on Fifth Avenue, in the Grand Central district, to be had on a long-term lease.

Apply to

Willis Boardman Zink,
54 West 57th Street.
Telephone Circle 4200.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET. | APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

53 East 66th St.



110 ft. of South Exposure

We Recommend the purchase of Apartments in this 100% Cooperative Building.

Brown, Wheelock: Harris, Vought & Co., Inc.
Douglas Gibbons & Co., Inc.
Pease & Elliman
Keitt P. Walker & Co., Inc.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET. | APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Occupancy September 15th — 100% Cooperative

655 PARK AVENUE

67th to 68th Street

THE desirability of the apartments in this new and exceptionally well located apartment house is reflected in the sale of 38 out of a total of 51, to prominent New Yorkers.

The remaining apartments include some of the most desirable in the building. The location of these is shown on the following chart.

38 APARTMENTS SOLD TO DATE

Floor		Apt. "B"	Apt. "C" center	Apt. "D" center	Apt. "E"	
10th	Set Back.	North Side 9 rm.	8 room	8 room SOLD	South Side 9 rm. SOLD	Set Back.
9th		North Side 9 rm.	8 room SOLD	8 room	South Side 9 rm. SOLD	
8th	Apt. "A" North Side	North Side 9 rm. with roof garden	8 room	8 room SOLD	South Side 9 rm. with roof garden SOLD	Apt. "F" South Side
7th	North Side 14 rm. Duplex SOLD	North Side 10 rm.	8 room	8 room	South Side 10 rm. SOLD	South Side 14 room Duplex SOLD
6th		Northeast 8 rm. SOLD	8 room SOLD	8 room	Southeast 8 rm. SOLD	
5th	North cor. 9 rm. SOLD	Northeast 8 rm. SOLD	8 room SOLD	8 room SOLD	Southeast 8 rm. SOLD	South cor. 9 rm.
4th	North cor. 9 rm. SOLD	Northeast 8 rm. SOLD	8 room SOLD	8 room SOLD	Southeast 8 rm. SOLD	South cor. 9 rm. SOLD
3rd	North cor. 9 rm. SOLD	Northeast 8 rm. SOLD	8 room SOLD	8 room SOLD	Southeast 8 rm. SOLD	South cor. 9 rm.
2nd	North cor. 9 rm. SOLD	Northeast 8 rm. SOLD	8 room SOLD	8 room SOLD	Southeast 8 rm. SOLD	South cor. 9 rm. SOLD
1st	North cor. 9 rm. Mezzanine SOLD		7 room SOLD	8 room SOLD	Southeast 7 rm.	South cor. 9 rm. SOLD

Social and Business References Required

For Descriptive Booklet containing Floor Plans, Prices, etc., apply to

Keitt P. Walker & Co., Inc.
383 Madison Ave. Murray Hill 5330
or your own broker

DWIGHT P. ROBINSON & CO. Incorporated *Engineers & Constructors*
J. E. R. CARPENTER, MOTT B. SCHMIDT *Associate Architects*

New Building Ready August 1st

320 West End Avenue

Northeast Corner 75th Street

Corner, 8 rooms — 4 baths
Facing South, West and East
Rental, $5,700 up

FOR size of rooms, number of baths, layout and exposure a more desirable 8 room suite cannot be had anywhere in the city.

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4 Rooms have extra Lavatory
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In its fourth year of successful operation

Suites of one or more rooms with superior service

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A Few Choice Suites of
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WITH 2 BATHS
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OVERLOOKING POLO GROUNDS
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9000 Sq. Ft. Office Floor Space on 14th Floor
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Good light on all sides
Very desirable location
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Exceptionally Light Loft. Size 50x92. Extra heavy construction. Fireproof Building. Immediate Possession.
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Send particulars for quick results.
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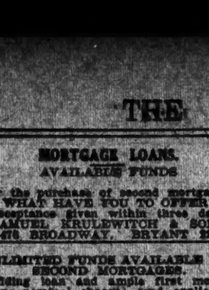

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All modern improvements; excellent service; cheerful rooms; refined neighborhood; immediate possession or October. Also desirable 5 Room Apartment for DOCTOR or DENTIST
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Invest in 1st and 2d mortgages.
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Plot 10,355 square feet, four and five-story buildings, suitable for garage; price $35,000. MAURICE WERTHEIM, 498 Lexington Av., at 52d St.

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Desirable residence, W. 12th St., near Fifth; fully improved; $15,000 cash; principals.
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West Washington Square, beautifully improved, 3-story and basement private house; must be sold at once; little cash; income will carry house, and owner can live rent free.
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2-family dwelling, in Mosholu Park, the finest residential section in the Bronx. Telephone Jennings, Olinville 4741.

ATTRACTIVE 4-story 20-foot dwelling, near park and West 72d; price $26,000; possession September, 1924. M. M. Hayward & Co., 2,640 Broadway.

APARTMENT plot near Riverside in 80s, 25,000 square feet; estate's liquidation. Vanderbilt 4193.

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BARGAIN—New stucco 2-family house; large rooms, double oak floors, every improvement, hot water heat, fireproof garage, large plot; $15,000.
Terms to suit.
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NEW COTTAGE, NEAR OCEAN.
8 rooms, 2 baths, steam heat; garage. Plot 60x100. Price $19,000.
Easy terms.
HATCH-GALE COMPANY,
217 Beach 116th St.,
Rockaway Park, N. Y.

SPECIAL HOUSE BARGAINS.
ONE-FAMILY HOUSES
for $500 cash and up and $43 monthly on principal.
TWO-FAMILY HOUSES
for $1,500 cash and up and very easy terms.
Both sets of houses are equipped with up-to-date modern improvements, including steam, electricity, parquet floors, hot water, gas ranges, breakfast nooks, tile bath and kitchen; beautiful fixtures, artistic decorations; large garden plot; garage space with driveway; improved streets. Open evenings and Sundays. BROHWITTER, 90-50 Sutphin Boulevard, corner Jamaica Av., block from Jamaica station. Phone Jamaica 5267.

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Our listings of superior homes are very complete. Let us know your requirements.
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Two and a half story detached brick and stucco house, 8 rooms, with electricity, parquet floors, steam heat; fully screened; garden front and rear; cheap for quick sale; owner leaving. Telephone Murray Hill 8080.

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HOUSES AND ESTATES.
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Broadway-Flushing, best neighborhood, near station; frame and stucco construction, six beautiful rooms on each floor, all modern improvements; double garage; one floor rented at $1,200 yearly, covering more than carrying charges. M 179 Times.

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Farmingdale 105.

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NEW ROCHELLE "PARVA DOMUS."
Banker leaving for Europe selling his beautiful home; asking $28,000, furnished; affidavit evidencing furnishings valued over $10,000; sell unfurnished if preferred. H $75 Times Downtown.

NEW ROCHELLE—1 NEPTUNE AV.
BEAUTIFUL HOME, 11 ROOMS.
Widow will sacrifice for quick sale; 1-car garage. Tel. New Rochelle 17983.

PELHAM—$19,500; $2,500 CASH.
Easy terms, artistic hollow tile, stucco, seven rooms, tiled bath, hot water heat, garage, tremendous sacrifice. Tel. 5996.
WM. J. ESHBACH, PELHAM MANOR.

PELHAMWOOD—Charming stucco, 7 large rooms, beamed, paneled; bath, sleeping porch, 2 fireplaces; pergola; select neighborhood, near station; $16,200; might rent. 1275R. 15 Fraser.

PELHAM—Due to lateness of season, must sell at once my new stone and brick Colonial house; centre hall, living room, solarium, porch, dining room, pantry, kitchen; four large bedrooms, three baths, servants' quarters; double garage; brass plumbing, hot-water heat; offer wanted. Alfonso Fagnani, owner and builder, 201 West 96th St. Riverside 1962.

PELHAM HEIGHTS—New house, 8 rooms, 2 baths, large sun porch; hot-water heat; decorated fixtures; built-in, heated garage; plot 75x200; price $12,500. Phone Owner, Longacre 4896.

PELHAM MANOR — Unusually attractive Summer home, extra large rooms, high ceilings; a large, well furnished, screen-shaded porch, sleeping porch opens from master bedroom, 3 other bedrooms; 3 maids' rooms, 3 baths, open fireplaces; garage, with chauffeur's room; half acre beautifully landscaped, high location; convenient to station, country clubs and golf courses; available until Oct. 1 at $600 a month. File 3627. Burke Stone, Inc. Pelham 1078.

PELHAM MANOR.
Exceptionally attractive stone house, on well landscaped plot, centrally located; 7 rooms, 3 baths, heated sun porch, breakfast alcove, stone fireplace, separate tiled shower, heated garage; an ideal home of permanent construction; price reduced to $22,500 for immediate sale. Apply Prince & Ripley, Pelham Manor. Phone Pelham 1106 for photograph or permission to inspect.

PELHAM MANOR—Business change necessitates quick sale of Colonial stucco home; 7 large rooms, 2 tile baths, 2 enclosed porches, heated garage; no reasonable offer refused. Murray B. Parks, 1,815 Pelhamdale Av., Pelham Manor. 4743 Pelham.

PHILIPSE MANOR—Newly built and never occupied; eight rooms, two baths, steam heat, gas, electricity; sidewalks, macadamized streets; two-car garage; nicely located; overlooking Hudson River and the recently acquired Westchester County Park; use of private bathing beach. Edward R. Morris, 507 5th Av. Murray Hill 2444.

SCARSDALE—BARGAIN.
One of the most picturesque of Scarsdale's homes, near the station, on a plot of one acre of beautiful flower gardens, with shade trees and fine view; Dutch Colonial type, 8 rooms, 3 baths, sun porch; 2-car garage; price reduced from $35,000 to $32,000; a remarkable bargain. Apply PRINCE & RIPLEY, East Parkway, Scarsdale. Telephone Scarsdale 564 or Murray Hill 0655.

SCARSDALE — Another popular "Ideal Home," with 4 bedrooms and 3 baths, soon ready; last one sold from plans; see for yourself these "ideal homes," and be convinced why they are so popular; breakfast nook; innumerable electric base plugs; extraordinary comforts of cozy solarium; old fashioned fireplace, hot water heat; garage; $16,500. Stanley Kirk, selling agent, 110 East 42d St., N. Y., or Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

WHITE PLAINS.
A pre-war house in the best section, 12 rooms, 5 baths; gas, quartered oak floors, beautifully landscaped, large plot, 100x260; exceptionally low price of $30,000 if sold at once.
WARD CARPENTER & CO.
White Plains, N. Y. Tel 2442-2442.

WHITE PLAINS.
A quaint little remodeled home of 8 rooms on a large plot in the best section, among beautiful old trees and shrubs; price of $8,000 astonishingly low; call at once.
WARD CARPENTER & CO.
White Plains, N. Y. Tel. 2442-2443.

A REAL BARGAIN.
Best location on Chester Hill; corner lot 100x140, near two stations; house of older type but thoroughly modern; 3 bathrooms, extra lavatories, parquet floors, beautiful woodwork, hot water heat; 10 large rooms, spacious porch, 2-car garage, fine shrubbery and trees; owner must sell this $35,000 property; make offer.
COOLEY REALTY CO.,
39 Prospect Av., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.
Tels. Hillcrest 5400 and 2401.

AT LARCHMONT.
FOR RENT OR SALE IN A PARK RIGHT ON LONG ISLAND SOUND, EXCEPTIONAL NEWLY DECORATED HOUSE, FOUR MASTER CHAMBERS, 3 BATHS, 3 SERVANTS' ROOMS; DOCK, SPACIOUS PORCHES, SCREENED; DELIGHTFUL LAWNS, CENTURY OLD TREES; QUIET, RESTFUL, DIGNIFIED; PRIVATE; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. Frank E. Campbell, 1 Bay Av., Larchmont Manor. Tel. Larchmont 676 or New York telephone Columbus 8200.

OLD FARMHOUSE REMODELED.
About 5 acres; near Harmon-on-the-Hudson; 32 minutes by express from Grand Central; 9 large rooms, 2 baths, electric light, steam heat, running water, fireplaces; wonderful views over the Hudson River and hills; apples, cherries, peach, mulberry, assorted pine and shade trees; flower and vegetable gardens. This is a charming old homestead. Photo and particulars.
OLCOTT & EGGERT,
31 East 42d, N. Y. Murray Hill 2330.

NO CASH PAYMENT NECESSARY
to buy ideal home on rental basis; superb Dutch Colonial, beautifully decorated, 9 rooms, 3 tiled baths; garage; large plot, finest location in Mount Vernon; select social surroundings, country club and magnificent new school nearby; you pay $250 monthly of which you save $1,000 yearly; references exchanged. Owner, Room 1515, 25 West 43d St., New York. Tel. 0789 Murray Hill.

$1,000.
Shingle cottage, 5 rooms, all improvements; plot 50 by 100; balance easy terms. STILWELL, Manoranock, N. Y. Tel. 304.

HOUSES AND ESTATES.
Westchester County For Sale.
BUILDER'S SACRIFICE.
Motor out today and inspect this stone and stucco home with slate roof, perfect interior and exterior design; 8 rooms, 3 baths; steam heat; garage; plot 79 feet; Title Co. mortgage; any reasonable offer will be accepted; if you cannot inspect today phone my New York office for early appointment, as the price on this property compels immediate sale. Chauncey B. Griffen, 18 East 41st St. Tel. Murray Hill 9236.

WE have listings of homes in lovely Larchmont and along the Sound to suit every requirement; drive out today and let us show you our offerings; it will be a pleasure to do so and there is no obligation. See Mr. Fuller. Phone Larchmont 1262.
THE SHORE HOME REALTY CO., INC.
70 Larchmont Av.

ON Mohansic Lake, 40 miles from New York City, over 1,000 feet of lake frontage; 15-room house, other outbuildings; wonderful opportunity for development; sanitarium, camp, boys' or girls' school or large hotel; sale or exchange. Address Welton, 499 West 123th St.

WELL-BUILT modern homes at Briarcliff; $6,500 to $12,500; inspection invited; our booklet, "Briarcliff in the Hills of Westchester" mailed upon request. Briarcliff Realty Co., 342 Madison Av., N. Y.

CANNOT meet mortgages due; must sacrifice $15,000 modern, stucco home; 8 rooms, 2 baths, slate roof; garage; plot 71x166; finest residential section; exceptional opportunity. P. O. Box 268, Mount Vernon.

SEND for free descriptive list, "Westchester Homes Incomparable"; $11,000 upward. White Realty Co., 77 Prospect Av., Mount Vernon.

$14,500, attractive, 7-room Colonial, tile kitchen, fireplace, sun parlor, garage; near station; Zangerle's office, Crestwood, H. R. R.

BRICK HOUSE, 6 rooms, tiled bath; cozy and well appointed for comfort; near station and schools; only $10,500; easy terms. Box 82, Mount Vernon.

SUITABLE Westchester home located for you quickly without effort; write your requirements. Suburban Sales Company, 62 West 14th.

FOR Mount Vernon homes, sale, rent, see ANDERSON REALTY CO., Oakwood 8980.

AGENCY Colton's selected homes in New Rochelle. Telephone 298. 27 North Av.

Westchester County—For Rent.
PHILIPSE MANOR—$175 month; charming home, 8 rooms, 2 baths; all improvements and conveniences; 2-car garage; plot 100x150; river view, 4 minutes to station. Edward B. Morris, 507 5th Av. Murray Hill 2444.

RYE — Attractive furnished, unfurnished rentals; suitable to those wishing quiet; $250 season, or will rent part season. Fred E. Marquet, Orange, N. J. Phone Orange 1807J.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS—Detached, furnished house; Summer months; eight rooms, three baths; porches; garden; in wooded section. 55 Olive Place. Telephone Oliver 2 Canal 0660.

FOREST HILLS GARDEN—Attractive 8-room ivy-covered stone house, well furnished; roses, trees, shrubs; June 15 to Sept. 15. Boulevard 6651.

LONG BEACH—Beautiful new 7-room house, all improvements, furnished completely; garage; sublet 4 months; price $1,300 season. Phone Vanderbilt 6252 or inquire Louis H. May Co.

LONG BEACH, 110 Grand Boulevard—Six rooms and bath, beautifully furnished, one block from ocean. Mrs. G. Pennsylvania 7835.

LONG BEACH—Beautiful 4-room apartment; ocean front; open for inspection, 740 West Penn St., between Grand Boulevard and N. Y. Av.

LONG BEACH—Well furnished West Holme bungalow, 6 rooms and bath; garage; rent reasonable. 630 West Park St.

LONG BEACH—One or two beautifully furnished rooms with bath, with private family; reasonable rental. Madison Square 10186.

MALBA-ON-THE-SOUND—New house, furnished, for July and August; 8 rooms, 3 baths. Phone Flushing 5528W.

SEA GATE—Beautiful rooms; also housekeeping suites; bathing, tennis. Coney Island 2866.

SEA CLIFF, L. I.—Six-roomed house, well furnished, modern, overlooking Sound; $350 season. Phone Glencove 1354M.

SHEEPSHEAD BAY—Waldorf bungalows, foot of Emmons Av., 5 rooms, furnished; all improvements; private beach; season now until October, $250-$500. Coney Island 4548.

ON THE OCEAN FRONT.
Beautiful Summer home, expensively furnished, 8 rooms, sleeping porch, 2 baths; all improvements; easy commuting; rent for season, $1,200; very moderate. Telephone Bitzroy 3206.
O. F. LOUCKS, 47 West 34th St., N. Y. C.

HOUSE to rent for season; a nicely furnished cottage, four rooms and bath, all improvements, nicely situated; very cheap. P. O. Box 221, Huntington Station. Tel. 668W Huntington.

COTTAGE, 8 rooms; large grounds; all conveniences; adjacent to Hotel Cliffton and beach; moderate rent. Bonsire, Patchogue, L. I. W. A. Riley.

OCEAN bathing, quaint log cabin, cottage, studio camps; furnished, $14 weekly up; two weeks longer; tennis, dancing; refined references. Hills Colony, Southampton, L. I.

CAMPING sites on high land; large trees; near beach and station; water; goods stored for the Winter; $25 per season. L. B. Hammond, Owner, Glen Cove, L. I. Tel. 1567.

Westchester County For Rent.
HARMON-ON-HUDSON—Camp on Croton River; suitable for several young men, running water, bathing. M 166 Times.

NEW ROCHELLE—Small furnished house; $600; 3 months. Morse, 32 Bon Air Park.

PELHAM.
For rent, furnished, for Summer, Colonial house of 10 rooms, 3 baths; 2 open fireplaces, screened porch, automatic hot water heater, wireless set, every modern convenience; garage; fine shade trees and shrubbery. FISH & MARVIN, Pelham, N. Y. Phone Pelham 4097.

PELHAM—Modern 6 rooms, 2 baths, stucco; for rent July, August, September; $150 per month. Phone Longacre 0044, Selleck.

PLEASANTVILLE—Houses and estates for rent, furnished and unfurnished. Caterson, 200 Bedford Road, Pleasantville. Pleasantville 820.

RYE—Exceptional opportunity. Summer home, exclusively furnished, 8 rooms, porch and garage; quick action necessary. Phone Rye 403W.

ESPECIALLY desirable furnished houses at Briarcliff; $1,500 to $2,000 for season; delightfully located; with every modern convenience; illustrated booklet, "Briarcliff in the Hills of Westchester" upon request. Briarcliff Realty Co., 342 Madison Av., New York.

FOR RENT at Lake Waccabuc, N. Y.—Modern, attractively furnished house, adjoining links of Waccabuc Country Club; 12 rooms, 4 baths, large living porch; 45 miles from New York; season June 15 to Nov. 1; $900 monthly. Apply to E. D. Booth, Lake Waccabuc, N. Y.

FOR RENT for the Summer—Furnished house in quiet wooded section of Pelham Manor; shade trees; large screened porch; flower garden; 4 master's bedrooms, 3 baths; garage; $250 per month. G. M. Hubbard, 600 James St., Pelham Manor, N. Y. Tel. Pelham 1900.

FOR RENT, 3 months, 6 rooms, 1 bath, garage; near station, trolley; short distance beach; bathing privileges. Phone Larchmont 131 or Lyon, Broad 1680.

CALIFORNIA bungalow, 8 rooms; all improvements. 16 Deschamps Av., Oakland Beach, Rye, N. Y. $600 for season. Telephone 3362 Oakwood.

New York State For Rent.
CORNWALL—Eight-room furnished cottage; season, $400; four-room bungalows; $260; quiet, woodsy. Tenney, 148 Claremont, Mt. Vernon.

MEADOWMOUNT, Adirondacks; few camp cottages rent furnished for season, $150 and up. Write Superintendent Derby, Wadhams, N. Y.

NAPANOCH, N. Y.—Mountain camps, furnished; fishing, bathing; meals if desired. Joseph Ryatt, Napanoch, N. Y.

FURNISHED cottages on large farm near village, 100 miles out; improvements, bathing, &c.; season, $175, $300 and $250. Aug. Maercker, Wawarsing, N. Y.

New Jersey For Rent.
CRANBERRY LAKE.
Rustic log cabin, well proportioned; fireplace; ample sleeping accommodations; spacious living room, large porch; located among trees near lake. Address Owner, Room 806, Wise Bldg., Newark, N. J.

CRANFORD—Well furnished, modern, roomy house; piano; comfortable porch; garage; attractive grounds; convenient location; easy commuting; 3 months; reasonable. F. Cruikshank, Rector 8080.

DEAL, BEACH—Handsomely furnished stucco house, twelve rooms, three baths and garage with chauffeur's quarters; season rental $2,500.

LONG BRANCH—Newly built stucco house; seven rooms, nicely furnished, two baths; garage; three doors from ocean; near Allenhurst swimming pool; rental $1,800.

New Jersey Homes; absolutely complete furnished, near ocean; two baths, open fireplace; garage; immediate possession; $1,600 for Summer season; sale price $16,000. Address James Kelsey, Plaza Hotel, Asbury Park, N. J. Phone 274.

DEAL BEACH—The Poplar Brook Apartments have 2 rooms with bath, furnished; $200 season. Tel. 1140. Mrs. Guerin.

DENVILLE (Jersey Mountains)—Rent. Charming bungalow in secluded, rustic park; river, canoeing, bathing; sleeping porch; commuting; sell all-year cottage; plot; Caledonia 6158, Bergh.

LAKE HOPATCONG—Near Alamac Hotel; modern cottage; attractively furnished; six rooms, shower bath; laundry; screened living porch; private beach; references; rent $750. W. Alamac Allenwood, 303 5th Av.

HOUSES AND ESTATES.
Connecticut and New England For Sale.
NORWALK AND VICINITY.
A complete listing of city homes, shore properties, farms and estates, sales and rentals. Wm. C. Ely & Co., 56w Lester, 286 Madison Av. Plaza 4008.

Connecticut and New England For Rent.
TO rent, furnished house in Berkshires; an ideal place; shady lawn. Apply the Misses Duggan, Kent, Conn.

HOUSES AND ESTATES WANTED.
DWELLING wanted between 90th and 79th Sts., between 5th and Lexington, for attention; subject to first mortgage only; give full details. S 196 Times.

GENTLEMAN wishes to manage and collect rents of property for private office; experienced, reliable; references. Bradhurst 6566.

HOUSE wanted west 70s or early 80s, rent not to exceed $3,000. Evans, 17 West 42d. Pennsylvania 2856.

SUMMER HOMES.
Brooklyn For Rent.
FOR RENT FURNISHED.
July 1 to Oct. 1, beautiful California bungalow, 7 rooms, large sun parlor, 2 tiled baths and garage; at 2,015 Av. O, near Ocean Av., Flatbush, Brooklyn; direct express to New York; $300 per month; private neighborhood; references. Telephone Sheepshead 6448.

Staten Island For Rent.
OCEAN front, furnished bungalows, 45 minutes from Broadway, $650 season; private beach, screened sleeping porches, gas, electricity; fare 13c; booklet. L 840 Times Downtown.

Long Island For Rent.
BALDWIN—Attractively furnished seven-room home; two baths, garage; for season or year. Phone Freeport 1466.

BEECHHURST—Cottage, charmingly furnished, Steinway piano, six rooms; will let very reasonably careful tenant; 2 months, immediately; private bathing beach. Ranson. Phone 1305W Flushing.

BELLE HARBOR—Seven-room house, 2 baths; garage; reasonable. Belle Harbor 1103W.

BELLE HARBOR—Nine rooms, enclosed porch, garage; reasonable. Belle Harbor 1730.

BELLE HARBOR—Rent newly decorated 8-room home; garage. Telephone Beekman 9231.

FIRE ISLAND BEACH (opposite Sayville)—Furnished 4-room bung

APARTMENT HOUSES.

Manhattan—Bronx For Sale.

5D AV. corner, five six-story buildings, rent $60,000 a year; second mortgage for 25 years until paid, cash required $80,000, net income, after deducting all expenses, $25,000 year.

TRIPLE FLAT, near 8th Av., low rents, all improvements, 30% on investment; 10 years second mortgage; price $38,000.

COLD WATER TENEMENTS, near Broadway, 14 rooms on a floor, 20 families, worth $40,000, will sell for $25,000 with $8,000 cash.

NEW LAW six-story tenement, cold water, in Yorkville, 37.6x100; assessed for $46,000; price $53,000; cash $8,000 above two mortgages, aggregating $45,000.

7-STORY ELEVATOR, rent $20,300; cash required $15,000; net income, after paying all expenses, $8,000 a year.
E. V. PESCIA & CO.,
Times Building. Tel. Bryant 9552.

3D AV. LOT above 424 St. Joseph Rauschkolb, 46 West 46th.

6TH ST., WEST—Five-story, 20x100, modern alteration, may be purchased close to assessed valuation; reasonable amount of cash; immediate possession. Thomas Casey, 155 West 72d.

88TH—Altered dwelling, 5-story house; tiled bathrooms, parquet, steam, electricity, hot water supply. Dohrenwend, 147 West 35th.

90'S (near Lexington Av. Subway Station)—Improvements; 6's; less than 6 times rent; principals only. A. Jedel, 400 Riverside.

98TH ST., WEST (near Amsterdam Av.)—Five-story tenement, hot water supply; low rent $4,500; price $30,000. No agents. F. C., 33 Times.

CLINTON AV., Bronx, near 181st St.; 25 families, 40x112, 2-3, 3-4, all improved; ten years old; $15,500 above two mortgages; good terms. H. Harris, 116 Nassau.

LEXINGTON AV. (near 54th St.)—5½-story apartment house; price and terms reasonable. Sharum, 565 5th Av.

$20,000 CASH BUYS
finest built house in West Harlem; conveniently located, 125th subway and elevated; five-story new-law; 11 years old; 1-3, 2-4, 3-5 room apartment each floor; steam, electric, tiled wall baths, pedestal basins, showers, kitchen dryers, telephones; well-kept building; old-time rents; $11 a room; new tenants gladly pay $15; 10-year second mortgage; price unequaled in this market. Ryan & Co., 142 West 125th.

CONTRACT FOR SALE.
Proposed subway, corner 126th St.-St. Nicholas; wonderful for stores; 16 months $20,000 standing; 2d mortgage $14,500 15 years, no payments; 2d mortgage allows to increase 1st mortgage to cover any amount for alterations; will sell contract or exchange for income property. Threebore, 110 West 40th St.

ESTATE WILL SELL
Washington Heights; walk-up; 50x100, all improvements; rent $15,000; price $90,000; long mortgage; cash required $17,000; also walk-up east side; hot-water supply; rent $8,500, price $47,000, long mortgage, $9,500 cash; immediate action necessary. Ryan, 514 Rochelle Terrace, Pelham Manor.

$15,000 CASH buys modern 4l 6-story elevator building on Amsterdam Av. with stores; rents over $30,000; price $150,000, netting $10,000; preference given buyer who will grant us exclusive rights on resale at substantial profits; a personal interview only. George Lazo & Co., 347 Madison Av. Murray Hill 3982.

COMBINED HOME AND INVESTMENT.
100th St., between Central Park and Columbus Av., comfortable, old-fashioned, 4-story 4-family single flats; owner can occupy one floor (7 rooms and bath) and have an income from the three other tenants; price $19,000, cash $5,000. Owner, William D. Kilpatrick, 149 Broadway.

FIVE times low rental of $11,000, with only $9,000 cash buys 50-foot front, 5-story new-law walk-up, with 5 apartments on each floor; preference given buyer who will grant us exclusive rights on resale at substantial profit; personal interviews only. Geo. Lazo & Co., 347 Madison Av. Murray Hill 3982.

SEE THIS BARGAIN, THEN SEE US.
418 WEST 115TH ST.,
near Lenox Av.—5-story; all improvements; rents (low) $5,300; price $54,000; cash $8,000 above two excellent mortgages.
H. WALZER & SONS,
152 West 42d. Bryant 9414-7657.

HARLEM AND MID-TOWN TENEMENTS.
Choice parcels for sale.
SEND FOR PARTICULARS.
Charles S. M. First, Attorney.
220 West 42d St., New York.
Chickering 1609.

IF YOU ARE LOOKING
for Manhattan real estate be sure and send for our list of 1,100 choice properties.
LESWOOD REALTY CORP.,
Phone Vanderbilt 2140. 10 East 43d St.

GOOD tenements for sale in Bronx to close an estate; exceptional opportunity. E. D. KAHN, care
J. ROMAINE BROWN CO.,
10 East 43d. Established 1858.

5-STORY cold water, 2 3s, 2 4s; all light; large store; no lease; low rent; great future; small cash; good terms; safe investment. 328 East 109th. Sacks, Owner, 1,674 3d Av.

INVESTORS and operators look; store property, West 118th St.; rents $6,712, low; good mortgages; cash $9,500; nets $3,072. Lewis H. May Co., 18 West 27th St. Watkins 2125.

5-STORY modernized tenement, totally unoccupied; one of the soundest investments; no bother; first mortgage standing; 9-room apartment; small cash; price $21,500. 397 Madison St., junction Grand.

$6,500 WILL buy best income apartment West Harlem, 25x100, all improvements; low rents, $5,700; good terms. Lewis H. May, 18 West 27th. Watkins 2125.

INVESTORS can get the biggest bargain in West Harlem; rents $5,700; cash required $6,500, terms. Lewis H. May Co., 18 West 27th. Watkins 2125.

INVESTORS who know their business buy now; get in the swim and get a good profit in September. See us for bargains. Lewis H. May, 18 West 27th. Watkins 2125.

INVESTORS can get the biggest bargains in West Harlem; rents $5,700; cash required $6,500; terms. Lewis H. May Co., 18 West 27th. Watkins 2125.

SAFE INVESTMENTS—We offer West 114th, double flat; rents $5,400; cash $6,500; above two good mortgages. Lewis H. May, 18 West 27th. Watkins 2125.

BARGAIN—Six-story elevator; 75 feet; rent $24,000; offer, $137,000; cash, $37,000; below 110th St., west side. Duross, 350 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 4081.

INVESTORS let me know what you want. Have a number apartment houses, one and two mortgages, Washington Heights and Bronx. C. J. Timm, 66 Broad St.

RENTS $33,480; price $198,000; six-story apartment house, near Broadway. Sharum, 565 5th Av. Tel. Vanderbilt 0124.

LEASE for sale; remodeled building, West 70's. Goldberg, 1,476 Broadway. Bryant 7240.

$28,000 CASH, price $242,000, buys six-story corner apartment house, 100x100; Washington Heights. Sharum, 565 5th Av.

FOR INCOME PROPERTY consult E. H. Clark Company, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

SIX-FAMILY brick and store; all improvements; cash $6,500. Weiss, Broad 0204.

Manhattan-Bronx For Sale.

94TH ST., WEST—5-story, 20x100; modern; alteration; ideal for furnished rooms and apartments; long lease; possession. Thomas Casey, 155 West 72d.

APARTMENT HOUSES WANTED.

FOR QUICK ACTION list your property with us; buyers with $5,000 to $40,000 cash waiting. Homer Buckley Company, 119 Nassau St. Phone Cortlandt 0206.

$5,000,000 CASH for your properties; send particulars. Joseph Rauschkolb, 46 West 46th.

CLIENTS with cash for income property, Clark Company, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

CASH buyers for tenement houses, cold water flats. Haines, 2,067 B'way (72d).

HOTEL PROPERTIES.

All Sections For Rent.

80-ROOM hotel, corner 5d Av. and Kingsley St.; 75 feet of porch in full view of ocean; gas, electricity, running water, hot and cold, all outside rooms, 12-foot ceilings, furnished; location very central; rental reasonable. Apply or address 209 24 Av., Asbury Park, N. J., Mr. J. E. Ralph.

BUILDINGS AND FACTORIES.

Manhattan-Bronx For Sale.

FOR A WHOLESALE BAKER
at Amsterdam Av. and 125th St., three-story brick dwelling and store, with bakery basement, 20x100, high ceiling; modern bake oven for French loaves, rolls, &c.; stable and yard room; going business; early possession; price $37,500. Owner, William D. Kilpatrick, 149 Broadway.

100% RENTED.
All loft buildings under my management are completely rented; can be same for you; or will lease your building that will pay you a good rental. Charles Klein, 1,767 Madison Av. University 7429.

CORNER SPRING AND WOOSTER STS.
Business building leased to one tenant at $2,400 (equal to a $4,000 tenement rent); price $23,500; mortgage $13,000; will consider low-priced lots in part payment. Owner, William D. Kilpatrick, 149 Broadway.

STOREKEEPERS, ATTENTION
1918 Lex., 852, adjoining 43d St.; 4-story brick tenement; possession of store; easy terms. N. J. Greene, 131 West 42d. Bryant 3614.

FACTORY or storage near new tunnel; 14,750 sq. ft. Av. brick. Gaillard, 100 East 42d St. Vanderbilt 5585.

Manhattan-Bronx For Rent.

3D ST., 49 WEST—Six-story loft; sell or lease. Owner, Butterfield 2244.

FACTORIES—ANY SIZE, ANYWHERE
GAILLARD REALTY CO.,
100 EAST 42D ST. VANDERBILT 5585.

BUILDINGS AND FACTORIES.

Manhattan—Bronx For Rent.

BUILDING, 11 SOUTH WILLIAM ST. TO 29 STONE ST.
Five story, with furnace and hoist; size 1,400 square feet per floor; building good condition; possession now.
80 Broadway. Tel. Bowling Green 6111.

Brooklyn—Long Island For Sale.

BUILDING, brick, plenty of light, suitable for light manufacturing, such as knitting mill, garment maker, &c.; building 25x100 ft.; two floors and basements, heating plant, all in first-class condition, with 2-story frame dwelling for 1 family adjoining; size of plot 50x100. Inquire Chas. Scharff Sons, 1,234 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

FOUR-STORY and basement brick building, heavy construction, good light, between the Brooklyn and Manhattan bridges; price $38,000, cash $3,000; assured $11,000. P. M. McCurdy Co., 158 Remsen St., Brooklyn.

Brooklyn-Long Island For Rent.

LONG ISLAND CITY.
5,000 to 100,000 SQ. FT. SPACE;
immediate occupancy or will build to suit.
ROMAN-CALLMAN COMPANY,
BRIDGE PLAZA. ASTORIA 9725.

BRICK buildings, various sizes, suitable garage or factory; 30 cents. Astoria 7617.

New Jersey For Rent.

FACTORY to lease, 80x35, about 30 miles from New York; cheap help available; suitable for needle industry. T 1177 Times Harlem.

LOFTS AND FLOORS.

Manhattan—Bronx For Rent.

3D ST., 49 WEST—Light, renovated loft, 25x100; immediate possession. Butterfield 2244.

5TH AV., 157—Sublease, very light floor, 20x113; suitable for manufacturing and show rooms; cross 4 Brown Co., 175 5th Av. Tel. Ashland 7452.

5TH AV., 262 (near 29th St.)—About 20x100; all improvements. Madison Square 3338.

16TH ST., 133-137 EAST.
2d loft, 70x92; 2 elevators.
100 per cent. cash; modern moderate rental.
Apply Owner, V. Greene & Co.,
45 WEST 34TH ST., OR SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

24TH, 121-123 EAST—5,000 square feet, light lofts, 12-story fireproof building; sprinkler system; minimum insurance rate. Apply 118 East 28th St.

27TH ST., 204 EAST (3D AV.).
8th loft, 5,000 sq. feet; good light; elevator; manufacturing or storage; immediate occupancy; reasonable rent. Spotts & Starr, Inc. Bryant 4000.

27TH ST., WEST (northwest corner 9th Av.)—4,000 or 6,000 sq. ft. on 2d floor for light manufacturing or storage; good daylight, elevator, sprinkler; sublet 3 years. Kohn & Mundus, 402 West 27th. Chickering 4907.

27TH, 119 EAST—400-1,200 square feet loft; stock only. Superintendent.

28TH ST., corner 1st Av.; lofts containing 7,500 square feet; daylight; sprinkler, heat; power; live steam; elevator. Apply on premises. Tel. Lexington 0500.

29TH ST., 515 WEST—Lofts to lease, 50x100. Phone Owner, Chickering 5010.

36TH, WEST—Sublet, 35 ft. by 50 ft., new building, near 9th Av., 5 years' lease. Toller, 225 West 42d. Chickering 9767.

47TH ST., 8 WEST—Light loft for offices or light manufacturing, $2,000.

48TH, 127 WEST—Store 65x19. Inquire office Hotel Bristol, 129 West 48th St.

50TH, 38 EAST—Floor to let in high-class business house, suitable for exclusive business; also large studio room.

56TH, 63 WEST—Parlor store, 70x23, parquet, steam, electricity; rent reasonable. Morgan.

62D ST. and Amsterdam Av.—10,000 sq. ft. at 50c a foot; long lease; good light for light manufacturing; ideal entire 2d floor of department store; private entrance. Cross & Brown, 270 Madison Av.

107TH ST., 204 EAST—41x100, light on all sides; heat; elevator; good location for help. Lehigh 6850.

122 FIFTH AVENUE.
LIGHT LOFTS, OFFICES AND SHOW ROOMS.
561 Square Feet....$900
673 Square Feet....$1,100
1,141 Square Feet....$1,800
2,003 Square Feet....$3,500
And various other spaces.
AT LOW PRICES.

41 WEST 21ST STREET.
$40-$50-$65 to $100 per month.
LOFTS, OFFICES AND SHOW ROOMS.

131 WEST 24TH STREET.
$3,500 per year, store 2,750 square feet.

2,880 BELMONT AV. (Bronx).
Stores, $30 to $145 per month.

E. SHARUM CO. (Owners), 122 Fifth Av., Room 906. Tel. Watkins 1670.

LOFT TO LET.
6,000 sq. ft., suitable any manufacturing; reasonable rent. Kraus Cigar Co., 511 East 72d. Rhinelander 9115.

LARGE floors, exceptional window space, Columbus Circle section; low rent; suitable upstairs clothes shop, shoe repair, millinery, rehearsal hall. Columbus 4366.

LARGE, airy loft, showcase privilege, excellent for mercantile business; wonderful opportunity; 5,000 square feet. Propper, 150 West 125th.

COMPLETE lists in all locations. Joseph Rauschkolb, 46 West 46th. Bryant 8680.

STORES

Manhattan-Bronx For Rent.

3D ST., 49 WEST—Store and basement, 25x104; immediate possession. Butterfield 2244.

5TH AV. (near 29th St.)—About 20x100. Madison Square 3338.

23D ST., 135 WEST (between 6th and 7th Avs.)
Select location for RADIO and ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES; 20x90; high ceiling; reasonable rent. Sanitary Supply and Specialty Co.

37TH, 12 EAST—500 FEET, PARLOR FLOOR. COLLINS.

140 EAST 44TH ST.,
at Grand Central, desirable store and parlor floor; rents moderate.
MAURICE WERTHEIM,
408 Lexington Av., at 42d St.

45TH ST., 154 WEST—Parlor floor, store, splendid show windows; good light; suitable for radio, sport goods, &c.; long lease; brokers protected. Spotts & Starr, Inc. Bryant 4000.

46TH, 127 WEST—Store 65x19. Inquire office Hotel Bristol, 129 West 48th St.

50TH, 38 EAST—Floor to let in high-class business house, suitable for exclusive business; also large studio room.

56TH, 63 WEST—Parlor store, 70x23, parquet, steam, electricity; rent reasonable. Morgan.

63D ST. and Amsterdam Av.—10,000 sq. ft. at 50c a foot; long lease; good light for light manufacturing; ideal entire 2d floor of department store; private entrance. Cross & Brown, 270 Madison Av.

107TH ST., 204 EAST—41x100, light on all sides; heat; elevator; good location for help. Lehigh 6850.

LOFTS AND FLOORS.

Manhattan—Bronx For Rent.

3D ST., 40 WEST—Light, renovated loft, 25x100; immediate possession. Butterfield 2244.

5TH AV., 157—Sublease, very light floor, 20x113; suitable for manufacturing and show rooms; cross 4 Brown Co., 175 5th Av. Tel. Ashland 7452.

5TH AV., 262 (near 29th St.)—About 20x100; all improvements. Madison Square 3338.

16TH ST., 133-137 EAST.
2d loft, 70x92; 2 elevators.
100 per cent. cash; moderate rental.
Apply Owner, V. Greene & Co.,
45 WEST 34TH ST., OR SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

24TH, 121-123 EAST—5,000 square feet, light lofts, 12-story fireproof building; sprinkler system; minimum insurance rate. Apply 118 East 28th St.

27TH ST., 204 EAST (3D AV.).
8th loft, 5,000 sq. feet; good light; elevator; manufacturing or storage; immediate occupancy; reasonable rent. Spotts & Starr, Inc. Bryant 4000.

27TH, 119 EAST—400-1,200 square feet loft; stock only. Superintendent.

28TH ST., corner 1st Av.; lofts containing 7,500 square feet; daylight; sprinkler, heat; power; live steam; elevator. Apply on premises. Tel. Lexington 0500.

29TH ST., 515 WEST—Lofts to lease, 50x100. Phone Owner, Chickering 5010.

36TH, WEST—Sublet, 35 ft. by 50 ft., new building, near 9th Av., 5 years' lease. Toller, 225 West 42d. Chickering 9767.

47TH ST., 8 WEST—Light loft for offices or light manufacturing, $2,000.

48TH, 127 WEST—Store 65x19. Inquire office Hotel Bristol, 129 West 48th St.

50TH, 38 EAST—Floor to let in high-class business house, suitable for exclusive business; also large studio room.

56TH, 63 WEST—Parlor store, 70x23, parquet, steam, electricity; rent reasonable. Morgan.

62D ST. and Amsterdam Av.—10,000 sq. ft. at 50c a foot; long lease; good light for light manufacturing; ideal entire 2d floor of department store; private entrance. Cross & Brown, 270 Madison Av.

107TH ST., 204 EAST—41x100, light on all sides; heat; elevator; good location for help. Lehigh 6850.

OFFICES.

Manhattan—Bronx For Rent.

26TH, 37-39 EAST—Offices, modern fireproof building, $450 to $900. Apply premises or N. A. Berwin & Co., 103 Park Av.

31ST, 110 EAST (1st floor)—Front office, with show window; $100.

34TH, 30 WEST—Beautiful office, 700 square feet, sublet, exceptionally reasonable.

36TH, 121 WEST (corner Broadway)—Furnished offices or desk room; advertising display windows; telephone; sacrifice rental. First floor.

41ST, 145 WEST (northeast corner Broadway)—Offices, $45 and up; immediate possession. Superintendent, Room 311, Bryant 9056.

42D, 33 WEST—2 private offices and reception room, plaster partitions; best light; $1,500. Inquire Room 1614 Aeolian Building.

42D ST., 220 WEST—Beautiful light private office in large suite; 150 ft.; fully furnished; telephone and stenographic service; sublet for Summer or longer; $85. Chickering 2280. Room 2209.

42D, 224 WEST (overlooking 42d St.)—Splendid light, furnished, including typewriters, addressing machine, safe, &c.; reasonable. Room 402.

43D, 11 E.—Furnished offices for rent, telephone available, elevator service. $25 to $35.

42D, 7 EAST—Furnished office with telephone; $50. Room 810.

43D, 230 WEST—Furnished offices, $25, $45. Suite 612 A. Candler Building.

43D, NEAR 5TH AV.—900 feet to sublease at low rental in excellent building, plaster partitions, furnished or unfurnished. Baumeister-Baumeister, 17 East 46th. Murray Hill 3817.

43D, 10 EAST—Small partitioned furnished, stenographic and phone service. Room 407.

44TH ST., 19 WEST—Exceptionally low rent; 1,400 sq. ft.; will subdivide or give desk room; desirable location; fine building; uptown financial district; excellent quarters; real sacrifice. United States Guardian Corp.

45TH ST., 2 WEST (Putnam Building)—Desirable office; about 1,000 feet; July 1 occupancy; reasonable rent. Sue Supt.

45TH, 25 WEST—Advertising agency has sunny office space, sublet reasonably. 806A.

46TH ST., 16 WEST—Furnished office for rent; conveniently located; 12th floor.

47TH ST., 245 WEST (Romax Bids., near Broadway)—Office with partition; $40 mo.

48TH, 629 WEST—Unusually light, airy room, windows overlooking street, 31x14 feet; privilege of switchboard; can be used for office or stock room. Call at 2d floor, 520 West 48th, or phone Chickering 0780.

70TH ST., 200 WEST (CORNER AMSTERDAM AV.)—DOCTORS AND DENTISTS' OFFICES, BARBER SHOP AND SPACE FOR BEAUTY PARLOR; MOST REASONABLE RENTAL.

BROADWAY (vicinity Liberty St.)—Two front offices, 400 square feet, sublet to 1927; immediate possession.
Geo. Taller, 225 West 42d. Chickering 9767.

BROADWAY, 261 (Rooms 1206-7)—Bright office in lawyer's suite; engineer, accountant, realtor or lawyer; immediate possession.

BROADWAY, 120—On 30th floor; southern exposure; overlooking harbor; 170 to 250 square feet to sublet. Room 3051. Rector 3528.

BROADWAY, 29—High-class well furnished 1-2 and 3 offices; stenographic and telephone service. J. E. K., Whitehall 8573.

BROADWAY, 160 (Room 1211)—Private office, furnished; telephone; services optional; immediate possession.

BROADWAY—Completely furnished private office, reception room, phones, service; $35. Columbus 8359.

BROADWAY (near 14th St.)—3 semi-private; quiet furnished offices; rent $25-$35 including service. Phone Stuyvesant 9009.

BROADWAY (42d St.)—Fully equipped, including telephone; until May, 1925; possession had July 1, 1924. 8 155 Times.

BROADWAY, 1,123—Furnished private, facing 5th Av. Room 406. Telephone Watkins 5166.

BROADWAY, 799—At 11th St.; offices and show rooms. $30 up.

CEDAR ST., 4—Small, light offices in newly renovated building, furnished or unfurnished; low rentals.
J. CLARENCE DAVIES, INC.,
32 Nassau St. Phone John 1171.

CHURCH ST.—50 Hudson Terminal Building, 3 private offices; large outer office. Room 961. Cortland 5121.

EQUITABLE BUILDING—One office, 1,000 feet; attractive rental; June rent free. Room 3649. Rector 5087.

EQUITABLE BUILDING—Office, 416 feet; two years lease; $100 monthly. Room 320.

JOHN ST., 12-14-16 (near Broadway)—Large, small offices; low rent.

KNICKERBOCKER BLDG., 622—Mahogany furnished office with reception room, also desk room.

LIBERTY ST., 132—Daylight offices, small and large units; agent 63 premises.

MADISON AV., 460 (CORNER 47TH ST.)—Suite 31, furnished, private office or desk in reputable business office.

MADISON AV., 280 (Room 902)—Furnished or unfurnished; full service; engineer or professional man preferred; $50 monthly.

NASSAU ST., 116—Desirable furnished office; immediate occupancy; telephone; $30. Suite 607.

PARK AV., 103 (corner 41st)—Light, pleasant office. Apply Suite 703.

TIMES SQUARE (144 West 46th)—Offices, desk room, $25 month. Rosenthal.

SEVERAL offices available in one of the most accessible office buildings in New York; unusually light and cheerful; facing City Hall Park; one attractive office at $40 per month; others in proportion. Apply on premises to
HERBERT McELEAN PURDY & CO.,
154 Nassau St., Room 200. Beekman 8395.

OFFICES.
$20 month and up.
236 West 55th Street.
Also a few completely furnished.

DESIRABLE private office, completely furnished; light, airy, outside room; modern office building; all conveniences; telephone service, desk extension; use of safe-room; $45 month. Suit 605 17 West 60th St.

APARTMENT, suitable for office or studio; opposite New York Library; elevator service; to sublet to Oct. 31, 1924; rent $125. Phone Vanderbilt 8816.

KNICKERBOCKER BUILDING—Offices, furnished, unfurnished, small and large space; very desirable; also deskroom. Room 921, 152 West 42d.

HIGH CLASS, well furnished office, facing river; anteroom optional; lease. 3912 Woolworth Building. Telephone Whitehall 5885.

ATTRACTIVE office to sublet until May 1925; foyer and private room; overlooking Central Park. Room 1009, Fisk Bldg., 250 West 57th St.

TO SUBLET, very desirable small office, 300 square feet; convenient downtown location; Park Row Building; immediate possession; reasonable. Barclay 3338.

OFFICE, PRIVATE, FURNISHED; SERVICE OPTIONAL. HOTHEART, 18 EAST 40TH ST.

OFFICE to sublet in Fisk Building, overlooking Park; rent reasonable. Apply Luzor Co., 1,804 Broadway.

VERY desirable furnished office; finest building financial district; reasonable. Helm, 52 Broadway.

SMALL suite of offices, furnished, suitable lawyer, real estate, &c.; immediate possession. Room 709, 26 Court St., Brooklyn.

OFFICES—Desk room, mailing privilege, telephone. Seneca Co., 145 West 45th St.

OFFICE for rent; immediate possession. Room 704, 170 5th Av. Gramercy 8700.

DESIRABLE office for physician or dentist. Call Palace Hotel.

OFFICE space sublet, furnished or unfurnished; reasonable. Room 309, 7 East 42d.

TWO choice offices available at once; inspection invited. Room 304, 1,639 B'way.

DESK ROOM.

Manhattan—Bronx For Rent.

5TH AV., 309-311.
SUITE 302-304-305-306.
Exclusive use equipped private office with service as needed and free local phone calls, $5 to $20 monthly.

5TH AV., 263 (29th)—Desk, private office, telephone, stenographic service; $15. Franklin.

5TH AV., 500 (42d), Room 415—Mail, telephone, office service; $3 month.

5TH AV., 246 (28th)—Desk, private office, telephones, stenographer; $15. First floor.

40TH, 15 EAST—Desk space at window; exceptional service. Suite 1104.

BROADWAY, 1,367—CHOICE LOCATION, PRIVATE DESK, TELEPHONE, STENOGRAPHIC SERVICE. CHICKERING 8513. SUITE 308.

BROADWAY, 851—Desk, $15; furnished office, $35; including service, mailing, &3. Kerfut.

BROADWAY, 1,123 (25th)—Desk, private office, telephone, stenographic service; $15. Room 707.

BROADWAY, 220 (St. Paul Building)—Desk room; phone; rent $20. Selde. Room 613.

BROADWAY, 1,582—ROOM 1012.
Desk room, mail and telephone service.

LIBERTY ST., 135 (Room 464)—Mail, telephone services, hall listings, desk space.

HUDSON TERMINAL—30 Church; desk furnished; all facilities. Cornelius S. Loder.

HUDSON TERMINAL—Desk, consanial office, stenographic service. Room 471, 50 Church.

Midnight Tonight 8 P. M. Tomorrow

For Classified Sections next Sunday, Display Real Estate advertisements must be received before midnight tonight. All other classified advertisements before 8 P. M. tomorrow.

Advertisements for daily editions must be received before 4 P. M. on day preceding publication.

DESK ROOM.

Manhattan-Bronx For Rent.

KNICKERBOCKER BLDG., Room 1615—Desk room to desirable party; references.

LIBERTY ST., 135 (Room 404)—Desk room with public stenographer; references; $15.

TIMES SQUARE—1,457 Broadway, Room 512; Bryant 7848; service optional.

UNION SQUARE, 32—Desk, stock room, office, mail, phone service. Room 902.

OFFICE SPACE, plenty daylight, in private office, suitable for commercial artist, accountant or real estate broker. Bryant 9208.

DESK ROOM, $15; office furnished, $25; mail privileges, $3; every desk near a window. Nelles, 125 Church St.

AT 506 5TH AV., CORNER 42D ST.
Desks, full service, $7 up.
Mail and telephone service, $4. Suite 405-8.

DESK ROOM, $3-$15 MONTHLY.
Complete Service, Mail and Phone Listings, Mail Privileges, $2. Koch, 52 East 34th.

DESK, $15; mail, telephone privileges, $5; furnished office, $30. Duane, 296 Broadway.

Brooklyn—Long Island For Rent.

DESK room and telephone privileges to let. F. E. M., 275 13th St., L. I. City, near Court House.

BUSINESS PLACES (Miscellaneous)

All Sections For Sale.

AVENUE WALKUPS, also elevator apartments; attractive propositions.
F. PICKER & SONS,
342 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 8698.

LESSEES Wanted—Chance of lifetime, number properties to lease; great future. Call Browning, 29 West 34th. Schuyler 4678.

All Sections For Rent.

MADISON AV. (92d St., 51 East)—Portion parlor floor with bath, suitable for professional or other business purposes.

MADISON AV., 267—Parlor floor, suitable light business, studios, offices; will divide.

OFFICES—SHOWROOMS.
Will divide to suit your needs,
Steam heated elevator.
119 West 23d St., opp. Gimbels.
122 West 34th St., opp. Macy's.
Apply Selmark Co., on premises.
Tel. Chickering 4468.

BUILDING for lease on 44th St., just east of Broadway; wonderful opportunity for live business; possession. Irving C. Silver, 17 West 44th. Vanderbilt 5610.

STORES, offices, lofts, desirable locations.
F. PICKER & SONS,
342 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 8698.

A PART of parlor floor, suitable any business; 9 to 5; $40 per month. Henry Merritt, 262 West 23d St.

BATH HOUSE on boardwalk; 120 rooms (adjoining Hotel Crest), for rent. Long Beach, L. I. Tel. Cortlandt 3476.

BUSINESS PLACES WANTED.

SMALL stores, entire city and suburban; high-class localities; now or future possession.
F. PICKER & SONS,
342 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 8698.

BUILDING or loft wanted; Harlem or lower Bronx; 10,000 sq. ft. and up; for laundry; prefer ready power or steam. F., 204 East 107th St. Lehigh 6882.

DENTIST seeks central location; busy transient corner preferred; reasonable. S 196 Times.

GARAGE wanted, 100x100 larger, in Brooklyn or Queens. M 543 Times.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

5TH AV., 25 (10B, corner 9th St., one block north of Brevoort Hotel), near Washington Square) — Aristocratic old neighborhood; high, cool; faces avenue; eastern, western exposures; splendid living room; baby grand; 2 double bedrooms, 4 bugs; closets; real kitchen; big sacrifice to October; Plaza 6826, Apt. 8B, for information; shown any time; passkey with Miss Withnell or doormen.

5TH AV., 25—Beautifully furnished, cool, breezy apartment; 5 rooms, 2 baths; June 15-Sept. 15; sacrifice. Apartment 9C. Stuyvesant 5120.

10TH, 15 EAST—8-room apartment, nicely furnished; excellent location; $150 monthly to Oct. 1. Apply Superintendent.

32D, 11 EAST (Hotel Stratford, just east of 5th Av.)—Newly decorated, furnished 1 and 3 outside rooms, private bath; complete hotel service; restaurant; $17.50, $25, $40 weekly.

34TH, 56 EAST—2 rooms, bath, kitchen; telephone. Apt. 4 or janitor. Ashland 6514.

35TH, 150 EAST—Nicely furnished four-room housekeeping apartment; June and July; until September; references. Phone Caledonia 6862. Davis.

38TH, 108 EAST—Six rooms, 2 baths, with showers; new house; appointment perfect; quiet, airy exposure; Summer rental; seen any time. Regent 1789. Anable.

38TH ST., 130 EAST—For responsible tenant will sacrifice beautifully furnished 7-room apartment at much less than its actual value; located on the 6th floor of modern elevator building; piano, victrola; everything necessary to a real home. Van Alstyne, Whitehall 1272.

39TH, 12 EAST (APARTMENT 309)—MODERN, SMALL, LUXURIOUS.

38TH, 24 EAST—Two unusually attractive, housekeeping, large living, two bedrooms, bath, kitchenette, hall; 11 to 4 daily. Gay.

39TH, 15 EAST—2 rooms, bath, kitchenette, until Oct. 1, $70 month.

42D ST. (cor. Madison Av.) Hotel Bibo)—1-2-3 room suites; 1-2 baths; exceptional service; restaurant; low Summer rates.

42D, EAST—Beautifully furnished three rooms, two baths, kitchen, June 15-Sept. 15; $115 a month. Plaza 6807.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

93D ST., AT MADISON AV. (Hotel Ashton)—Hotel service; homelike rooms, with bath, $16 up; without, $12 up; suites consisting of bedroom, sitting room and bath at rates in proportion; exceptional service; convenient to all transportation; close to park.

GRAMERCY PARK, 18 (East 20th)—Third floor, rear, elevator building; large, cool living room, 2 bedrooms, kitchen, foyer and bath; now till October or Sept. 1. Gramercy 1555 or 0946.

LEXINGTON AV., 965 (69th St.)—3 rooms, 2 baths; July 1 to Oct. 1. SUTTON, Murray Hill 9190.

MADISON AV. (75th)—Two exceptional rooms, parquet floors, foyer, tile bath, kitchenette; telephone; one flight; rent, $125; unfurnished $100. Mr. Smith, Circle 1160.

MADISON AV., 121—Until Oct. 1, 5 handsomely furnished outside rooms, bath; elevator apartment; reasonable. Tel. Mad. 8q. 6509.

MADISON AV., 965 (75th St.)—Large one-room apartment, bath, kitchenette; reasonable for Summer. Gaynor. Phone Rhinelander 8295.

MADISON AV., 685—Sunny 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette. Rhinelander 0152J. Welch.

PARK AV., 408 (near 58th St.)—6 rooms, beautifully furnished; rental decreased $275 to $200 Summer months. Plaza 8139.

PARK AV., 940 (Cor. 81st)—Elegantly furnished 7 rooms, 2 baths; 5 rooms, 2 baths; large parlor. Tel. Regent 2025.

PARK AV., 440 (corner 56th)—Desirable 4 rooms, all outside; completely furnished; linen, silver; Summer, longer. Plaza 0483.

PARK AV., 28 (35th)—Living room, bedroom, kitchenette, bath; Summer or longer.

TO SUBLET.
52d St., at Park Av., the Gladstone (exclusiveness pre-eminent); non-housekeeping apartment to sublet during Summer months at greatly reduced rent to approved tenant; will divide to suit, 1 to 4 rooms; complete maid and other service throughout; restaurant; finest Park Av. residential section; possession now.

FURNISHED Park Avenue Apartment to Rent; Large Living Room, Dining Room, two Bedrooms, Kitchen, Servant's Room, with Bath, Handsomely Furnished, to rent June 15 to September 15; Between 58th and 57th Streets, Park Avenue. For appointment to see same phone Circle 0555.

TWO charmingly furnished rooms, both cool and light, until September or October; maid service and lights included. Seen tuesday and two-five. Studio Apartment, 1410, The Gladstone, 114 East 52d.

DELIGHTFUL GARDEN APARTMENT, 79th St., charmingly furnished, living room, 2 bedrooms, kitchen, bath, to approved party desiring to take over lease; appointment only. Rhinelander 0138.

TO SUBLET, July 1 to Oct. 1, charmingly furnished four-room apartment; seen by appointment. Minder, Longacre 2000, Ext. 74.

Furnished—West Side.

57TH AV. (29th St.)—Airy 4 rooms, studio apartment, piano; all improvements; ideal for Summer. Madison Square 1329.

57TH AV., 178-3 large rooms; bath, kitchenette, furnished. Miller, 3818 Gramercy.

57TH ST., 157 AV.—Smartly furnished large, light, breezy studio apartment, 5 rooms, complete kitchen and bath; great concession to October, longer lease considered. Walsh, Chelsea 8580.

57TH, 40 WEST—6 light, spacious rooms; piano; convenient top floor; elevator; June 16-Sept. 15; $125 monthly to responsible person. Stuyvesant 0904.

57TH, 26 WEST—Handsome 3-room apartment, fireplace, new, elevator building. Beall.

10TH, 155 WEST—Wanted one or two young ladies to share nicely furnished 4-room apartment with lady. Chelsea 0463 evenings for appointment.

12TH ST., 71 WEST—Well-furnished 2-room apartment; will rent till Sept. 15 to responsible couple at special rental. Phone Watkins 2911. Apt. 5D.

14TH, 225 WEST (Greenwich Village)—2 newly furnished, kitchenette, private bath, $60.

15TH, 353 WEST—Beautiful furnished parlor floor, all improvements, good location, suitable for artist or physician; lease from one to four and a half years. J. Stinzel.

16TH—Two rooms, outside kitchen apartment; elevator; attractively furnished; $85. Circle 7222.

16TH—Opportunity sublet beautiful three-room, elevator apartment, $85. Telephone Endicott 6540.

24TH, 301 WEST—2 sunny rooms, kitchenette, bath, new building; $85. Watkins 4534.

34TH, 128 WEST (opposite Macy's)—2 attractive spacious rooms and kitchenette; telephone; electricity; shower. Rosales, Chickering 4174.

42D, 228-232 WEST (just west of Times Square)—Elegantly furnished apartments, two rooms and bath; hotel service.

44TH ST., 210 WEST (Westover Court)—Sublet by month or 10 October, desirable two or three room and bath bachelor apartment; hotel service; reasonable. Resident Manager. Lackawanna 7400.

45TH, 341 WEST (HILDONA COURT)—Elevator apartment, one, two and three rooms and bath, showers, kitchen, kitchenette; all newly furnished and decorated; $20 to $50 weekly. Longacre 3560.

46TH, 328 WEST—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath; newly furnished, remodeled dwelling; reasonable.

47TH, 28 WEST—Studio apartment, furnished, floor, $100 per month, until October. Telephone Vanderbilt 6750.

48TH, 48 WEST—Beautifully furn

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—Manhattan.

WITH, 211 EAST (between 34 and 35 Ave.)—3-room; $22.

CENTRAL Apartment Company, 40 East 41st St., Plaza 8097. Apartments for rent.

LEXINGTON AV., 447 (near 45th)—Four rooms; all improvements; $35. Inquire janitor.

PARK AV., 71 (33th St.)—New building, 4 & 5 and 12 rooms, 2 to 5 baths. Culver & Co., 243 Madison Av. Murray Hill 6100.

838 PARK AV.
Duplex Apartment.
9 rooms, 3 baths. Rent $4,000.
Occupation immediate possession.
Inquiry on premises or
N. A. Berwin & Co., 103 Park Av.

AMBASSADOR APTS.,
1,931 MADISON AV.
Beautiful nine-room corner apartment, 3 baths, park view; $2,400. Superintendent.

CENTRAL Apartment Company, 40 East 41st St., Plaza 8809. Apartments for rent.

READY OCT. 1ST.

MURRAY HILL APARTMENTS,
156 EAST 36TH ST.,
Corner Lexington Av.

1 ROOM, kitchenette, bath, closets .....$1,100 up.

2 ROOMS, bath, kitchen, dining alcove, 4 closets.....$2,000 up.

4 ROOMS, bath, kitchen, dining alcove, 5 closets.....$3,000 up.

BOOKLET UPON REQUEST.

Renting Agent on Premises.

WILLIAM H. PECKHAM,
309 Madison Av. Tel. 2928 Vanderbilt.

COMPLETE lists in all locations. Joseph Rauschkolb, 46 West 46th. Bryant 8650.

Unfurnished—West Side.

8TH, 102 WEST (corner)—Four rooms, tiled bathroom, kitchen; $35. Spring 4164.

8TH AV., 178—Large studio apartment, bath; facing park; reasonable. Gramercy 5818.

9TH AV., 70—Apartments, 6 rooms, bath, first and second floor; $35.

9TH, 46 WEST (Washington Square)—Two rooms, bath, all improvements; inspection between 2 and 5. Phone Stuyvesant 4021.

9TH ST., 11-15 WEST (Washington Square section)—Three and four rooms; high-class elevator apartment; immediate possession.

11TH, 123 WEST—High class elevator, 5-6-7 rooms; immediate occupancy.

12TH, 63 WEST—Attractive 4-room apartment, physician's office; elevator, Stuyvesant 5467.

18TH, 149 WEST—2-4 rooms, steam, parquet floors, electric lights, telephones.

27TH, 241 WEST—Four beautiful rooms, bath; completely decorated. Supt., Apt. 4.

135TH ST., 158 WEST—Three rooms and bath; every modern improvement; refined, quiet surroundings. Superintendent.

137TH, 580 WEST—Handsome 3-4 rooms, steam, hot water, telephone, electricity, a-1.

EAST, 3 WEST—Four-room, modern, house-keeping; entire floor; all exposures; $120.

FARRAGUT PARK
Duplex Apartment.
3 rooms, 2 baths. Rent $4,000.
Occupation. Immediate possession.
Inquiry on premises or
N. A. Berwin & Co., 103 Park Av.

AMBASSADOR APTS.,
1,931 MADISON AV.
Beautiful nine-room corner apartment, 3 baths, park view; $2,400. Superintendent.

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Corner Lexington Av.

1 ROOM, kitchenette, bath, closets .....$1,100 up.

2 ROOMS, bath, kitchen, dining alcove, 4 closets.....$2,000 up.

4 ROOMS, bath, kitchen, dining alcove, 5 closets.....$3,000 up.

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309 Madison Av. Tel. 2928 Vanderbilt.

COMPLETE lists in all locations. Joseph Rauschkolb, 46 West 46th. Bryant 8650.

Unfurnished—West Side.

8TH, 102 WEST (corner)—Four rooms, tiled bathroom, kitchen; $35. Spring 4164.

8TH AV., 178—Large studio apartment, bath; facing park; reasonable. Gramercy 5818.

9TH AV., 70—Apartments, 6 rooms, bath, first and second floor; $35.

9TH, 46 WEST (Washington Square)—Two rooms, bath, all improvements; inspection between 2 and 5. Phone Stuyvesant 4021.

9TH ST., 11-15 WEST (Washington Square section)—Three and four rooms; high-class elevator apartment; immediate possession.

11TH, 123 WEST—High class elevator, 5-6-7 rooms; immediate occupancy.

12TH, 63 WEST—Attractive 4-room apartment, physician's office; elevator, Stuyvesant 5467.

18TH, 149 WEST—2-4 rooms, steam, parquet floors, electric lights, telephones.

27TH, 241 WEST—Four beautiful rooms, bath; completely decorated. Supt., Apt. 4.

135TH ST., 158 WEST—Three rooms and bath; every modern improvement; refined, quiet surroundings. Superintendent.

137TH, 580 WEST—Handsome 3-4 rooms, steam, hot water, telephone, electricity, a-1.

EAST, 3 WEST—Four-room, modern, house-keeping; entire floor; all exposures; $120.

**FARRAGUT PARK.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

Continued from preceding page.

MOTHER'S HELPER—Cultured experienced young woman, married; available immediately; city or country; references; salary reasonable. M 370 Times.

NURSE, German graduate, wishes responsible position; sick invalid; long experience; best references; speaks French, little English; $35 weekly. Leewenberg, 304 5th Av. Penn 4737.

NURSE, young, experienced, competent; assist chamber work; also experienced, good cook, housework (together); excellent references. Halek, 205 East 72d.

NURSE, experienced, refined German woman, for child 2 to 4 years old; Jersey coast preferred. Heider, care Waldorf, 76 Mount Harmon Way, Ocean Grove, N. J.

NURSE—Lady wishes to place competent infants' nurse; excellent reference. Write, call Miss Strobel, 228 West 70th St. Endicott 3661.

NURSE (children's) desires position; neat, competent, trustworthy, loving disposition; references. Longacre 3886.

NURSE, high-class references, wishes position with children; by day or hour. Phone N. Byrne, Butterfield 1580.

NURSE-GOVERNESS, French; children 3 years up; references; city only. Write E. C., 206 Clinton Av., Brooklyn.

NURSE, German, refined, speaks little English, wishes position to small children; good city references. Orive, 217 East 53d.

NURSE, children's or lady's companion; young, well educated Norwegian. Z 2036 Times Annex.

NURSE, trained, experienced; best references, wishes position with child; would travel; has passport. 426 52d St., Brooklyn.

NURSE, graduate, desires position; hours 9-5. M 162 Times.

NURSE, English, one or two children; over 4. Telephone Riverside 0731.

NURSE, waitress or houseworker, colored girl. Morningside 8983. Henrietta Rogers.

OFFICE assistant, stenographic; moderate salary; full part time. 32 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

SECRETARY, Stenographer, correspondent, 10 years' experience traffic work; executive ability; used to responsibility; initiative. H 879 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, seven years' advertising experience; college graduate; efficient, dependable; $35-$40; permanent or temporary. Audubon 6725.

SECRETARY, stenographer; thoroughly experienced; unusually capable; valuable assistant to man of affairs; responsible; $30. N 762 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, stenographer, seven years' experience; accurate; excellent references. Dayton 0766.

SECRETARY, experienced, wishes position; references. Ruth Dreyfuss, 37 East 58th, Plaza 2993.

SECRETARY, experienced, Summer position, or substitute; best references. B 251 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced, technical dictation; efficient, rapid, accurate, willing, high school graduate; knowledge bookkeeping; $23. Phone Stagg 7526.

STENOGRAPHER, capable beginner, neat, intelligent, accurate, good references, moderate salary. Telephone Tremont 6265, or write Box 875, 11 East Fordham Road.

STENOGRAPHER, commercial school graduate, willing, competent, conscientious worker, pleasing personality; real estate experience. Dayton 0625.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner, wishes position; references. Sylvia Scheiner, 37 East 28th. Plaza 2993.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, 4 years' experience, capable assuming responsibilities; accurate; initiative. Bingham 9610.

STENOGRAPHER, knowledge bookkeeping; 3 years' commercial experience; competent. Phone Washington Heights 1939.

STENOGRAPHER, 2 years' experience, capable worker; $18. Call Julia, Dayton 0298.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper, experienced manufacturing trade. Sarah Becker, 906 East 173d St.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced Noiseless; desires temporary position downtown. A 791 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, very capable, desires home work; legal work preferred; rates reasonable. H 875 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, highly efficient, refined, permanent or temporary work. H 886 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 3 years' experience, thoroughly competent; highest credentials; $20. Room 42, 542 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY—Young lady desires position; experienced; doctor's office preferred. Schuyler 5691.

STENOGRAPHER, reliable, widestwake, efficient, high school graduate, 7 years' experience. Circle 0627.

STENOGRAPHER, 5 years' experience; permanent position; capable high school graduate; references; salary $25. M 172 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced secretary; Noiseless operator; conversant with Spanish. A 786 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate, few months experience; $12. H 883 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 4 years' experience; accurate, reliable; references; $20. H 882 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, general office work; excellent references. Melrose 0063. B 265 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 4 years' experience; best references; salary $25. Call Lenox 1110.

STENOGRAPHER, 6 years' experience, conscientious; $25. Telephone Evergreen 4611.

STENOGRAPHER, rapid, neat, full charge office. R. W., 264 Times or Longacre 8853.

SWITCHBOARD, receptionist, typist, experienced, efficient, courteous; high school graduate. M 541 Times.

SWITCHBOARD; six years' central office and private experience; also general office work. Triangle 7793. S. K., 477 Warren St.

TYPIST, knowledge stenography, monitor switchboard; four years' experience; $18. B 267 Times.

TYPIST, general office assistant; four years' experience; $18. H 865 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, expert, desires temporary work; call mornings. Rose, Berkshire 8029.

WOMAN, middle-aged, wishes position with adults; plain cook; city, country. Chatham 4, 1364 Lexington Av. (87th-88th).

WOMAN, German, middle-aged, wants part time work. Dunnowich, 520 West 46th St.

X-RAY TECHNICIAN, young lady, several years' experience; part or full time. Williams, 1,154 Lexington Av. Butterfield 4394.

YOUNG WOMAN, 30, widow with family, desires position; small office; types well; good memory and sound judgment; quick to grasp details; salary $35. Murray Hill 5257.

YOUNG WOMAN, responsible, wishes to apprentice herself to interior decorator. Plaza 0807.

YOUNG PARISIENNE TEACHER, conversational French. Mlle. De Sinsay, 59 West 46th. Bryant 8441.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKERS (employers free)—Part-timers, day workers, couples, cooks, chambermaids, laundresses; city, country; references. Bradhurst Agency, Bradhurst 1536-2569.

BERTHA CARLSON'S Swedish Agencies—Excellent servants, 2,425 Broadway, corner 90th. Schuyler 1987. East side, 767 Lexington (61st).

TINKA ANDRESEN, Scandinavian Agency, 2,269 Broadway (83d). Endicott 7740-7741.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, executive; 15 years chief accountant and treasurer large manufacturing corporation; thorough knowledge administration, systematizing, financial statements, controls, costs; have handled large personnel; clean record. M 435 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, CERTIFIED (NEW YORK), 12 YEARS' VARIED ACCOUNTING EXPERIENCE, DESIRES POSITION WITH RESPONSIBLE PUBLIC OR COMMERCIAL CONCERN. G 566 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, long established, seeks weekly, monthly and periodical audits; books written up and audited. Phone Madison Square 8822.

ACCOUNTANT, auditor, office and credit manager, age 30, 16 years' experience; capable executive; exceptional references. M 518 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, American; long public and corporation experience, clean record, seeks position as auditor; $5,000. M 46 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, two years' certified experience, college graduate, desires accounting connection. Williamsburg 3802J.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPING, firms without bookkeepers; $3 weekly; books opened, closed. Pennsylvania 4723.

ACCOUNTANT, semi-senior, certified; experience, expert, bookkeeping graduate. M 869 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, experienced, 25, seeks part time position; will consider any reasonable offer. Room 1002, 141 5th Av., city.

ADVERTISING AND SALES PROMOTION EXECUTIVE

Now open for connection with manufacturer having or planning for national distribution; sixteen years' successful experience as advertising manager, advertising agency owner, and in personal selling; broad experience in planning, production and direction of newspaper, magazine and direct-mail campaigns for over thirty manufacturers, wholesalers and retailers during past three years; forceful writer, efficient organizer and executive, practical knowledge of printing, engraving, commercial art; age 35, single; highest references; will locate anywhere in Eastern States. P 215 Times.

ADVERTISING SALES, 28, 12 years' experience making both serve their one purpose; 1 plan, write systematize better than the average. A 787 Times Downtown.

ARCHITECTURAL DRAFTSMAN, graduate; 3 years' office experience; best references. B 229 Times.

ARTIST—At latterer, figure, design; part or full time. M 836 Times.

ARTIST—Figure, design, lettering; color, other mediums; night position. M 545 Times.

ARTIST, first-class training and experience architectural and decorative subjects; part-time position. M 400 Times.

ASSISTANT bookkeeper, beginner, wishes position. Robert McPherson, 37 East 58th. Plaza 2993.

BANK RACK CLERK seeks position on night shift. A 785 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, 20, conscientious, energetic worker, wishes connection with manufacturing concern; experienced; excellent references. B 1123 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, extensive business experience; taking complete charge office; late school graduate; best references. H 897 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 23, college graduate, correspondence, general office routine. B 273 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, office manager, credit-checking, collections, desires permanent position. M 562 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, young man will do shipping, receiving; references. S 667 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, advanced Pace student; salary secondary consideration. Louis Mintz, Riverside 5690.

BOOKKEEPER, full charge, experienced, desires position; highest references. P 218 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, five years' experience, accounting training; take full charge. M 567 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 25, charge office, correspondence, credits, wide experience. J 687 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, expert 22, experienced general office manager, correspondent. H 894 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER; 20; experienced and willing; accounting student. B 232 Times.

BOY, 16, technical high school pupil planning technical college education, desires position as office boy with engineering firm for Summer; American; best of references. 31 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

BUILDING construction superintendent, efficient and reliable, wants position. Hargrave, Bay Side, L. I.

BUTLER-VALET, Japanese, excellent cook; bachelor's place or small family. Ichi, 158 East 26th St.

BUTLER, valet, young Hollander, 26, good appearance, wants position; city or country; first-class references. M 542 Times.

BUTLER, German, first-class; best references. Phone Gramercy 5663 from 10-1.

BUYER OR ACCOUNTANT—Young man, 24, thoroughly familiar toy line, import and domestic, four years' experience, desires position; best references. B 1159 Times Harlem.

CAPTAIN, YACHT CAPTAIN or captain-engineer on power yacht, seeking berth; long, varied experience on both coasts and lakes. Address Captain, 120 West 96th. Phone Riverside 3691.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, 12 years' experience on foreign and domestic cars, driving and repairing same, white, neat, handy and courteous, 3 years last position, excellent city private references, desires city or country position. Haven, phone Rhinelander 9514.

CHAUFFEUR - MECHANIC — Al Japanese man, 15 years' experience, good driver all makes of cars, does own repairing, wishes position private family, city or country; willing to do other work besides driving; best references. Lexington 4855. 200 East 15th St.

CHAUFFEUR, PACKARD EXPERT, CAREFUL DRIVER; TEN YEARS PACKARD FACTORY, SEVEN YEARS LAST EMPLOYER; SINGLE; GO ANYWHERE. B 261 TIMES.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC.

Single, expert, high grade foreign, domestic automobiles, only party appreciating competent, refined, careful driver; good references. Billings 3931.

CHAUFFEUR, long experience, also understands motor boats, wishes position for Summer. Chauffeur, Metro Garage, 102 West 52d St.

CHAUFFEUR—Am going abroad for about three months and desire a good position for my chauffeur during this period; he is first-class in every respect; will be available June 21. Telephone Stuyvesant 0014.

CHAUFFEURS—High-class private chauffeurs supplied free. Society of Professional Automobile Engineers, 153-159 West 64th St. Columbus 6518-6519.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, Chinese, experienced, careful driving, desires private position, capable, reliable; references. Chauffeur, 358 West 118th. University 3486.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, white, single, experienced high-class cars; willing worker; city or country; best references. G 606 Times.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, nine years' experience, best references, wishes private position. Eric Thadden, 442 West 45th St. Longacre 8625.

CHAUFFEUR, married, 23, wishes position, private or commercial, city or country; A1 references. Jas. Tyndall, 467 Manhattan Av.

CHAUFFEUR, good mechanic, drive any car; highest references; or couple. Morningside 0487.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, 12 years' experience high-grade cars; private; references. Endicott 4554.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, single, city, country; willing; personal references. M 535 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, 28, married, 10 years' experience; best references. D. Unger, 346 East 67th. Rhinelander 8241.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, 5 years' experience. Joseph D'Esposito, 216 West 167th. Columbus 8776.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, married, 18 years' experience, city or country; highly recommended. Charles Hnida, 359 68th St.

CHAUFFEUR, handy all around man, 2 years' garage experience; drives high class cars. R. Ung, 2,096 Lexington Av.

CHAUFFEUR, 10 years' experience, wishes position city country. Daniel, Morningside 1629.

CHAUFFEUR, married, wishes position private, experienced; references; city, country. Trask, Schuyler 4421.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC wishes private position; references; go anywhere. Tom Capello, Morningside 8115.

CHAUFFEUR, age 30, wishes position with undertaker; good reference. M 183 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, single; 8 years' experience, 2 years last place. Suiton, Columbus 0734.

CHAUFFEUR desires position, private; four years' experience. M 1266 Times Annex.

CHEF—A lady going abroad wishes to find a place for her chef (French) for the Summer; she commends him unqualifiedly as most competent, reliable in every respect and able to take entire charge of club or private establishment. Apply between 10 and 12 A. M., 38 East 52d St.

CLERK, age 27, college education, wishes work evenings. H 872 Times Downtown.

COMPANION—Refined, nice-appearing young man, speaking Jewish, English, German, Polish and Russian, desires position with gentleman; would go abroad. M. Wolnik, 229 Van Buren St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

COMPANION-SECRETARY, trained nurse, to gentleman; massage, stenography, typewriting, languages; best references. B 1186 Times Harlem.

COOK, Russian, single, 53, 40 years' experience, competent, reliable, best references from high-grade families, desires position; city, country. 1,154 Madison Av. Lenox 2814.

COOK, Japanese, first-class, wishes position, city or country; best reference. Gorgi, Japanese Y. M. C. A., 342 East 58th St.

COOK, Chinese, experienced, do housework; best references. 161 West 36th St., New York City. Tee.

COOK—Japanese fancy cook wishes position in private family. M 546 Times.

CORRESPONDENT, translator, English-Spanish, claim and invoice clerk, both consular and commercial, offers services; moderate salary to start. H 877 Times Downtown.

COUPLE, refined, take entire charge camp or club commissary and kitchen; man excellent chef, wife housekeeper; salary $225; references. B 271 Times.

COUPLE wish private position, man chauffeur, wife cook; experienced; country preferred. Oswald, 109 26th St., Gutenberg, N. J.

COUPLE, colored, thoroughly experienced, cook, laundry, general houseman; country. Phone Kingsbridge 1767.

CREDIT MANAGER, experienced accountant; office management; college graduate; highly recommended; salary moderate. M 462 Times.

CREDIT INVESTIGATOR, 25, 7 years' banking and mercantile experience, M 421 Times.

DRAFTSMAN desires opportunity with architect or contractor; mechanical experience; is very closely related with building. M 193 Times.

DRAFTSMAN—Graduated mechanical engineer, 8 years' experience in electrical and mechanical engineering; excellent references. B 982 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural experience, junior, 23; excellent references. B 1139 Times Harlem.

ENGINEER, age 29, 6 years' executive experience in varied productions work with one manufacturing corporation; familiar with the problems of factory production and management and their solution through experience, not theory; salary to be in the neighborhood of $3,500, but can be determined after interview. G 569 Times.

EXECUTIVE, 30, sales promotion, missionary, road and city, office routine, capable correspondent, personnel work. M 573 Times.

EXECUTIVE, 35, educated, experienced purchasing, production, sales promotion, automotive, radio or allied electrical industry. H 878 Times Downtown.

EXPORTERS, ATTENTION—Young married man, 5 years' experience foreign, domestic service, desires position; best references. Phone Englewood 1807.

GARDENER, single, vegetable gardening, lawns; references. John Mortimer, 340 91st Av.

GERMAN, 21 years, speaking English fluently, rapid stenographer in German, typist, bookkeeper, experienced cotton and general import-export trade, wishes position. M 169 Times.

HOUSEMAN, colored, general cleaning, experienced; chamberwork, laundry, cook, waiting; city or country; bachelor apartment or private family only. Henderson, 204 Edgecomb Av., Bradhurst 2440.

JANITOR, superintendent, colored, intelligent, reliable, experienced; references; thorough knowledge general repairs. Joseph Davis, 49 West 90th. Academy 7088.

JAPANESE, graduated chauffeur-mechanic, three years' experience, desires city position; references furnished. M 554 Times.

JAPANESE couple, takes entire charge housekeeping, cooking, &c.; experience; small family; country, city. M 566 Times.

JAPANESE cook, butler, general houseworker; reference, Tokio. 301 Lexington Av. Caledonia 6679.

JAPANESE COOK, butler, wishes position in small family; willing and good; references, Bars, 34 West 65th. Columbus 8584.

JAPANESE CHEF wishes position; have best references. Arthur, 341 Lexington Av. Telephone Murray Hill 8389.

JAPANESE, economical cook; entire charge; small family. Hiro, 341 Lexington Av.

LEATHER GOODS—Man, 23, thoroughly experienced, wishes position as manager or reliable salesman in retail luggage and leather novelty store; can buy, make, dress windows, do light repairing, &c.; will consider reliable, up-to-date store only; can furnished best of references. B 272 Times.

MANAGING DIRECTOR Anglo-Argentine importing corporation, seeking new position; experienced, well connected, best references just returned from Buenos Aires; American. M 575 Times.

MASONS, two experienced Spanish, wish positions as bricklayers or plasterers; do not speak English. Pedro Cerda, 221 East 44th.

MAN, 51, quick waiter, wishes reception clerk, messenger or similar position. Jacob Wintish, Ellenville, Ulster, N. Y.

MAN wishes position; handy man; willing worker. A. Cameron, 223 East 82d.

MEN'S FURNISHINGS SALESMAN, PACIFIC COAST TRAVELING BY CAR CLOSE ACQUAINTANCESHIP WITH TRADE, WANT LINE ALREADY ESTABLISHED ON COAST. Y 2315 TIMES ANNEX.

OFFICE MAN, 28, forceful correspondent, knowledge bookkeeping, credits, traffic. M 176 Times.

PACKER—Spanish young man wishes position as merchandise packer, utility man or general work in packing department of large concern; will accept low salary; has best references. G 596 Times.

PATENT attorney, inventive engineer, linguist, U. S. and foreign experience, wants position with corporation. H 887 Times Downtown.

PHYSICAL DIRECTOR and chiropractor desires position with New York family as personal physical director; capable instructor for children in all sports and recreation; references. Z 2062 Times Annex.

REAL ESTATE RENTAL MANAGER, thoroughly experienced Manhattan commercial and apartment properties, also management; capable executive, salary desired $60 per week; would like to connect with active firm of owners; present employed. B 276 Times.

REPORTER, rewrite man, college graduate, 3 years' experience, wants news or trade paper job, near New York; open for interview. H 881 Times Downtown.

SALES CORRESPONDENT, forceful letters; sales literature; printing costs reduced; typist; all or part time. A 790 Times Downtown.

SALES MANAGER, employed, sixteen years' experience electrical, mechanical lines, would consider good road position. H 851 Times Downtown.

SALES MANAGER, aggressive and experienced in handling men for over 15 years with large corporations. M 580 Times.

SALESMAN with 15 years' sales and executive experience, with excellent record as producer and a thorough knowledge of the Pacific Coast territory, desires connection with reputable concern as Pacific Coast representative in capacity of salesman, branch or district manager, age 35; references and bond furnished. M 549 Times.

SALESMAN, 26, hustler, 5 years selling foodstuffs, 3 years advertising, seeks connection with reliable firm selling staple product; highest credentials. A 792 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, 28, married, with following retail druggists, 6 years' experience drugs, sundries or kindred lines; salary and commission. Box 606, 278 Wyckoff Av., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN, successful record, desires to change connections, mercantile or manufacturing; salary and commission. M 574 Times.

SALESMAN beads, necklaces, trimmings, novelties; 5 years importing concern. B 230 Times.

SALESMAN and buyer, 29, experienced toys, party goods; willing to connect with any line. M 1264 Times Bronx.

SALESMAN desires represent in Boston, New England, New York or Western firm. Address Box 1288, Boston, Mass.

SALESMAN, 27, experienced, desires worthwhile proposition; reliable concern. M 373 Times.

SALESMAN, (29), call on paint and hardware stores; local; salary only. 23 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

SALESMAN (33), college graduate, exceptional ability, seeks meritorious connection. M 181 Times.

SALESMAN, 28, desires reliable position; quickly adapted to line. B. B. 342 Times.

SALES STIMULATOR
OF PROVEN CAPACITY

seeks opportunity with established corporation wanting better copy, better printing, better results; forceful writer with sales ideas that bring in customers; experienced in high-class sales bulletin and house organ work; knows layout, typography, engraving, art work, printing; can supervise every detail; salary considered, but prefer commission on results. M 187 Times.

SHIPPING-RECEIVING CLERK, 24, Christian; 7 years' experience. Borrell, 445 2d Av.

SHIPPING CLERK, domestic and export experience; best references. H 836 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK, 30, married, 12 years' experience, position with future. Mack Kipper, 571 8th Av., Astoria.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, translator, fluent Spanish, French, Portuguese; native American, single; long residence in Europe and South America; knowledge of geology, mining and oil field practice. H 874 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner, wishes position; references. John Briggi, 37 East 58th. Plaza 2993.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper, age 24, long experience; excellent references. M 569 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT CONSTRUCTION, long experience, masonry and reinforced concrete structures, public industrial and residential buildings, &c.; now completing large building operation; capable, practical engineer, efficient supervisor. Z 2004 Times Annex.

SUPERINTENDENT, at present and for the past eight years employed as superintendent of a fourteen-story, highest class, Park Av. apartment house, seeks change of position on account of building being sold; excellent references. P 214 Times.

TIMEKEEPER, draftsman, assistant estimator; building references; American Hebrew. B 208 Times.

TRAFFIC Manager, thoroughly experienced in shipping; gets results handling men; expert in correspondence, claims, routings, buying, shipping supplies; active and loyal. M 180 Times.

VALET, visiting, Japanese, experienced; few more gentlemen or take entire charge bachelor's apartment; references. B 586 Times.

YOUNG MAN (23), educated, thoroughly versed as complaint adjuster, correspondent, head of stock, business routine and detail work, desires serious conections with responsibility; salary not pertinent. B 1137 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, refined, expert driver, prospective student, wishes to tour or cruise with gentleman or family for Summer; immediately available Thursday. Butterfield 7008. Write 1184 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, college education, desires position in office of progressive firm; 2 years' experience; good penman. D. Lass, 205 Sutter Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, several years' textile business inside, outside experience; good education; neat, aggressive; best references. M 503 Times.

YOUNG MAN (16), high school education, desires position with reliable concern. Gallagher, 54 Sherman Place, Jersey City Heights.

YOUNG MAN, Swiss, well educated, 4 years commercial high school, perfect French, German, 3 years' business experience, seeks position; low salary. G 591 Times.

YOUNG MAN, light colored, seeks anything honest and reliable; machine shop experience; has chauffeur license; no objection to travel. Schuster, 91 Pacific St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN desires night situation; banking, selling, cashier experience. B 274 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, office assistant, bookkeeper, (typist; best references. B 262 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, desires learn trade or business with future; earnest worker; A1 references. M 178 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, college education, business experience, desires position. M 585 Times.

YOUNG MAN, alert, conscientious, selling ability, desires connection with good firm. B 263 Times.

YOUNG MAN, college education, conscientious, desires employment evenings. 30 N.Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

YOUNG MAN, 21, Christian, high school graduate, neat, intelligent; 2 years' office experience. Write 1478 Times Fordham.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

YOUNG MAN, 25, wishes factory work with opportunity; varied experience; references. M 547 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, neat appearance, high school education, desires position with future. M 565 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, experienced stenographer, bookkeeper, salesman; unquestionable references. M 174 Times.

YOUNG MAN, mechanically inclined, seeks position, selling capacity. M 896 Times.

YOUNG MAN, intelligent, alert, some clerical ability; evening position. M 544 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, desires position to learn trade or one with a future. M 553 Times.

YOUNG MAN wants any legitimate work; married; ambitious; capable. M 170 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, wishes position in steamship office. H 876 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 18, two years college, wishes office position. B 261 Times.

YOUNG college man with successful business experience, excellent recommendations, can adapt himself any executive position offering hard work and adequate remuneration. M 550 Times.

Employment Agencies.

JAPANESE AGENCY, reliable cooks, butlers, chauffeurs, couples. 100 West 46th. Bryant 7787.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

ATTENDANT, refined, cheerful, strong, care for rheumatic invalid lady, including preparing her meals; references. 37 Rathbun Av., White Plains. Phone 3806W. Saeger.

BOOKKEEPER—Young lady, not over 28 years old, several years' experience, able take charge set of books, is required; must have college education; Christian firm. A. J. Froes & Co., 220 5th Av. Phone Mad. Sq. 0096.

BOOKKEEPER for firm in Brooklyn; must have a complete and thorough knowledge of trial balances, control accounts, &c.; first letter should cover details as to experience, references and salary desired. Z 2059 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, braid and trimming line, double entry set; must be experienced; state all details in letter; do not call in person or by phone. Write reply to Henry M. Sol, 151 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER, knowledge of typewriting, contractor's office; must be experienced and accurate in making up pay-rolls; state age, experience and salary expected. B 259 Times.

BOOKKEEPER who can take complete charge of busy office in dress industry, also assistant; state age, salary and experience. Z 2057 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPERS' ASSISTANT, one to post to ledgers; must also be able to type; state age, references, salary desired and previous experience. Box 26, 226 W. 42d.

BOOKKEEPER who has at least 5 to 6 years' experience; other accounts; apply; excellent opportunity. Freydberg, 85 5th Av.

CANDY SALES GIRLS,

TALL, REFINED, AMBITIOUS.

GOOD SALARY, COMMISSION; NO SUNDAY; ADVANCEMENT FOR GIRLS WITH SELLING ABILITY.

SCHRAFFTS, 58 WEST 23D.

CANDY PACKERS,

five-pound and fancy packers; salary to start $30 per week; rapid promotion; only high-grade employes need apply to S 124 Times.

CASHIER, RESTAURANT EXPERIENCE; PERMANENT; GOOD SALARY; 12-9 P. M., NO SUNDAY. SCHRAFFTS, 58 WEST 23D.

CHAMBERMAID-WAITRESS
FOR COUNTRY.

French or Swedish maid preferred; a splendid opportunity with ideal working conditions on Long Island estate; salary is no object if you have the right qualifications and references; apply after 9:30.
6TH FLOOR, 239 WEST 30TH.

CLERKS WANTED.

METROPOLITAN LIFE INSURANCE CO.

Girls wanted for permanent positions. No business experience required.

HOURS 9:00 TO 4:30 O'CLOCK.
SATURDAY: 9:00 TO 12:00 O'CLOCK.

LUNCHEONS SERVED FREE.

Free classes in Stenography, Typewriting, Comptometer Operating, Business English, Home Nursing, Millinery and Dressmaking.

ADVANCEMENT IN SALARY AND POSITION MADE ON THE BASIS OF MERIT.

QUALIFIED APPLICANTS WILL BE STARTED IMMEDIATELY.

Apply any day between 9:00 and 4:30 o'clock at Room 1, 1 Madison Av., New York City.

COMPANION for elderly lady, light housework. Telephone Nutley 1023, 9 to 12.

COMPTOMETER OPERATORS,

experienced; temporary and permanent positions; state age, experience and references, also salary. Box 120, 2501 World Tower Building.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR and typist, experienced on checking invoices; give full particulars, age, experience, salary expected. B 1098 Times.

COOK, good, plain, also chambermaid, who can do good washing, no washing, good wages, for country; white only. Call between 10-1. 410 Riverside Drive, Mrs. Karpen.

DECORATOR REQUIRES EXPERIENCED SHOPPER 5TH Av., Astoria. MATERIALS DEPARTMENT. APPLY INFORMATION DESK, 421 MADISON AVENUE.

DEMONSTRATORS—Several ladies wanted to demonstrate sanitary articles; salary and commission. Apply Patricia Doherty, Brokaw Bldg., 1,457 Broadway at 42d St., Room 1013.

DEMONSTRATORS, live wires that are real good saleswomen, for nationally advertised brassiere line; salary basis; give full particulars. Z 2064 Times Annex.

DEMONSTRATOR with ability to demonstrate food products in store; salary and commission. Rumble Health Foods, 205 Duane St.

DRESSMAKER — Competent, experienced, with a trade following, to take charge of a dressmaking department in a girls' school; term begins Sept. 1. S 172 Times.

ELEVATOR, switchboard operators, middle aged; $60 month. Apply Superintendent, 700 West 179th St.

ELLIOTT-FISHER OPERATOR, $18. Smart Agency, 15 Park Row.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER, maid, experienced, wanted for family of adults in East 54th St. apartment on arrival of family about June 18; good cook and references required. Answer, stating age, wages, &c., Z 2050 Times Annex.

GIRLS

And Young Women.

NO BUSINESS EXPERIENCE

is required

to become

Telephone Operators;

Permanent Work;

Excellent Opportunity

For Advancement.

SALARY PAID WHILE LEARNING;

AN INCREASE IN SALARY

AT FREQUENT INTERVALS.

Apply
1,158 Broadway, Cor. 27th St.,
58 West Houston St.,
New York City.
570 East 150th St.,
Bronx.
81 Willoughby St.,
942 Flatbush Av.,
6,502 4th Av.,
Brooklyn.
8 Hardenbrook Av., (163d St.),
Jamaica, N. Y.
NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY.

GIRLS, aged 17 to 21, for position as TELEGRAPH OPERATOR; we train you for these positions and pay $13.50 while learning; immediate increase to $17.50 when graduated, $18.40 after first three months, $19.50 after second three months, with merited increase thereafter; permanent position. Apply Room 1702, 24 Walker St., near Canal St. and Broadway.

GIRL, white, good cook, to go to seashore for Summer; family three adults; no laundry; call 10-12. Mrs. Lyman, 250 West 89th St.

GIRLS, sample department, steady positions; wholesale trimming house. Rothschild Bros., 1,115 Broadway.

GIRL to take care of a 3-room doctor's apartment in the Park Av. section; state age, salary, telephone number. M 846 Times.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

GIRL, 18-20, to act as assistant in dental office. Call after 6, Dr. L. W. Dexter, 100 West 58th.

GIRL—White, mother's Helper, chance to learn typing. Folschau, 876 West 180th St.

GOVERNESS, young applicant; must be exceptionally intellectual and refined; take full charge four-year-old girl from 9 to 5:30 P. M.; no Sundays. Apply Mrs. Steinhauser, 244 6th Av., care of Bon Ton.

GOVERNESS, teacher, boy of 8; shore hotel for Summer. Phone Endicott 4605.

HOLLERITH KEY PUNCH OPERATORS, EXPERIENCED. APPLY ROOM 1211, 25 CHURCH ST. MR. CROWELL.

HOUSEKEEPER wanted for general housework and cooking; German or Hungarian preferred, one who will appreciate a good home; salary no object to one who will quality. Write to Mrs. E. Lauterback, 5 Howard St., Albany, N. Y.

HOUSEWORKER, general; good wages; 3 in family; none but thoroughly experienced cook and waitress need apply. Endicott 0549.

HOUSEWORKER—White, family of 3. Kew Gardens. Phone Richmond Hill 8065.

HOUSEWORKER, general; girl, small family of adults. Scheuer, 106 W. 90th St.

LAUNDRY WORKERS,

folders, feeders, &c.; to a few we can guarantee $30 per week and promotion. Only steady, reliable girls need apply to S 133 Times.

LEDGER CLERK to do posting on Burroughs machine. Keuffel & Esser Company, 300 Adam St., Hoboken, N. J.

MODELS.

SIZE 16; ONLY THOSE EXPERIENCED WITH FINEST DRESS HOUSES NEED APPLY. LARRY J. MARGULIES, 500 7TH AV.

MODEL, TALL, 18, STEADY POSITION, GOOD SALARY TO RIGHT PARTY. KAUFMAN GOWN CO., 99 MADISON AV.

MODELS,

attractive, size 16, for high-class dress house; permanent; good salary.
ROSENTHAL & TARNOFF,
225 WEST 37TH.

MODEL—Tall, attractive young lady for a blouse house. Apply Slater & Slater, 10 West 33d.

MOTHERS' HELPER, competent, for 2 children, 2½ years and 9 months old. Mrs. Moe Leipzig, 664 West 183d St., Apt. 56.

NURSE, trained, registered, for the camp of the Hebrew Orphan Asylum, located in Interstate Park. Apply Superintendent, Amsterdam Av. and 137th St., on Friday, June 13, 9-10 A. M.

NURSE, undergraduate, for hospital, day duty; must have experience and some training; salary and living conditions excellent. 420 East 59th.

NURSE, experienced children's, take care of twin boys 3 weeks old. Apply 1:30-4:30. Ideal Bathrobe Company, 335 Central Av., Brooklyn, Gates Av. Station.

NURSES—Graduates and undergraduates for day and night duty, Brownsville and East New York Hospital, Rockaway Parkway and Av. A, Brooklyn.

NURSES, graduate, registered, for general day and night operating room duty; undergraduate for diet kitchen. Phone Port Chester 1260.

NURSE, competent for two children, 2½ years and 10 months old. Mrs. Moe Leipzig, 664 West 183d St., Apt. 56.

NURSE, undergraduate, day duty, $65, with maintenance. Ridgewood Sanitarium, 2,309 Madison St., Brooklyn. Evergreen 0674.

OFFICE ASSISTANT,
SOME KNOWLEDGE OF STENOGRAPHY.

CHRISTIAN PUBLISHING HOUSE;
APPLY BY LETTER WITH FULL PARTICULARS; STATE SALARY DESIRED.

THOMAS Y. CROWELL CO.,
428 WEST BROADWAY.

OFFICE ASSISTANT and nurse, knowledge of typewriting. Dr. Galambos, 30 East 92d.

OFFICE MANAGER (college graduate), splendid opportunity for young woman, preferably between 25 and 30, with stenographic equipment who can assume responsibility to take a real part in said promotional work selling a staple, considerable detail but interesting and pleasant, where hard, intelligent efforts will be rewarded. Answer fully in own handwriting. M 175 Times.

SALESLADIES

in large women's specialty shop, experienced in the following departments:
Coats, Suits,
Dresses, Hosiery,
Underwear, Jewelry.
Apply Scheinman's, 56 West 35th St.

SALESLADY—Old, established firm, 5th Av. district, has position open for a young woman experienced in selling high-grade china and art; state all particulars and salary expected. B 183 Times.

SALESWOMAN to call on department store and retail drug trade with extensively advertised toilet goods line in metropolitan district; salary. S 131 Times.

SALESWOMEN.

Read our ad under Help Wanted Male; unusual opportunity; investigate.
RADIO PACK CO., Knickerbocker Bldg.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER with magazine circulation department experience wanted by publisher in 9th Av. and 42d St. district to take charge of the entering and handling of subscription records and assist the circulation manager. This is an exceptional opportunity for a girl willing to accept responsibility; no Saturday work during June, July and August; pleasant office environment; salary $25; state age, education, religion and give record of previous employment. M 834 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, to relieve Vice President of publishing house of the detail of his office; must possess initiative, be able correspondent and have experience with staff; willing to keep purchasing records and simple, perpetual book inventory; write experience in detail, age, salary desired and telephone number. S 659 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY for permanent position with executive of large uptown corporation; must be excellent stenographer; only girls of experience need apply; state qualifications in detail, including especially age, experience and salary desired; prompt reply required. S 186 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER wanted in well-known concern to assist office manager; should have at least two years' stenographic experience and be conversant with general office routine; high school or college graduate; give age, experience, salary desired, telephone number. S 163 Times.

SHO

Closing Hours for Advertisements

Sunday Edition.

WEDNESDAY, 6 P. M.—Schools, Steamships, Hotels, Resorts, Amusements.
TODAY, THURSDAY, MIDNIGHT—Display Apartments and Real Estate, with cuts, photographs, matrices or drawings.
TOMORROW, FRIDAY, 3 P. M.—Editorial Section.
TOMORROW, FRIDAY, 6 P. M.—Undisplayed classified, subject to omission.
SATURDAY, 1 P. M.—Undisplayed classified, subject to omission.

Daily Edition

If received after 4 P. M. day before publication, announcements for daily edition subject to omission.

Classified Advertising Rates:

	Agate line of 8 words
Minimum space 2 lines.	
Situations Wanted	40c
Furnished Rooms, Rooms Wanted	75c
Boarders and Board Wanted	50c
Help Wanted	75c
Lost and Found	75c
Real Estate, &c.	75c
Apartments to Let and Wanted	60c
Country Board	60c
For Sale	65c
Automobile Exchange	75c
Agents Wanted	65c
Mortgage Loans	70c
Employment Agencies	60c
Business Opportunities	$1.00
	Per Word.
Buyers' Wants, Offerings to Buyers	15c
Book Exchange (Sundays)	12c

Lost and Found, Deaths, Marriages and Births accepted until midnight.
Errors rectified by delivering advertisements in advance of closing time.

Reward of $100 offered by The New York Times for information leading to arrest and conviction of any one obtaining money through a misleading or fraudulent advertisement in The Times.

MALE HELP WANTED.

COLLEGE GRADUATE.

An old-established house, members New York Stock Exchange, desires the services of a recent college graduate to learn the banking and investment business; salary small at first, but splendid opportunity for advancement. Address C. A. D., Post Office Box 94, Trinity Station, New York.

EXPERIENCED billing or cost clerk for wholesale grocery; must understand average prices and quantities; state age, experience, nationality and salary desired. Costs, P. O. Box 666, City Hall Station.

STONE and marble work foreman to take charge of entire shop wanted; experience and references. T 899 Times.

YOUNG COLLEGE MAN, apt mechanically; Summer. Call Room 102, 289 West 42d.

Salesmen.

ART NEEDLEWORK SALESMAN, experienced, with following in the Middle West; commission basis. Room 31, 27 East 22d.

AUTOMOBILE SERVICE SALESMEN.

Of special interest to men experienced in stocks, insurance, &c.; liberal commission insures a good income to men who can produce.
Openings for two men who qualify as district managers. See Mr. Smith, 9 to 11, Room 413, Fisk Building.

AUTOMOBILE SALESMAN for used cars; commission basis. Knickerbocker, 1,694 Broadway.

FORD automobile salesman, one of the fastest growing organizations in city has an opening for an experienced automobile salesman, floor time; plenty of live prospects on file; must have excellent references; commission basis. See Mr. Mosher, Mr. Cooney, Copeland Motor Sales Co., 1,367 Boston Road.

LACE SALESMAN.

Lace house desires first-class salesman with good following in retail and cutting up trade; salary, $75 a week and commission, and eventual partnership offered. S 114 Times.

MEAT SALESMEN, 3,

who have been in meat business and who know how to sell to hotel and restaurant trade; men who are now employed selling meats preferred, experienced in selling meats absolutely necessary; state experience and salary; confidential. Box 117, 2501 World Tower Building.

MILLINERY salesmen for New York City department stores and retail trade for good line $5 hats; salary and commission. 38 West 39th, top floor.

REAL ESTATE SALESMAN—A prominent real estate firm opening east side office has place for broker who has had long experience in that section; drawing account and commission; unusual opportunity for the right man. Box N, 2,002, 220 West 42d St.

REAL ESTATE SALESMEN—EXPERIENCED MEN WITH AUTOMOBILES ONLY; EXCELLENT COMMISSION. 923 SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, BRONX.

REAL ESTATE salesman, experienced city property; straight commission. 119 Nassau, Room 432.

RHINESTONE JEWELRY SALESMEN.

Several live men to carry side line of the better grade novelty rhinestone jewelry on commission basis; state experience and territory previously covered. M 186 Times.

SHOE SALESMEN and juniors; hours 8:30 to 6. 322 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

STOCK SALESMEN

For high-grade up-State industry endorsed by prominent business men and bankers. Direct leads in all sections between Albany, Utica, Syracuse and Rochester, and plenty of home office co-operation. The one best securities proposition in Central New York today. Commission basis assuring splendid earnings to capable salesmen. Applicants must have clean record and furnish satisfactory references. Call at 170 Broadway, Room 714, New York City, for particulars.

SALES EXECUTIVE.

There is an opening for a high grade salesman who has become sales manager, who has worked city and road; this representative will sell on high commission and overwriting commission basis; he can earn $150 weekly on his sales while his force is being organized; the field is the entire United States; this position worth at least $15,000 annually after the first six months on grape products; present this advertisement when applying. 152 West 42d St., Suite 1223.

SALES REPRESENTATIVE.

Exclusive Brooklyn territory for man with bar to sell well-known water heaters; acquaintance among plumbers or builders necessary; liberal commission. Phone Murray Hill 6640.

SPECIALTY SALESMEN.

Not $30,000 a year, but excellent commissions on selling a business educational service used for 17 years by thousands of business executives and leading universities. Ask for Mr. Bills at Room 805, 345 Madison Av., 6 to 8 P. M.

SPECIALTY SALESMEN

to sell portable electrical drills to 120 lines on straight commission. Jones Drill and Specialty Corp., 245 7th Av., corner 24th.

SALESMAN, experienced, energetic young man, to sell high-grade building specialties for old-established manufacturer located in the Bronx; salary; previous experience desirable but not essential; state if you have your own car or can drive; give full particulars and salary expected. Letters, Box 201, 3,013 3d Av.

SALESMAN cover local territory, closing instalment contracts, for established electric firm; average $150 weekly commission from start; qualified applicants must be ready start immediately. W W 96 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

SALESMAN, experienced for Northwest or Southwest territory, one having experience among hardware, sporting goods houses and pawnbrokers preferred, to carry an established line of small firearms; salary and commission; only an experienced and successful roadman need apply. S 192 Times.

SALESMEN—Preferably those who have had experience in preparing estimates and closing contracts; territory open, north New Jersey, Staten Island, Bronx, Westchester, Long Island; institution equipment; commission and expenses. Penn Supply Co., 173 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

SALESMEN (2) of personality, appearance, refinement, with best of references only, are wanted by leading, long established grape products company; can will be offered commission selling a product with a $1,000 guarantee and a guarantee of satisfaction. Call Room 1222, 151 West 42d.

SALESMEN—Department stores 40 minutes from New York has vacancies for salesmen in domestic departments; only those with retail experience need apply; good opening for right party; salary. Ask for Mr. Hanford care of R. G. Dun Co., Inc., 462 4th Av., N. Y., Thursday, 11:30 A. M.

SALESMAN—CORRUGATED BOXES.

Progressive corrugated box manufacturing concern with up-to-date equipment requires the services of salesman who can produce quantity business up to $200,000 per year and more; salary advanced against commission. Box 113, 2501 World Tower Bldg.

SALESMEN—Can you sell real estate to interested parties who have answered our advertisement? Average commission $112 per sale; sales help freely given; position permanent; many of our salesmen make $600 to $700 per week; call between 2-5. Suite 1303, 350 Madison Av.

SALESMEN for New York, Pennsylvania, New England and Southern States, to carry as a side line well advertised line for drapery departments, interior decorators and furniture manufacturers; only high-class men will be considered and must have best of references; liberal commission; strictly confidential. W 682 Times.

SALESMEN—Several cultured, conscientious men for a highly profitable connection, selling California delicacies; suburban territory only; drawing account and commission; you earn $50 first week or we don't need you. Call or write Room 801, Singer Building.

SALESMAN

thoroughly and personally acquainted with property owners, to sell patented coal saving device; most wonderful article in the world; big money making proposition; liberal drawing and commission; state references and salary. Box 605, 3,214, 1,270 Broadway.

MALE HELP WANTED.
Salesmen.

SALESMEN.

Can you stand to make from $5,000 to $10,000 a year in commissions and continue to work?

If you can, are over 28 years of age and are willing to travel, we have a permanent place for you in our organization. Our men work on leads exclusively, doing publicity work and distributing the work of a writer most widely syndicated and advertised. See Mr. Mosher, 50 West 47th St.

SALESMEN, JUNIOR, ELECTRICAL LINE.

We will train a limited number of young men, over 21, of good family, for permanent selling positions in New York, New Jersey, Brooklyn and Long Island territories; men selected will be trained in salesmanship and our merchandise; must be satisfied with $30 weekly during training period or advance commission basis; can also use one or two experienced salesmen as territorial district managers; salary and commission.

For application and information see MR. H. U. MANN, Director of Personnel, 10 A. M. or 2:30 P. M. sharp; no other time. SUITE 406, 25 WEST 45D ST.

SALESMEN.

We are sorry we cannot tell you personally of the huge sums our men are earning regularly every week; you owe it to yourself to call for a few minutes and investigate; you can't lose, and the few minutes you spend may be the beginning of an extremely bright future; the work is an introductory sale of official source records, backed by largest military organization of world; demonstrator takes you out and keeps showing you until you can "put it over" yourself; should you prefer territory outside city, will advance expenses when you are familiar with proposition; consolidated Map Co. you are cordially invited to call, 10 to 12, 2 to 4.

L. EDWARD STEARNS, ROOM 2021, HUDSON TERMINAL, 30 CHURCH ST.

SALESMEN.

One of New York's largest paint corporations has opening for several men. Paint experience not necessary but you must be a good salesman and able to cope with various sales arguments and not give the "it-can't-be-done" alibi.

Our men make $50 their very first week on our liberal commission basis as we sell an absolute necessity for every building. If you want a permanent position with a company you will be proud to represent, phone Murray Hill 0238 for interview.

SALESMEN.

HARRAL SOAP CO., INC.
FOR HALF A CENTURY.

Have enlarged their plant and created several desirable permanent positions for well-intentioned, reliable young men to call on established trade within the metropolitan area; your territory becomes your permanent business on a favorable commission arrangement. Call mornings.

ROCKAWAY BOULEVARD AND HAWTREE ROAD, WOODHAVEN, NEW YORK CITY. PHONE VIRGINIA 4900.

SALESMAN.

American to travel; unusual opportunity for man with sales record and adaptability to connect with house of highest standing; recognized authorities, in industrial publicity; earnings in proportion to ability; others in like position earning from $1,000 or more monthly; commission basis; references required; state age, nature and length of experience and phone number, to warrant interview. Z 2008 Times Annex.

SALESMEN, SALESWOMEN.

Subscription book publisher has opening for high-class men for New York and Eastern New England.

Special work following direct letter to selected list.

Important advance promotion work.

First-class references required.

Commission basis; railroad expense paid.

For interview, confidential, V 787 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMEN.

We want a few men with sales ability to sell electric refrigeration through the N. Y. and Queens Electric Light & Power Co. on a remunerative commission basis; those owning an automobile preferred. See Mr. Wight, between 5 and 6 P. M.
KELVINATOR CO. OF N. Y.,
HELLMAN MOTORS BLDG.,
Queens Plaza. Long Island City.

SALESMEN—Hustlers, reliable, able to furnish good references for large organization offering unusual opportunity to make over $100 commission weekly; on Staten Island at the pivotal point of business centre, in a built-up business and residential section is located our development; five different car lines meet at our property; this makes our business and residential lots, on easy terms, easy selling; selling experience not essential; managers give wonderful cooperation; autos furnished; plenty of prospects. Telephone Tompkinsville 925.

SALESMAN.

A large cotton goods converter is open for a first-class salesman to sell broadcloths, voiles and similar cloths to the shirt, dress and waist trades in New York City; only those having established trade will be considered; state expectations, experience, &c.; drawing account and commission. T 897 Times.

SALESMEN

for our silk department; only those thoroughly experienced need apply.
L. M. BLUMSTEIN,
WEST 125TH ST.
Apply Supt.'s office, mezzanine floor, WEST 124TH ST. ENTRANCE.

SALESMAN

between ages of 25 and 35; chance to identify himself with progressive real estate concern of 20 years standing; to sell high grade homes in Queens county; backed by large advertising campaign; commission basis. Write full details, qualifications and experience. S 169 Times.

SALESMEN, THIS IS BIG.

Manufacturer of electric auto control that eliminates 250 parts, including transmission gears, seeks several high-class men; commission till proven. Wray, John 2900.

SALESMAN with knowledge and good following in leather goods line, to sell ladies' handbags and pocketbooks; one who has been accustomed to earning from seven to ten thousand dollars a year on commission basis; no others need apply. S 167 Times.

SALESMAN and department manager wanted by importing firm of felt distributors; knowledge of cotton, mixed and wool felt and consuming trade indispensable; state fully experience and salary expected. S 198 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced, for Middle West, South and East, to carry a high-grade line of handbags as side line; must have good following among department stores; commission. Unique Bag Co., 139 East 23d.

SALESMEN—Earnest, ambitious men of real selling ability are offered unusual opportunity to sell specialty advertising; training and co-operation that assure success; openings Westchester and Jersey; commission. John Baumgarth Co., 15 West 44th St.

SALESMAN, experienced only, leather goods and leather novelty line; large manufacturing concern; salary and commission; state age and experience in detail. S 140 Times.

SALESMAN wanted to call on hospitals and institutions in New York and Brooklyn for old established soap manufacturing concern; state age, experience, &c.; salary or commission. S 121 Times.

SALESMAN, preferably man experienced in automobile spring business, to call on car and truck dealers, fleet owners, &c.; excellent opportunity for high-calibre man; salary basis. Z 2063 Times Annex.

SALESMAN—We want an energetic and experienced shellac salesman to travel out of our Chicago factory; salary; write fully and confidentially to Rudolph Zinsser, care of Wm. Zinsser & Co., 196 William St., N. Y.

SALESMEN for high-class refrigerators and store equipment; excellent opportunity to earn from $5,000 to $10,000 a year commission; territories to be distributed. Gotham Cash Register Co., 151 Bowery.

SALESMAN, having experience with architects, contractors; read and figure blue prints; institution supplies; commission and expenses. Penn Supply Company, 173 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN to sell to jobbers and syndicates, shell goods, experienced only; good salary to highly recommended man. S 142 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced in selling round and square paper containers; permanent position with unusual opportunity; salary basis. H 858 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN—Ford cars and trucks; floor time; commission basis. Mr. Muller, 3,168 Fulton St., Brooklyn, between 9:30 and 11.

SALESMAN—One who has had experience selling printing ink; state salary. S 115 Times.

MALE HELP WANTED.
Salesmen.

SALESMEN.

Largely increased business enables famous Grape Products Company, established over 45 years with a high rating in Dun's and Bradstreet's, to consider applications from a few salesmen.

Our vineyards at Hammondsport and Rheims, N. Y., are running at full capacity to keep orders filled.

Inexperienced men are making from $30 to $90 daily.

COMMISSIONS PAID DAILY.

This company maintains branch offices in all the leading cities of the United States.

THE TAYLOR COMPANY,
152 West 42d St.
Suites 1117 and 1118.

SALESMAN.

The manufacturers of PYRAMID FOUNTAIN PENS and PYRAMID INK PENCILS offer unusual opportunity to limited number of clean-cut men regardless of previous experience to act as SALESMANAGERS, either on full or part time basis.

You can make big income to commissions and bonuses by appointing salesmen, canvassers and agents to sell our product "direct from the factory to user"; no investment necessary; investigate our new money making selling plan.

Call promptly at 11 A. M., 2:30 P. M. or 8 P. M. E. E. Style Company, 140 West 34th St. entrance through Arcade.

SALESMEN, SALESWOMEN.
City, out of town, everywhere.
Full time or part time.

Come along to success with Radio Pads, the hot water bag without hot water; sell a guaranteed product that sells itself by immediately demonstrating its value; tremendous advertising makes quick and easy sales to unlimited buyers; thorough training enables even inexperienced workers to earn large commissions daily and quickly advance to salaried executives. Call promptly at 9 A. M., 11 A. M., 2 P. M. or 4 P. M.

RADIO PADS, INC.,
Knickerbocker Building,
Corner Broadway and 42d St.

P. S.—Salespeople out of town write. Investigation costs nothing.

SALESMEN.

WE HAVE AN EXCEPTIONAL OPENING IN METROPOLITAN TERRITORY AND ENVIRONS FOR AN AMBITIOUS SPECIALTY SALESMAN; EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY AS MAN SELECTED WILL BE TRAINED IN THE FIELD TO SELL ASPHALT AND TIN ROOF CEMENT TO THE TRADE AND INDUSTRIAL PLANTS; QUALITY OF MATERIAL AND SELLING PRICE MOST FAVORABLE TO OBTAIN ORDERS AND COMMISSIONS LIBERAL. WE HAVE OPEN SEVERAL PRODUCTIVE OUT-OF-TOWN TERRITORIES FOR EXPERIENCED SALESMEN IN OUR LINE.

PHONE OUR MR. PAUL CASTELLANOS, ASHLAND 1800, FOR CALL TO PERSON. THE HART PRODUCTS CORP., 44 EAST 23RD ST.

SALESMEN wanted to sell high-grade line of bathroom specialties to builders, architects, plumbers and tiling contractors in to connect with house of highest standing; recognized authorities, in industrial publicity; earnings in proportion to ability; others in like position earning from $1,000 or more monthly; commission basis; references required; state age, nature and length of experience and phone number, to warrant interview. Z 2008 Times Annex.

SALESMEN—SUCCESSFUL SALESMEN DESIRING TO BETTER THEMSELVES FINANCIALLY CAN MAKE PROFITABLE CONNECTIONS TO SELL AUTOMOBILE SIGNAL SERVICE WITH A CORPORATION WHERE COMMISSION SHOULD AVERAGE $75-$150 WEEKLY. ROOM 1101, 1,819 BROADWAY.

SALESMEN—An article used extensively in banks, offices, stores and factories, called by managers of some of the largest corporations the "perfect one" of its kind, sold with a year's guarantee, presents an opportunity for the experienced office specialty salesman to make a permanent connection where the repeat business guarantees a steady income; commission with drawing account to those who qualify. 305 Broadway, Room 708.

SALESMEN.

New York State corporation distributing Government-compiled information has openings for men with sales record; earnings range from $50 to $400 weekly; liberal commission; expenses. 49 West 39th St. Mr. Raney.

SALESMEN BY SILK MANUFACTURER.

Silk salesmen for side line, all territories. Leading silk manufacturers specializing in metallanes and imitation metal cloths; also cotton and artificial novelties; acquaintance with jobbers, department stores and manufacturers helpful; calibre merchandise is essential; commissions. Box 115, 2501 World Tower Building.

SALESMAN.

We want to develop high-type man of $5,000 calibre to become professional life insurance salesman underwriter. Training will include
(1) Month free class instruction.
(2) Field selling with assistant manager.
Our new training method brings quick results; your opinion, Mr. Fern, Equitable, 200 5th Av. Gramercy 1911.

SALESMEN.

Million-dollar corporation wants experienced salesmen for electrical household device; NO CANVASSING; only those who have had direct-to-the-consumer sales experience need apply; salary or commission; opportunity for advancement to right men; make appointment by phone. Murray Hill 5320.

SALESMEN.

The United States Fidelity & Guaranty Co., with resources of over $37,000,000, has an unusual opening for men who have had experience in police, detective work, or in sale of protection to storekeepers; permanent work on a commission basis; full renewal commission. Room 809, 47 Cedar St., N. Y. 10 to 3.

SALESMEN WANTED.

We can use 5 more men for Long Island and New York territory; 2 or 3 lines of novelty sportwear ever sold direct to consumer; commission basis. Straightline Mills, 366 Broadway, New York, and 322 Fulton St., Butler Building, Jamaica, L. I.

SALESMEN, automobile. Do you live in the Bronx or Harlem? One of the biggest automobile companies requires the services of two high class salesmen; only those who can sell themselves personally need apply; drawing account against commission; automobile experience preferable, but not necessary; outline your sales experience briefly. T 1252 Times Bronx.

SALESMEN—Have good proposition for two men in metropolitan district selling on liberal commission basis a popular office device and a complete line of rebuilt adding, bookkeeping, calculating machines, Underwood typewriters and other office machinery. Phone for appointment. Mr. Bret, Barclay 7815.

SALESMEN.

Man looking for a steady position with real opportunity will find same in our organization; we need active salesmen to handle Expo, the watch camera, the sensation of the camera world; liberal commission; steady repeat business. An interview with Mr. Lawson will convince you. Expo Sales Co., 26 East 12th St., New York City.

SALESMEN to sell Overland, Willys-Knight, commission; one of the few cars to beat last year's record. North Shore Franklin Co., 127 Broadway, Flushing.

SALESMEN wanted, to sell timely advertising proposition; liberal commission. Call between 9 A. M. and 2 P. M., C. S. Hammond & Co., 30 Church St., New York.

SALESMAN, experienced, for leather goods and trunk dealers, fleet owners, &c.; excellent opportunity for high-calibre man; salary basis. Z 2063 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, sell cotton goods, retail stores, New York to Boston; man with car preferred; no objection non-conflicting line; commission basis. A 796 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN for Ford cars; liberal commission guaranteed; workers guaranteed co-operation; automobile experience unnecessary. 1,761 Webster Av., at 176th.

SALESMEN to call on department store and retailing trade with extensively advertised toilet goods line in metropolitan district; salary and commission. S 136 Times.

SALESMEN sell commercial automobile bodies from stock to dealers; New York, New Jersey territories; commission; 1,745 1st Av.

SALESMAN with following among roofers in Brooklyn to sell roofing materials; telephone for appointment Longacre 0961; drawing account and commission. S 180 Times.

SALESMAN to call on local manufacturers with a direct sales plan of unusual merit; big earnings can be made on commission basis. Mailo, 119 East 27th.

SALESMEN to sell combs and toothbrushes direct for importers to retail drug trade; those with following preferred; commission. S 860 Times Downtown.

MALE HELP WANTED.
Salesmen.

REPRESENTATIVE.

With large following among hotels and restaurants in New York City; the product we manufacture is an internationally known insectivide; we want a man of absolute proven ability and high-class appearance to sell our products to this trade exclusively; a wonderful opportunity with executive position in view to the man who will measure up to our expectations; commission against drawing account, or salary; please state fully your previous experience, which will be kept in strict confidence. S 655 Times Downtown.

SPECIAL OPPORTUNITY.

Convincing and experienced man for permanent connection, selling a new business-producing service to out-of-town local merchants; expenses and drawing account against commission; write fully, stating whether immediately free, age, experience and telephone number for appointment Saturday. M 189 Times.

YOUNG MEN.

Are you worth more than your present salary? Would you care to take up the sale of high-grade listed bonds on a salary or commission basis? Without previous selling experience, under our system of training you can build up a large income and permanent future. Write or call Mr. Egan, Room 711, 14 East 45th.

EDUCATIONAL SERVICE "COACHERS."

New York territory open for educational service "coacher" with a record and a following; trade "A" endorsements; fifteen years of satisfaction; good salesman's commissions and fine overhead. Ask for Mr. Bills at Room 805, 345 Madison Av., 6 to 8 P. M.

DRY GOODS JOBBER, strongly organized throughout the South, district headquarters Baltimore, seeks district representative for this territory; commission. Watkins 6640, ask for "Ch. W."

CONCERN or reliable men wanted to place an entire stock issue of well-known corporation; our proposition can be placed rapidly because of unusual investment commission. T 2070 Times Annex, or Tel. Mulberry 1946.

NATIONALLY organized dry goods jobber with Pittsburgh and Buffalo offices seeks district representatives for each office; commission. Telephone Watkins 6640, ask for "O. P."

SEVERAL MEN, over 21, for exclusive territory in city; leads furnished; excellent opportunity to those who qualify; commission and bonus. Fuller Brush Co., 45 East 17th St., Room 1710, Call 2-5 P. M.

LIBERAL salary and commission to 4 real men who will prove their ability selling Chevrolet cars. Apply Phillips Chevrolet, 1,576 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

MEN, 21 to 60, for selling; experience unnecessary; we instruct you; commissions and bonuses. Apply Fuller Brush Company, 350 West 57th St., New York.

Employment Agencies.

EXECUTIVE SERVICE.
Wm. D. Camp, President.
1816 Pershing Square Building
Opposite Grand Central.

SUPERINTENDENT; glass plant; well acquainted and experienced in manufacture of Queensware; salary open.

COLLEGE MAN; interested in personnel work.

BOOKKEEPER, publishing experience; others; $35.

CLERKS (2), able to figure rapidly, concentration office; this opportunity $18-$20; ledger clerk, good hand, $20; bill clerk, knowledge of bookkeeping, $20.

STENOGRAPHERS, beginners (4), foreign sales; large corporation; automobile corporation, insurance company; speak German; $18-$20.

BOYS! BOYS! BOYS! Many openings in mail, filing, general, banking, beginning; also some exceptionally good Jr. clerical openings.

UNIVERSITY EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, INC.
70 WALL STREET.

BANKS—Tellers, bookkeepers, rack, Burroughs statement machine; highest salaries; boys (25).

MECHANICAL DEPARTMENT.

Mechanical draftsman, layout, power plant, theory materials, structures, salary open; electrical designers, conduit, $50; power, substation, $250; electrical draftsman, conduit, switchboard, $300; mechanical designer, gas works, tanks, apparatus, $60; architectural draftsman, power plant, $60; recent graduate engineers.

ASSOCIATED EMPLOYMENT BUREAU,
20 BROAD ST. ROOM 1214
J. D. HERR.
Bank and Brokerage Specialist.

CREDIT INV'TG'RS, N. Y. bk. exp. ..$2,000
NOSTRO BKPR., 25-30, single, go South..$1,800
BOOKKPR., bond syndi. exp. ..$1,800
BOOKKPR., bank good opp. ..$1,800
BOSTON LEDGERS, N. Y. exp. ..$35
CABLE CLERKS, bk. standard codes..$35-$0
BKPING. MCH. OPRS., some bk. exp..$32-$25
TYPIST, Am., fast, knowl. Ger. ..$25
JACK CLERKS, add. mch. oprs. ..$20-$25
JR. CLERKS, MESSENGERS. ..$14-$20

NO REGISTRATION FEE.

Stock Record Clerk; good penman, $25-$28 wk.
Ledger Clerk, $1,200 yr.
Reception man; must be under 40, $35 wk.

S. W. Hackett.
A. D. COLTER EMPLOYMENT AGENCY,
8 East 41st Street. Murray Hill 7135.

THE BRENTON COMPANY,
50 Church St., Room 879, third floor.

HEAD BKPR, bank, Bklyn. ..$35-$40
BKPR., $35-$40, country club, $100-board
TELLERS & Asst's., N. Y. & Bklyn. ..$25-$30
BURROUGHS Bank Posting Opr. ..$30-$35
STENOGRAPHERS (7) ..$25-$30
TYPISTS ..$23-$30
CLERKS: (1) knowl. Bkpg., $23; (4) some bank exper. ..$25-$28

EQUITABLE EXCHANGE,
192 Broadway, Entrance 11 John St.

CONSTRUCTION SUPT., concrete and steel, 40-45 years, N. Y. ..$5,000
DRAFTSMAN mechanical exp. ..$1,500
LEDGER CLERKS insurance exp. ..$100
JUNIOR CLERKS ..$70

DAWSON & SHELP, 15 EAST 40TH ST.
BOOKKEEPER, 23-28 yrs., accts. rec., good penman, some acc'ting; $30 wk.
CABLE CLERK, exper. downtown; $25 wk.

HOTALING
EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, INC.
9 CHURCH ST., ROOM 53. CORT. 0900.
Many fine openings in banking and commercial line.

HIRST OCCUPATIONAL EXCHANGE,
60 BROADWAY.
All classes of bank positions up to $1,800; file clerks, $35; typists, $120-$90.

FOR SALE

Rate 65 cents an agate line.

HEAVY waterproof canvas bags, 30x48, ropes, brass grommets, suitable export shipping or covering, $150; lots of 50, $1 each. Stanley, Canal 7900.

SIX hot air furnaces, Richard Boynton and other makes, never used; $125 each. Phone Columbus 8892.

House Furnishings.

MAHOGANY extension dining table, 6 chairs, antique buffet, bookcase, bureau, upright piano, Victrola; all highest grade; good condition; bargain. 44 West 9th. Stuyvesant 0615.

MAHOGANY library table, 6-foot steel mahogany rolled top desk; large rug and other office equipment; very reasonable. Garbet, 10 Barclay St.

DINING, living, bed, porch and fireplace sets, chairs, rockers, davenette, book case, Dresden four-post bed, brass articles, miscellaneous. 353 West 57th. Apt. 1E.

MARQUETERY cabinet and table, small mahogany sofa; no dealers; phone before noon and after 7. Gramercy 5537.

GOING abroad, sell household sectional bookcases, dining room, 4 post beds, &c; no dealers. 514 West 110th, Apartment 3.

LEXINGTON AV., 245—Solid mahogany Colonial dining and bedroom furniture; private home.

WARDROBES, antique, contents of apartment; evenings, all week. Mouland, 71 East 59th.

BEAUTIFUL silk mohair davenport and chair to match, very cheap. Endicott 8586.

Jewelry.

DIAMOND PENDANT with platinum diamond chain, exquisite design, blue-white diamonds; lady sacrificing, exceptional bargain; $1,000. G 305 Times.

LADIES' diamond ring, 1¼ carats, blue white, sacrifice; $200. A 1193 Times Harlem.

BRACELET, flexible platinum, 94 blue-white diamonds; sacrifice $650. B 1122 Times Harlem.

DIAMOND RING, nearly 2 carats, beautiful gem; bargain, $725. M 177 Times.

Musical Instruments.

GRAND piano, small, beautiful, unusually fine tone; a real quality instrument; used for demonstration in our store; to quick buyer, $395. Call
JAMES & HOLMSTROM,
25-27 WEST 57TH ST.

ENTIRE apartment recently furnished, with handsome dining, bedroom and living sets; all other furnishings as a whole or separate. 736 Riverside Drive. Apt. available.

THREE fine carpets, stair carpets, Oriental rugs, furniture, Singer machine. Call 9 to 2. 321 West 76th St.

STEINWAY SMALL GRAND, $500. Good condition. Curtis, 2,065 Lexington Av. (125th).

STANDARD make upright pianos, $45; time payments. Piano Mfg., 451 West 36th St., near 10th Av. (86th). Open evenings.

FOR SALE—Steinway Duo-Art upright, mahogany; latest; now at factory; or exchange for grand. Y 2379 Times Annex.

PIANO, Decker, upright, ebony case, for sale, good condition. 2114 Lafayette.

STEINWAY baby grand, practically new; must sell this week. 317 West 125th.

Office Furniture and Supplies.

BIG BARGAINS—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, addressographs, time clocks and safes. Nathan's, 548 Broadway (near Prince St.).

AN unusual opportunity to purchase new and used office furniture; prices reduced 15 to 25 per cent.; will sacrifice; must sell by June 15. Dailek Bros., 498 Broadway, Canal 7951. Branch 73 Centre St.

SAFES. ALL SIZES.
At Auction Prices.
$25, $35, $60, $100. Delivered.
216 Centre St., Canal 0224.

DESKS, chairs, cabinets, office partition, typewriters, addressing machine, addressograph, electric multigraph, mimeograph. Truckman, 103 Walker St.

DESKS, tables, typewriters, counters; excellent condition. 133 West 135th. Bradhurst 0730.

OFFICE FURNITURE of every description. LEVIN & GOLDBERG, 540 BROADWAY. TEL. CANAL 8354.

Wearing Apparel.

LADY returned from Orient has rare old mandarin coat, necklaces, Chinese embroideries, finest quality; sell magnificent evening wrap, finest Russian ermine, 60 inches two yards long, 22 inches wide; also senorita shawl. Schuyler 5590. Hamilton.

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

WANTED—Pay full value contents apartments, houses; pianos, books, paintings, bric-a-brac. Miller, 120 University Place. Stuyvesant 3793.

HAVE YOU DISCARDED APPAREL? We buy used gowns, dresses, furs also men's clothing; highest cash prices paid. Phone Bryant 4776. Representative calls.

FURNITURE WANTED.

Highest cash prices contents houses, apartments; pianos, rugs, works of art, &c. Henry, 113 University Place, Stuyvesant 5577.

BOUGHT for highest cash price, contents of residences, apartments, hotels; pianos, works of art, books; bric-a-brac, carpets, rugs, &c. Jones, 161 East 125th. Harlem2787.

QUICK—CASH—CONFIDENTIAL ACTION for your diamonds, watches, jewelry and pawn tickets. Bryant 4761.

POLKOFER, 167 WEST 46TH ST.

HIGHEST cash for furniture, contents houses, apartments; pianos; china, rugs, bronzes, &c. Poulson, 157 East 47th. Stuyvesant 10161.

DIAMONDS, gems, jewelry purchased from estates and individuals. Levinson, 1,472 Broadway (424), Longacre Bldg., Room 916.

GRAND PIANO WANTED.
Pay good price. Tel. Harlem 9080.

HIGHEST cash prices paid for furniture, carpets, bric-a-brac, &c. Hall, 209 West 125th St. Morningside 1109.

BOOKS wanted; good; also sets. Mr. Gill, legate, Hotel Montague, Brooklyn. Main 8645.

HIGHEST CASH paid for office furniture in any quantity. Phone Stuyvesant 8002.

OFFICE furniture bought, any amount, highest prices paid. Telephone Canal 4178.

PIANO, grand or upright, wanted; state make, price. Anderson, 621 West 36th.

MALE HELP WANTED.
Employment Agencies.

HAMILTON
EMPLOYMENT SERVICE.

Uptown Office
CANADIAN PACIFIC BUILDING,
342 MADISON AV. AT 44TH ST.
Downtown Office
HUDSON TERMINAL BUILDING,
50 CHURCH ST.

BANK MEN: Sec. Teller; Boston Ledger, yr. $1,500 up
BKKEPR: Rapid advancement to efficient man; charge of department. ..$35.00
STENOS.: Able, intelligent; one with Purch. Dept.; exp. ..$23-$25
STOCK CLERK, exp. ..$25
BILLING CLERK, rapid typist. ..$25
LEDGER CLERKS, young, some exp. ..$25
TIMEKEEPER, exp., Bklyn. ..$24
TYPISTS (2), Bklyn. ..$19-$24
RACK CLERKS (3), night and day. ..$20
All positions listed at both offices except TECHNICAL DEPARTMENT.
Downtown Office only.

ARCHITECTURAL: Designers, draftsmen, specification writers, industrial, residence, hotel, theatre. ..$35-$100
CIVIL ENG.: Assistant, designers, draftsmen; R. R. construction, track plans, structural steel. ..$35-$65
ELEC. DESIGNERS: Draftsmen, inspectors; power plant, substation. ..$50-$65
MECHANICAL designers, draftsmen; water pipe layout, gas apparatus, heating and ventilating. ..$40-$75
SALES: Power sales experience. ..$50-$75
MANY OTHER OPENINGS.

N. Y. EMPLOYMENT AGENCY,
1,658 Broadway (Corner 51st).
Correspondents; must have executive ability; excellent opportunity for rapid advancement, $36; Junior clerk, excellent concern, advancement; $16.

PERSONNEL EXCHANGE, 114 LIBERTY.
Foreign Collection Clk., A1 bank. ..$1,800
Manifest Clerk, Elliot Fisher Mach. ..$1,620
Nostro Bkpr., $1,500. Stenc.-Bkpr. ..$1,560
Loan Discount Clerk, handle books. ..$1,500
Night Rack Clerk. ..$1,440. Typist. ..$1,200

VOCATIONAL BUREAU, INC.
17 West 42d St. Room 468.
ACCOUNTANT, capable of installing system, with staff of assistants, dept. store experience essential; Midtown. ..$5,000-$6,000

Instruction.

GEORGE HILLYER.

TELLS HOW HE BECAME A CONSULTING ACCOUNTANT.

Almost every day brings a new story of some man's sudden rise to high position and salary. Each case has its own quirk; but the case of George Hillyer is typical of all in one respect. Hillyer was prepared when the opportunity came. Here is his experience told by himself.

"It so happened that our New York store had an incompetent accountant who balled up the books while our certified accountant was away, so that those in charge did not know what to do. I was asked to help straighten them out, which I would not, nor could not have done, without your training. However, the president of this company, which is incorporated for $1,000,000, immediately "took me up," and I had to make good. The result of this has given me the position of Credit Manager of our Brooklyn store, and Consulting Accountant of all our stores, at a tempting salary. I am a certified accountant; but I can frankly say I got all my confidence out of your training."
—George Hillyer 256 Patchen Avenue, Brooklyn, New York.

If you wish to learn how you might achieve similar success, we shall be pleased to supply the information.

CALL, TELEPHONE, OR MAIL COUPON.

LASALLE EXTENSION UNIVERSITY
113 W. 42D ST. DEPT. "A" BRYANT 3320.
OPEN EVENINGS.

Brooklyn Office, 26 Court St. Triangle 8519.

I would like to receive information about your training for Expert Accountancy work.

NAME .....

ADDRESS .....

POSITION .....

CHANGING JOBS AGAIN?

What will it be this time, just another job, or the work for which Nature has specially fitted you? Don't simply "try again," but let our expert analysts tell you from a scientific study of your face the work you can do BEST. Phone, write or call in person for free booklet.
MERTON INSTITUTE, INC.
36 West 44th St. Phone Vanderbilt 2562.

ACCOUNTANCY.

Are you interested in training for the C. P. A. degree or for an executive position as controller, treasurer, or office manager? If so, investigate the professional courses of Pace Institute. Write for helpful booklet, "Making Good," and Bulletin 25

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

Merchandising in the Big Cities on McCall Street

THE AUDIT BUREAU OF CIRCULATIONS, which investigates, analyzes, and collates facts about periodicals and newspapers published by members of the Bureau, has cooperated with them in defining the area which shall be known as "City," also as "Suburban" or the trading territory. These areas have been shaded on the above map.

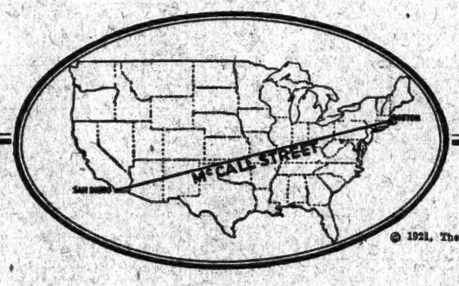
All but nine of the 287 cities in the United States having populations of 25,000 and over have one or more newspapers which are members of the A. B. C. In these nine cities the trading area has been outlined in accordance with the custom of the papers in these cities. These cities are Bangor, Me.; Newport, R. I.; Norwich, Conn.; Hazleton, Johnstown, and York, Pa.; Steubenville, Ohio; Stockton, Cal.; and Bellingham, Wash.

According to the A.B.C., New Orleans has no suburban or trading area, while "the El Paso trading territory is vast and very different from any other section and therefore difficult to define its radius in miles. It includes a great part of the states of New Mexico and Arizona, a large part of West Texas and Northern Old Mexico. El Paso trades very much with Old Mexico in normal times. The trading territory extends in W. Texas to Sanderson on the G. H. & S. A. Ry. In New Mexico it extends to Roswell, Tucumcari, and on the Santa Fe to Belen, Silver City, Fierro and Hachita. In Arizona, trading territory extends to Globe, Naco, Morenci, Tucson, Nogales and Douglas."

McCALL STREET

If the 2,000,000 families in which McCall's Magazine is read all lived on a single street—a home every 25 feet—the houses would line both sides of a street stretching from Boston to San Diego. This is McCall Street.

Population of McCall Street	8,400,000
Estimated Wealth	$42,000,000,000
Annual Income	6,000,000,000
Value of Homes Owned	5,000,000,000
Cash in Savings Banks	1,600,000,000
Annual Expenditures for Foodstuffs	1,500,000,000
Clothing Expenditures	650,000,000
Spent for New Homes in 1924	500,000,000
Spent for Automobiles in 1924	350,000,000
Gas, Oil, Tires and Supplies	320,000,000



© 1921, The McCall Co.

68.8% of the Circulation of McCall's Magazine is concentrated in the Trading Areas of the 287 cities of 25,000 population and over

**According to 1920 census. In 1924, the number of cities of 25,000 and over is estimated at 315—in which 75.2% of McCall's Circulation is concentrated.*

McCALL STREET is the main street of the 287 largest cities in the United States. Within the trading areas of these 287 cities—as they are defined by the Audit Bureau of Circulations—lives 65% of the population of the country.

68.8% of the circulation of McCall's Magazine is concentrated in these cities and their trading areas. The advertising coverage of McCall's is intensified in this big city market.

If you wish to increase the sale of your goods in New York, Chicago or Boston; in Philadelphia, Kansas City, Dallas, Bangor, Los Angeles, or the other centers of population, you can reach them directly through McCall's Magazine. Your advertising effort is applied without waste into these areas of intensified purchasing power, where the circulation of McCall's is strong.

There are no longer any small towns—in the sense of communities isolated from the main channels of merchandise distribution. The automobile, the railroad, the interurban and the good roads movement have broadened the trading areas of the larger towns until today the United States is one big city. A family living twenty-five miles from Dayton is a Dayton family when it comes to being supplied with the goods it uses.

If you seek true national distribution, the merchandising influence of McCall's Magazine—radiating out from these 287 cities—reaches into every worth-while section of the country. 80% of McCall's readers live in the area where 80% of all nationally advertised goods are sold, and where freight rates, wealth per capita, and density of population make the real national market.

The people who live on McCall Street have an income of *six billion dollars a year*.

The 2,000,000 prosperous families who read the magazine are in the habit of coming to McCall's for advice and help in their daily problems. They write over 500,000 letters a year to the editors of the various McCall Departments.

You can reach this McCall market—representing one-sixth of the entire opportunity for sales—only through McCall's Magazine.

THE McCALL COMPANY, 232-250 West 37th Street, New York City

Chicago San Francisco Boston Atlanta Toronto

McCALL'S MAGAZINE

Over 2,000,000 Copies a Month

The July Issue is Out Today

Robert W. Chambers' new, powerful and inspiring love story, "One of the Ten." Ethel M. Dell's greatest novel, "The Unknown Quantity." The true, intimate story of the home life of a famous couple—Mary Pickford and Douglas Fairbanks—told by Roger Lewis. Other wonderful stories by F. Scott Fitzgerald, Leroy Scott, Fanny Heaslip Lea, Emerson Hough, Henry Milner Rideout, Nalbro Bartley. Special articles by Gene Stratton-Porter, Emily Rose Burt. Departments by famous doctors, architects, domestic science experts, beauty specialists.

The New McCall Printed Pattern

Millions of women are joining the ever-increasing number of satisfied McCall Pattern users.

Because *The Printed Cutting Line* found only on McCall Printed Patterns is the one way of reproducing styles *accurately*. Cut on a printed line—not along a wobbly paper edge. The margin that protects the accuracy of the printed cutting line falls away as you cut through paper and material. Patented August 15, 1921